

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



**REPORT**

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**THE AUDITOR-GENERAL**

**ON**

**ISIOLO WATER AND SEWERAGE  
COMPANY LIMITED**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
30 JUNE, 2022**





OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL  
UPPER EASTERN REGIONAL OFFICE - ISIOLO  
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**ISIOLO WATER & SEWERAGE COMPANY LIMITED  
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2022**

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**Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the  
International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**

<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
I. Key Entity Information .....	i-ii
II. The Board of Directors .....	iii-iv
III. Management Team.....	v-vi
IV. Chairman’s Statement.....	vii
V. Report Of The Managing Director.....	viii
VI. Statement Of Performance Against Predetermined Objectives For FY 2021-2022 .....	ix-x
VII. Corporate Governance Statement .....	xi-xii
VIII. Management Discussion and Analysis .....	xiii
IX. Environmental And Sustainability Reporting.....	xiv-xv
X. Report Of The Directors .....	xvi
XI. Statement Of Directors’ Responsibilities.....	xvii-xviii
XII. Report Of the Independent Auditors on Isiolo water & Sewerage Co.Ltd.....	xviii
XIII. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2022. ....	1
XIV. Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2022.....	2
XV. Statement Of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 30 June 2022.....	3
XVI. Statement Of Cash Flows for The Year Ended 30 June 2022 .....	4
XVII. Statement Of Comparison Of Budget And Actual Amounts For The Period Ended 30 June 2022 .....	5-7
XVIII. Notes To the Financial Statements.....	8-37
XIX. Appendices.....	38

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**I. Key Entity Information**

**a) Background information**

The company was incorporated in Kenya under cap.486 laws of Kenya. The company has a valid signed operation license with the Water Services Regulatory Board as a water service provider.

**b) Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of water and sewerage services within Isiolo Town and its environs.

Vision: To be the leading company in provision of water and sanitation services in Kenya.

Mission: To improve quality of life by providing safe, reliable, adequate and affordable water and sanitation services through commercially and environmentally sustainable approaches to the satisfaction of our customers and other stakeholders

**c) Directors**

The Directors who served the entity during the year were as follows:

No	Name	Position	Date of Appointment
1	Mr. WachuAbdi	Chairman	13/8/2018
2	Ms. AsiliSode	Director	13/8/2018
3	Mr Wilson Lemillion	Director	13/8/2018
4	Mr. AbdullahiSora	Managing Director	15/8/2018
5	Mr. Peter Ngechu	Director	13/8/2018
6	Dr.CPA Salad Kadubo	Director	1/3/2020

**d) Corporate Secretary**

Mr. Kingori Muriithi  
Muriithi Kingori & Associates  
P. O Box 1494-10400  
Nanyuki, Kenya

**e) Registered Office**

Airport Road  
P.O. Box 491-60300  
ISIOLO, KENYA

**f) Corporate Headquarters**

P.O. Box 491-60300  
Near County Water Department  
Airport Road  
Isiolo, KENYA

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**g) Corporate Contacts**

Telephone: (254) 064-52283  
E-mail: [isiolowater@yahoo.com](mailto:isiolowater@yahoo.com)  
Website: [www.iwasco.or.ke](http://www.iwasco.or.ke)

**h) Corporate Bankers**

Equity Bank  
Isiolo Branch  
P.O Box 197-  
60300  
**Isiolo**

Consolidated Bank  
Isiolo Branch  
P.O Box 30238-60300  
**Isiolo**

Co-operative  
Bank  
Isiolo Branch  
P.O Box 30238-  
60300  
**Isiolo**





**i) Independent Auditors**

Auditor-General  
The Office of the Auditor General  
Anniversary Towers, University Way  
P.O. Box 30084  
GPO 00100  
Nairobi, Kenya



**j) Principal Legal Advisers**

1. The Attorney General  
State Law Office and Department of Justice  
Harambee Avenue  
P.O. Box 40112  
City Square 00200  
Nairobi, Kenya



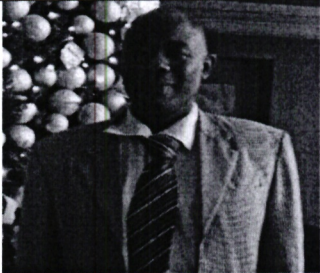
**II.The Board of Directors**

<p>1.  Abdikarim Wachu, Chairman</p>	<p>Mr.Wachu Abdi aged 38 years, joined the Board in 2018. He is a director representing faith based organizations. He holds certificate in IT from Mersburn Institute. He has led in Islamic preaching for over 15 years. He is a businessman too.</p>
<p>2.  Dr. CPA Adano S. Kadubo</p>	<p>Dr.Salad Kadubo Adano aged 49, joined the board in 2020. He is a director representing the Isiolo County government. He is currently the chief officer of water and Irrigation for Isiolo county government. He holds PHD in business administration, a CPA(K)</p>
<p>3.  Asli Sode, Director</p>	<p>Ms Asli aged 66, joined the board in 2018. She is a director representing women organisations. She is currently the chairperson maendeleo ya wanawake organisation (MYWO), Isiolo county. She has extensive experience in mass media having worked with the voice of kenya for more than a decade.</p>
<p>4.  Wilson Lemillion, Director</p>	<p>Mr Wilson aged 38, joined the board in 2018. He is a director representing Non-governmental organisations. He holds certificate in tour guiding and administration. He has vast experience in conservation affairs having worked as conservancy manager for many years.</p>



**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

<p>5.  Peter Ngechu, Director</p>	<p>Mr Ngechu aged 46, joined the board in 2018. He is a director representing the Isiolo County government. He is currently the chief officer of finance and economic planning for Isiolo county government. He holds bachelor's degree in business administration/CPA. He has previously worked for many years in a government's regional development agency.</p>
<p>6.  Abdullahi Sora, Managing Director</p>	<p>Mr Abdullahi aged 52, is the current Managing Director. He has been the company's administrative manager for many years. He has vast knowledge of the company's operations. He holds Masters degree in purchase and supplies.</p>

**III. Management Team**

<p>1.</p>  <p>Name: Abdullahi Sora Qualifications: Master Degree in purchase and supplies, undergraduate degree in purchase and supplies, Diploma in business administration, registered member KISM</p>	<p>Managing Director</p>
<p>2.</p>  <p>Name: Nura Bonaya Qualifications: Undergraduate Degree in Finance, Masters Degree in Finance (on-going), CPA.</p>	<p>Finance and Commercial Manager</p>
<p>3.</p>  <p>Name: Joseph Waciuri Qualification: Undergraduate Degree in Business Administration, Diploma in Civil Engineering</p>	<p>Technical Manager</p>

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

<p>4. </p> <p>Name: Mariam Dida          Qualifications: Undergraduate Degree in Human Resource , Diploma in IT</p>	<p>Human Resource and Administrative Manager</p>
<p>5. </p> <p>Name: Cathrine Mwendwa          Qualifications: Master Degree in project Management, Bachelor degree in business administration, CPA</p>	<p>Internal Auditor</p>

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**IV. Chairman's Statement**

Once more, I am honoured to present the 2021/2022 annual report and accounts ending June 2022, for Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company ltd in line with the company's Act, the water act 2016 and licensing conditions by the regulator.

Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company ltd has grown from strength to strength over the years and is now a reference institution for the whole county in terms of efficient and effective water services provision.

This company faces many challenges including the scarcity of water sources, stiff competition with farmers upstream the river, especially so during dry periods of the year and repetitive droughts.

During the year under review, the company faced adverse effects of prolonged drought that affected the whole year. The company performance was negatively affected.

The demand for water surpasses the production i.e the current demand for water in Isiolo town and its environs stand at 10,000m<sup>3</sup>/day against the daily production of about 5000m<sup>3</sup>/day.

However, the company has reached out to the county government, national government through the Northern water works Agency and Development partners to realize increase in supply to mitigate on the shortages.

The company enjoys an over whelming support from the stakeholders, customers and other bilateral organizations. The Board of Directors is trained on corporate governance, their roles and responsibilities hence adding value to the operations of the company.

Finally, may I thank the Managing Director, the Board of Directors of IWASCO for the good work, they have done over the years. It is my hope that sooner or later we shall avail more water to the residents of Isiolo. It is my hope and believe that this report reflects the financial status of the company



Wachu Abdi

Chairman Board of Directors

**Isiolo Water And Sewerage Company**

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**V. Report of the Managing Director**

It is with great pride that I once again present the Annual report and financial statement for the year ending 30th June 2022.

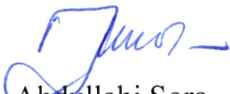
According to the Water services Regulatory Board reports, this company is among the few, that are well managed, progressive and result oriented. Over the years we have maintained high standard of integrity, efficiency and effectiveness in managing our resources.

The company has done well financially during the year under review.

We have involved the community we are serving and all our stakeholders in the decision making process of the company, hence effective communication with all those concerned.

The management team is mainly concerned with daily service delivery, which they do with outmost dedication, professionalism and efficiency.

Finally, I would like to thank the Board of Director's through the chairman for their strong support, understanding and guidance in all our operations, the staff of IWASCO for their courage, effectiveness and creativity.



Abdullahi Sora  
Managing Director

**VI. Statement of Performance against Predetermined Objectives for FY 2021-2022**

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd (IWASCO) has five strategic objectives within its strategic plan for the FY 2018-2019-2022-2023. These strategic objectives are;

- Increase access to clean and safe drinking water and sanitation services
- Grow financial and commercial position and viability
- Provide timely, quality and reliable services.
- Strengthen organizational structures and operational processes.
- Strengthen people and communication systems

IWASCO develops its annual work plan based on the above five strategic objectives. Assessment of the Board's performance against its annual work plan is done on quarterly basis. IWASCO achieved its performance targets set for the FY 2021-2022 period for its five strategic objectives, as indicated in the diagram below;

Strategic Objective	Key performance indicator(s)	Activities	Achievements
Increase access to clean and safe drinking water and sanitation services	-Increase in water connections -Increase in sewer connections -Increase in coverage	-Extension of water services -Extension of sewer services	-Extended water services by 11km -Extended sewer services by 7.5km -Increased coverage from 91% to 92%
Grow financial and commercial position and viability	-Increase in o & m cost coverage	-Increase in production to increase sales -Checking on operating expenses	-increase in production by 400m <sup>3</sup> -Reduction in the operating expenses
Provide timely, quality and reliable services.	Enhanced services hours	Injecting more water into the system	Increased service hours from 20hrs/day to 21hrs/day
Strengthen organizational structures and operational processes.	-Improved company performance -Improved services quality	-Undertake change management training for all staffs and BoD -Develop workplace policies that are flexible and friendly to the staff -Institute the culture of continuous improvement in all departments and promote health competition	-BoD were trained -Staffs were trained on performance management -Human resource, data management and performance management policies under review and development

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

<p>Strengthen people and communication systems</p>	<p>-Good staff performance          -Motivated staff          -Low staff turn over</p>	<p>-Develop robust performance management systems that reward and celebrate good performance          -Conduct periodic staff satisfaction survey and undertake remedial measure as informed by the survey          -Develop framework for staff development and retention.</p>	<p>-Performance management policy under development          -</p>
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## **VII. Corporate Governance Statement**

Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company is committed to the standard of world class corporate governance practice as set by Regulatory Authority and in accordance with international best practice.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the long-term strategic direction that will ensure the profitable growth of the company whilst being accountable to the stakeholders for legal compliance and maintenance of the highest corporate governance standards and business ethics. The Board formulates policies and strategies that enhance transparency and accountability and seek to conform to set guidelines on Corporate Governance practices provided by the Regulator. The company operates under a wide regulatory and legal control and supervisory framework.

The Board of Directors, duly cognizant of its role in safeguarding stakeholders' interests and ensuring a clean, safe and affordable drinking water for Isiolo residents and it's environ, reaffirms its commitment to upholding policies and strategies that enhance transparency and accountability as part of the company's continuing and operations.

Board appointments shall be transparent and competitive so as to ensure the public served has an opportunity to participate in decision making in service delivery that affects them. Vacant positions shall be advertised in the media and on the website of the WSP and the criteria set out by WASREB nationally shall be used. An ad hoc nominating committee of the board of directors comprising county and select committee from two or three primary/key stakeholders shall assess applications and ensure that not only is the Leadership and Integrity criteria met but shall perform a background check to ensure the candidates add value to the entity. The select committee shall receive the applications, vet them to ensure that they comply to the Fit and Proper Test plus the eligibility criteria and where necessary conduct interviews. The Report of the selection committee shall be submitted to the shareholder who is required as shareholder and function owner to ensure that only persons who add value to the company are appointed. A letter of appointment issued by the county secretary that adheres to the articles of association of the WSP shall be given after ratification of names of the accepted directors at annual general meeting by the shareholder. The letter must contain a termination clause on poor performance and misconduct and ensure that it captures that unless the board is retired due to poor performance a third of the members shall retire every year from the third year. Board members shall serve a maximum of six (6) years based on the approval of the shareholder and on performance issues

Before a board member begins to serve, he/she must be inducted in governance training customized for the water services sector and sign a code of ethics based on the Leadership and Integrity Act 2012 and the Public Officer Ethics Act 2003. The list of ratified board members and the stakeholder group they represent shall be maintained on the website of the WSP and shall be communicated to water Services Regulatory Board (WASREB). It is important that board service is not disrupted by the election cycle and independent oversight must not be compromised by the election cycle.

Board succession and period in office; the shareholder must avoid a situation where all Board members retire at the same time in order to ensure institutional memory. In order to avoid this situation, one third of the Board members other than those from the County Governments, shall

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

retire from office by rotation every year starting from the third year after appointment. The retiring members shall be determined on the basis of those who have served longest and, if they have served for the same period of time, then the retirement will be determined by lot. The retiring members shall be required to reapply for their positions if they are eligible for reappointment. The county water department as function owner is advised to use annual performance evaluation of the board of directors and WSP to assess suitability of reapplying members and the need to make changes to improve performance.

The remuneration of the Directors shall be within the national benchmarks set in the water services sector in reference to ability to pay and shall be by way of sitting allowances only. Any director who, being so requested by the Board of Directors, performs special or extraordinary services on behalf

of the company, or who travels outside Kenya for the purpose of discharging his duties may be paid such extra remuneration as the Board of Directors may determine, provided that the rates of such extra remuneration shall be those approved in the sector by the regulator.

The roles and functions of the Board of directors include;

- Appointing a Managing Director and senior management team competitively.
- Borrowing or raising money for the company operations within guidelines issued in the sector.
- Appointing any company or firm to be Advocate or Advocates of the Company to carry out any legal undertakings of the Company as it may be deemed fit.
- Implementing of the company's Memorandum and Articles of Association provide guidelines and control the functions of the Company.
- Causing minutes to be made in books.

The Board has an approved charter to guide its operations and functions.

During the year under review, four board and twelve committee meetings were held. All committee meetings were fully attended.

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**VIII. Management Discussion and Analysis**

The management is pleased to report that the company’s operational efficiency has improved significantly during the period under review. The non-revenue water has not increased from 30%. There were over 1,000 additional clients that were connected for the services. The company has employed latest technologies like extending services using HDPE pipes which are better than UPVC pipes.

The company met its financial obligations without defaulting. The budgetary expectations were met.

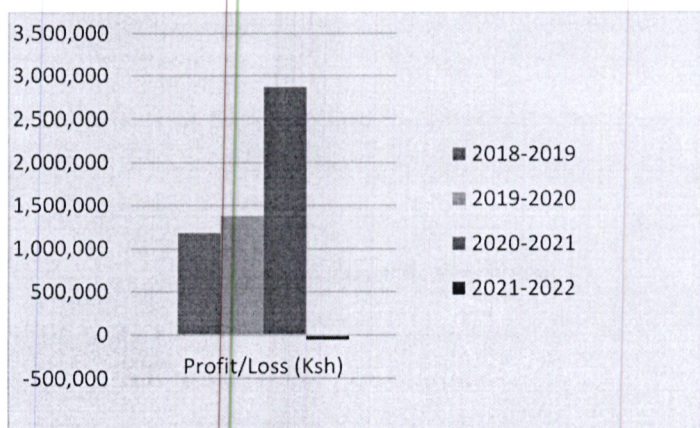
There was no staff turnover during the year. The company took section heads for refresher training during the period under review. This has really improved staff morale and performance levels.

The company fully complied with statutory requirements, both financial and legal. This excites as the company faces no risk of invalid business operations.

The year was generally a success despite the adverse effects of prolonged drought.

Comparison of the company profitability is as tabulated below;

FY	Profit/Loss (Ksh)
2018-2019	1,182,652
2019-2020	1,379,037
2020-2021	2,869,315
2021-2022	-51,386



**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**IX. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting**

Isiolo water & sewerage Company Ltd (IWASCO) exists to transform lives. This is our purpose; the driving force behind everything we do. It's what guides us deliver our strategy, putting the customer first, delivering relevant goods and services, and improving operational excellence. Below is an outline of the organisation's policies and activities that promote sustainability.

**i) Sustainability strategy and profile –**

The company has made deliberate efforts to increase production, reduce non-revenue water, increase sewer service lines, extend water services and employ latest technologies in service delivery to better its performance and sustain delivery of reliable services. Despite adverse climatic changes and exploding population, IWASCO has served its clients to satisfaction.

**ii) Environmental performance**

IWASCO employs environmentally sustainable approaches in its service delivery. The company has responded to all bursts, be it sewer or water in the shortest time possible to check on the degradation of its business environment. The discharge from its waste water treatment plant meets the required standards. The company has participated in tree planting activities to protect the catchment areas. Environmental management and coordination act, 1999, world health organization standards and water services regulatory Board (WASREB) standards guide the company in its environmental performance

**iii) Employee welfare**

Company employees are its greatest asset. IWASCO has a good human resource management policy. The policy clearly guides the company on hiring, training, developing, disciplining and rewarding of staffs. It advocates for gender parity in engagement of employees. The policy has best flexibility where, all stakeholders have equal stake in its reviews and improvements.

**1v) Market place practices-**

**a) Responsible competition practice.**

IWASCO handles its clients, suppliers and competitors with utmost care. It operates an anticorruption policy. The price of services is regulated to ensure affordability. The clients enjoy best of services and products of highest quality at the most affordable prices.

**b) Responsible Supply chain and supplier relations**

The company meets its obligations as they fall due without fail. The company suppliers enjoy prompt payments for goods delivered as enforced through the company's financial manual.

**c) Responsible marketing and advertisement**

As a monopoly within its jurisdiction, the company faces zero competition. Its marketing is run in form of public information to the clients on radio shows, public fora, client clinics and bulk SMSs.

**d) Product stewardship**

Kenya bureau of standards, WHO standards and the regulator's consumer engagement guidelines suffice in ensuring that the company gives the clients best of products.

**Corporate Social Responsibility / Community Engagements**

Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company is committed to the standard of world class corporate governance practice as set by Regulatory Authority and in accordance with international best practice.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the long-term strategic direction that will ensure the profitable growth of the company whilst being accountable to the stakeholders for legal compliance and maintenance of the highest corporate governance standards and business ethics. The Board formulates policies and strategies that enhance transparency and accountability and seek to conform to set guidelines on Corporate Governance practices provided by the Regulator. The company operates under a wide regulatory and legal control and supervisory framework.

The Board of Directors, duly cognizant of its role in safeguarding stakeholders' interests and ensuring a clean, safe and affordable drinking water for Isiolo residents and it's environ, reaffirms its commitment to upholding policies and strategies that enhance transparency and accountability as part of the company's continuing and operations.

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**X. Report of the Directors**

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 which show the state of the Isiolo water & Sewerage Co. Ltd's affairs.

**i) Principal activities**

The principal activity of the Company is provision of water and sewerage services within Isiolo Town and its environs.

**ii) Results**

The results of the entity for the year ended June 30, 2022 are set out on page 1-4. Below is summary of the profit or loss made during the year;

Income (Kshs.)	Expenses (Kshs)	Profit/Loss (Kshs)
99,442,615	99,494,001	(51,386)

**iii) Dividends**

There is no dividend recommended for pay out. Under water act 2016, this is a non-profit, public service delivery entity.

**iv) Directors**

The members of the Board of Directors who served during the year are shown on page vii & viii

**v) Auditors**

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the company in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015.

By Order of the Board

Name: Abdullahi Sora  
Secretary to the Board

Signature:



Date:

24/6/2022

**Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**XI.Statement of Directors' Responsibilities**

Section 81 of the public finance management act, 2012 and section 164 of the water act 2016, require the directors to prepare financial statements in respect of isiolo water and sewerage co. ltd, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and the operating results of company for the period. The directors are also required to ensure that Isiolo water and sewerage co. ltd keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the company. The directors are also responsible for safe guarding the assets of the company. The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the entity's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on 30th June 2022. These responsibilities include:

1. Maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period.
2. Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the entity.
3. Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud.
4. Safeguarding the assets of the company.
5. Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies
6. Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

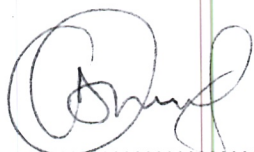
The directors accept responsibility for the entity's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates, in conformity with international financial reporting standards (IFRS), and in the manner required by the PFM act and the state corporations act.

The directors are of the opinion that the company's financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's transactions during the financial year ended 30th June 2022, and of the company's financial position as at that date. The directors further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the company which have been relied upon in the preparation of the company's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

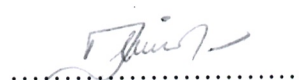
Nothing has come to the attention of the directors to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

**Approval of the financial statements**

The company's financial statements where approved by the board on .....24/6/.....2022 and signed on its behalf by;



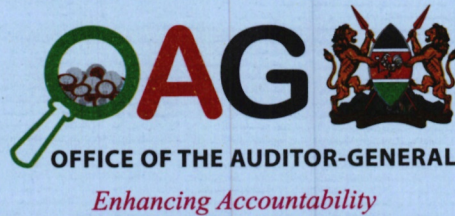
.....  
Wachu Abdi  
Chairman



.....  
Abdullahi Sora  
Managing Director

# REPUBLIC OF KENYA

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**HEADQUARTERS**  
Anniversary Towers  
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P.O. Box 30084-00100  
NAIROBI

## **REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON ISILOLO WATER AND SEWERAGE COMPANY LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022**

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### **PREAMBLE**

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment, and the internal controls developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

### **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company Limited set out on pages 1 to 38, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the

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*Report of the Auditor-General on Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company limited for the year ended 30 June, 2022*

provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company Limited as at 30 June, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and comply with the Company's Act, 2015 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

### **1. Inaccuracies in the Financial Statements**

The statement of cash flows for the year under review reflects an increase in trade and other receivables of Kshs.2,293,644. However, Note 16 to the financial statements reflects a balance of Kshs.3,610,807 resulting in an unexplained variance of Kshs.1,317,163.

In the circumstances, the accuracy of the statement of cash flows could not be confirmed.

### **2. Overdrawn Cash Balance**

The statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2022 and as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements reflects Kshs.1,516,306 in respect of overdrawn cash balance. However, the bank balance confirmation certificate and the reconciliation statement reflect Kshs.1,594,451 resulting in an unexplained variance of Kshs.3,110,757.

In the circumstances, the overdrawn cash balance of Kshs.1,516,306 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Isiolo Water and Sewerage Company Limited Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

## **Other Matter**

### **Unresolved Prior Year Audit Matters**

The audit report for the previous year highlighted several issues in respect of the Financial Statements, Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources. Although the Management has indicated that the issues have been responded to, the matters have remained unresolved as the County Assembly Public Account and Investment Committee has not met to deliberate on the same.

## **Other Information**

The Directors are responsible for the other information, which comprises the chairman's report, directors' report, the statement of corporate governance, management discussions and responsibilities, statement of corporate social responsibility and the statement of directors' responsibilities. The other information does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

## **REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES**

### **Conclusion**

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

#### **1. Unauthorized Over-expenditure**

The statement of comparison of budget and actual amount reflects Kshs.46,191,081 and Kshs.38,412,000 in respect to actual expenditure and final budget on sixteen (16) items respectively, resulting to an over expenditure of Kshs.7,779,081. This is contrary to Regulation 43(2) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015. The regulation requires that a County Government entity executes approved budgets based on the annual appropriation legislation, and the approved annual cash flow.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

#### **2. Non-Compliance with the Law on Fiscal Responsibility - Wage Bill**

Note 10 to the financial statements reflect Kshs.55,010,989 in respect of staff costs which is approximately fifty-five (55%) percent of the Company's total revenue of Kshs.99,442,615. This is contrary to Regulation 25(1) (b) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015 which provides that a County Governments entity's wages and benefits for its public officers should not exceed thirty-five (35) percent of its total revenue.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

### **Conclusion**

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter described in the Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

#### **Excess Non-Revenue Water**

During the period under review, the company produced a total of 2,389,931 cubic meters (M<sup>3</sup>) of water. However, only 1,685,549 M<sup>3</sup> was billed to customers. The balance of 704,382 M<sup>3</sup> (or approximately 29%) of the total volume of water produced represented Non-Revenue Water (NRW). The 29% of non-revenue water is 4% above the allowable loss of 25% of every cubic meter of water produced as provided by schedule E of the Water Service Regulatory Board (WASREB) guidelines.

The excess loss of Non-Revenue Water (NRW) of 106,899 cubic meters may have resulted in loss of sales estimated at Kshs.4,446,998 at the rate of Kshs.41.6 per M<sup>3</sup>.

In the circumstances, the Management has not initiated/implemented appropriate controls to address or contain losses from Non-Revenue Water.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by the Companies Act, 2015 I report based on my audit, that:

- i. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit;
- ii. In my opinion, adequate accounting records have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from the examination of those records; and,
- iii. The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

### **Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management is aware of the intention to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Company monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

#### **Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit**

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not

reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

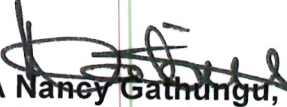
Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern or to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern or to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

  
CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS  
AUDITOR-GENERAL

**Nairobi**

**29 March, 2023**

**XIII. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022.**

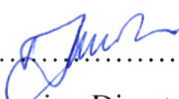
	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Turn over	6	93,963,815	93,016,774
<b>Other Income</b>	8& 9	5,478,800	6,140,325
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>		<b>99,442,615</b>	<b>99,157,099</b>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>			
Administration Costs	10	64,687,354	62,945,341.40
Operation, maintenance and Distribution	11	34,806,647	33,887,292.03
Audit Fees	22	0	0
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		<b>99,494,001</b>	<b>96,832,633.43</b>
<b>PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION</b>		<b>(51,386)</b>	<b>2,324,465.57</b>
<b>INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)</b>	12	-	697,339.67
<b>PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION</b>		-	<b>1,627,125.90</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
<b>Profit/ (Loss) after taxation</b>		-	1,627,125.90
Fair value gain/(loss) on investments in equity instruments	14	(702,100)	544,850
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>		<b>(753,486)</b>	<b>2,171,975.90</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

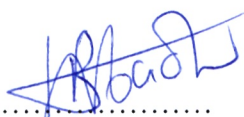
XIV. Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022

	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	13	18,071,739	17,879,230.26
Quoted investments	14	1,060,375	1,762,475
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>19,132,114</b>	<b>19,641,705.26</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Inventories	15	4,465,032	4,944,642.40
Receivables and prepayments	16	5,359,562	1,748,754.87
Cash balances and cash Equivalent	17	11,382,211	15,345,667.30
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>21,206,805</b>	<b>22,039,064.57</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>40,338,919</b>	<b>41,680,769.83</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Share capital	18	100,000	100,000
Grant Reserve Fund	29	40,269,707	40,924,937.92
Revenue Reserve Fund		(14,021,978)	(13,273,252.43)
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>		<b>26,347,729</b>	<b>27,751,685.49</b>
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>			<b>0</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Customer Deposits	23	10,492,751	9,636,751
Payables and accruals	22	1,982,133	1,001,762.59
Overdrawn Cash Balance	30	1,516,306	3,290,570.75
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>13,991,190</b>	<b>13,929,084.34</b>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>40,338,919</b>	<b>41,680,769.83</b>

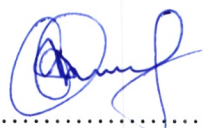
The financial statements were approved by the Board on 24/6/2022 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

  
.....  
Managing Director

Name: Abdullahi Sora

  
.....  
Head of Finance

Name: Nura Bonaya

  
.....  
Chairman of the Board

Name: Wachu Abdi

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**XV.Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2022**

	notes	Share capital	Grant Reserve Fund	Revenue Reserve	Total
<b>As at July 1, 2020</b>		100,000	36,354,563	(16,142,568)	<b>20,311,995</b>
Deferred tax on excess depreciation		-	-	-	-
Fair value adjustment on quoted investments		-	-	-	-
Profit for the year		-	-	2,171,976	2,171,976
Capital/Development grants received during the year		-	4,570,374.92	-	4,570,374.92
<b>As at June 30, 2021</b>		<b>100,000</b>	<b>40,924,937.92</b>	<b>(13,970,592)</b>	<b>27,054,346</b>
<b>As at July 1, 2021</b>		100,000	40,924,938	(13,970,592)	27,054,346
Revaluation gain		-	-	-	-
Transfer of excess depreciation on revaluation		-	-	-	-
Capital/Development grants received during the year		-	16,537,380	-	16,537,380
Fair value adjustment on quoted investments		-	-	-	-
Profit for the year		-	-	(51,386)	(51,386)
Amortisation of grant reserve.		-	(17,192,611)	-	(17,192,611)
<b>As at June 30, 2022</b>		<b>100,000</b>	<b>40,269,707</b>	<b>(14,021,978)</b>	<b>26,347,729</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

XVI.Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net profit		(51,386.00)	2,171,976.00
<b>Adjusted for;</b>			
Provision for audit fees	22	208,576.00	208,576.00
Depreciation	13	2,019,010.00	1,950,046.32
Gain/Loss in investment	14	(702,100.00)	544,850.00
Surplus before changes in working capital		<b>1,474,100.00</b>	<b>5,572,787.89</b>
<b>CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATIONS</b>			
Increase/Decrease in inventory	15	479,610.40	3,019,571.00)
Increase/Decrease in receivables	16	-2,293,643.81	(316,769.87)
Increase in Deposits	23	856,000.00	1,104,000.00
Increase/Decrease in creditor & accruals	22	980,370.41	(111,098.41)
<b>NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>22,337.00</b>	<b>(4,076,003.58)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	13	(2,211,520.00)	(3,710,600.00)
<b>NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>(2,211,520.00)</b>	<b>(3,710,600.00)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Increase in overdrawn cashbook Balance	30	(1,774,265.00)	(1,953,160.75)
<b>NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>(1,774,265.00)</b>	<b>(1,953,160.75)</b>
<b>INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		<b>(3,963,448.00)</b>	<b>4,744,008.30</b>
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1st July 21		15,345,659.00	10,601,659.00
<b>Cash and cash equivalents as at 30th June 22</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>11,382,211.00</b>	<b>15,345,667.30</b>

**XVII. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the period ended 30 June 2022**

	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% of utilisation
	2021-2022	2021-2022	2021-2022	2021-2022	2021-2022	2021-2022
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	%
<b>Revenue</b>						
Sale of water	71,105,000	-	71,105,000	71,056,243	48,757	100%
Sale of sewer	22,900,000	-	22,900,000	22,907,573	-7,573	100%
<b>Other income</b>					0	
Meter Rent	2,550,000	-	2,550,000	2,585,905	-35,905	103%
Exhauster Hire	230,000		230,000	228,000	2,000	99%
Investment income	60,000		60,000	62,985	-2,985	105%
Water Boozer	100,000		100,000	100,500	-500	100%
Owner's Request	1,000		1,000	-		0%
Meter testing fee	30,000		30,000	31,500	-1,500	105%
Sewer connection fee	100,000		100,000	105,000	-5,000	105%
Compressor Hire	20,000		20,000	20,000	0	100%
Sewer unblocking fee	1,000		1,000	-		0%
Other miscellaneous income	2,400,000		2,400,000	2,344,909	55,091	98%
Gain on investment	10,000		10,000	0	10,000	0%
Grant from county/National Govt	-		-			-
<b>Total income</b>	<b>99,507,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>99,507,000</b>	<b>99,442,615</b>	<b>64,385</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Expenses</b>						
<b>Administration</b>						
Salaries, wages & allowances	31,825,000	-	31,825,000	31,514,272	310,728	98%
Staff welfare	1,710,000	-	1,710,000	1,255,729	454,271	73%
Office supplies	2,725,000		2,725,000	1,579,067	1,145,933	58%

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Training	135,000		135,000	138,034	-3034	102%
Telephone & Email	770,000		770,000	638,380	131,620	83%
Professional fees	210,000	-	210,000	253,576	-43,576	121%
Travelling & subsistence	2,455,000	-	2,455,000	1,444,300	1,010,700	59%
Board expenses	1,425,000		1,425,000	1,415,851	9,149	99%
Casual wages	5,000,000		5,000,000	5,071,626	-71,626	101%
Postage & Delivery	45,000		45,000	33,835	11,165	75%
Leave Allowances	445,000		445,000	494,000	-49,000	111%
Advertisement, Printing & Reproduction	425,000		425,000	845,059	-420,059	199%
Social Responsibility	30,000		30,000	0	30,000	0%
Stationery	310,000		310,000	253,825	56,175	82%
Sewer line maintenance	2,785,000		2,785,000	2,961,850	-176,850	106%
NSSF	800,000		800,000	784,710	15,290	98%
Pension	13,012,000		13,012,000	14,761,936	-1,749,936	114%
Gratuity	1,350,000		1,350,000	1,128,716	221,284	84%
Bank Charges	100,000		100,000	112,588	-12,588	113%
<b>Total Administration Expenses</b>	<b>65,557,000</b>		<b>65,557,000</b>	<b>64,687,354</b>	<b>869,646</b>	<b>99%</b>
<b>Operation, Maintenance &amp; Distribution Expenses</b>						
Capacity building	345,000		345,000	1,191,934	-846,934	346%
Chemicals	2,505,000		2,505,000	639,346	1,943,249	26%
Laboratory Chemicals	70,000		70,000	124,950	-54,950	179%
License & Permits	50,000		50,000	125,000	-75,000	250%
Regulatory fees	3,745,000		3,745,000	2,736,698	1,008,302	73%
Water abstraction levy	1,380,000		1,380,000	1,270,095	109,905	92%
Subscriptions	85,000		85,000	205,000	-120,000	241%
Motor vehicle running Expenses	6,770,000		6,770,000	8,017,321	-1,247,321	118%

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

Motor vehicle Insurance	350,000		350,000	62,562	287,438	18%
Pipes & Fittings	9,670,000		9,670,000	8,545,534	1,124,466	88%
Production costs	35,000		35,000	93,600	-58,600	267%
Repairs	1,900,000		1,900,000	2,121,172	-221,172	112%
Electricity	4,775,000		4,775,000	7,145,104	-2,370,104	150%
Depreciation	1,950,000		1,950,000	2,019,010	-69,010	104%
Billing	320,000		320,000	509,321	-189,321	159%
<b>Total O&amp;M &amp; Distribution Expenses</b>	<b>33,950,000</b>		<b>33,950,000</b>	<b>34,806,647</b>	<b>-779,052</b>	<b>98%</b>
<b>Total expenditure</b>	<b>99,507,000</b>		<b>99,507,000</b>	<b>99,494,001</b>	<b>90,594</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Surplus for the period</b>			<b>0</b>	<b>-51,386</b>		

## **XVIII. Notes to the Financial Statements**

### **1. General Information**

Isiolo water & sewerage Co.Ltd is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Company's Act cap 486. The entity is wholly owned by the Isiolo County Government and is domiciled in Kenya.

### **2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the measurement at re-valued amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment, marketable securities and financial instruments at fair value, impaired assets at their estimated recoverable amounts and actuarially determined liabilities at their present value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies.

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act, the water act 2016, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**3. Application of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**

**iii) *Early adoption of standards***

The entity did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2021/2022

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continues)

### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principle accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

#### a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The entity recognizes revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer.

- i) **Revenue from the sale of goods and services** is recognised in the year in which the company delivers products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.
- ii) **Grants from National Government** are recognised in the year in which the company actually receives such grants. Recurrent grants are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Development/capital grants are recognized in the statement of financial position and realised in the statement of comprehensive income over the useful life of the assets that has been acquired using such funds.
- iii) **Finance income** comprises interest receivable from bank deposits and investment in securities, and is recognised in profit or loss on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.
- iv) **Dividend income** is recognised in the income statement in the year in which the right to receive the payment is established.
- v) **Rental income** is recognised in the income statement as it accrues using the effective interest implicit in lease agreements.
- vi) **Other income** is recognised as it accrues.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**b) In-kind contributions**

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the company in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the company includes such value in the statement of comprehensive income both as revenue and as an expense in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

**c) Property, plant and equipment**

All categories of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Certain categories of property, plant and equipment are subsequently carried at re-valued amounts, being their fair value at the date of re-valuation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Where re-measurement at re-valued amounts is desired, all items in an asset category are re-valued through periodic valuations carried out by independent external valuers.

Increases in the carrying amounts of assets arising from re-valuation are credited to other comprehensive income. Decreases that offset previous increases in the carrying amount of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve account; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss in the income statement. Gains and losses on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from the disposal with the net carrying amount of the items, and are recognised in profit or loss in the income statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### d) Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment

Freehold land and capital work in progress are not depreciated. Capital work in progress relates mainly to the costs of ongoing but incomplete works on buildings and other civil works and installations.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis to write down the cost of each asset or the re-valued amount to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The annual rates in use are:

Buildings	2.5%
Plant and machinery	12.5%
Motor vehicles, including motor cycles	25%
Computers and printers	30%
Office furniture and fittings	12.5%
Sewer Extension	12.5%
Water Extension	12.5%
Tools and equipment	12.5%
Water meters and equipment	12.5%

A full year's depreciation charge is recognised both in the year of asset purchase and in the year of asset disposal.

Items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually for impairment. Where the carrying amount of an asset is assessed as greater than its estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised so that the asset is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount.

#### e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**f) Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets**

Amortisation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset. All intangible assets are reviewed annually for impairment. Where the carrying amount of an intangible asset is assessed as greater than its estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised so that the asset is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount.

**g) Investment property**

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes), is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

**h) Right of Use Asset**

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Whenever the entity incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognized and measured under IAS 37. To the extent that the costs relate to a right-of-use asset, the costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term

and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the entity expects to

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease. The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### **i) Fixed interest investments (bonds)**

Fixed interest investments refer to investment funds placed under Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) long-term infrastructure bonds and other corporate bonds with the intention of earning interest income upon the bond's disposal or maturity. Fixed interest investments are freely traded at the Nairobi Securities Exchange. The bonds are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **j) Quoted investments**

Quoted investments are classified as non-current assets and comprise marketable securities traded freely at the Nairobi Securities Exchange or other regional and international securities exchanges. Quoted investments are stated at fair value.

#### **k) Unquoted investments**

Unquoted investments stated at cost under non-current assets, and comprise equity shares held in other Government owned or controlled entities that are not quoted in the Securities Exchange.

#### **l) Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**m) Trade and other receivables**

Trade and other receivables are recognised at fair values less allowances for any uncollectible amounts. These are assessed for impairment on a continuing basis. An estimate is made of doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off after all efforts at recovery have been exhausted.

**n) Taxation**

**i) Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the area where the Entity operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in net assets is recognized in net assets and not in the statement of financial performance.

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the area where the Entity operates and generates taxable income.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

**o) Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in controlled entities, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in controlled entities, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside surplus or deficit is recognized outside surplus or deficit. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction in net assets. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

**p) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. To the extent that variable rate borrowings are used to finance a qualifying asset and are hedged in an effective cash flow hedge of interest rate risk, the effective portion of the derivative is recognized in other comprehensive income and reclassified to profit or loss when the qualifying asset impacts profit or loss. To the extent that fixed rate borrowings are used to finance a qualifying asset and are hedged in an effective fair value hedge of interest rate risk, the capitalized borrowing costs reflect the hedged interest rate. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

**q) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various Commercial Banks at the end of the reporting period. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### r) Borrowings

Interest bearing loans and overdrafts are initially recorded at fair value being received, net of issue costs associated with the borrowing. Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any issue cost and any discount or premium on settlement. Finance charge including premiums payable of settlement or redemption are accounted for on accrual basis and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise. Loan interest accruing during the construction of a project is capitalised as part of the cost of the project.

#### s) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and are carried at amortised cost, which is measured at the fair value of contractual value of the consideration to be paid in future in respect of goods and services supplied, whether billed to the entity or not, less any payments made to the suppliers.

#### t) Retirement benefit obligations

The entity operates a defined contribution scheme for all full-time employees from July 1, 2007. The scheme is administered by an in-house team and is funded by contributions from both the company and its employees. The company also contributes to the statutory National Social Security Fund (NSSF). This is a defined contribution scheme registered under the National Social Security Act. The company's obligation under the scheme is limited to specific contributions legislated from time to time.

#### u) Provision for staff leave pay

Employees' entitlements to annual leave are recognised as they accrue at the employees. At provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave at the reporting date.

#### v) Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, Kenya Shillings. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Any

foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### w) Budget information

The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts. In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

#### a) Service concession arrangements

The Entity analyses all aspects of service concession arrangements that it enters into in determining the appropriate accounting treatment and disclosure requirements. In particular, where a private party contributes an asset to the arrangement, the Entity recognizes that asset when, and only when, it controls or regulates the services the operator must provide together with the asset, to whom it must provide them, and at what price. In the case of assets other than 'whole-of-life' assets, it controls, through ownership, beneficial entitlement or otherwise – any significant residual interest in the asset at the end of the arrangement. Any assets so recognized are measured at their fair value. To the extent that an asset has been recognized, the Entity also recognizes a corresponding liability, adjusted by a cash consideration paid or received.

#### b) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

#### c) Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## **5. Significant Judgments and Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

State all judgements, estimates and assumptions made: e.g

### **a) Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

### **b) Useful lives and residual values**

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the assets

### **c) Provisions**

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note xxx.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

(include provisions applicable for your organisation e.g provision for bad debts, provisions of obsolete stocks and how management estimates these provisions)

**6. Revenue**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
<b>Water sales</b>		
July	6,471,293	6,175,329
August	5,632,263	6,125,233
September	6,031,467	6,538,625
October	6,241,329	6,360,886
November	5,841,099	6,175,919
December	4,055,474	5,907,330
January	6,068,839	5,878,777
February	6,068,799	5,736,231
March	5,915,632	5,880,299
April	6,651,263	6,429,626
May	6,098,666	6,657,464
June	5,980,118	6,336,497
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>71,056,242</b>	<b>74,202,216</b>
<b>Sewer Sales</b>		
July	1,812,544	1,593,920
August	1,807,199	1,751,128
September	1,854,782	1,506,246
October	1,805,886	1,524,413
November	1,860,524	1,577,053
December	2,003,641	1,696,790
January	1,834,682	1,384,760
February	2,241,521	1,353,451
March	2,204,344	1,546,706
April	1,735,840	1,590,393
May	2,022,619	1,568,032
June	1,723,991	1,721,666
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>22,907,573</b>	<b>18,814,558</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>93,963,815</b>	<b>93,016,774</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

**7. Grants from National Government**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
In Kind contributions/ donations	0	4,570,374.92
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,570,374.92</b>

**8. Finance Income**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
Description	Kshs	Kshs
Dividends	62,985	56,525
<b>Total</b>	<b>62,985</b>	<b>56,525</b>

**9. Other Income**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
Description	Kshs	Kshs
Meter Rent	2,585,905	2,538,200
Water Boozer	100,500	90,700
Meter testing fees	31,500	40,500
Sewer connection fees	105,000	145,000
Exhauster Hire	228,000	441,000
Compressor Hire	20,000	-
Sewer unblocking Fees	0	-
Other miscellaneous receipts	2,344,910	2,828,400
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,415,815</b>	<b>6,083,800</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

**Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)**

**10. a) Administration Costs**

	<b>2021-2022</b>	<b>2020/2021</b>
<b>Description</b>	<b>Kshs</b>	<b>Kshs</b>
Staff costs (note 10b)	55,010,989	51,541,472.20
Office supplies	1,579,067	2,721,479
Training	138,034	136,100
Telephone & Email	638,380	768,450
Professional Fees	253,576	208,576
Travelling & subsistence	1,444,300	2,454,910
Board expenses	1,415,851	1,425,860
Postage & Delivery	33,835	42,095
Advertising, printing & Reproduction	845,059	425,417
Social Responsibility	0	30,000
Bank charges and commissions	112,588	99,830.20
Stationeries	253,825	307,530
Sewerline maintenance	2,961,850	2,783,622
<b>Total</b>	<b>64,687,354</b>	<b>62,945,341.40</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

10 b) Staff Costs

Description	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Salaries and allowances	31,514,272	31,821,522
Casual Wages	5,071,626	4,212,340
NSSF	784,710	800,175
Pension	14,761,936	11,205,181
Leave pay	494,000	443,000
Gratuity	1,128,716	1,353,965.20
Staff welfare	1,255,729	1,705,289
<b>Total</b>	<b>55,010,989</b>	<b>51,541,472.20</b>

11. Operation, Maintenance and distribution costs

Description	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Capacity building & meetings	1,191,934	345,554
Chemicals	639,346	2,502,099.60
Lab chemicals	124,950	68,850
License & permits	125,000	-
Regulatory Fees	2,736,698	3,743,034
Water Abstraction Levy	1,270,095	1,379,277
Subscriptions	205,000	85,000
Motor Vehicle running expenses	8,017,321	6,766,845.11
Motor vehicle insurance	62,562	347,046
Pipes & fittings	8,545,534	9,670,975
Production cost	93,600	35,000
Repairs	2,121,172	1,901,623
Electricity	7,145,104	4,771,942
Depreciation	2,019,010	1,950,046.32
Billing	509,321	320,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>34,806,647</b>	<b>33,887,292.03</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

12. Income Tax Expense/(Credit)

(a) Current taxation

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Current taxation based on the adjusted profit for the year at 30%	-	697,339.67
<b>Total</b>		<b>697,339.67</b>

(Indicate actual name of the entity)

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

13. Property, Plant and Equipment

2021-2022	Computers & Printers	Plant Improvement	Motor Vehicle	Sewer Extensions	Water Extensions	Water Meters & Equipments	Building	Tools & Equipments	Office Furniture & Fittings	Total
<b>COST/VALUATION</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>	<b>Kshs.</b>
At 1 July 2021	4,466,165	1,733,972	7,445,642	7,122,736	1,991,503	13,528,996	8,181,472	1,935,699	1,280,066	47,686,251
Additions	182,600	-	-	-	-	2,028,920	-	-	-	2,211,520
On Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As At 30 June 2022	<b>4,648,765</b>	<b>1,733,972</b>	<b>7,445,642</b>	<b>7,122,736</b>	<b>1,991,503</b>	<b>15,557,916</b>	<b>8,181,472</b>	<b>1,935,699</b>	<b>1,280,066</b>	<b>49,897,771</b>
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>										
At 1 July 2021	4,088,696	1,448,168	6,982,715	5,865,604	973,291	6,349,262	1,699,357	1,519,530	880,399	29,807,022
On disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	168,021	35,725	115,732	157,141	127,277	1,151,081	162,053	52,021	49,959	2,019,010
At 30 June 2022	<b>4,256,717</b>	<b>1,483,893</b>	<b>7,098,447</b>	<b>6,022,745</b>	<b>1,100,568</b>	<b>7,500,343</b>	<b>1,861,410</b>	<b>1,571,551</b>	<b>930,358</b>	<b>31,826,032</b>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>										
At 30 June 2022	<b>392,048</b>	<b>250,079</b>	<b>347,195</b>	<b>1,099,991</b>	<b>890,935</b>	<b>8,057,573</b>	<b>6,320,062</b>	<b>364,148</b>	<b>349,708</b>	<b>18,071,739</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022

2020-2021	Computers & Printers	Plant Improvement	Motor Vehicles	Sewer Extensions	Water Extensions	Water Meters & Equipment	Building	Tools & Equipment	Office Furniture & Fittings	Total
COST/VALUATION	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
At 1 July 2020	4,224,565	1,733,972	7,445,642	7,122,736	1,991,503	10,108,996	8,181,472	1,900,699	1,266,066	<b>43,975,651</b>
Additions	241,600	-	-	-	-	3,420,000	-	35,000	14,000	<b>3,710,600</b>
On Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As At 30 June 2021	<b>4,466,165</b>	<b>1,733,972</b>	<b>7,445,642</b>	<b>7,122,736</b>	<b>1,991,503</b>	<b>13,528,996</b>	<b>8,181,472</b>	<b>1,935,699</b>	<b>1,280,066</b>	<b>47,686,251</b>
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>										
At 1 July 2020	3,926,923	1,407,339	6,828,406	5,686,014	827,832	5,323,585	1,573,495	1,460,077	823,304	<b>27,856,974</b>
On disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	161,772.56	40,829.18	154,309.06	179,590.31	145,458.80	1,025,676.34	125,862.07	59,452.78	57,095.22	<b>1,950,046.32</b>
At 30 June 2021	<b>4,088,695.70</b>	<b>1,448,167.75</b>	<b>6,982,714.82</b>	<b>5,865,603.85</b>	<b>973,291.28</b>	<b>6,349,261.59</b>	<b>1,699,356.75</b>	<b>1,519,529.58</b>	<b>880,399.42</b>	<b>29,807,020.32</b>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>										
At 30 June 2021	<b>377,469.30</b>	<b>285,804.25</b>	<b>462,927.18</b>	<b>1,257,132.15</b>	<b>1,018,211.72</b>	<b>7,179,734.41</b>	<b>6,482,115.25</b>	<b>416,169.42</b>	<b>399,666.58</b>	<b>17,879,230.26</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**  
**Notes To The Financial Statements (Continued)**

**14. Quoted Investment**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
<b>Opening valuation</b>	<b>1,762,475</b>	<b>1,217,625</b>
Fair value gains/(losses)	(702,100)	544,850
<b>Closing valuation</b>	<b>1,060,375</b>	<b>1,762,475</b>

**15. Inventories**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Chemicals	3,381,959	4,021,304.40
Pipes & Fittings	1,083,073	923,338
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,465,032</b>	<b>4,944,642.40</b>

**16. Trade and Other Receivables**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Trade receivables	4,742,771	1,022,999.88
Employee Advances	426,500	371,000
VAT recoverable	-	-
Other	177,937	177,937
Insurance prepayments	12,354	176,817.99
<b>Net trade and other receivables</b>	<b>5,359,562</b>	<b>1,748,754.87</b>

**17. Bank and Cash Balances**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Cash at bank	11,378,374	15,341,830.30
Cash in hand	3837	3,837
	<b>11,382,211</b>	<b>15,345,667.30</b>

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**  
**Notes to the financial Statements (Continued)**

**18. Ordinary Share Capital**

	2021-2022	2020/2021
	Kshs	Kshs
<b>Authorized:</b>		
5,000 ordinary shares of KShs.20 par value each	<b>100,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>
<b>Issued and fully paid:</b>		
5,000 ordinary shares of KShs.20 par value each	<b>100,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>

**19. Revaluation Reserve**

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of certain items of property, plant and equipment. As indicated in the Statement of Changes in Equity, this is stated after transfer of excess depreciation net of related deferred tax to retained earnings. Revaluation surpluses are not distributable.

**20. Fair Value Adjustment Reserve**

The fair value adjustment reserve arises on the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, principally the marketable securities. When a financial asset is sold, the portion of the reserve that relates to that asset is reduced from the fair value adjustment reserve and is recognised in profit or loss. Where a financial asset is impaired, the portion of the reserve that relates to that asset is recognised in profit or loss.

**21. Retained Earnings**

The retained earnings represent amounts available for distribution to the *entity's* shareholders. Undistributed retained earnings are utilised to finance the *entity's* business activities.

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**22. Trade and Other Payables**

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Trade payables	8,078	8,078.10
Audit fees	837,900	629,324
Withholding tax control	532,006	466,091.48
Other payables& accruals	8,628	87.73
Vat Control	(101,819)	(101,818.72)
Income Tax	697,340	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,982,133</b>	<b>1,001,762.59</b>

**23. Consumer Deposits**

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
1/7/2021	9,636,751	8,532,751
Additions in the year	856,000	1,104,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,492,751</b>	<b>9,636,751</b>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**24. Related Party Disclosures**

**County Government of Isiolo**

The County Government of Isiolo is the principal shareholder of the company, holding 100% of the company's equity interest.

Other related parties include:

- i) Key management
- ii) Board of Directors

**Transactions with related parties**

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
<b>a) Key management compensation</b>		
i) Compensation to the MD	2,126,000	2,126,000
ii) Compensation to the management	3,568,000	3,588,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,694,000</b>	<b>5,714,000</b>

**25. Financial Risk Management**

The entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The company does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The company's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### (i) Credit risk

The entity has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments.

Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the company's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

#### *Credit Risk (Continued)*

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the company has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts.

The board of directors sets the company's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

### ii) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the entity's directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The entity manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(iii) Market risk**

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the entity's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The company's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day to day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the entity's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

**a) Foreign currency risk**

The entity has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises through purchases of goods and services that are done in currencies other than the local currency. Invoices denominated in foreign currencies are paid after 30 days from the date of the invoice and conversion at the time of payment is done using the prevailing exchange rate.

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(iii) Market risk (Continued)**

The carrying amount of the entity's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

The entity manages foreign exchange risk from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities by projecting for expected sales proceeds and matching the same with expected payments.

**b) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the entity's financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. The company's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the company to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the company's deposits.

**i) Management of interest rate risk**

To manage the interest rate risk, management has endeavoured to bank with institutions that offer favourable interest rates.

**26. Incorporation**

The entity is incorporated in Kenya under the Kenyan Companies Act and is domiciled in Kenya.

**27. Events After The Reporting Period**

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

**28. Currency**

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**

**29. GRANT RESERVE FUND**

	Particulars	Balance at 1 <sup>st</sup> July 2021	Grants received in the Year	Usage	Balance at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2022
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
	Water Infrastructure inherited from Local government	28,685,450		-	28,685,450
	Sewer Infrastructure inherited from Local government	6,751,445		-	6,751,445
	Chemicals	5,488,043	16,537,380	(17,192,611)	4,832,812
	<b>Total</b>	<b>40,924,938</b>	<b>16,537,380</b>	<b>(17,192,611)</b>	<b>40,269,707</b>

**30. Overdrawn cash balance**

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs.	Kshs.
Consolidated bank Overdraft	1,516,306	3,290,570.75

Isiolo Water & Sewerage Company Ltd  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022**  
**APPENDICES**

**APPENDIX 1: PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF AUDITOR RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

<b>Reference No. on the external audit Report</b>	<b>Issue / Observations from Auditor</b>	<b>Management comments</b>	<b>Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)</b>	<b>Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)</b>
1.0	Non-conformity with the standard financial reporting template	The statements will be adjusted to conform	Resolved	
2.0	Inaccurate payables and accruals	The figures will be confirmed and adjusted to accuracy	Resolved	Continuous
3.0	High unaccounted for water	The company will work in reducing the lost volumes to the acceptable levels	Resolved	Continuous
4.0	Unapproved expenditure in acquiring property, plant and equipment	The company will provide documents to show that the expenditures were sanctioned by the Northern water services board	Resolved	
7.0	Non-conforming presentation of financial statements	The management will avail the missing information to conform	Resolved	Continuous

Signature:



Date:

24/9

**APPENDIX II: PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED BY THE ENTITY**

**Projects**

There was no project implemented by the company

Project title	Project Number	Donor	Period/duration	Donor commitment	Separate donor reporting required as per the donor agreement (Yes/No)	Consolidated in these financial statements (Yes/No)
1						
2						

4

DATE	