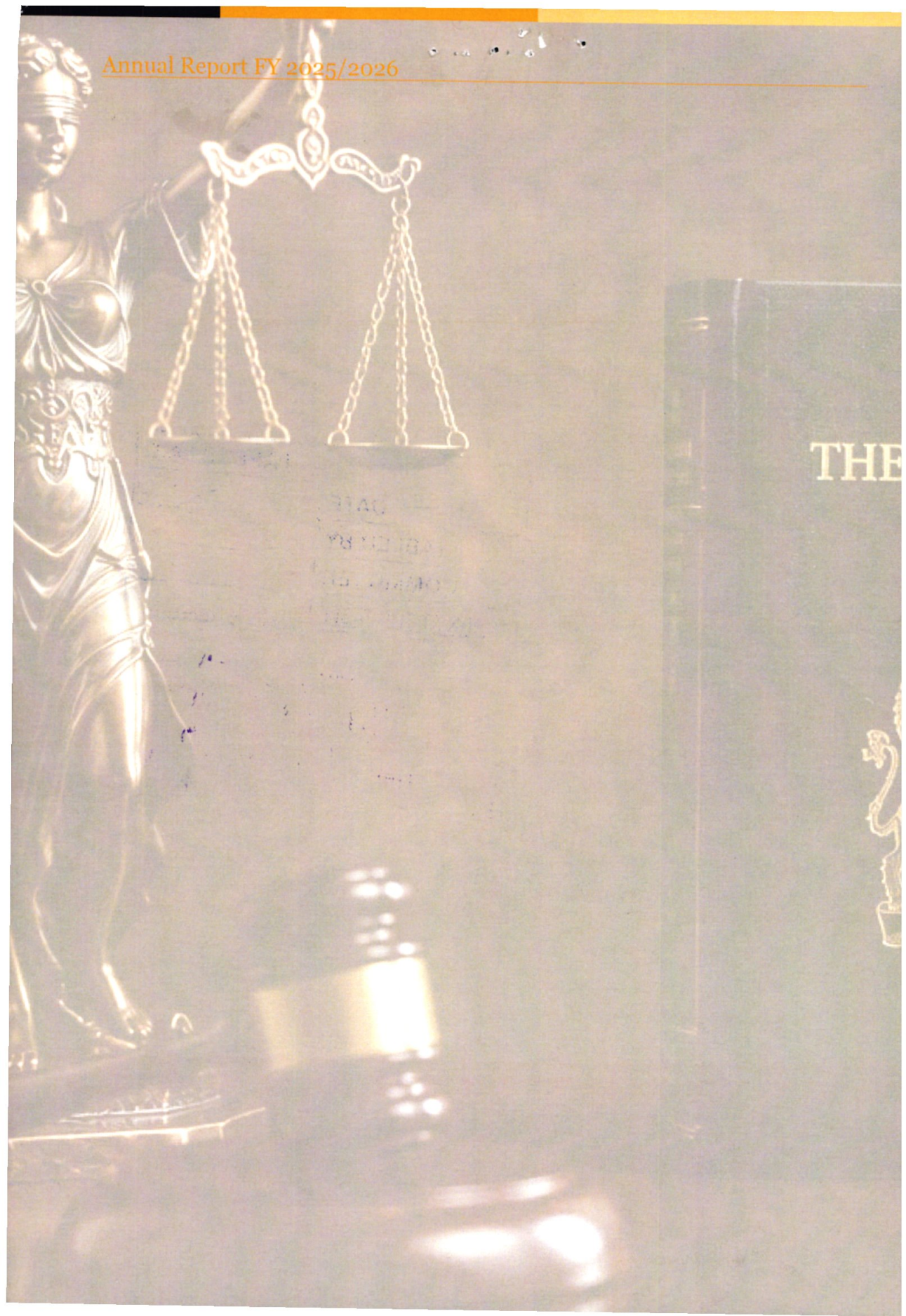
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS



ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2025/2026

"Fostering Strategic Partnerships for Effective Justice Delivery and Public Trust"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This Report is submitted to the President and to Parliament pursuant to Article 254 (1) of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 7 of the ODPP Act, CAP 6B.

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Rt. Hon. Amason Jeffah Kingi, EGH,
Speaker of the Senate

Hon. Speaker Sir,

ODPP ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2025/2026

I have the honour to submit to you the ODPP Annual Report for the Financial Year 2025/2026, pursuant to Article 254(1) of the Constitution of Kenya and section 7 of the ODPP Act, Cap 6B.

The report highlights the overall performance and fulfilment of the mandate of the Office as per the Constitutional requirement.

Honorable Speaker, I extend my highest consideration and assure you of my commitment towards achievement of our shared goals.



RENSON M. INGONGA, CBS, OGW
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS

Mandate

The ODPP's mandate is derived directly from Article 157 of the Constitution and further operationalised through the ODPP Act, CAP 6B

Vision

A just, fair, independent, and people-centred prosecution service

Mission

To provide impartial, innovative, efficient and effective prosecution services that uphold the rule of law and protect public interest

Core Values

i. Integrity
ii. Independence
iii. Transparency
iv. Accountability
v. Professionalism
vi. Team Spirit

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADPP	Assistant Director of Public Prosecutions
AG	Attorney General
AI	Artificial Intelligence
AML	Anti-Money Laundering
APA	Africa Prosecutors Association
CA	Communication Authority
CAP	Chapter
CMS	Case Management System
CRC	Conventional and Related Crimes
CT/CFT	Counter Terrorism and Counter Financing Terrorism
CTiP	Counter-Trafficking in Persons
CUC	Court Users Committee
DCI	Directorate of Criminal Investigations
DPP	Director of Public Prosecutions
EAAP	Eastern Africa Association of Prosecutors
EACC	Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
FATF	Financial Action Task Force
FBI	Federal Bureau of Investigation
FGM	Female Genital Mutilation

FRC	Financial Reporting Centre
FY	Financial Year
ICT	Information and Communication System
ICTO	Information Communication and Technology Officer
IDLO	International Development Law Organisation
IEC	Information, Education and Communication
IG	Inspector General of Police
IJM	International Justice Mission
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IPOA	Independent Police Oversight Authority
IQA	Inspectorate and Quality Assurance
ITOC	International, Transnational and Organised Crimes
KNCCI	Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry
KNCHR	Kenya National Commission on Human Rights
KRA	Kenya Revenue Authority
KWS	Kenya Wildlife Service
LSK	Law Society of Kenya
MLA	Mutual Legal Assistance
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
NCAJ	National Council on the Administration of Justice
NCIC	National Cohesion and Integration Commission
NPS	National Police Service
NuPEA	Nuclear Power and Energy Agency

OCSEA	Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse
ODPP	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
OHCHR	Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights
PAO	Principal Accountant Officer
PC	Prosecution Counsel
PCO	Principal Clerical Officer
PCPS	People Centred Prosecution Service
PLEAD	Programme for Legal Empowerment and Aid Delivery in Kenya
PPC	Principal Prosecution Counsel
PTI	Prosecution Training Institute
RC	Regional Coordinator
SDDPP	Senior Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions
SGBV	Sexual and Gender-Based Violence
SPS	Secretary Prosecution Services
SOA	Senior Office Administrator
SOPs	Standard Operating Procedures
ToTs	Trainer of Trainers
UDPK	United Disabled Person of Kenya
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNOCT	United Nations Office of Counter-Terrorism
UNODC	United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNTOC	United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organised Crime
USA	United States of America
USDOJ	United States Department of Justice
VPN	Virtual Private Network



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Annual Report outlines the performance of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions (ODPP) for the Financial Year 2025/2026.

This Report provides an overview of the ODPP's performance in the discharge of its constitutional mandate over the past year. It highlights the operations and key activities that the Office undertook during the reporting period, the milestones achieved, the challenges encountered as well as the future strategic plans that the office intends to undertake as outlined in the ODPP Strategic Plan 2023-2027. The report also gives an insight into the Office financial position.

The Report accentuates the importance of collaborating with the national, regional and international stakeholders which has immensely contributed to the delivery of an effective and efficient prosecution service.

Below is a summary of the eight (8) chapters of the Report:

Chapter 1 presents the establishment of the ODPP pursuant to Article 157 of the Constitution, detailing its mandate, mission, vision, core values and the organisational structure.

Chapter 2 highlights the implementation of the strategic initiatives as set out in the ODPP Strategic Plan 2023-2027 through development and operationalisation of policies, inter-agency collaboration, capacity building, enhanced staff welfare, improved infrastructure as well as community outreach programmes.

Chapter 3 gives an overview of the overall prosecution performance through analysis of the prosecution data summary of the cases handled and concluded. The Chapter also highlights noteworthy and jurisprudential cases highlighting their significant impact on the law, society, and the public interest.

Chapter 4 provides a financial analysis of the Office's budgetary allocation, revenue sources, development expenditure as well as the budget absorption rate. It shows the financial position of the Office and highlights the key financial challenges that have impacted on the office operations.

Chapter 5 presents the milestones achieved by the Office in the Financial Year 2025/2026.

Chapter 6 outlines the challenges the Office faced in the discharge of its mandate with the relevant strategic mitigating measures.

Chapter 7 forecasts the ODPP projections and aspirations in delivering an effective and efficient prosecution service that contributes to Kenya's Vision 2030 and national development plans.

Chapter 8 is a pictorial representation of the Office activities during the reporting period.

STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS



It is with great pleasure that I present the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions Annual Report for the Financial Year 2025/2026. This Report reflects our continued commitment and dedication to deliver a prosecution service that is just, fair, independent, accountable and responsive to the needs of the people of Kenya.

During the reporting period, the Office remained steadfast in discharging its constitutional mandate. The ODPP handled 341,978 matters, including 307,019 criminal cases, 19,723 criminal appeals and applications 12,498 advice files and 2,703 public complaints. These figures demonstrate the Office's central role in safeguarding public interest, supporting investigations through legal advice and promoting the administration of justice.

The Office strengthened specialised and technology-driven prosecution services through capacity building in Uadilifu Case Management System, anti-money laundering, cybercrime, counter terrorism, counter trafficking in persons and gender-based violence. The launch and operationalisation of the Mutual Legal Assistance Guidelines for Prosecutors, Counter Trafficking in Persons Standard Operating Procedures, CT/CFT Curriculum and Trainer's Manual, Guide to Child Friendly Interviews and Anti-Money Laundering Guidelines enhanced prosecutorial skills and consistency in decision making.

A key milestone on resource mobilisation was the Gazettement of the Public Finance Management (Public Prosecutions Fund) Regulations, 2025. These regulations provide a legal framework for receiving, managing and applying resources from asset forfeiture, plea bargains, restitution, grants and donations to support specialised prosecution needs.

The year also reflected strong inter-agency, regional and international cooperation in the prosecution of transnational organised crime, gender based violence, corruption related crimes, wildlife and environmental crimes, synthetic drugs, human rights violations, and digital transformation.

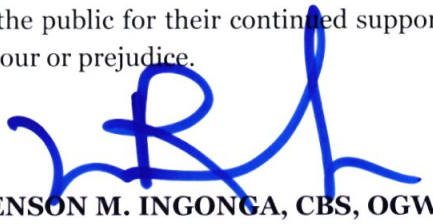
Notably, the Office strengthened its bilateral cooperation through the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding with the Prosecutor General's Office of the Russian Federation, aimed at enhancing prosecutorial collaboration, mutual learning and coordinated responses to emerging and cross-border crimes. Additionally, the Office implemented the MoU between the ODPP and the Public Prosecution Office of the Kingdom of Morocco through effecting a training of the first cohort of Kenyan prosecutors in Morocco.

In realising the people-centred agenda, the Office continues to engage the community through dialogues, radio engagements and outreach programmes. "A people-centred prosecution service must remain independent in decision making, firm in upholding the law, and responsive to the realities of the public we serve."

These achievements realised during the reporting period have not been without challenges, such as budgetary constraints and infrastructural limitations. To address these challenges, the Office continues to engage relevant stakeholders for enhanced funding and resource mobilisation.

The ODPP continues to prioritise infrastructural development, staff welfare, digital transformation and upgrade of office processes as well as greening initiatives.

I thank the ODPP staff, National Government, justice sector actors, partners and the members of the public for their continued support. We renew our commitment to serve without fear, favour or prejudice.



RENSON M. INGONGA, CBS, OGW
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
APA PRESIDENT,
EAAP PRESIDENT,
EXECUTIVE MEMBER OF THE IAP

STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY PROSECUTION SERVICES



The office of the Secretary Prosecution Services (SPS) executes administrative functions in facilitating the Office in the delivery of its mandate. During the reporting period, the SPS conducted several activities in line with the ODPP Strategic Plan 2023-2027.

In line with the DPP's strategic agenda on internal people focus, this office carried out visits to various county offices to monitor administrative developments, progress of prosecutions, as well as the welfare of staff.

The office has also been instrumental in enhancing stakeholder collaboration through participation in partnership activities which has created synergy in the realisation of the Constitutional mandate of the ODPP.

The Election Preparedness Committee developed its Work Plan to ensure proper handling of electoral offences in the upcoming 2027 General Elections.

The Prosecution Training Institute (PTI) continues to be the centre of excellence through its programs that are geared towards promoting distinguished professional training and skill enhancement. There have been additional infrastructural improvements within the premises, which have enabled the smooth running of operations within the training institute.

I thank all staff for their unwavering support to the office of the SPS in the discharge of its function; our success could not be without your efforts. I extend my gratitude to the DPP for his able and steadfast leadership in ensuring that the ODPP continues to be the pinnacle of excellence in service delivery to the public and overall discharge of its mandate.

ALLOYS KEMO, OGW
SECRETARY PROSECUTION SERVICES

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF CONVENTIONAL AND RELATED CRIMES DEPARTMENT (CRC)



The CRC Department is tasked with the prosecution of offences against the person and related crimes. It is organised into five specialised Divisions: Sexual & Gender-Based Violence, Juvenile Justice, General offences, Constitutional Petitions & Judicial Review, and Supreme Court & Appeal Courts.

During the reporting period, the Department made significant strides in fulfilling its mandate and achieved several milestones as follows: it participated in several Court User's Committees (CUC) and Bar Bench meetings; it also partnered with the Judiciary, in the Judiciary Dialogue Day, where it spearheaded discussions on the ODPP`s mandate and the Decision to Charge Guidelines.

The Department prosecuted several high impact judicial review applications, Constitutional petitions and SGBV cases with favourable outcomes. It also undertook the development of a training curriculum on prosecution of defilement matters, IEC materials, FAQs on GBV and ODPP Guide to Child Friendly Interviews. This Department also partnered with other stakeholders to train several prosecutors on OCSEA, Cybertipline reports and Child Exploitation related cases, harmful cultural practices, counter trafficking in persons, crime scene management and SGBV.

As a Department we remain committed to promoting excellence in prosecution, protecting human rights, strengthening partnerships with criminal justice stakeholders, and continuously improving the administration of justice in Kenya through innovation, professionalism, and adherence to the rule of law.

As I conclude, I extend my utmost gratitude to all staff members in the Department for their dedication and commitment. I look forward to continued support from the Office and our partners in achieving the Department's goal and objectives in the future.

I take this opportunity to thank the DPP for his resolute support and guidance.

JACINTA NYAMOSI, OGW
SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
HEAD OF CONVENTIONAL AND RELATED CRIMES DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT



The Department of Corporate Services continues to play a critical role in supporting the execution of the Office's mandate by coordinating and facilitating the administration and management of the Office.

The Department comprises the Human Resource Management (HRM), Human Resource Development (HRD), Administration, Finance, Accounting, ICT, Supply Chain Management, Strategy & Planning, and Records & Registry Management Divisions.

During the Financial Year 2025/2026, the Department recorded notable progress in supporting the Office's strategic objective of delivering efficient, people-centred prosecution services.

Key achievements during the reporting period included the implementation of the revised ODPP organisational structure and staffing levels, the implementation of the reviewed salary scale, operationalisation of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System, acquisition and renovation of offices, improved and strengthened ICT Infrastructure and capacity across the country.

Additionally, the Department was instrumental in the development and implementation of various key policy documents and the acquisition of the ODPP House.

I remain grateful to my team for their dedication and unwavering support, whose efforts culminated in the success of the Office. Finally, I wish to thank the DPP for his visionary leadership and guidance.

HIRIBAE NKADUDA
SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
HEAD OF CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF REGIONAL, COUNTY AFFAIRS AND REGULATORY PROSECUTION SERVICES DEPARTMENT



The Department of Regional, County Affairs and Regulatory Prosecution Services is tasked with coordinating and supervising Regional and County Offices to ensure efficient and effective prosecution services throughout the country. The Department deployed staff, ICT equipment and office furniture to various regional and county offices. This created a digitally agile workforce and optimised workplace ergonomics to foster a highly professional environment.

Cognisant that crime transcends borders and is ever evolving, the Department provided prosecutors across all regions with specialised training in complex thematic areas. Additionally, the Department participated in joint prosecution-guided investigations training sessions to enhance staff capacity.

The Department also made significant strides in widening access to justice and easing congestion in correctional facilities across the country. Notably, the ODPP Nakuru office spearheaded a prison decongestion exercise at Nakuru G.K. Main Prison, fast tracking case resolutions and backlog through plea bargaining and diversion framework in partnership with the Judiciary and other criminal justice stakeholders. In sum, the Department maintained strong governance and supported staff welfare outreach programmes through targeted regional engagements, including supervisory visits at the Coast, Nyanza, and Lower Eastern regions to assess operational performance and enhance service delivery.

I take this opportunity to thank all staff within the Department for their dedication to contributing to the Department's success. I remain grateful to the DPP for his invaluable leadership.

VINCENT MONDA, OGW, 'ndc' (K)
SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
HEAD OF REGIONAL, COUNTY AFFAIRS & REGULATORY PROSECUTIONS DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF INSPECTORATE AND QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT (IQA)



The IQA Department's mandate is to ensure oversight, accountability, and the safeguarding of prosecutorial discretion. This is essential in maintaining public trust and institutional integrity.

The Department, which was established to safeguard excellence in service delivery, is firmly committed to ensuring this mandate is fulfilled through the specialised roles of our three divisions: Inspectorate and Quality Assurance Division; Internal Compliance Division & Complaints and Compliments Division.

Despite the challenges posed by limited financial resources, the Department has made significant strides. In the FY 2025/26, over 400 complaints were resolved. The Department also developed three critical departmental guidelines. These are: the Inspection and Quality Assurance Guidelines; the Internal Compliance and Ethics Guidelines; and the Complaints and Compliments Guidelines.

The Department also participated actively in the development of the ODPP Policy and Guidelines on Protocol, an important tool aimed at promoting consistency, professionalism and uniformity in protocol related matters across the Office. Additionally, in compliance with the ODPP Strategic Plan, the Department participated actively in inter-agency collaborations to streamline the criminal justice system.

Our recent recognition as the "Department of the Year" at the Annual Prosecutors Forum in December 2025 is a direct testament to the collective commitment aimed at achieving the Office's Strategic Plan and upholding the highest standards of excellence.

As we reflect on the FY 2025/2026, I wish to express my profound appreciation to the DPP for his support and to the ODPP staff for their dedication and professionalism.

HASSAN ABDI
SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
HEAD OF INSPECTORATE AND QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL, TRANSNATIONAL AND ORGANISED CRIMES DEPARTMENT (ITOC)



The ITOC Department was operationalised during this Financial Year, having previously been a division under the Department of Economic, Organised and International Crimes. Its mandate is to oversee the prosecution of international, transnational and organised crimes. It is structured into four distinct, specialised divisions comprising the ITOC, Counter Terrorism (CT), Cybercrime and the Anti-Money Laundering & Asset Forfeiture (AML) Divisions.

The AML Division focuses on tracing, freezing, confiscating and forfeiture of proceeds of crime, while the CT Division is responsible for the prosecution of terrorism and terrorism related offences. The ITOC Division, which comprises of five sections namely: Organised Crime Section, Piracy and Maritime Section, Counter Trafficking in Persons Section, Drugs & Anti-Narcotics Section and Wildlife Offences Section is responsible for handling multi-jurisdictional crime syndicates and emerging modern threats. The Cybercrime Division is mandated to handle technology facilitated offences, digital evidence management and cybercrimes.

The Department, though in its formative stage, has recorded several achievements this FY such as the development of key policies, noteworthy being the Counter-Terrorism and Counter Financing of Terrorism Prosecution Curriculum and Training Manual, the Trainers Manual, and the Rapid Reference Guide & sample charge sheet for offences under the Computer Misuse and Cybercrimes Act. We managed to also carry out numerous capacity building trainings for staff on key thematic topics such as CT/ CFT, AML, Cyber crimes, and Anti-Narcotic Drugs. The Department has also participated in several inter-agency and stakeholder forums nationally, regionally and internationally.

I take this opportunity to thank the DPP for his support and goodwill in the operationalisation of the ITOC Department and look forward to greater strides in our joint service to the *mwananchi*.

FREDAH MWANZA,
Ag. SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS,
HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL, TRANSNATIONAL & ORGANISED CRIMES DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE HEAD OF THE ECONOMIC CRIMES DEPARTMENT



The Economic Crimes Department is a specialised department within the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions comprising three Divisions, namely Anti-corruption Division, Banking & Tax Division, and Lands & Environmental Division.

Cooperation and collaboration with stakeholders have contributed to the Department's successful execution of the Office mandate, with a focus on prosecution -guided investigations, multi-agency trainings and joint case file reviews.

During the FY 2025/2026, the Department achieved key milestones, including securing convictions in notable cases and the successful finalisation of plea-bargaining agreements. This was achieved through constitution of case teams, pre-trial conferences, case file reviews and utilisation of alternatives to prosecutions. The past year was significant for the Department as members of staff were trained in Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Counter-Financing of Terrorism (CFT) matters. These trainings enhanced staff skills, competencies and knowledge in handling such cases.

The Department continued to sensitise and implement the Guidelines on Prosecution of Corruption and Economic Crimes to enhance the capacity of prosecutors and ensure uniformity in decision making. The Department maintains transparency and accountability through the publication of annual Anti-corruption and Economic crimes cases reports and the weekly notices of the status of upcoming cases in court.

I take this opportunity to appreciate all the members of staff in the Economic Crimes Department whose commitment, professionalism and team spirit have contributed to the efficacious operation of the Department despite the challenges encountered during the reporting period. I wish to thank the DPP for his continued guidance and support to the Economic Crimes Department and affirm the Department's commitment to execution of the Office mandate.

JOSEPH RIUNGU, OGW
DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS
HEAD OF ECONOMIC CRIMES DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT BY THE CHIEF OF STAFF, EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE DPP



The Executive Office of the DPP is responsible for managing operations, coordinating policies and staff supervision on behalf of the DPP. It is also responsible for all communication with ODPP's stakeholders.

During the reporting period, the office prepared and submitted various statutory reports to the President and Parliament in compliance with Articles 10 and 254 of the Constitution.

It also partnered with other stakeholders, such as the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) in the installation of containerised offices in Migori and Msambweni, a project which is ongoing. These strides go a long way in ensuring that staff, who are integral to the delivery of the Office mandate, have adequate and safe spaces to work in, thus promoting their productivity and wellness.

During the reporting period, the Executive office mobilised funding and resources from key partners for infrastructural development, acquisition of office equipment, capacity building and advancing greening initiatives through the installation of solar systems in various ODPP offices. These initiatives have improved resources within the ODPP, as well as a skilled and professionalised human resource.

To ensure the Office continues with its strategic goal of people-centred prosecution service delivery, the Executive Office coordinated several community engagements and meetings between the DPP and stakeholders, including prison visits in various parts of the country. These community engagement forums helped to build public trust and awareness of the Office's mandate.

The successful implementation of the *Uadilifu* case management system by the Executive Office afforded national and regional stakeholders an opportunity to benchmark with the ODPP. This is a testament to the digital transformation of the Office in line with the Kenya National Digital Master Plan 2022-2032.

At the international level, this office coordinated and supported the DPP in hosting various ambassadors/special envoys as well as delegates from various countries. These meetings provided an avenue to enhance inter-agency collaboration and deepen international partnerships within the justice sector. They also explored potential areas of partnership and collaboration, particularly in capacity building, technical cooperation, and the exchange of best practices.

I am indebted to my entire team at the Executive Office, as well as all my colleagues in senior leadership, for their support in the implementation of the DPP's programmes as well as the delivery of our prosecution mandate. Special mention goes to the ODPP Annual Report team, Gladys Kariuki, ADPP; Susan Keli, ADPP; Angela Okallo, PPC; Emily Kiu, PPC; Samita Mang'oli, PPC; Mercy Nyaroita, PPC; Wesley Nyamache, PPC; Jeremiah Walusala, PPC; Ivy Atieno, PC; Samson Mugaisi, PCO; Mohamed Abubakari Saidi, PAO; Millan Lekalja, Senior Statistician ; Stella Nkatha, SOA; Gerry Aballa, ICTO; John Muraguri and Zachary Daido who ensured the Office is in compliance of its statutory obligation by the preparation of this annual report.

I remain grateful to the DPP for his steadfast and exemplary leadership and look forward to his continued guidance to ensure the ODPP remains a responsive and transformative prosecution service.



IRENE MAINA, HSC
DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS & CHIEF OF STAFF,
HEAD OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE DPP

Overview

1



Overview of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions (ODPP)

1.1. Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions. It highlights the institution's constitutional foundation, mandate, core values, accountability framework, and organisational design. These elements are critical for understanding and contextualising the ODPP's performance during the Financial Year 2025/2026.

The ODPP is a constitutional office established under Article 157 of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010. It is mandated to institute, undertake, and conduct criminal proceedings against any person before any court, except a court martial. The ODPP plays a pivotal role in safeguarding the rule of law, promoting justice, and protecting the rights of citizens by ensuring impartial, effective, and efficient prosecution services.

Since its inception, the ODPP has evolved into a people-centred institution that embodies fairness, independence, and professionalism. The Office collaborates with investigative agencies, oversight bodies, and the Judiciary to ensure that justice is not only done but is seen to be done. The Office continues to strengthen its institutional capacity, enhance transparency, and uphold national values as enshrined in the Constitution.

Finally, the chapter outlines the ODPP's organisational structure which guides the institution in the discharge of its constitutional mandate.

1.2. Mandate of the ODPP and Key Functions

The ODPP's mandate is derived directly from Article 157 of the Constitution and further operationalised through the ODPP Act, CAP 6B.

Key functions include the following:

i. To institute and undertake criminal proceedings against any person before any court, other than a court-martial in respect of any offences alleged to be committed.

ii. To take over and continue any criminal proceedings commenced in any court (other than a court martial) that have been instituted or undertaken by another person or authority, with the permission of the person or authority.

iii. To discontinue at any stage before judgement is delivered any criminal proceedings instituted or taken over by the DPP.

iv. To direct the Inspector General of the NPS to investigate any information or allegation of criminal conduct.

v. To advise government Ministries, Departments, Agencies and County Governments on matters pertaining to the development and application of criminal law;

vi. To monitor, train, appoint and gazette public prosecutors;

vii. To facilitate victims of crime and witnesses during prosecution;

viii. To contribute and influence policy, procedure and law reform; and

ix. To address complaints raised by ODPP clients that is within our mandate.

Other Functions:

i. To ensure due regard to the public interest, the interest of the administration of justice and the prevention and avoidance of abuse of legal process;

ii. To undertake public prosecution of cases forwarded by all investigation agencies including the Police, Ethics and Anti-corruption Commission, Directorate of Criminal Investigations (DCI), Banking Fraud Investigation Units (BFIU), and cases taken over from private prosecutors;

iii. To represent the State in all criminal cases, criminal applications and appeals;

iv. To expound and disseminate the National Prosecution Policy (NPP) and the Code of Conduct for Prosecutors;

v. To address parliamentary questions relating to administration of criminal justice;

vi. To address complaints raised by members of the public, watchdog bodies and other institutions; and

vii. To undertake other administrative roles relating to efficient and effective administration of criminal law in the country

1.3. Accountability and Reporting

The ODPP is required to submit annual reports to Parliament in accordance to Article 254 of the Constitution, Section 7 of the ODPP Act CAP 6B, and Section 37 of the Anti-Corruption and Economic Crimes Act CAP 65.

1.4. Organisational Structure

The ODPP is headed by the Director of Public Prosecutions (DPP), who serves as the Chief Executive and Accounting Officer. The DPP provides overall leadership, strategic direction, and oversight of prosecutorial functions. The DPP is assisted by the Secretary Prosecution Services (SPS) and the senior leadership.

1.4.1. Key Components of the Structure:

i. Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
ii. Advisory Board
iii. Office of the Secretary Prosecution Services
iv. Eight (8) Departments
v. Eight (8) Regional Offices
vi. Forty seven (47) County Offices and their Sub-Counties

1.4.2. Departments:

The ODPP is structured into the following eight (8) Departments:

i. Department of Economic Crimes
ii. Department of International, Transnational and Organised Crimes
iii. Department of Conventional and Related Crimes
iv. Department of Regional, County Affairs and Regulatory Prosecutions
v. Prosecutions Training Institute (PTI)
vi. Department of Inspectorate and Quality Assurance
vii. Department of Public Affairs and Corporate Communications
viii. Department of Corporate Services

1.4.3. Regional Offices:

The ODPP operates eight regional offices, 47 county offices, and their respective sub-county offices. These are classified into geographical regions: Coast, Eastern, North Eastern, Central, Nairobi, Rift Valley, Western, and Nyanza. Each Regional Coordinator supervises county and sub-county offices within their jurisdiction as classified in the table below:

S/No.	Region	Counties	Sub-Counties	Headquarters
1	**Coast**	**Mombasa**	• Tononoka • Mariakani • Shanzu	**Mombasa**
		Taita Taveta	• Wundanyi • Taveta • Voi	
		Kwale	• Msambweni	
		Lamu	• Mpeketoni	
		Tana River	• Garsen • Hola	
		Kilifi	• Kaloleni • Malindi	
2	**Eastern**	**Kitui**	• Mutomo • Mwingi • Kyuso • Zombe • Mutitu	**Embu**
		Embu	• Runyenjes • Siakago	
		Meru	• Nkubu • Maua • Githongo • Tigania	
		Tharaka Nithi	• Marimanti • Chuka • Maara	
3	**North Eastern**	**Isiolo**	• Garbatula	**Garissa**
		Marsabit	• Moyale	
		Wajir	-	
		Mandera	-	
		Garissa	• Daadab • Masalani	

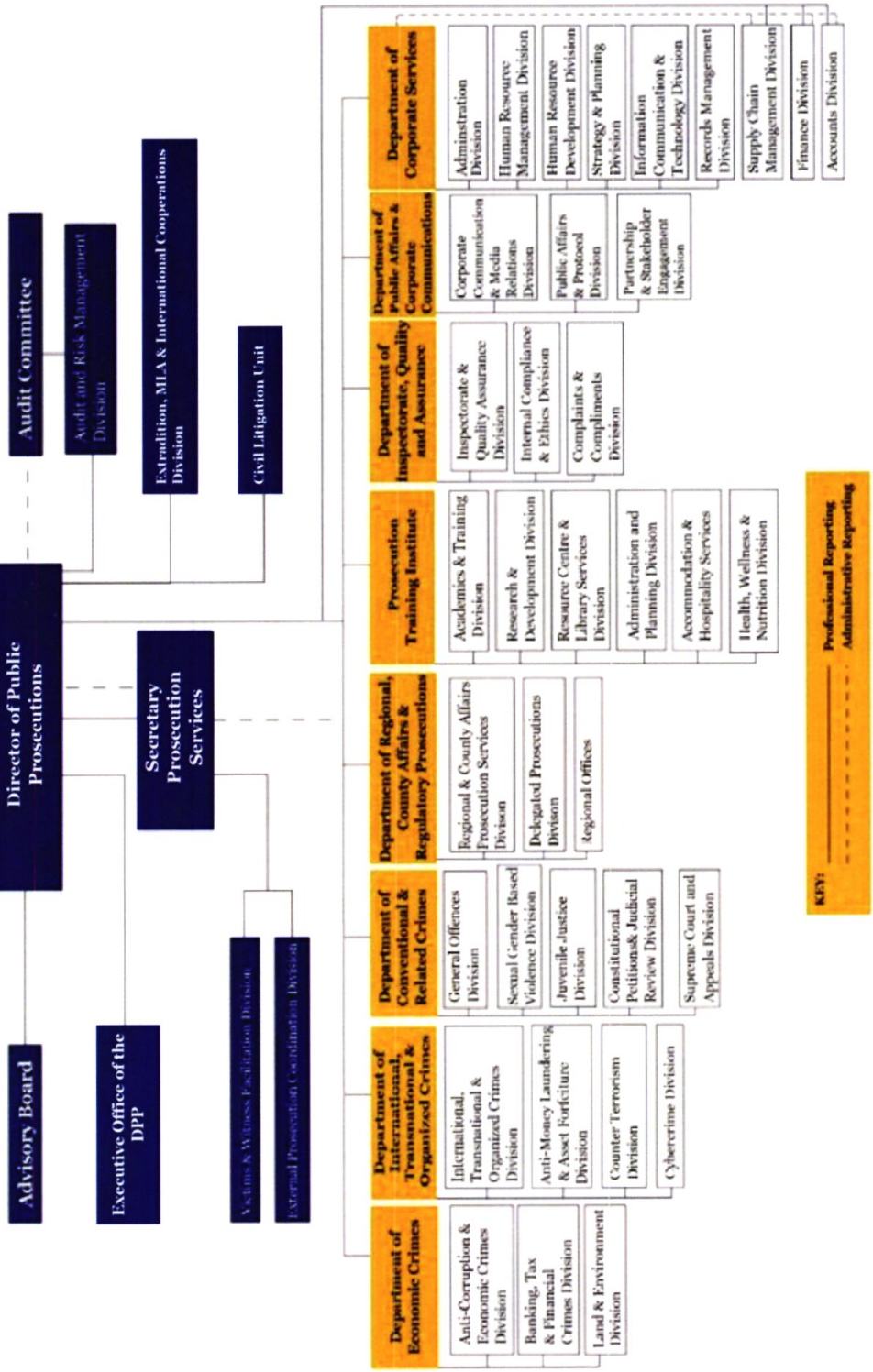
S/No.	Region	Counties	Sub-Counties	Headquarters
4	Central	Nyeri	• Othaya • Karatina • Mukurweini	Nyeri
		Kirinyaga	• Baricho • Gichugu • Wang'uru • Kerugoya	
		Murang'a	• Kangema • Kigumo • Kandara • Kenol • Gatanga	
		Nyandarua	• Engineer • Olkalou	
5	Nairobi	Kiambu	• Thika • Gatundu • Githunguri • Kikuyu • Limuru • Ruiru • Kamwangi • Kabete • Lari	Nairobi
		Nairobi	• Milimani • Makadara • Kibera • City Court • JKIA Court • Kahawa • Dagoretti • Kasarani • Mihango	
		Machakos	• Kithimani • Kangundo • Mavoko • Wamunyu • Masinga	
		Kajiado	• Loitoktok • Ngong	
		Makueni	• Tawa • Kilungu • Makindu • Matiliku • Kikama	

S/No.	Region	Counties	Sub-Counties	Headquarters
6	**Rift Valley**	**Narok**	• Kilgoris	**Nakuru**
		Kericho	• Kipkelion • Sigowet • Chepkemel	
		Bomet	• Sotik	
		Nakuru	• Molo • Naivasha	
		Baringo	• Eldama Ravine • Kabarnet • Marigat	
		Laikipia	• Nyahururu • Nanyuki • Rumuruti	
		Turkana	• Kakuma • Lodwar • Lokitaung • Lokichar	
		West Pokot	• Sigor • Konyao	
		Uasin Gishu	• Moi's Bridge • Turbo • Moiben	
		Trans Nzoia	• Kiminini • Kitale • Cherangany	
		Nandi	• Tinderet • Kabiyet • Kobujoi	
		Elgeyo Marakwet	• Chepkorio • Chesoi	
		Samburu	• Baragoi • Wamba	

S/No.	Region	Counties	Sub-Counties	Headquarters
7	**Western**	**Kakamega**	• Mumias • Butere • Butali • Khwisero	**Kakamega**
		Bungoma	• Webuye • Kimilili • Sirisia • Tongaren	
		Busia	• Port Victoria • Malaba	
		Vihiga	• Hamisi • Emuhaya	
8	**Nyanza**	**Migori**	• Rongo • Kehancha • Nyatike • Kegonga	**Kisumu**
		Kisii	• Ogembo • Etago	
		Nyamira	• Keroka • Borabu • Manga	
		Kisumu	• Winam • Maseno • Nyando • Tamu • Kombewa • Nyakach	
		Siaya	• Bondo • Ukwala • Madiany • Yala • Usigu	
		Homabay	• Oyugis • Ndhiwa • Mbita • Kendu Bay	

This structure enables the ODPP to deliver its mandate effectively, ensuring prosecutorial services are accessible, professional, and responsive to public needs.

1.4.4. Organisational Structure



Strategy

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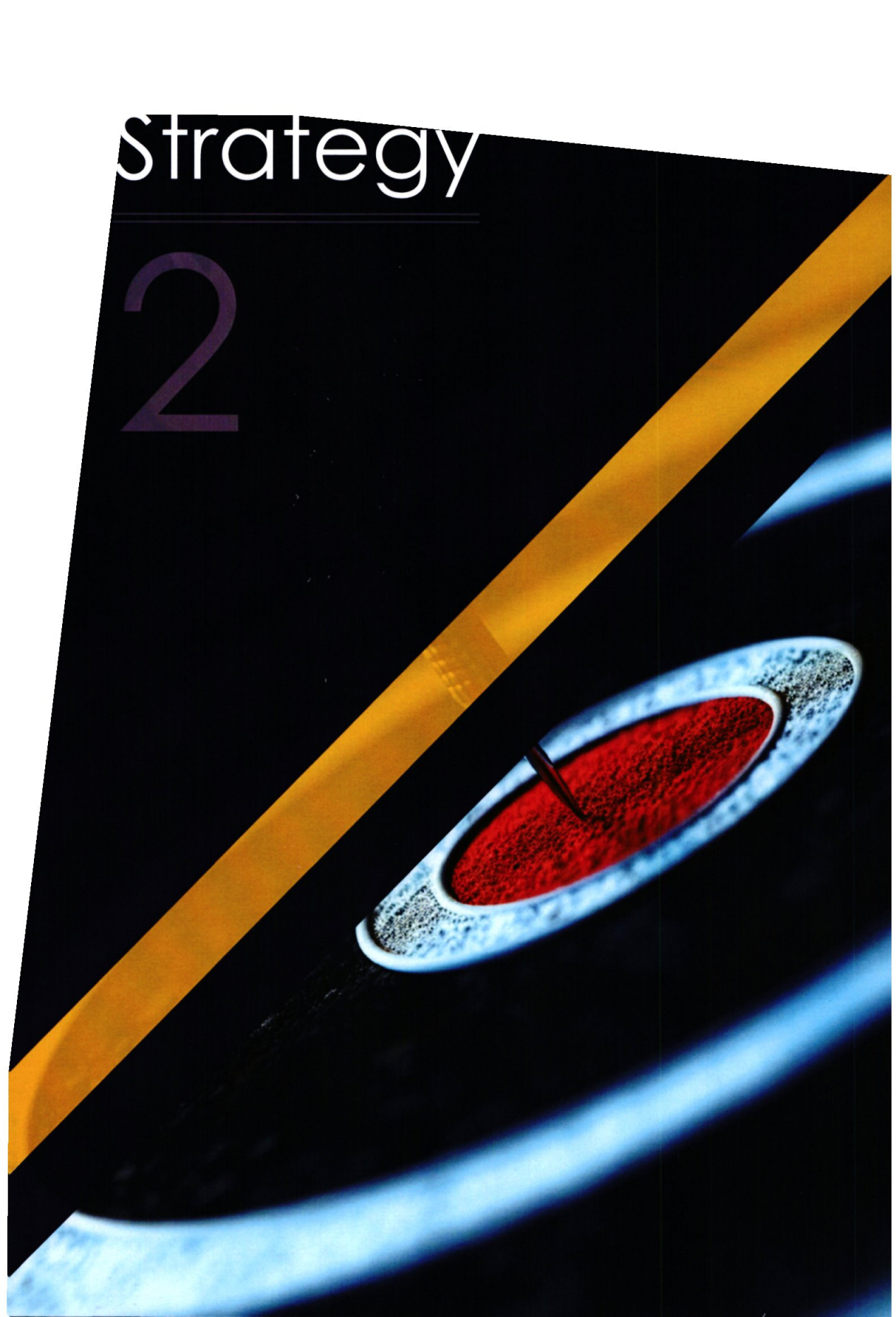


Strategic Initiatives

2.1. Transformed and Accountable Prosecution Service

The ODPP has continually carried out refresher training on the Uadilifu Case Management System. This has ensured seamless operation and uptake of the system, which has been instrumental in the digitisation of the Office processes. Some of the officers trained during this reporting period were from ODPP Nairobi, Kisumu, Siaya, Homabay, Migori, Nyamira, Kisii, Busia, Bungoma, Kakamega, Vihiga, Lamu, Kwale, Mombasa, Kilifi, Taita Taveta, Murang'a, Nyeri, Kirinyaga, Nyandarua, Embu, Meru, Kitui and Tharaka Nithi.





ODPP Elgeyo Marakwet staff trained on the Uadilifu CMS



ODPP staff trained on AML reporting in the Uadilifu CMS



ODPP Coast staff trained on proper record keeping of diversion cases in the Uadilifu CMS

The Office trained prosecution counsel on prioritisation of prosecution of Anti-Money Laundering offences and Anti-Money Laundering strategies. This training equipped prosecutors with the best practices in tackling money laundering and related offences.



Prosecutors during the AML workshop



Head of AML Division leading a discussion during the workshop

The Office launched the Mutual Legal Assistance Guidelines for Prosecutors, 2026, which will aid in the fight against transnational crimes. This is in recognition of the evolving nature of crime that transcends territorial borders, with increasingly sophisticated networks exploiting technology in their operations. The Guidelines are an essential tool in prioritisation and execution of MLA requests and ensuring seamless investigations and prosecution of these matters.



SPS during the launch of the MLA Guidelines for Prosecutors, 2026

The Office in partnership with BHC and USDOJ/OPDAT launched the ODPP CT/ CFT Curriculum and the CT/ CFT Prosecutors Training Manual. The curriculum establishes a comprehensive framework on training prosecutors on terrorism related offences.



The DPP during the launch of the ODPP CT/ CFT Curriculum and the CT/ CFT Prosecutors Training Manual

The Office launched the Guide to Child-Friendly Interviews which provides a practical, standardised and context-specific guidance to prosecutors in the conduct of child interviews within the criminal justice system.



Launch of the Guide to Child-Friendly Interviews

2.2. Enhanced Funding and Resources

The Office has within the reporting period secured increased budgetary allocation including funding from key stakeholders. Among the priority areas include recruitment of additional staff, enhanced salary, provision of ICT equipment and acquisition of office space across the country.

2.3. Competitive Terms and Conditions

The Office upon securing increased funding implemented the first phase of salary increment during the reporting period. The Office has further developed work policies on staff welfare in an effort to provide favorable work environment.

2.4. Human Resource Capacity Development

The Office partnered with the Communication Authority (CA) in training prosecutors on ICT policy, law and regulations. The training enhanced prosecutors' capacity to handle technology-related offences by deepening their understanding of Kenya's ICT legal framework, data protection, and cybersecurity.



Participants during the training

The Office in partnership with the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), conducted capacity-building workshops in Mandera and Wajir Counties. These workshops focused on strengthening the response to SGBV, including Technology-Facilitated Gender-Based Violence (TFGBV), Female Genital Mutilation (FGM), Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (OCSEA), child marriage and victim support mechanisms.



ODPP staff facilitating the training in Mandera



Participants during the training in Wajir

The ODPP Mombasa, in partnership with the Coalition on Violence Against Women (COVAW), trained prosecutors on emerging digital forms of gender-based violence through survivor-centred and technology-informed approaches. The training also emphasised the psychological and social impact of digital abuse and the need for multi-sectoral collaboration and digital literacy to create safer online environments.



Prosecutors during a training on Technology-Facilitated Gender-Based Violence (TFGBV)

The ODPP Communication Division joined other stakeholders in a capacity-building and wellness programme organised by IJM Kenya. The training centred on the responsible and effective use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in modern communication. Participants also engaged in team-building activities.



ODPP staff during the capacity-building and wellness session

The ODPP, with support from CIVIPOL under the Better Migration Management (BMM) Programme, conducted a Trainer of Trainers (ToTs) exercise for 15 participants drawn from the ODPP and representatives from other agencies. The training was a significant step towards institutionalising expertise within the ODPP and enhancing capacity in dealing with Counter Trafficking in Persons (CTiP) matters, conducting parallel financial investigations, Money laundering, victim identification and protection, trauma-informed prosecutorial practice, and evidence gathering strategies.



Participants during the ToTs exercise in handling Counter Trafficking in Persons (CTiP) matters

The Office conducted a joint training on Counter Terrorism (CT) and Counter Financing of Terrorism (CFT) in Nairobi for prosecutors from Kenya and Uganda. The training focused on building prosecutors' competencies in handling CT and CTF matters, blending theory with practical application. The training followed the launch of the CT curriculum in February 2026.



Participants during the joint training on CT and CTF

The Office participated in a stakeholder engagement on axle load management held in Siaya County. Participants were sensitised on key offences related to axle load violations, including overloading and failure to comply with weighbridge requirements. This engagement enhanced stakeholders' understanding of enforcement procedures and compliance.



Participants during the axle load management engagement

The ODPP, in collaboration with IJM conducted a comprehensive training program for prosecutors in handling CyberTipline reports, digital evidence, and effecting a victim-centred prosecution.



The DPP and other participants during the training

The ODPP participated in the Annual Journalist Training, 2025, which was convened by IJM, where journalists from across the country were sensitised on the Office mandate, its role in the criminal justice, the importance of accurate reporting and the role of media in safeguarding the integrity of justice.



The DPP officiating the Annual Journalist Training, 2025

The Office participated in the launch of the SOPs on Crime Scene Management and Examination in Trafficking in Persons Investigations. The ODPP staff were also trained as TOTs in an effort to enhance coordination between the investigators and prosecution to effectively respond to trafficking in persons and related cross-border crimes.



The launch of the SOPs on Crime Scene Management and Examination in Trafficking in Persons Investigations

2.5. Inter-agency Cooperation and Collaboration

The ODPP collaborated with stakeholders at a national, regional and international level in an effort to enhance inter-agency collaboration, coordination and cooperation to promote best practices. These engagements provided a platform for the Office to disseminate information on its mandate as well as create synergy with key stakeholders within the criminal justice system.

2.5.1. National Level

2.5.1.1. Consultative Meetings and Engagements

The ODPP Garissa held a consultative meeting with IPOA officials on the need for effective investigations into cases of police excesses, and the necessity for joint training to equip both prosecutors and investigators with the requisite skills in handling police-related cases within the county.



ODPP staff and IPOA officials during the consultative meeting

ODPP Kilifi County hosted officials from the LSK, Malindi Chapter, for a consultative meeting aimed at strengthening collaboration between the two institutions. Key areas of focus included plea bargaining and diversion. The meeting resolved to have regular engagements to address systemic challenges and ensure the timely and fair administration of justice.

The Office held discussions with a delegation from the IDLO on strengthening collaboration in the advancement of the rule of law and effective prosecution of transnational organised crimes.



ODPP senior leadership and the delegation from IDLO

The ODPP took part in a community dialogue hosted by Awareness Against Human Trafficking (HAART) Kenya at the California Resource Centre Facility in Eastleigh. The dialogue aimed to raise awareness about human trafficking, the prevalent forms of exploitation and the means used by traffickers.

The Office emphasised the importance of detection and prevention by creating awareness in the fight against trafficking and encouraged members of the public to work closely with law enforcement agencies to successfully combat the vice.





Head, CTiP Division with participants during the community dialogue

The Office joined other justice sector stakeholders in a tournament organised by the LSK Mombasa Chapter. The Office participated in chess, football, basketball, golf, among other sports.

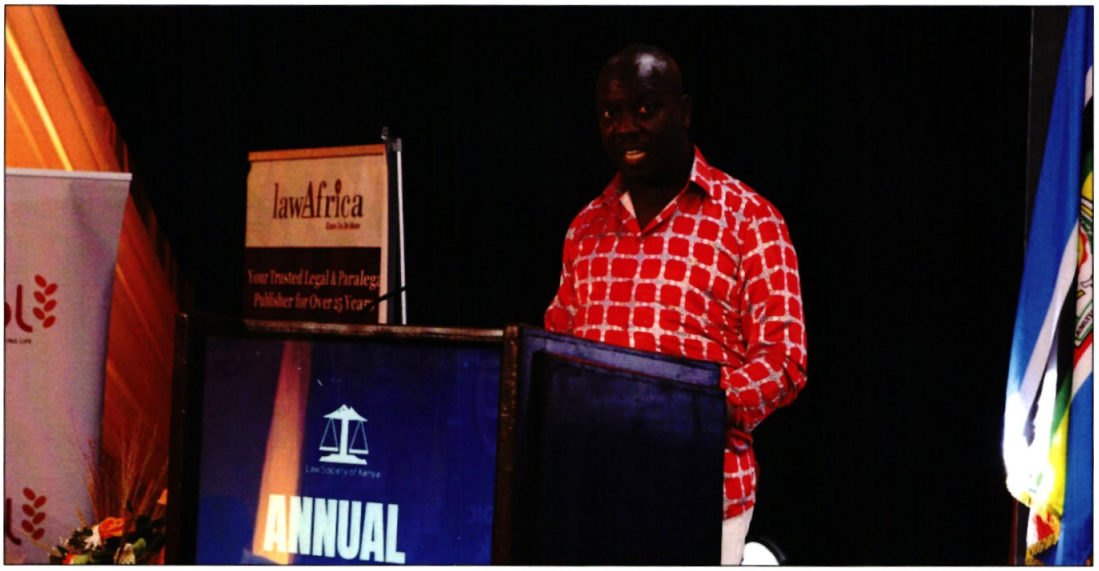


ODPP Mashtaka football team during the LSK Mombasa Chapter tournament



ODPP Mashtaka basketball team during the LSK Mombasa Chapter tournament

The DPP attended the LSK Annual Conference 2025, where he called for deeper collaboration between the Office and the LSK in protecting constitutionalism, strengthening the rule of law, and ensuring accountability in public institutions. The DPP urged the advocates to embrace alternatives to prosecution and trial, such as plea bargaining and diversion.



The DPP during the LSK Annual Conference 2025

The ODPP Kakamega participated in a workshop organised by Resolve Communications and Education Consultancy under the "Mulika" Campaign, which addressed the pandemic of sexual violence.



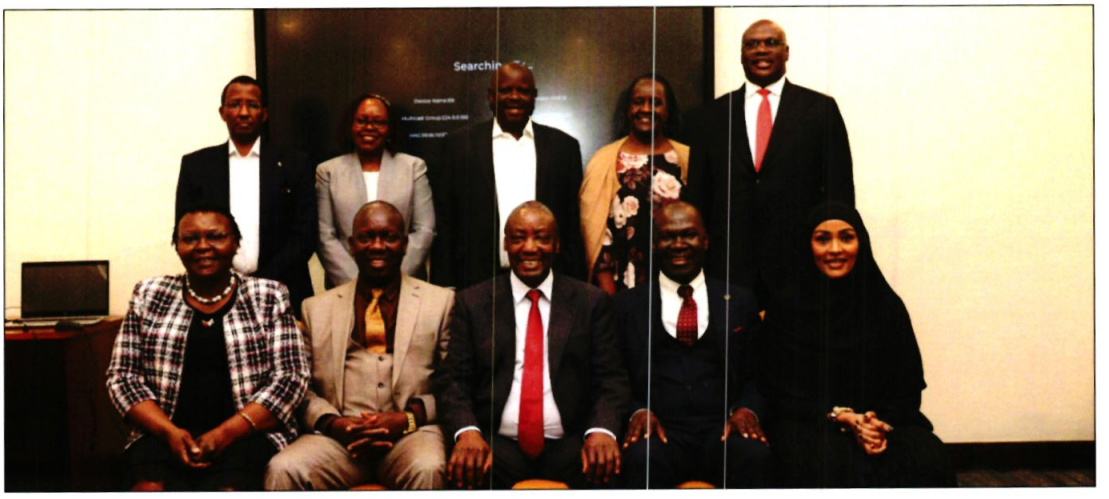
ODPP staff (centre) and other participants during the "Mulika" Campaign

The ODPP hosted a workshop themed "Inclusive Government Services for All in Kenya Leveraging Emerging Technologies & Digital Public Infrastructure themed "Gava Mkononi kwa Wote". The workshop aimed at developing a digital accessibility maturity roadmap on accessibility of digital services within the justice sector. The forum drew participants from justice sector actors, technology experts, and disability rights advocates to chart a path towards inclusive e-Government services, with particular emphasis on accessibility for Persons with Disabilities (PWDs).



Participants during the workshop at the PTI

The DPP joined chairpersons of Constitutional Commissions and holders of Independent Offices in a forum convened to deliberate on the proposed framework of engagement with the Executive. The forum provided a platform to strengthen cooperation, foster mutual understanding, and promote effective service delivery while upholding institutional independence.



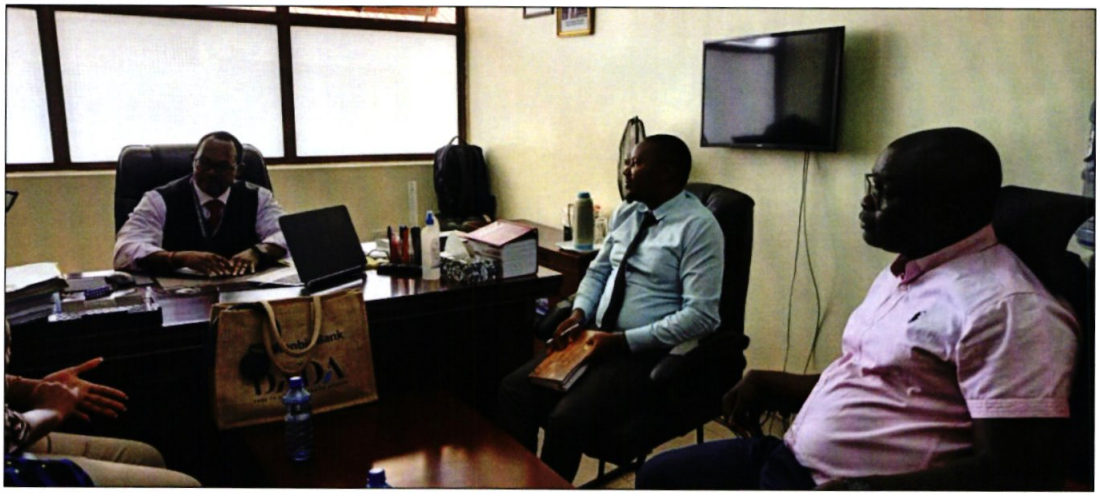
The DPP and other stakeholders during the forum

The Office hosted a delegation from the Human Trafficking Institute (HTI), where implementation of the MoU between the two institutions was deliberated. During the meeting, the two institutions reviewed the progress made since the signing of the MoU and reaffirmed their shared commitment to a victim-centred and data driven approach to addressing trafficking in persons.



DPP hosts the HTI delegation at ODPP House

The ODPP Western Regional Coordinator met a delegation from KRA at the Kakamega office. The discussion centred on the coordination of investigations and prosecutions to prevent, detect, and deter offences such as tax evasion, smuggling, and the circulation of counterfeit goods in the country. Particular emphasis was placed on pursuing forfeiture of assets, including trucks and motor vehicles, used in the commission of such crimes, especially along Kenya's borders.



ODPP Western Regional Coordinator with the delegation from KRA

The ODPP Mombasa held a consultative meeting with representatives from ICJ and the UDPK, where they discussed the development of policy guidelines anchored on a human rights approach to strengthen investigations and prosecutions involving persons with disabilities. The guidelines are expected to feed into Kenya's Country Guide on Combating Gender and Disability Stereotypes in Law and Practice.

The Office participated in a forum on Kenya's grey listing and measures on Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT). The deliberations also explored challenges and opportunities in combating corruption and financial crimes within the wider criminal justice system.



Participants during the forum on AML/CFT

ODPP Baringo visited Chemolingot and Nginyang Police Stations in East Pokot, Tiaty Sub-County, with the aim of enhancing collaboration between the ODPP and the NPS, so as to improve justice delivery in the region. They discussed the challenges faced in the discharge of their mandate, including banditry which hinders access to justice.

The ODPP Murang'a participated in a stakeholder engagement convened by the NCAJ Standing Committee on the Administration of and Access to Justice for Children in Kenya. The meeting focused on the Guidelines for court supervision of children placed in statutory institutions and alternative care, where the discussions centred on addressing challenges affecting children within the county, managing increasing caseloads in children's matters, and developing strategies to enhance access to justice.

The ODPP Kajiado in collaboration with the Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KNCCI) held an inter-agency conference themed "Enforcement and Prosecutions in Kajiado as a Vibrant Border Town" which was aimed at enhancing effective investigation and prosecution of cases in Kajiado County.



Delegates during the inter-agency conference

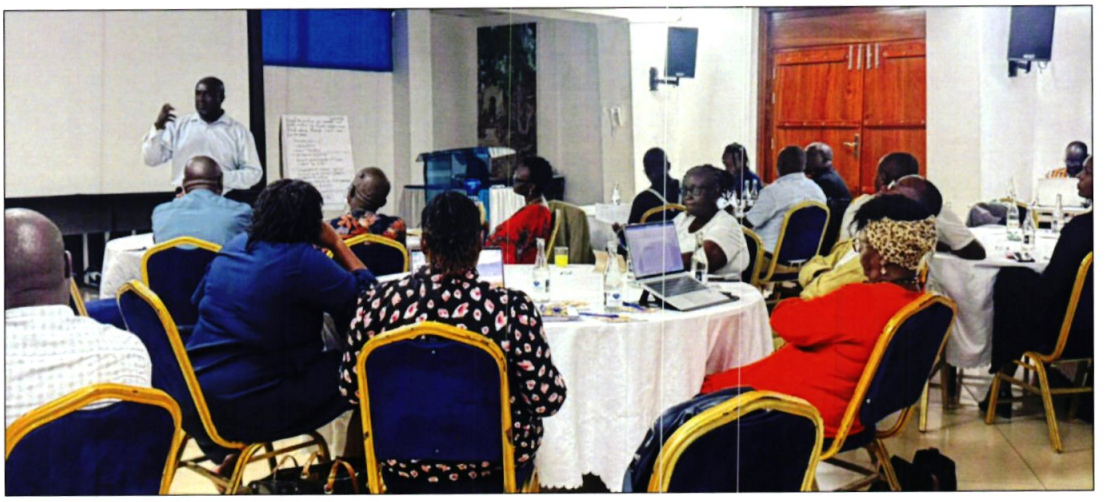


Participants during the conference



ODPP Head of County Kajiado addressing delegates at the inter-agency conference

The ODPP Shanzu and Tononoka attended a CUC meeting in Mombasa aimed at enhancing access to justice for women and girls who are victims of sexual exploitation and abuse on the backdrop of strengthening collaboration, coordination, and referral mechanisms among justice sector actors under the CUC framework.



CUC members during the meeting

The ODPP Kilifi joined other stakeholders in a marine conservation sensitisation drive at the Watamu Marine Protected Area. The exercise, spearheaded by the KWS Kenya and Bahari Hai, focused on raising awareness about turtle poaching, illegal fishing, mangrove destruction, and other marine wildlife crimes.



ODPP Kilifi with other stakeholders in Watamu Marine Park

The Office took part in the 2025's Law Society of Kenya (LSK) Legal Awareness Week, held under the theme, "Justice System as an Enabler of Accountability." The Office reaffirmed its commitment to promoting public legal literacy by ensuring prosecution services are accessible to the public.



ODPP staff during the LSK Legal Awareness Week

The Office participated in a National Computer and Cybercrime Coordination Committee (NC4) meeting. Participants reviewed the current legal and institutional frameworks guiding cybercrime response, shared data on recent case trends and discussed strategies to enhance digital security.



Participants during the NC4 meeting

The DPP hosted the leadership of the Kenya National Commission on Human Rights (KNCHR) for a consultative meeting at the Office. Discussions focused on reviewing ongoing joint initiatives aimed at promoting and protecting human rights within the criminal justice system and identifying new areas of collaboration.



ODPP management during the meeting with the KNCHR

The DPP met a delegation from Kenya Airways to explore avenues of collaboration aimed at strengthening investigations and prosecutions related to drug trafficking and CTiP, particularly those exploiting Kenya's national carrier, transit routes, and international gateways.

Other areas of collaboration discussed included enhancement of internal compliance controls and integrity measures within the airline, particularly for frontline staff who are vulnerable to infiltration, coercion, or corruption by organised crime networks.



ODPP hosts the delegation from Kenya Airways

The DPP hosted a delegation from the FIDA-Kenya where discussions included mentorship programmes, capacity building and the strengthening of support systems for women within the justice sector. The talks underscored a shared commitment to empowering women professionals and enhancing justice delivery, particularly for women and other vulnerable groups.



DPP hosts the delegation from FIDA-Kenya



Staff from the Public Affairs and Corporate Communications Department during a Gala dinner

The DPP hosted a delegation from the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR). The meeting offered an opportunity to review the ongoing collaboration between the Office and OHCHR while exploring new areas for deepened partnership in promoting and safeguarding human rights.



DPP hosts the delegation from OHCHR

The ODPP held a consultative meeting with representatives from the UNODC PLEAD Programme to assess and audit the progress of the partnership.



DPP with Mr. Ali Farouk Ali El-Bereir, the UNODC PLEAD's Regional Representative for Eastern Africa

The ODPP held a meeting with the Equality Effect to review the progress made in building the capacity of prosecutors to effectively handle GBV cases and explored the incorporation of the 160 Girls curriculum into the PTI syllabus.



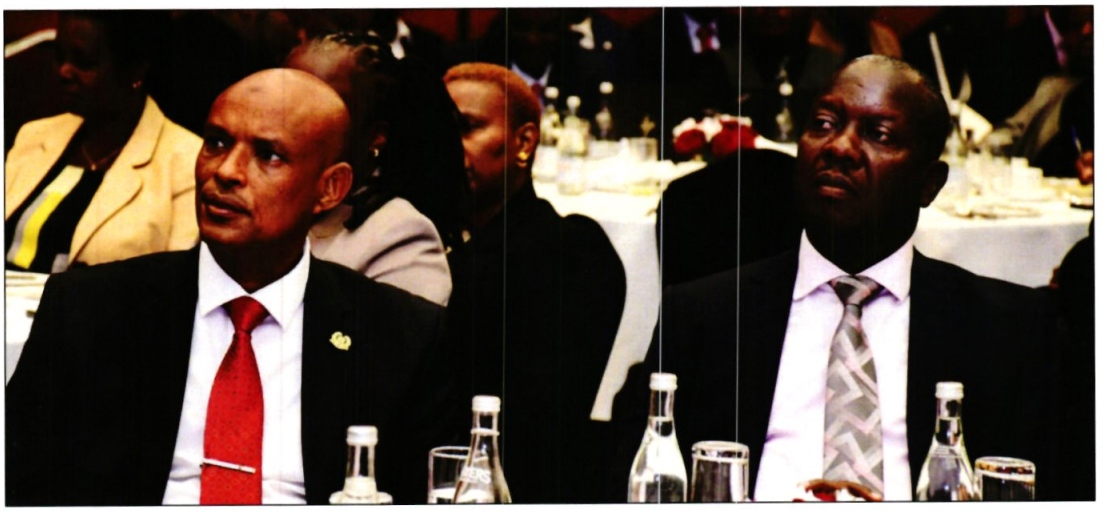
DPP with a delegation from the Equality Effect

The ODPP held a meeting with the CIVIPOL Regional Coordinator for Kenya for the Better Migration Management (BMM) Programme to review the progress on the existing partnership, which is focused on enhancing the fight against trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants.



DPP hosts the CIVIPOL Regional Coordinator for Kenya

The Office participated in the review of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) action plan, which was part of the ongoing efforts to secure Kenya's removal from the FATF Grey List. The DPP emphasised that strong inter-agency collaboration and enhanced prosecutorial capacity are critical in protecting Kenya's financial system and ensuring compliance with international standards. He further pointed out that the Office operationalised the AML & Asset Forfeiture Division, which is responsible for handling Money laundering and related cases.



DPP with Mr. Amin Mohamed Ibrahim, CBS, EBS, OGW, the Director of DCI, during the FATF action plan meeting

The Office hosted a delegation from the Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) for a benchmarking engagement, focusing on the PTI as a sector-specific professional training institution. The benchmarking engagement underscores the value of inter-agency collaboration in promoting professional excellence and strengthening transparent, accountable public institutions.



ODPP Staff with the delegation from PPRA

The Office participated in the 35th NCAJ meeting in Mombasa. The DPP, as the Vice President of the NCAJ, called for bold structural reforms, accelerated digital transformation, and stricter accountability measures within Kenya's justice system.



DPP with other stakeholders during the 35th NCAJ meeting

The ODPP, in collaboration with the National Cohesion and Integration Commission (NCIC), convened a multi-stakeholder workshop in Nairobi County. The participants discussed strategies on the response to rising cases of ethnic tensions, political polarisation, hate speech, and gang-related violence in preparation for the 2027 General Elections.



Participants during the multi-stakeholder workshop

The DPP participated in an NCAJ Special Council Meeting themed, "Addressing Traffic Accidents and Deaths in Kenyan Roads". The meeting focused on road safety, traffic enforcement and digitisation of the road traffic system to address the rising road accidents and enhance compliance with road safety regulations.



DPP at the NCAJ Special Council Meeting

The ODPP convened a donor partner round table meeting with a focus on stakeholder mapping to strengthen partnerships and streamline areas of collaboration and support.





DPP with other stakeholders at the donor partner round table

The ODPP participated in the Mediation Summit 2026 hosted by Strathmore University. The Office sensitised participants on existing alternatives to prosecution, particularly diversion and plea bargain.



Mr. Hassan Abdi, SDDPP, during the Mediation Summit 2026

The ODPP hosted a delegation from the UNODC Regional Office of Eastern Africa (ROEA) Global Maritime Crime Programme. The discussion majored on areas of collaboration on countering corruption, promoting integrity, programmes on environmental sustainability, supporting a technology-driven justice system, and advancing inclusive justice mechanisms, particularly for children and other vulnerable groups, among others.



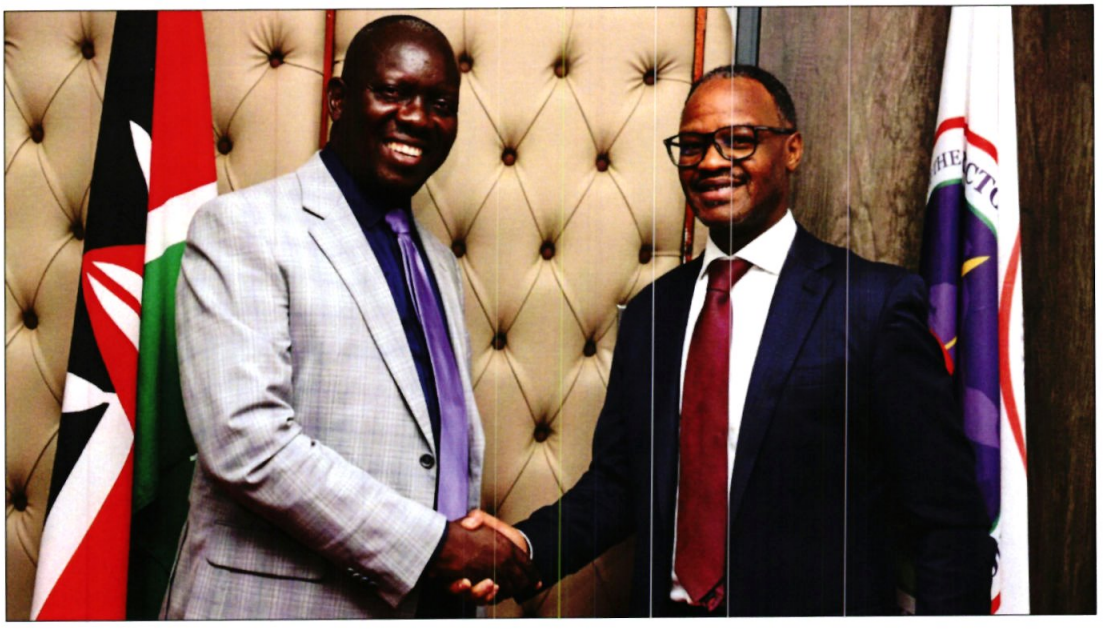
DPP with the delegation from the UNODC (ROEA) Global Maritime Crime Programme

The DPP attended the 1st AI Hackathon 2025 forum, where he underscored the importance of AI in enhancing efficiency in governance, strengthening security systems and driving economic growth. He noted that initiatives such as the hackathon align with the Country's broader vision of leveraging technology to improve public service delivery and national competitiveness.



The DPP with other stakeholders at the 1st AI Hackathon 2025 forum

The DPP held a consultative meeting with the Director General of FRC, which provided an opportunity for the Principals to engage on matters of mutual interest, particularly in strengthening collaboration in the fight against financial crimes and enhancing compliance with financial regulations.



DPP with Mr. Naphtaly Kipchirchir Rono, the Director General of FRC

The ODPP participated in a high-level meeting on the implementation of the UNODC Synthetic Drugs and Chemical Precursor Project held at the United Nations Office at Nairobi (UNON). This initiative sought to identify concrete activities and develop a clear pathway to address the identified gaps in the detection, investigation and prosecution of trafficking in synthetic drugs and precursor chemicals.



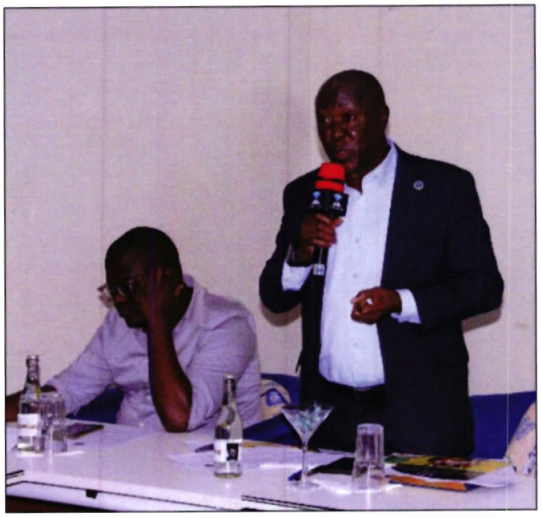
SPS during the high-level meeting at UNON

The DPP held a consultative meeting with representatives from the Law Society of Kenya (LSK) to discuss key areas, which include the protection of constitutional rights, the rule of law, and the handling of public interest litigation. The ODPP and LSK also explored the possibility of establishing a joint research and policy unit to support evidence-based reforms in the justice sector, which will enhance capacity building, information sharing and formalising structured engagements to improve coordination.



DPP with Mr. Charles Kanjama, SC, the LSK President, during the consultative meeting

The ODPP Coast region convened a multi-agency conference which focused on the Office's policies on the DTC, plea bargaining and diversion, which are key in the administration of criminal justice. The event further enhanced inter-agency collaboration among the criminal justice actors.





ODPP staff during the multi-agency conference

The ODPP entered into an MoU with the Nuclear Power and Energy Agency (NuPEA), to enhance partnership and cooperation between the two institutions, particularly in identifying and tackling emerging and complex crimes associated with nuclear energy.





The DPP with Mr. Justus Wabuyabo, the Chief Executive Officer of NuPEA, signing the MoU

The Office participated in the launch of the *"Mimi ni Mkenya"* initiative, which was spearheaded by the Nation Media Group to sensitise citizens on their civic responsibility ahead of the 2027 General Elections. The DPP noted that the initiative was timely and necessary, as it came at a critical point in view of the upcoming General Elections.



DPP during the launch of "Mimi ni Mkenya" initiative

The ODPP and UNODC on Global Programme on Crimes that Affect the Environment (GPCAE) held a meeting where they discussed co-hosting the upcoming 10th Meeting of the Wildlife Inter-Regional Enforcement (WIRE) Forum. Additionally, the discussion underscored the need to harmonise environmental laws and environmental crimes.



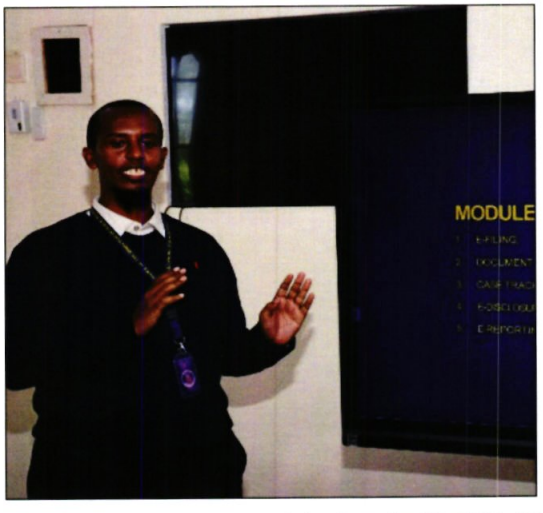
DPP with a delegation from UNODC (GPCAE)

The ODPP Meru through the CUC Meru Chapter undertook a Plea Bargain exercise where 78 High Court cases and 26 lower court matters were reviewed and concluded.



ODPP staff and stakeholders during the Plea Bargaining Month in Meru

The Office hosted a delegation from the DCI who visited to benchmark on ODPP's case management system. The officers were taken through an overview of the ODPP digital transformation mandate, an overview of the Uadilifu system, an E-filing live module demonstration and a document tracking live module demonstration. The benchmarking exercise aimed at promoting effective administration of justice through information sharing.





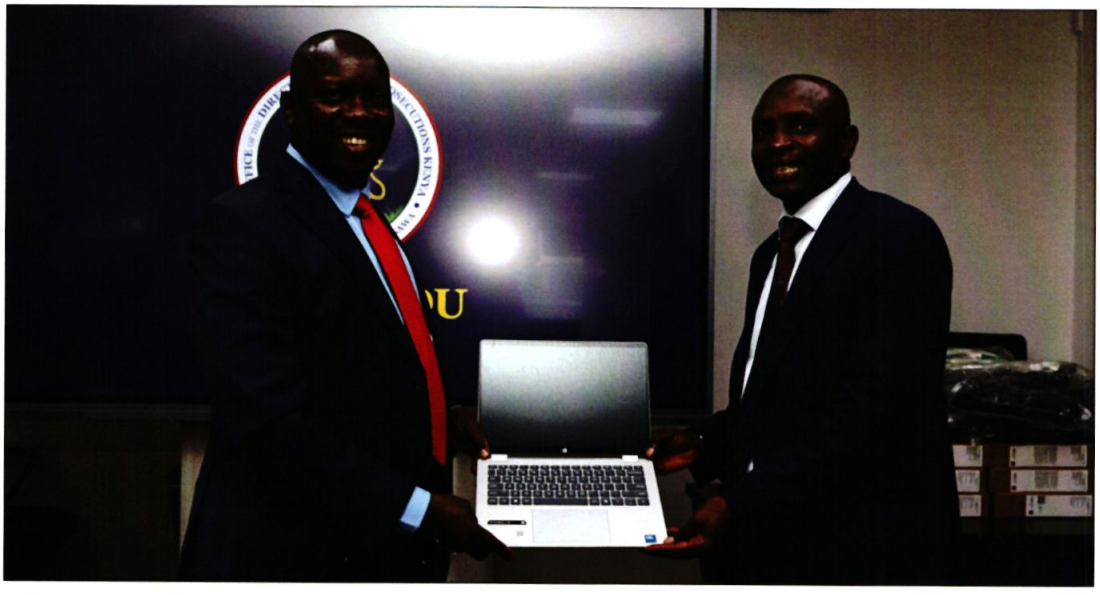
DCI delegation being sensitised on the Uadilifu CMS

The Office participated in the 37th NCAJ Council meeting, chaired by the Chief Justice, in Nairobi. The agenda of the meeting was on the SOPs on prosecution of minor traffic offences pursuant to section 117 of the Traffic Act, enhancing wildlife management and discussing the challenges of sexual offences in Kenya.



SDDPP (far left) representing the Office in the 37th NCAJ Council meeting

The ODPP and ICT Authority (ICTA) held a joint meeting to strengthen collaboration in areas of mutual interest. The discussions included digital transformation, secure government ICT infrastructure, digital skills development, cloud-based productivity tools, data protection, systems integration, and the modernisation of prosecutorial and administrative operations.

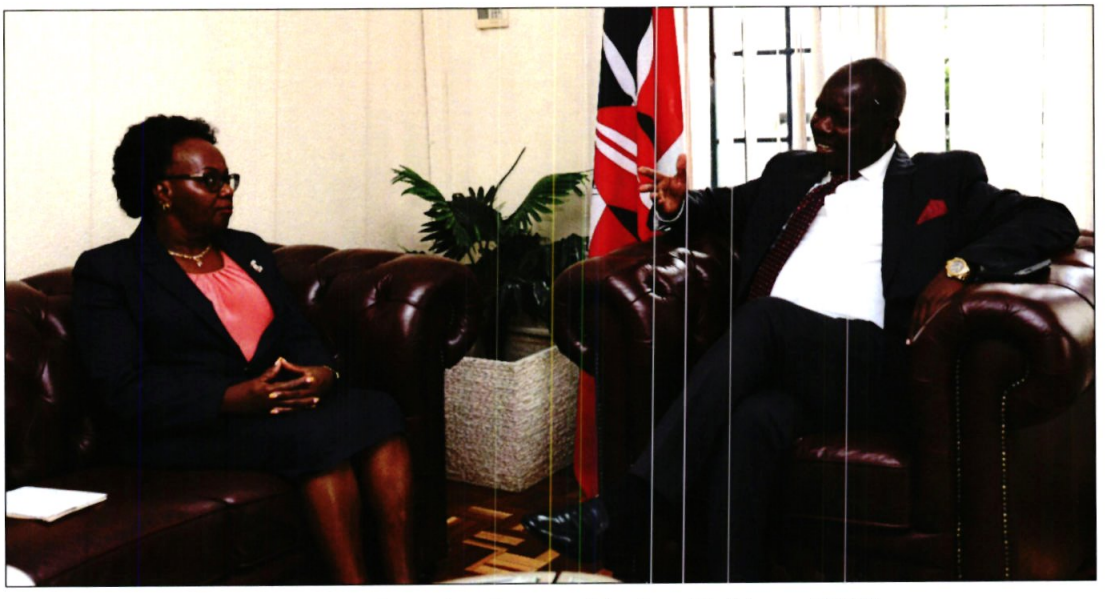


DPP receives ICT equipment from Mr. Jessy Maruti Kiveu, the CEO, ICTA



DPP with the delegation from ICTA

The ODPP held discussions with the Director of the Law Division at UNEP, to explore areas of mutual interest and potential cooperation in advancing environmental law, environmental governance, prosecutorial capacity, and the criminal justice response to environmental crimes in Kenya and the wider region.



DPP with Prof. Patricia Kameri-Mbote, the Director of the Law Division at UNEP

The ODPP attended a senior government agency stakeholders' consultative meeting convened by the National Treasury to deliberate on the implementation of the Governance Diagnostic Assessment Mission Report by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The DPP highlighted that the Office had implemented robust measures to ensure effective and efficient prosecution of money laundering and corruption-related offences, including the establishment of an Anti-Money Laundering & Asset Forfeiture Division.



DPP with Dr. Chris K. Kiptoo, CBS (left), The Principal Secretary of The National Treasury, during the consultative meeting



DPP with other stakeholders during the consultative meeting

2.5.1.2. Outreach Programmes

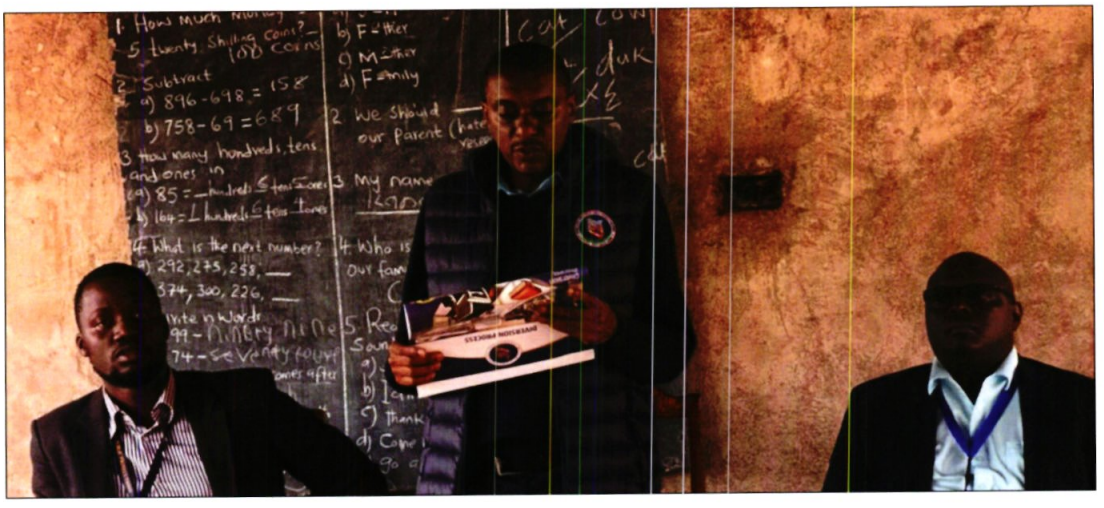
These are structured initiatives designed to connect the ODPP with the public, geared towards raising awareness and sharing information on the Office's mandate.
During the reporting period, the Office participated in the following activities:

The Office participated in a Community Dialogue to mark the International Day for Victims of Enforced Disappearances and Extrajudicial Killings. The dialogue brought together a diverse group of stakeholders, including representatives from civil society organisations such as MUHURI, Haki Africa, the Social Justice Centre, and Missing Voices.



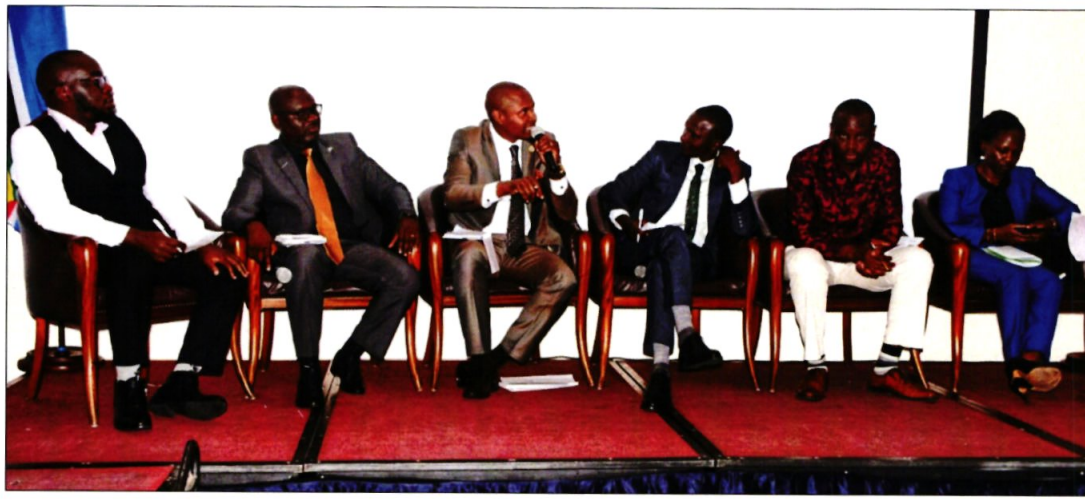
ODPP staff sensitising other stakeholders during the community dialogue

The ODPP Marsabit joined CUC members on a visit to Marsabit Prison to engage inmates and address their concerns. The Office educated inmates on Plea Bargain and Diversion policies, which promote faster and restorative justice.



HOC Marsabit conducting a plea bargain and diversion sensitisation

The ODPP Nakuru participated in the International Day to End Impunity for Crimes Against Journalists Forum, themed "Chat GBV: Raising Awareness on AI-Facilitated Gender-Based Violence Against Women Journalists". The Office reaffirmed its commitment to securing justice for all Kenyan journalists as part of a broader mandate to uphold the rule of law and protect fundamental freedoms.



RC, Rift Valley (third left) as a panellist during the forum

ODPP Kilifi participated in the launch of the Child Justice Service Month held at Garashi in Magarini Sub-County. The initiative brought together stakeholders who engaged the community on issues affecting children, including protection from abuse, neglect, and exploitation.



Participant during the launch of the Child Justice Service Month

The ODPP Chuka joined the Judiciary and other justice actors for an Annual National Justice Week open day held at Chuka Law Courts grounds in a collaborative effort to end FGM and child neglect.



HOC Tharaka Nithi engaging participants during the Annual National Justice Week open day

ODPP Lamu participated in a public engagement which focused on SGBV. Participants were educated on the criminal justice system, where they were urged to refrain from resolving SGBV cases outside the formal justice system, often referred to as "kangaroo courts", as they risk silencing survivors and obstructing justice.



ODPP staff with other stakeholders during the public engagement

The ODPP's Children and Communication Divisions participated in a National Learning Convention themed "Accelerating Action to End Harmful Practices Affecting Children in Kenya." The forum brought together leading child protection actors from across the country and sought to strengthen national efforts in safeguarding children's rights, safety, and well-being.

They showcased their work in child justice, disseminating IEC materials, and engaging the public on key policy frameworks, including plea bargaining and diversion at the convention.



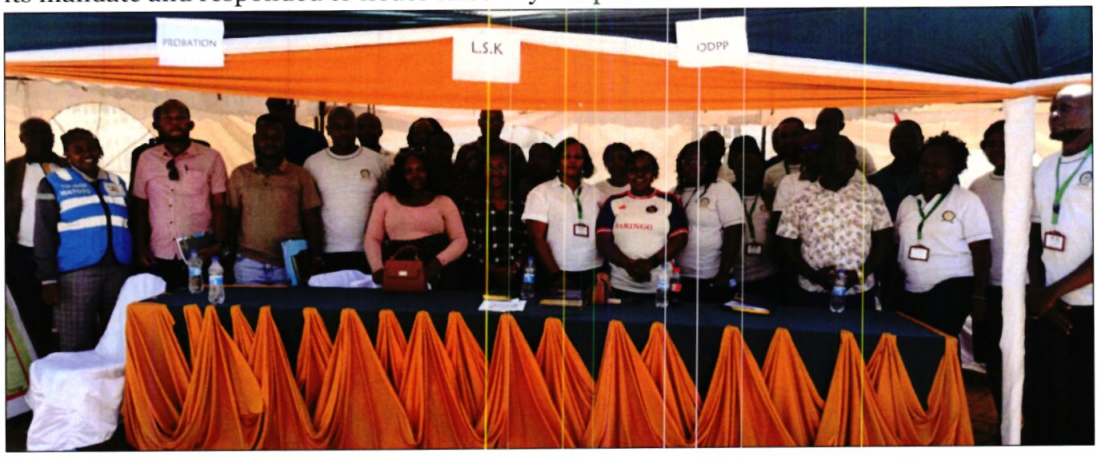
ODPP staff showcasing IEC materials during the National Learning Convention

The ODPP Nairobi Regional Coordinator engaged members of the public through a radio talk show on road safety and the relevant traffic laws.

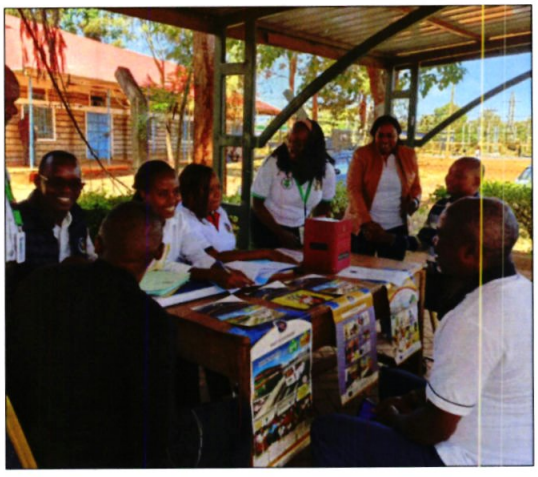


RC, Nairobi (third left) during the radio talk show

The ODPP participated in the 2026 National Judiciary Dialogue Day, themed "Engaging Citizens, Strengthening Justice". The Office used the opportunity to sensitise the citizens on its mandate and responded to issues raised by the public.



ODPP staff Baringo during the 2026 National Judiciary Dialogue Day





ODPP staff Meru during the 2026 National Judiciary Dialogue Day



ODPP Kibera staff during the 2026 National Judiciary Dialogue Day

The Office participated in the Human Rights Stakeholder Engagement in Mombasa, which focused on reinforcing institutional accountability, restoring public confidence in the justice and security sectors, and promoting adherence to constitutional safeguards.



Participants during the Human Rights Stakeholder Engagement

The ODPP engaged participants during the University of Nairobi Faculty of Law Career Fair and Expo 2026. The participants were sensitised on the ODPP's constitutional mandate, ODPP policies and guidelines such as the Decision to Charge Guidelines, Diversion Policy, plea bargaining framework, and the processes within the criminal justice system.



ODPP staff sensitising university students during the University of Nairobi Faculty of Law Career Fair and Expo 2026

The ODPP participated in the ASK National Show at Eldoret Showground. The engagement was in line with the DPP's Strategic Agenda on the people-centred prosecution service. Members of the public were sensitised on the mandate of the Office, key policies and guidelines.



ODPP staff engaging members of public during the ASK show



ODPP staff during the ASK show

The DPP spearheaded a prison decongestion exercise at Nakuru GK Prison. The exercise aimed at expediting the resolution of criminal cases involving remandees through plea-bargain and diversion. This initiative was part of an ongoing effort by the Office to enhance access to justice and promote restorative justice where 121 matters were handled through plea bargaining and 14 through diversion.



DPP at the Nakuru Main Prison



DPP addressing inmates at Nakuru Main Prison

The ODPP Rift Valley region joined members of the legal fraternity during the LSK Society Day in Nakuru. The event provided a practical expression of the DPP's strategic agenda on strengthening partnerships with justice sector stakeholders through continued engagement and collaboration across the justice chain.



RC, Rift Valley officiating the LSK Society Day





ODPP staff participating in the games at the LSK Society Day

The ODPP conducted a prison outreach programme at Malindi Prison as part of ongoing efforts to enhance access to justice and strengthen collaboration within the criminal justice system. The Office sensitised inmates on the criminal trial process and the advantages of embracing alternatives to prosecution.





HOC, Kilifi during the prison outreach

The ODPP held a Community Dialogue on Justice Reforms in Eldoret, Uasin Gishu County, under the theme "*Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor*". The event brought together justice sector stakeholders, local leaders, the business community and *wananchi* in a bid to bolster public trust and access to justice. The dialogue provided members of the public with an opportunity to directly engage the DPP on local issues and challenges encountered within the criminal justice system.

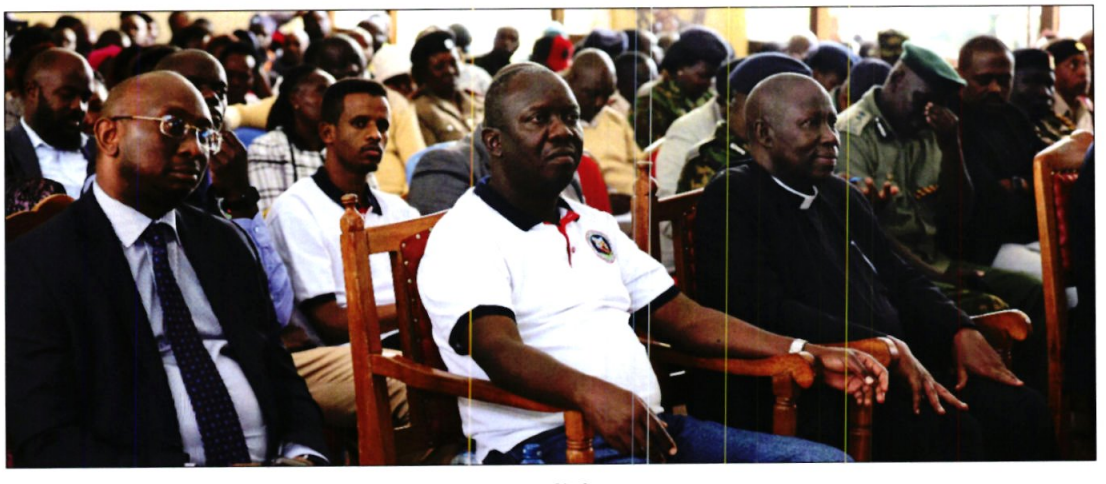
The DPP raised concerns over the increasing cases of Gender-Based Violence (GBV), femicide, cybercrime and online fraud targeting young people and vulnerable members of society. He urged the public to embrace early reporting of crimes, reject corruption and remain vigilant against cybercrime, including SIM swap fraud, fake online job offers and mobile money scams. Lastly, he highlighted the importance of Diversion and Plea Bargaining as mechanisms aimed at promoting restorative justice, rehabilitation and efficiency within the criminal justice system.



ODPP staff in a procession during the community dialogue



DPP delivering the key note address during the community dialogue



DPP with key stakeholders during the community dialogue

2.5.2. Regional Level

The ODPP joined other law enforcement and prosecutorial leaders from across East Africa for the Second Joint Roundtable meeting to discuss the region's commitment towards tackling GBV. The meeting focused on developing unified strategies to enhance cross-border cooperation in creating a consistent, survivor-centred, and regionally integrated approach to GBV.

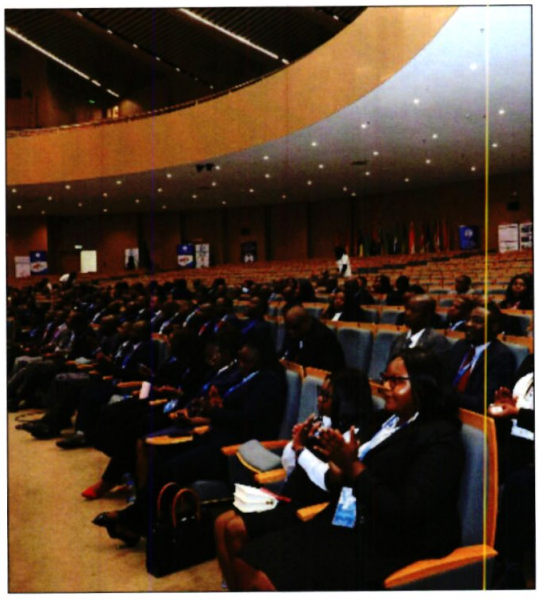


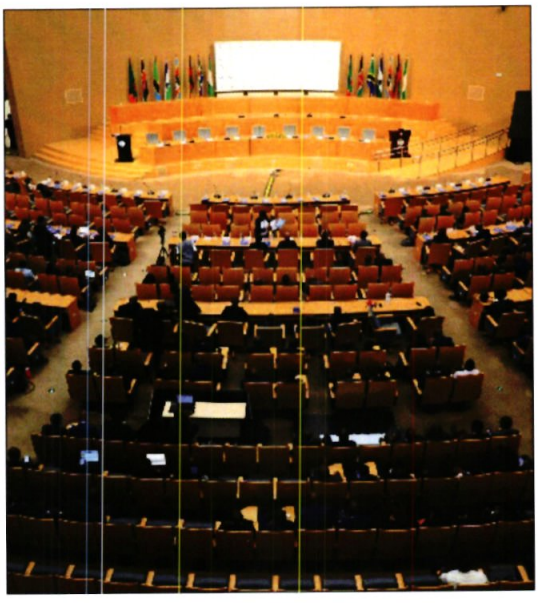
DPP joins other stakeholders during the meeting

The DPP participated in the 3rd Annual Prosecutors' Conference themed, "The Evolving Role of the Prosecutor in a Complex World: Innovation and Sustainable Practices" in Lusaka, Zambia. Participants were implored to urge prosecutors across Africa to embrace innovation, technology, and regional collaboration in the fight against evolving forms of crime.



DPP Kenya, President of the APA / EAAP, addressing delegates during the 3rd Annual Prosecutors' Conference





Delegates during the 3rd Annual Prosecutors' Conference

The ODPP participated in a regional conference on 'Transnational Organised Crimes Prevention and Response', which was held in Nairobi. The DPP in his keynote address underscored the urgency of united action to safeguard peace, stability, and sustainable development in the region.



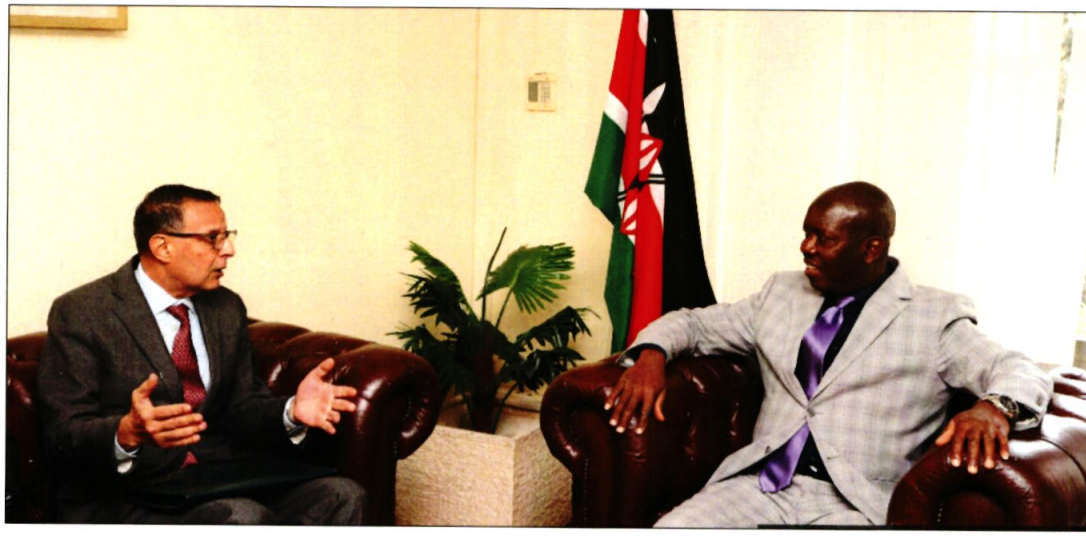
DPP delivering the keynote address during the regional conference

Additionally, he commended the progress achieved under the East Africa Transnational Organised Crime (EATOC) Project, led by IDLO, which has developed standardised operational guidelines for investigators and prosecutors, and mentorship programmes that have trained more than 270 officers.



Participants during the regional conference

The Office held a bilateral meeting with the Ambassador of the Kingdom of Morocco to Kenya to discuss the implementation of the existing collaboration framework established through a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) signed in 2023 between Kenya's ODPP and Morocco's King's Prosecutor General's Office.



DPP with H.E. Abderrazzak Laassel, the Ambassador of the Kingdom of Morocco to Kenya

The Office hosted a delegation from the Federal Supreme Court Cassation of Ethiopia, where they were apprised of the ODPP's journey in automating prosecutorial processes through the Uadilifu Case Management System (CMS). The meeting also explored potential areas of partnership and collaboration, particularly in capacity building, technical cooperation, and the exchange of best practices in implementing digital justice solutions.



SPS receives head of delegation, Federal Supreme Court Cassation of Ethiopia



ODPP staff demonstrating the Uadilifu CMS to the delegation

The ODPP hosted a delegation from Nigeria's Independent Corrupt Practices and Other Related Offences Commission (ICPC) for a benchmarking visit. The session focused on key areas, including Kenya's strategies in prosecuting corruption and economic crimes, inter-agency coordination, digital transformation in prosecutions, and lessons learned from high-profile cases.



DPP with the delegation from Nigeria's ICPC

The DPP graced the 3rd Regional Africa Witness Protection Association Conference themed, "Strengthening Witness Protection in Africa: Experiences, Challenges and Prospects". The conference brought together representatives from witness protection agencies in Kenya, South Africa, Burundi, Rwanda, Mozambique, Tanzania, and Namibia, with participants engaging in discussions aimed at building stronger systems for safeguarding witnesses and enhancing cross-border cooperation in handling sensitive cases.



DPP with other stakeholders during 3rd Regional Africa Witness Protection Association Conference

The ODPP hosted a delegation from the Liberia Anti-Corruption Commission (LACC) on a benchmarking mission to study best practices in the investigation and prosecution of complex corruption cases. The discussions identified several areas for future collaboration, including joint capacity-building, peer-to-peer learning, case review exchanges, and sharing of standard operating procedures and prosecutorial best practices.



DPP hosts the delegation from the LACC

The DPP held a bilateral meeting with the Ambassador of the Arab Republic of Egypt to Kenya, which highlighted the shared commitment towards enhancing international prosecutorial cooperation.

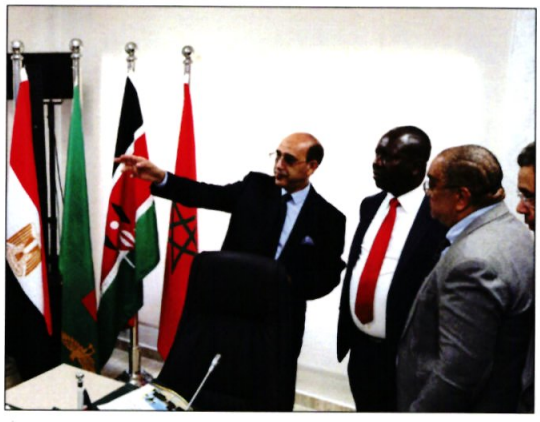


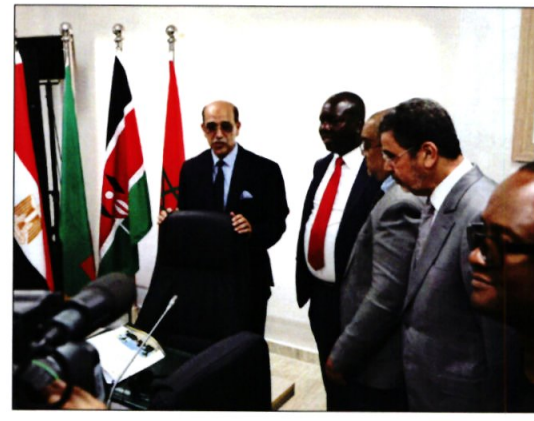
The DPP with H.E. Hatem Yousri Hosni, the Ambassador of the Arab Republic of Egypt to Kenya (second left)

The DPP graced the inauguration of the Africa Prosecutors Association (APA) Headquarters in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco, marking a defining institutional milestone in strengthening prosecutorial cooperation across the continent



DPP Kenya with members of the Executive Committee of APA during the inauguration





DPP Kenya with Hon. Hicham Balaoui (left), the King's Prosecutor General of the Kingdom of Morocco



The DPP Kenya chairing the APA Executice Committee meeting

The DPP paid a courtesy visit to the Public Prosecution Office of Egypt in a bid to strengthen regional prosecutorial cooperation.



The DPP with Counselor Mohamed Shawky Ayyad, the Prosecutor General of Egypt

The DPP, President of the EAAP, attended the EAAP 11th Annual General Meeting and Conference 2026, where the Association's Strategic Plan was launched. During the Meeting, Member States unanimously approved the admission of Zanzibar into the Association, further expanding EAAP's regional footprint and collaborative mandate.





DPP Kenya with Mr. Lino Anguzu, the DPP Uganda, during the launch of the EAAP Strategic Plan

The ODPP hosted a delegation from the Namibian Witness Protection Unit for a benchmarking exercise aimed at strengthening cooperation and promoting knowledge and experience sharing on witness protection.



DPP with the head of delegation, Namibian Witness Protection Unit

2.5.3. International Level

The DPP held a bilateral meeting with the Chargé d'Affaires of the United States Embassy in Nairobi, in continued efforts to enhance inter-agency collaboration and deepen international partnerships within the justice sector. The meeting focused on strengthening the existing cooperation between the Office and the United States Department of Justice (USDOJ) through the Office of Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance and Training (OPDAT).



DPP receiving Ms. Susan M. Burns, the Chargé d'Affaires of the United States Embassy in Nairobi

The ODPP hosted a delegation from the Counter Terrorism Department of the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO), United Kingdom, where they discussed the development and implementation of specialised training programmes for prosecutors focusing on counter terrorism and the counter financing of terrorism.



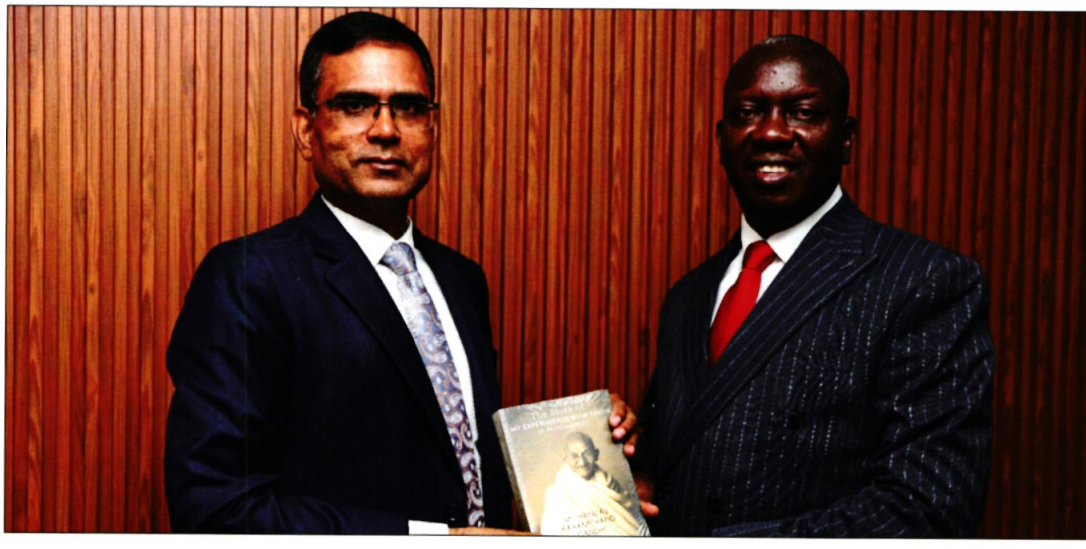
ODPP hosts the delegation from the FCDO

The Office held a consultative meeting with the Italian Ambassador to Kenya, which focused on enhancing cooperation between Kenya and Italy through stronger institutional linkages, exchange of perspectives on prosecutorial mandates, and exploring practical avenues for collaboration in addressing emerging and transnational crimes.



SPS with H.E. Vincenzo Del Monaco, the Italian Ambassador to Kenya

The DPP held a bilateral meeting with the Deputy High Commissioner of India to Kenya, which focused on enhanced cooperation between Kenya and India in key areas of extradition and Mutual Legal Assistance (MLA). The meeting underscored the significance of seamless international cooperation in addressing cross-border crime, including joint capacity-building initiatives for both countries.



DPP hosts Mr. Sushil Prasad, the Deputy High Commissioner of India to Kenya

The DPP held a bilateral meeting with the Co-Deputy Director of the United States of America Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). The meeting focused on joint strategies in combating transnational organised crime, narcotics trafficking, cybercrime, terrorism and terrorism financing.



DPP receives Mr. Andrew Bailey, the Co-Deputy Director of the United States of America, FBI

The DPP was elected as a member of the IAP Executive Committe during the 30th Annual Conference and General Meeting of the IAP which was hosted in Singapore.



DPP Kenya and other IAP Executive Committe members during the conference



DPP with Dr. Juan Bautista Mahiques, President of the IAP and Attorney General of the Autonomous City of Buenos Aires

The DPP participated in the 29th IAP Annual Conference and General Meeting which was hosted by the Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Azerbaijan at Baku, Azerbaijan. The occasion focused on joint strategies in combating Anti-Corruption and Economic Crimes.



DPP Kenya with other delegates during the conference

The DPP paid a courtesy visit to the Embassy of the Republic of Azerbaijan to discuss on matters of mutual interest and possible areas of collaboration between the ODPP Kenya and the Prosecutor General's Office of Azerbaijan.



DPP Kenya, head of the delegation from ODPP Kenya, at the Embassy of the Republic of Azerbaijan

The ODPP entered into an MoU with the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Russian Federation which marked a pivotal moment that will deepen prosecutorial cooperation between the Republic of Kenya and the Russian Federation. In particular, the MoU seeks to strengthen coordinated responses to complex, serious and transnational crime, address matters of mutual legal assistance, extradition, capacity building, prosecutorial exchanges, cyber-enabled crimes, digital evidence, fraud, drug trafficking, asset recovery, trafficking in persons, and support to the Prosecution Training Institute, strengthening coordinated responses to complex, serious and transnational crimes through cooperative mechanism.



The MoU signing by the DPP and the Prosecutor General of the Russian Federation

2.6. Strengthened Institutional Capacity

2.6.1. Staff Wellness

The DPP, in fostering his agenda of an internal people focus, conducted visits in Western, Nyanza, Coast and Lower Eastern regions. The aim of these visits was to check on staff welfare and wellbeing, and office operations. During these visits, the DPP met other stakeholders in the justice system, fostering stronger interagency collaboration.

Lower Eastern Regional Visit



Embu



Kitui



Nkubu



Mutomo



Marimanti

Nyanza Regional Visit



Etago



Isebania



Oyugis



Migori

Coast Regional Visit



Malindi



Tana River



Lamu

2.6.2. Infrastructural Development

The ODPP acquired land for the construction of office spaces in Kwale, Lokichar, Maua, Kithimani and Migori. Additionally, construction works commenced on previously acquired land in Naivasha, Kenol and Msambweni.



Office site handover at Msambweni



Office site handover at Kenol

The Office is further carrying out renovation and refurbishment of offices at Nyeri and Kericho to improve the working environment and service delivery.



Office handover at Kericho

The Office acquired and distributed office furniture countrywide, including over 80 desks, 10 workstations and 139 office chairs. This has improved the work environment for staff to effectively and efficiently discharge the Office mandate.

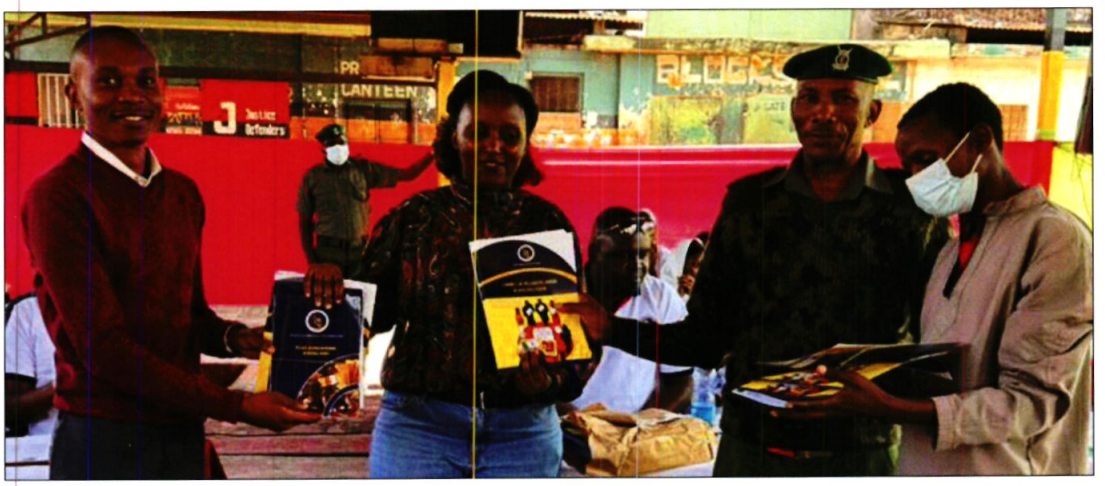
The Office, through the ICT Division, deployed 498 assorted ICT equipment, comprising laptops, desktops, printers, and photocopiers, to ODPP offices countrywide. This ICT infrastructural upgrade has improved access to digital tools and supported the national rollout of *Uadilifu* CMS. Additionally, the deployment has enhanced case processing, record management, legal research and service delivery across ODPP's nationwide network of offices.

2.7. Prioritised Implementation of Policies and Guidelines

The Office continued to carry out sensitisation on and implementation of the plea bargain guidelines and the diversion policy, through various coordinated activities across the country. These activities foresaw the uptake of plea bargain and uptake of the guidelines and policies thereby enhancing access to justice.



DPP during a plea bargain exercise conducted at Nakuru GK prison.



ODPP sensitising inmates on plea bargain and diversion policies at Industrial Area GK Prison.



Fostering Strategic Partnerships for Effective Justice Delivery and Public Trust

Performance

3



Overview of the Prosecution Performance

This chapter presents the Office prosecution performance as a key institution within the criminal justice system, through analysis of key achievements, case outcomes and prosecution efficiency.

Additionally, the chapter examines noteworthy and jurisprudential developments resulting from these cases, highlighting their significant impact on the law, society, and the public interest.

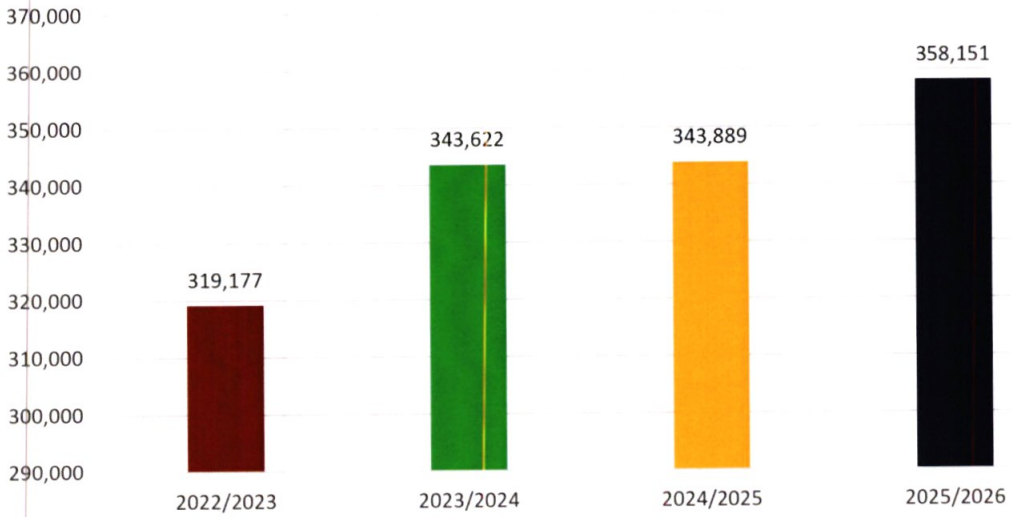
3.1. Prosecution Data Summary

During the FY 2025/26, the ODPP handled **358,151** matters. The majority of the workload comprised **321,463** criminal trials, accounting for **89.76%** of all matters handled. **20,229** were criminal appeals and applications constituting **5.65%**. The Office also reviewed **13,593** advice files, processed 35 Extraditions and MLA files and actioned **2,831** complaints from members of the public.

Table 3.1: The table below represents a comparison of criminal matters handled in the FY 2022/23 – 2025/26

Matters Handled	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026
Criminal Trials	294,037	315,503	315,800	321,463
Appeals	9,211	9,104	8,884	9,110
Applications	7,888	8,774	9,062	11,119
Extraditions and MLA	48	24	25	35
Advice Files	6,413	8,243	7,798	13,593
Complaints	1,580	1,974	2,320	2,831
TOTAL	**319,177**	**343,622**	**343,889**	**358,151**

Bar 3.1: Bar graph representing matters handled in the FY 2022/23 – 2025/26



3.1.1 Case Conclusion

A total of **156,500** cases were concluded during the reporting period. Convictions continued to account for the largest share of concluded cases registering **106,514** cases.

In comparison with the FY 2024/25 there was an uptake of plea bargain and diversion with an increase of **227** and **640** cases respectively.

Table 3.1.1: Summary of cases concluded in the FY 2022/23 – 2025/26

Cases Concluded	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026
Plea-bargain	1,849	816	1,011	1,238
Diversion	3,178	2,146	1,408	2,048
Conviction	115,059	116,500	114,480	106,514
Acquittal	9,837	8,812	8,625	8,627
Withdrawal	30,170	32,907	37,330	38,073
Total	160, 093	161, 181	162, 854	156,500
Case Conclusion Rate	**50.15%**	**48.84%**	**51.48%**	**48.68%**

3.1.2. Criminal Trials Statistical Analysis

3.1.2.1. Analysis of Criminal Cases Per Region

This section provides an analysis of the total number of cases handled by the Office in each region during the reporting period.

Table 3.1.2.1: Criminal Cases handled at the High Court and Magistrates' Court FY 2025/26 per region

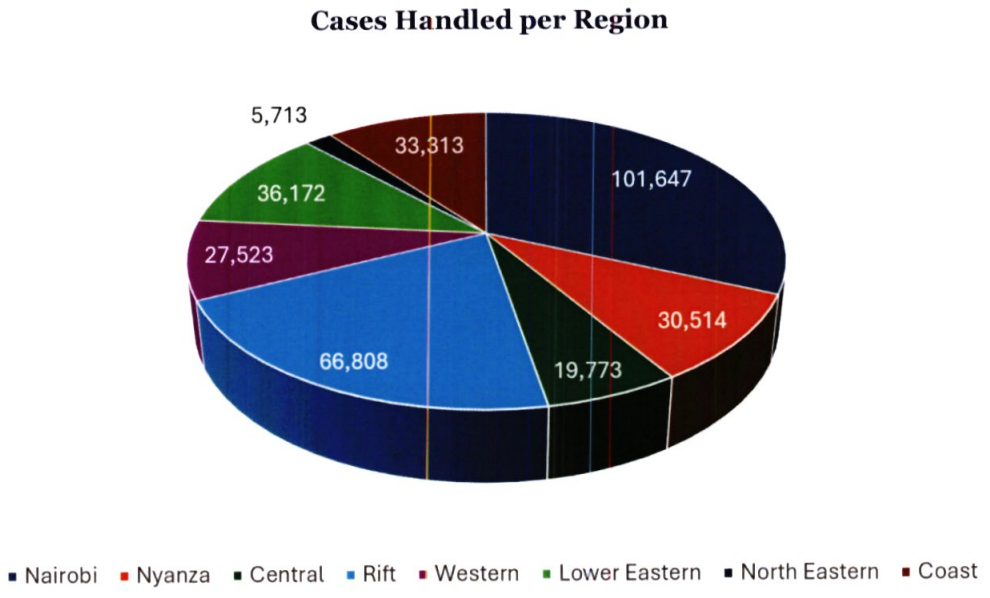
Region	Cases handled at the Magistrates' Courts	Criminal Cases handled at the High Court (Murder cases)	Total
Nairobi	100,591	1,056	101,647
Nyanza	29,860	654	30,514
Central	19,260	513	19,773
Rift	64,734	2,074	66,808
Western	26,833	690	27,523
Lower Eastern	35,332	840	36,172
North Eastern	5,624	89	5,713
Coast	33,004	309	33,313
Total	**315,238**	**6,225**	**321,463**

During the period under review, **321,463** criminal cases were handled across the country. Of these, **315,238** cases (**98.1%**) were handled at the Magistrates' Courts, while **6,225** cases (**1.9%**) were murder cases handled at the High Court.

The Nairobi Region recorded the highest number of cases handled at the Magistrates' Courts with **100,591** cases, the Rift region followed with **64,734** cases, and the North Eastern Region had the least cases handled being **5,624**.

With regard to murder cases handled at the High Court, the Rift Region recorded the highest number with **2,074** cases, representing **33.3%** of all murder cases nationally, followed by Nairobi Region with **1,056** cases, and the least being North Eastern Region with **89** cases.

Chart 3.1.2.1: Pie chart representing cases handled per region



3.1.2.2. Outcome of Concluded Cases Per Region

Table 3.1.2.2: The table below shows the distribution of various case outcomes across the 8 regions

Region	Outcome of Concluded Cases					
	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after Full Trial	Acquittal	Withdrawal
Nairobi	130	28,822	68	5,785	2,006	7,178
Nyanza	182	7,352	127	3,403	1,124	4,229
Central	63	5,665	137	2,144	490	2,878
Rift	244	16,718	332	6,218	1,921	10,745
Western	508	7,208	25	1,825	807	3,513
Lower Eastern	44	6,311	405	3,199	1,373	3,966
North Eastern	102	1,162	64	809	232	1,260
Coast	775	8,467	80	1,426	674	4,304
Total	**2,048**	**81,705**	**1,238**	**24,809**	**8,627**	**38,073**

3.1.3 Analysis of select categories of offences

3.1.3.1 Homicide Cases & Related Offences

Homicide cases include offences relating to murder, manslaughter, and threats to kill.

Table 3.1.3.1 Homicide and related offences handled and their outcomes in the FY 2025/2026

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	Withdrawal
Murder	6,225	0	23	263	460	173	61
Manslaughter	661	0	9	7	87	16	20
Attempted Murder	715	0	8	2	83	33	65
Threats to kill	14,165	83	764	31	996	417	3,026
Conspiracy to Murder	77	0	3	0	4	0	13
Infanticide	48	4	7	0	2	1	9
Attempts to Procure an Abortion	24	0	2	0	3	0	3
Killing an unborn child	26	1	3	0	7	3	2
Concealing Birth	28	0	3	0	0	2	2
Aiding Suicide	14	0	0	0	0	0	10
Attempted Suicide	51	0	0	0	7	0	8
Other offences relating to homicides	27	0	0	0	5	0	1
Total	**22,061**	**88**	**822**	**303**	**1,654**	**645**	**3,220**

A total of **22,061** homicide-related cases were handled during the reporting period, of which **6,732** cases were concluded. Convictions accounted for **2,779** cases, of which **1,654** were after full trial, **822** on plea of guilt, and **303** through plea bargaining. In addition, **645** cases resulted in acquittals, while **88** cases were resolved through diversion.

The withdrawals, in this category, are attributed to witnesses not appearing in Court and cases of victims recanting their statements.

3.1.3.2. Offences Against Morality (SGBV Cases)

SGBV cases include Rape, Gang Rape, Attempted Rape, Defilement, Gang Defilement, Attempted Defilement, Incest, and sexual assault, among others.

Table 3.1.3.2 SGBV cases handled and their conclusion outcomes in the FY 2025/2026

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Rape	1,872	2	8	0	203	106	185
Gang Rape	438	0	2	0	59	19	31
Attempted Rape	758	4	8	0	76	36	81
Defile-ment	15,872	82	118	12	1,530	756	1,168
Gang De-filement	233	1	2	0	34	9	13
Attempted Defile-ment	1,409	5	18	1	164	73	99
Incest	808	0	6	1	114	39	37
Sexual assault	654	4	11	1	58	34	40
Unnatural offenc-es with animal (Bestial-ity)	168	0	4	0	17	1	9
Unnatural offences (other cat-egories)	52	0	1	0	10	2	4

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Deliber-ate HIV Transmis-sion	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trafficking for Sexual Exploita-tion	13	0	0	0	2	1	0
Child Prosti-tution/ Tourism/ Pornogra-phy	94	0	1	0	6	1	0
Indecent act with child	3,191	7	20	1	447	165	381
Other Offences related to morality	458	3	3	0	50	24	55
Total	**26,032**	**108**	**202**	**16**	**2,770**	**1,266**	**2,103**

During the period under review, **26,032** SGBV cases were handled. The majority of the offences were Defilement, which accounted for **15,872** cases (**60.97%**) of the total caseload.

Child-related sexual offences remain the most prevalent, with Defilement, Attempted Defilement, Gang Defilement, and Indecent Acts with children collectively accounting for more than three-quarters of the total caseload.

The withdrawals, in this category, are attributed to witnesses not appearing in Court and cases of victims recanting their statements.

3.1.3.3. Robbery and Extortion Offences

These cases include Robbery, Attempted Robbery, Robbery with Violence, Demanding property with menaces, Demanding property by written threats, Attempts at extortion by threats, etc.

Table 3.1.3.3 Robbery and Extortion cases handled and their conclusion outcomes in the FY 2025/2026

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Attempted robbery	474	1	2	3	48	22	49
Robbery	808	1	19	6	141	36	111
Robbery with Violence	7,585	29	106	70	529	231	893
Attempted Robbery with violence	334	0	1	0	25	16	58
Assault with intent to steal	48	0	2	0	9	0	1
Demanding property by written threats	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
Attempts at extortion by threats to accuse another of a crime.	12	0	0	0	0	0	1
Demanding property with menaces	16	0	2	0	0	0	3
Procuring execution of deeds, etc., by threats	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other offences related to robbery and extortions	105	0	6	0	10	5	14

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Total	**9,388**	**31**	**138**	**79**	**762**	**310**	**1,131**

Robbery with Violence cases were the most prevalent, accounting for **80.79%** of total cases handled.

The withdrawals, in this category, are attributed to witnesses not appearing in Court and cases of victims recanting their statements.

3.1.3.4 Human Trafficking in Persons and Related Offences

These cases include Trafficking in persons for sexual exploitation or labour exploitation, Child trafficking, among others.

Table 3.1.3.4 Human Trafficking in Persons and Related cases handled and their conclusion outcomes in the FY 2025/2026

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Trafficking in persons for sexual exploitation	44	0	1	0	2	4	9
Trafficking in persons for labour exploitation	39	0	4	0	3	0	2
Child trafficking	44	0	0	0	2	1	1

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Other forms of trafficking (e.g. organ trafficking, slavery, servitude, begging, debt bondage etc	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Promotion of traf-ficking in Persons	12	0	1	0	2	1	0
Acqui-sition of travel document	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Facilitat-ing entry into or exit out if the coun-try	5	0	0	0	0	0	1
Interfer-ing with travel docu-ments and personal effects	79	1	69	0	4	0	0
Trafficking in persons for organ-ised	11	0	1	0	4	0	0
Smug-gling of migrants	22	0	0	0	9	3	1

Offence	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Caseload	Diversion	Conviction on Plea of Guilty	Conviction on Plea Bargain	Conviction after full Trial	Acquittal	With-drawal
Being in the country illegally	161	0	71	0	25	17	16
Other offences under the Kenyan Citizen-ship and Immigra-tion Act	89	0	28	4	8	0	6
Total	**510**	**1**	**176**	**4**	**59**	**27**	**36**

During the reporting period, a total of **510** human trafficking, migrant smuggling, and immigration related cases were handled. **176** cases resulted in convictions on plea of guilty, accounting for the majority of concluded case outcomes, and **59** cases resulted in convictions after a full trial.

3.1.4 Appeals & Applications by Convicts Analysis

Case Type	Matters Handled	Dismissed	Allowed	Withdrawn
Appeals	9,110	1,216	733	486
Constitutional Petitions	1,576	111	74	48
Judicial Reviews	990	130	70	68
Revisions	4,002	774	758	195
Miscellaneous Applications	4,551	677	976	176
Total	**20,229**	**2,908**	**2,611**	**973**

During the reporting period, the Office handled a total of **20,229** appellate and other court matters, comprising **9,110** Appeals, **1,576** Constitutional Petitions, **990** Judicial Reviews, **4,002** Revisions, and **4,551** Miscellaneous Applications. Appeals constituted the largest share of matters handled. Of the cases determined, **2,908** were dismissed, **2,611** were allowed, and **973** were withdrawn.

3.1.5 Analysis of Advice Files

Advice Files Handled	Outcome of Concluded Cases						
	Charge	Inquest	Further Investigation	Administrative action	Diversion	Referred to other Agencies	Closure
13,593	4,047	575	2,649	355	588	357	1,835

During the reporting period, the Office handled **13,593** advice files from investigative agencies, and issued various recommendations and directives. Out of the **13,593** advice files, **4,047** met the threshold for prosecution as prescribed by the ODPP Decision to Charge Guidelines, **2,649** files were returned with directions for further investigations, **355** recommended for administrative action, while **357** were referred to other agencies.

3.1.6 Economic Crime and Related Matters

Inquiry files submitted to ODPP by EACC on Economic Crime in the FY 2025/2026

S/NO	PARTICULARS	QUARTERS				
		2025		2026		
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
1	Files where DPP directed prosecution to ensue	10	8	10	9	37
2	Files where DPP directed further investigations	33	23	17	22	95
3	Files where DPP directed closure	11	7	5	9	32
4	Files where DPP directed administrative action	4	4	4	3	15

5	Files awaiting DPP's Direction	0	0	0	0	0
6	Alternative to prosecutions	0	0	0	0	0
7	Sub Total	58	42	36	43	179
	TOTAL	**179**				

Inquiry files submitted to ODPP by NPS on Economic Crime in the FY 2025/2026

S/NO	PARTICULARS	QUARTERS				
		2025		2026		
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
1	Files where DPP directed prosecution to ensue	1	11	1	9	22
2	Files where DPP directed further investigations	16	20	45	38	119
3	Files where DPP directed closure	8	8	10	2	28
4	Files where DPP directed administrative action	1	0	0	0	1
5	Files awaiting DPP's Direction	0	0	0	2	2
6	Alternative to prosecutions	1	0	0	0	1
7	Sub Total	27	39	56	51	173
	TOTAL	**173**				

No. of concluded Economic Crime cases for the FY 2025/2026

S/NO	CONCLUDED THROUGH	TOTAL NO. OF CASES
1	Conviction	16
2	Acquittal	14
3	Withdrawn	9
	Total no. of cases concluded	**39**

No. of Economic Crime cases in court for the FY 2025/2026

No. of cases registered in court FY 2025/2026	60 cases
Cases brought forward	397 cases
Total caseload	**457 cases**

3.2. Noteworthy Cases

During the reporting period, the following cases stood out:

3.2.1. Independence of the ODPP

Javeria Siddique W/O Arshad Sharif & 2 others v AG, IPOA, DPP, IG, NPS (SC Petition No. E042 OF 2025) (Supreme Court of Kenya)

The appellants appealed against the Court of Appeal and the High Court's decision where they had sought to compel the DPP to prosecute suspects who shot a Pakistani journalist in Kajiado County.

In dismissing their appeal, the Supreme Court held that the provisions of Article 157 (11) of the Constitution did not create any exception to the unequivocal insulation against control, or direction of the power of the DPP as to when or whether to prosecute or not.

3.2.2. Alternatives to Prosecution

Republic v Zakaria Okoth Obado and 18 others (Anti-corruption case no. E018 of 2020) (Anti-Corruption Court at Nairobi)

The accused persons had been charged with various corruption-related offences, including conspiracy to commit an economic crime, conflict of interest, money laundering, and unlawful acquisition of public property amounting to Kshs. 73.5 million.

The accused persons entered into a plea bargain with the ODPP, on the basis of a payment of Kshs. 235 million and surrender of two motor vehicles to EACC. The EACC challenged the Plea Bargain agreement, but the court rejected the application and affirmed that the proposed Plea Bargain agreement by the ODPP had satisfied the legality test.

Republic v Abdullahi Noor Mohamed (Alias Arab) (Cr. Case No. 90 of 2013) (High Court at Nairobi)

The accused person had been charged with the offence of murder. Upon the conclusion of the prosecution's case, he made an application seeking leave of the Court to allow him to reconcile with the family of the deceased based on a pre-signed agreement between the family of the accused and that of the deceased.

The prosecution successfully argued that while it was appreciated that there was reconciliation, a life had been lost and no amount of reconciliation would bring it back. The Court dismissed the application and made a finding that the charge against the accused was a felony, and as such was not subject to traditional dispute mechanisms.

Republic v Richard Mutule Kilonzo (MCAC No. E020/2021) (Anti-corruption Court at Nairobi)

The accused person, a Chief Executive Officer of the Export Processing Zone Authority was charged with the offences of fraudulent acquisition of public property and wilful failure to comply with the law relating to procurement.

The accused entered into a plea bargain agreement with the prosecution and was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Kshs. 100,000 in default 6 months imprisonment for each count. In addition, the accused was ordered to pay restitution of Kshs. 24,500,419.

3.2.3. Murder

Republic v Obado & 2 others (Criminal case 46 of 2018) KEHC 11351(KLR) High Court at Milimani

The three accused persons were charged with two counts of murder against the deceased and her unborn child. The prosecution through its 42 witnesses demonstrated to the High Court that the three accused persons had conspired to lure and abduct the deceased where she was brutally stabbed to death and her 28-week-old fetus killed. Subsequently, the 2nd and 3rd accused persons attempted to cover up the crime by fabricating a fake kidnapping report and forged medical records.

The High Court being satisfied that the prosecution had established its case beyond reasonable doubt found that even though there were no direct eye witnesses to the actual killing, the prosecution had successfully demonstrated that the circumstantial evidence provided was complete and the chain was unbroken and incompatible with any reasonable hypothesis of innocence. The Court held that the accused persons acted in concert with malice aforethought with the 1st accused person providing funding to protect his reputation. The 2nd accused person operationalized the abduction while the 3rd accused provided logistical support and facilitated the cover-up.

In the Judgment delivered on 23rd July, 2026, the Court found all the three accused persons guilty of the murder of the deceased and convicted them accordingly. The Court also conducted a pre-sentencing hearing where Victim impact statements and mitigation by the accused persons were considered. The matter now awaits sentencing.

Republic v Ahmed (Criminal Case E004 of 2023) [2025] KEHC 5334 (KLR) (Eldoret High Court)

The accused person, a police officer, was charged with killing a fellow police officer while armed with a Taurus pistol. The accused had proceeded to an entertainment joint with the weapon and upon being warned by his colleague to handle the same more safely, he pointed the pistol at the deceased and shot him.

The court found that the firearm, which was issued for public safety, was used unlawfully to kill a fellow officer. The Court noted the absence of mitigating factors, such as self-defence, provocation, drunkenness, or accidental discharge. The accused was convicted of murder and sentenced to serve 30 years' imprisonment.

Republic v Nicholas Julius Macharia (HCC No. E012 of 2025) (Nyeri High Court)

The accused person pleaded guilty to the offence of murder of a seven (7) year old minor. The prosecution presented evidence that the accused person had defiled the minor and proceeded to bury her in his house. Additionally, the prosecution submitted a Victim Impact Statement that brought out the aggravating factors, including the tender age of the minor, her vulnerability, use of sexual violence and grave breach of trust by the accused person, among other factors. Consequently, the accused was sentenced to death.

3.2.4. Robbery With Violence

Republic v Isabwa & 6 Others (Criminal Case 29 of 2015) [2023] KEHC 496 (KLR) (Milimani Law Courts) - Muchai Case

The accused persons executed a series of violent robberies within Kiambu and Nairobi Counties. They were arrested and charged with various offences of robbery with violence, unlawful possession of firearms and unlawful possession of ammunition. The Court found the accused persons guilty and convicted them. The first four accused persons were sentenced to death for robbery with violence and the 5th and 6th accused persons were each sentenced to 10 years imprisonment for the unlawful possession of firearms and ammunition. This decision marked the conclusion of the trial regarding the violent robberies associated with the broader investigation into the murder of a late legislator. The murder case against the suspects is still ongoing at the High Court.

3.2.5. Sexual Offences

Republic v Li Jianjun (SO E002 of 2025) (JKIA Magistrates Court)

The accused person, a Chinese national, was charged with an offence of committing an indecent act with a 17-year-old minor on board a flight. The accused person intentionally touched the private parts of the subject minor with his hand. Upon conviction, the accused was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment.

3.2.6. Trafficking in Persons

Maduhu v Republic (Criminal Revision E063 of 2024) (2026) KEHC 4764 (KLR) (High Court at Kerugoya)

The accused person was charged with trafficking in persons by receiving payments in order to transfer two minors aged 10 and 12 years from Tanzania to Kenya for financial exploitation as beggars.

The accused person pleaded guilty and was sentenced to serve 20 years' imprisonment. He made an application to the High Court to revise the sentence, stating that his mitigation had not been considered during sentencing. The High Court dismissed the application, noting that the accused had benefited from a sentence that was lower than the minimum sentence. The revision was dismissed.

Republic v Stephen Changawa Kaindi alias Kitsonyole & Another (SO Case No. 137 of 2023) (Kilifi Magistrate's Court)

The accused persons were charged with conspiracy to defeat justice, trafficking in persons, defilement, and threats to kill. The Court heard that when the offences of Trafficking in persons and defilement were reported, the first accused person made concerted efforts to ensure that the witnesses did not attend Court.

The Court found that the prosecution had proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the second accused person transported the complainant to the first accused person for purposes of sexual exploitation. Consequently, the first accused was sentenced to serve 3 years' imprisonment for the offence of conspiracy to defeat justice and a fine of Kshs. 30 million in default, 30 years imprisonment for the offence of trafficking in persons.

The second accused was sentenced to serve 20 years' imprisonment for the offence of defilement, Kshs. 30 million in default, 30 years imprisonment for the offence of Trafficking in persons and 5 years imprisonment for the offence of threats to kill.

3.2.7. Extradition

Abdul Haji Abdul Zahir Qadeer v Republic (CCRA/E30/2025) (High Court at Nairobi)

The Magistrate's Court allowed the extradition and surrender of the appellant, an Afghan national, to the USA to face narcotic drug-related charges. The appellant challenged the extradition orders at the High Court on the grounds that Kenya and the USA had not ratified a treaty to warrant his extradition. The High Court, while dismissing the appellant's application, found that the lack of a treaty between the two countries cannot vitiate an extradition order, as the duty to cooperate by states is anchored in International Law Principles. The Court further observed that if countries were to avoid these obligations, then International Law would be rendered meaningless, and it would be against the rules of international cooperation.

3.2.8. Anti-Corruption and Economic Crimes

Republic v Lennox Madzoya Mwasirya and 25 Others (Case No. ACCR/1/2019) (Kilifi Magistrate's Court)

The accused persons, former employees of Kilifi County Government, were charged with 42 counts of economic crime offences following the loss of Kshs. 51 million through fraudulent Integrated Financial Management Information System (IFMIS) transactions. The prosecution demonstrated that suspicious payments were made to six private companies for goods and services that were never supplied, supported by forged local purchase orders and notification letters.

The Court found that the 11th, 13th - 21st accused persons were guilty of multiple counts of fraudulent acquisition of public funds and money laundering. Consequently, various sentences ranging from a fine between Kshs. 200,000 – Kshs. 2 million and a cumulative mandatory fine of Kshs. 156,955,130.

Republic v Noah Okech Oluoch (MCAC No. E009/2024) (Anti-Corruption Court at Milimani)

The accused person was charged with the offences of fraudulent acquisition of public property, forged and uttered a Master's Degree Certificate to secure employment as the General Manager Finance and ICT at the Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation thus fraudulently earning a salary of Kshs. 1,455,066.05.

Upon successful prosecution, the accused was convicted for the offences of fraudulent acquisition of public property and sentenced to pay a fine of Kshs. 100,000 in default 1 year imprisonment with a mandatory fine of Kshs. 2,910,132.10 in default 2 years imprisonment. For the offence of uttering a false document, he was sentenced to pay a fine of Kshs. 100,000 in default 1 year imprisonment.

Republic v Lawrence Barasa Masinde (MCAC No. E036/2024) (Anti-corruption Court at Milimani)

The accused person was charged with the offences of fraudulent acquisition of public property, deceiving principal, forgery and uttering a Diploma Certificate in IT to secure employment as an ICT Assistant at Nairobi City Water and Sewerage Company Limited, thus fraudulently earning a salary of Kshs. 7,173,963.

The accused person was convicted and sentenced in counts 1, 3 and 4 to pay a fine of Kshs. 100,000 in default 1 year imprisonment and a mandatory fine of Kshs.14,347,926 in default 1 year imprisonment.

Republic v Samuel Krop Ngolesia MCAC No. E013 OF 2022 (Anti-corruption Court at Milimani)

The accused person, a former employee of EACC, was charged with the offences of fraudulent acquisition of public property, forgery and uttering an academic certificate, and providing false information to EACC. Upon successful prosecution of the case, the accused was found guilty and convicted. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Kshs. 100,000 in default, 1 year imprisonment for each of the four counts.

3.2.9. Wildlife

Republic v Duh Hung Nguyen & Dennis Nganga (E74 of 2025) (JKIA Law Courts)

The accused persons were charged with the offence of dealing in live wildlife species. They had been arrested in possession of garden ants packaged in 140 syringes and 300 unpackaged garden ants in two containers. At plea, the accused persons pleaded guilty to the offences.

The Court considered pre-sentence reports and victim impact assessment report from the National Museums of Kenya. The Court considered that it was its duty to protect wildlife in Kenya but considered that the accused persons had saved the Court's time and were remorseful. They were each sentenced to pay a fine of Kshs. 1 million or serve 12 months in prison. The Court also ordered for repatriation of the 1st accused person upon payment of the fine or completion of the jail term.

3.2.10. Terrorism

Republic v Edwin Muhia & 11 Others (E045/2021) (Kahawa Law Courts)

The accused persons, who were prison officers, were charged with aiding the escape of prisoners from Kamiti Maximum prison. The prosecution successfully presented 14 witnesses in court to prove that the accused persons had aided terror inmates to escape from the prison on the night of 14th and 15th November, 2021, where they failed to report the escape.

The Court found the 4th,11th and 12th accused persons guilty of the offences, convicted and sentenced them as follows: the 4th and 11th accused persons were each fined Kshs. 100,000 in default, 6 months imprisonment, and the 12th accused person was fined Kshs. 800,000 in default, 2 years imprisonment.

Republic v John Mutwiri alias Solomon Yohannes and Samuel Dabamo (MCCR E032/2024) Kahawa Law Courts

The two accused persons were charged with the offence of Trafficking in persons. The prosecution tendered evidence that the accused persons had rented a house in Mwihoko, Githurai, where they trafficked and harboured thirty-seven (37) Ethiopian males for purposes of exploitation by means of deception. The accused persons were each fined Kshs. 30 million or to serve 30 years imprisonment.

Finance

4



Financial Analysis

4.1. Introduction

This chapter presents an in-depth analysis of the financial expenditure by the Office for the FY 2025/2026. It explores the budgetary allocations, both recurrent and development expenditures, and provides detailed insights into the actual spending and absorption rates. Additionally, this chapter examines the financial performance from FY 2022/2023 to FY 2025/2026, analysing trends and identifying key areas of improvement. Through this analysis, we aim to highlight the effectiveness of the budget implementation and the overall financial stewardship of the ODPP.

4.2. Budgetary Allocation and Expenditure (FY 2022/2023 – 2025/2026)

The ODPP derives its primary revenue from the National Annual Appropriation which allocations cover both Recurrent and Development expenditures. In the FY 2025/2026, the Office was allocated **Kshs. 4,481,631,922/=** which was subsequently revised to **Kshs. 5,846,227,372/=** after supplementary estimates. **Kshs. 5,811,029,083.23/=** of the total was expended; reflecting an absorption rate of 99.4% which was largely attributed to the implementation of a one-line budget by the Office.

Below is a comparative analysis of the combined budgetary allocation and expenditure for the FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026:

Table 4.2: Analysis of the Combined Budgetary Allocation and Expenditure (FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026)

FY	Budget Allocations (Millions)	Expenditure (Millions)	Absorption Rate
2025/2026	5,846.23	5,811.03	99.4%
2024/2025	4,225.92	4,218.72	99.8%
2023/2024	4,163.04	4,138.28	99.4%
2022/2023	3,682	3,527	96%

4.3. Recurrent Expenditure

In the FY 2025/2026, an allocation of **Kshs. 5,560,227,372/=** was made for Recurrent Expenditure. Of this amount, the Office expended **Kshs. 5,544,511,165.23/=** achieving an absorption rate of 99.7%. This represents a 0.2% drop from the previous FY 2024/2025 which recorded an absorption rate of 99.9%. This can be attributed to delay in release of funds by the exchequer.

Below is a comparative analysis of the recurrent expenditure for the FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026:

Table 4.3: Recurrent Expenditure (FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026)

Approved Budget				Actual Expenditure			
2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million
3,670	4,107.04	4,176.92	5,560.23	3,520	4,086.13	4,174.18	5,544.51

4.4. Development/ Capital Expenditure

The total development/capital expenditure for the period under review was **Kshs. 266,517,918/=**, compared to an approved budget of **Kshs. 286,000,000/=**, reflecting an absorption rate of 93.2%. A substantial portion of the budget was effectively utilised for development purposes.

Below is a comparative analysis of the total development/capital expenditure for the FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026:

Table 4.4: Development/Capital Expenditure (FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026)

Approved Budget				Actual Expenditure			
2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million
12.1	**56**	**49**	**286**	**7.1**	**52.15**	**43.4**	**266.52**

4.5. Expenditure by Economic Classification

Expenditure by economic classification encompasses employee compensation, use of goods & services, and acquisition of assets, among others.

Below is a comparative analysis of the expenditure by economic classification for the FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026:

Table 4.5: Expenditure by Economic Classification

	Approved Budget				Actual Expenditure			
Description	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million
Current Expenditure	3,670	4,107.04	4,176.92	5,560.23	3,520	4,086.13	4,174.18	5,544.51
Compensation of employees	2,378	2,669	2,999.27	3720.00	2,367	2,655.99	2,998.24	3,687.89
Use of goods & services	1,237	1,375	1,173.75	1831.20	1,113	1,366.49	1,172.04	1,848.54
Current Grants & Transfers	50	0	0	0	30	0	0	0
Other recurrent	5.4	63.63	3.9	9.03	10.4	63.65	3.9	8.08
Total current Expenditure	3,670	4,107.04	4,176.92	5,560.23	3,520	4,086.13	4,174.18	5,544.51
Capital Expenditure	12.1	56	49	286	7.1	52.15	43.4	266.52
Acquisition of Non-financial Assets	12.1	50	40	280	7.1	47.15	39.6	262.49
Capital Grants to Government Agencies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Development Expenditure	0	6	9	6	0	5	3.8	4.03
Total Development Expenditure	12.1	56	49	286	7.1	52.15	43.4	266.52
Total	3,682.1	4,163.4	4,225.92	5,846.23	3,527	4,138.28	4,218.72	5,811.03

Employee compensation constituted the majority of the Recurrent Expenditure at **66%**, while the use of goods and services accounted for **33%**.

4.6. Analysis of Expenditure by Programme

The Office operates under a single line programme which is the Public Prosecutions Services.

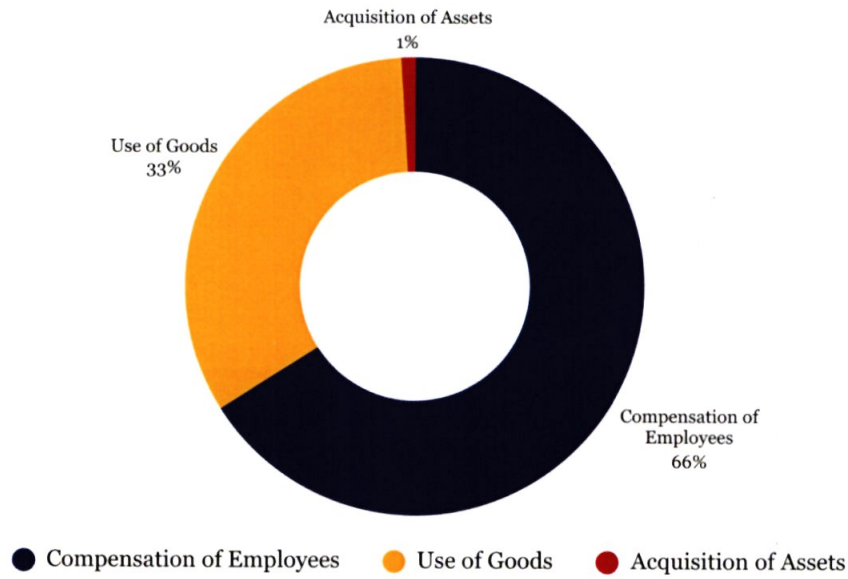
The expenditure for the programme rose from **Ksh. 4,218.72 million** in FY 2024/2025 to **Kshs. 5,811.03 million** in FY 2025/26. This increase was due to the continued utilisation of the single line programme.

Below is a comparative analysis of the expenditure by programme for the FY 2022/2023 - 2025/2026:

Table 4.6: Analysis of Expenditure by programme

	Approved Budget				Actual Expenditure			
Description	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million	2022/2023 Kshs. million	2023/2024 Kshs. million	2024/2025 Kshs. million	2025/2026 Kshs. million
Prosecutions of Criminal Offences	3,682	4,163.04	4,225.92	5,846.23	3,527	4,138.23	4,218.72	5,811.03
Total	3,682	4,163.04	4,225.92	5,846.23	3,527	4,138.23	4,218.72	5,811.03

Illustration for Financial Statement Percentatges



Milestones

5



During the reporting period the Office made the following exemplary strides in the delivery of its mandate.

5.1. Accolades

The ODPP was awarded the Clean Audit Excellence Financial Reporting Awards (FiRE) in recognition of attaining an unqualified audit opinion, under the Commissions and Independent Offices category. The Office was feted for exhibiting transparency and accountability in internal controls, consistent accounting methods, and conformity of financial statements to the relevant accounting standards in the financial management processes.





DPP receiving the FiRE award certificate

The Office was bestowed the Branch Chairman's Commendation Award during the ASK Exhibition held at Moi Showground, Kakamega. This award acknowledged ODPP's commitment to community and public engagement initiatives.



ODPP Western Region during the ASK Show

5.2. International Networks

The Office implemented the first phase of the MoU between ODPP Kenya and the King's Prosecutor General Office of Morocco signed in 2023 through a training of ten participants comprising of Deputy Directors of Public Prosecutions and Assistant Deputy Directors of Public Prosecutions, held in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco.



Participants during the training

The DPP, in his capacity as the APA President, graced the inauguration of the Africa Prosecutors Association (APA) headquarters in Rabat, in the Kingdom of Morocco, on 10th June, 2026.

The inauguration of the APA Headquarters marks a significant step in strengthening the Association's visibility, coordination and operational capacity across the African continent.

The Headquarters will be under the charge of the King's Prosecutor General of the Kingdom of Morocco and Secretary General of APA, whose stewardship will be central in ensuring that the office becomes a living centre of cooperation, coordination and service to Member States.



DPP, Kenya Ambassador to Morrocco and ODPP staff during the inauguration of APA headquarters

5.3. Policies & Guidelines

The ODPP strengthened its policy and institutional framework through the development, validation and launch of the following key policies, guidelines and manuals.

5.3.1. Mutual Legal Assistance Guidelines for Prosecutors

During the reporting period, the Office launched and operationalised the Mutual Legal Assistance Guidelines for Prosecutors, 2026. These guidelines provide a practical legal framework which strengthens prosecutors' capacity to handle extradition and transnational organised crime as well as promote consistency, efficiency and effective international cooperation.





Launch of the MLA guidelines

5.3.2. Counter Terrorism and Counter Financing of Terrorism Curriculum and the Trainer's Manual

The ODPP operationalised the Counter Terrorism and Countering the Financing of Terrorism Curriculum and the Trainer's Manual. These prosecutorial tools will equip prosecutors with extensive knowledge and tools for handling complex offences, digital forensics, international cooperation and human rights compliance in advancing the ODPP's mandate in combating Counter Terrorism and Countering the Financing of Terrorism.



Launch of the CT/ CFT Curriculum and the Trainer's Manual

5.3.3. Guide to Child-Friendly Interviews

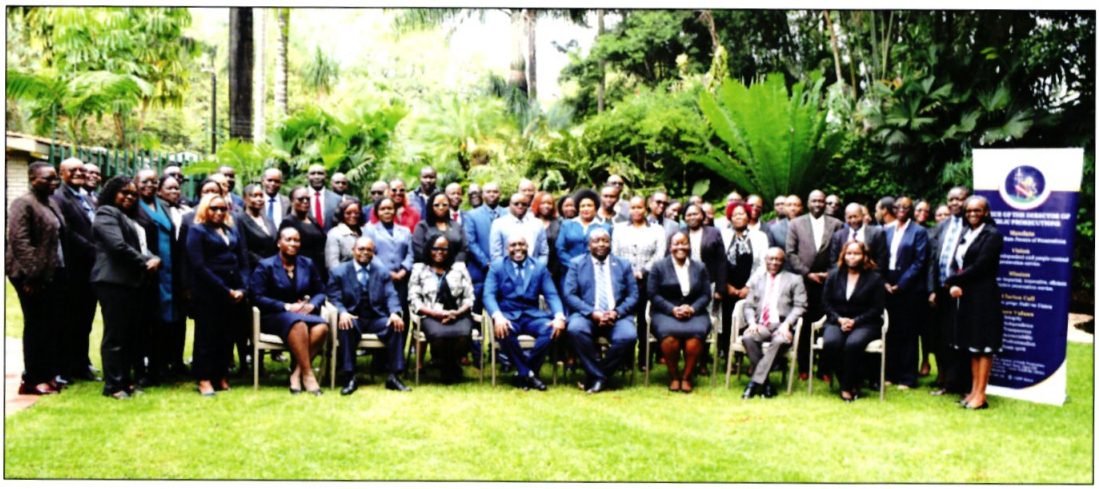
The ODPP developed and launched the Guide to Child-Friendly Interviews as a key milestone in strengthening child sensitive prosecution. The Guide provides prosecutors with practical, standardised and trauma informed approaches for interviewing children, safeguarding their dignity and emotional well-being. Additionally, the guide enhances the collection of evidence and access to justice for child victims and witnesses.



Launch of the Guide to Child-Friendly Interviews

5.3.4. Anti-Money Laundering Guidelines for Prosecutors, 2026

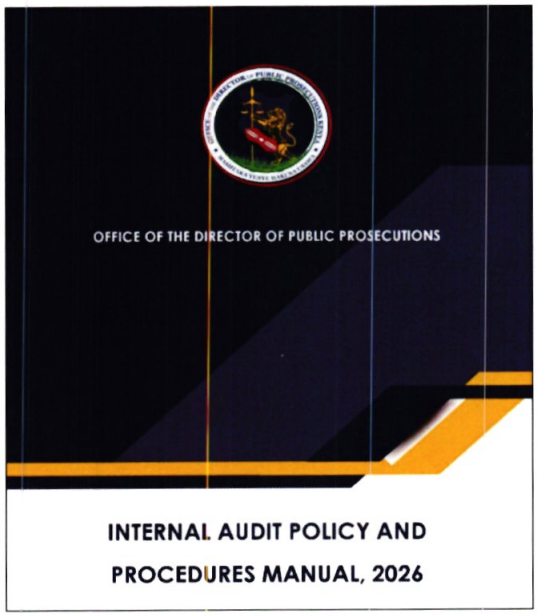
The ODPP developed and validated the Anti-Money Laundering Guidelines for Prosecutors, 2026. The Guidelines offer a practical legal framework that will strengthen prosecutorial consistency while making the decision to charge in AML and related offences, and inter-agency collaboration between ODPP and other relevant stakeholders.



ODPP staff during the validation of the guidelines

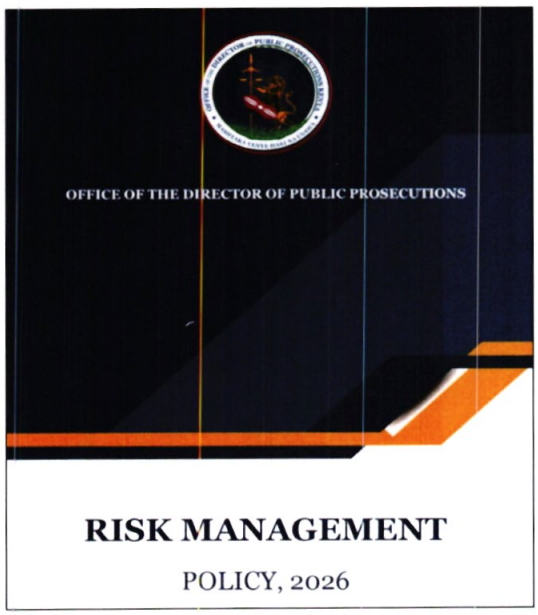
5.3.5. Internal Audit Policy and Procedures Manual

The Office implemented the Internal Audit Policy and Procedure Manual, whose aim is to streamline the internal audit processes.



5.3.6. Risk Management Policy

The Office also finalised the Risk Management Policy to aid in the identification, assessment and mitigation of both internal and external risks.



The Public Finance Management (Public Prosecutions Fund) Regulations, 2025 were gazetted on 28th October 2025, vide Legal Notice No. 169 of 2025. The Regulations provide a legal framework for receiving, managing and applying resources from asset forfeiture, plea bargains, restitution, grants and donations to support specialised prosecution needs.

5.4 Staff Wellness Programmes

The Office, in enhancement of the strategic agenda on staff wellness conducted team building activities. These provided an opportunity for staff to interact, rejuvenate and enhance mental wellbeing amongst the participants.



Participants during a mental wellbeing exercise



ODPP Staff during a wellness walk



ODPP staff during a team building activity

The Office staff across different regions and counties were sensitised on the Retirement Benefits Scheme. Staff had an opportunity to interact with officials from the Scheme's Administrator, Zamara, and the Board of Trustees. Staff received valuable information on their participation for the successful operation of the scheme, including election of officials, the contribution structure and members' rights and entitlements, reassuring members of the accountability and transparency in the scheme.



Mandera staff sensitised on Retirement Benefits Scheme



Nyandarua staff sensitised on Retirement Benefits Scheme



Uasin Gishu staff sensitised on Retirement Benefits Scheme

5.5 Outreach Programmes

The Office conducted outreach programmes, including prison visits in various counties. The outreach programmes afforded an opportunity for the members of the public and remandees to engage the ODPP in furthering a people centred prosecution services and enhancing access to justice and inter- agency collaboration.



Kibos prison visit



Kitui prison visit



Malindi prison visit



Nyeri prison visit



Industrial Area prison visit



Makueni prison visit



Maralal prison visit



Kisumu prison visit



Taita Taveta prison visit

5.6. Capacity Building and Trainings

In a continued effort to strengthen prosecutorial capacity in combating complex crimes such as financial crimes and gender based violence offences, the Office has partnered with other stakeholders to conduct specialised training for its staff. These trainings have been a broader institutional effort by the DPP to enhance prosecutorial capacity and align its prosecution practice with international standards, including the FATF recommendations and action plans.



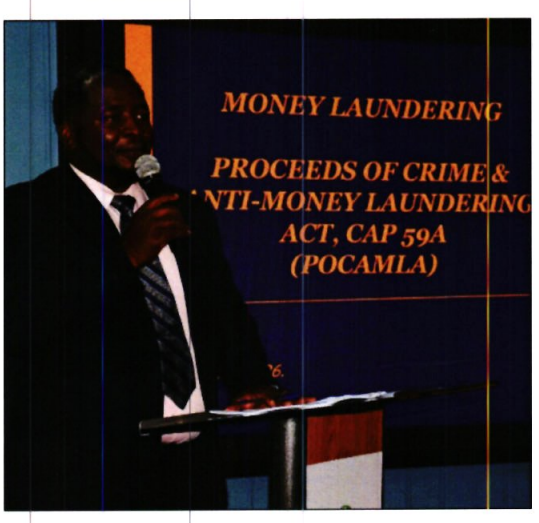
ODPP staff facilitating an AML training



Participants during the AML training



CT/ CFT training





Head of AML Division (left) during an AML training



Participants during an AML training



Participants at a CT/ CFT training



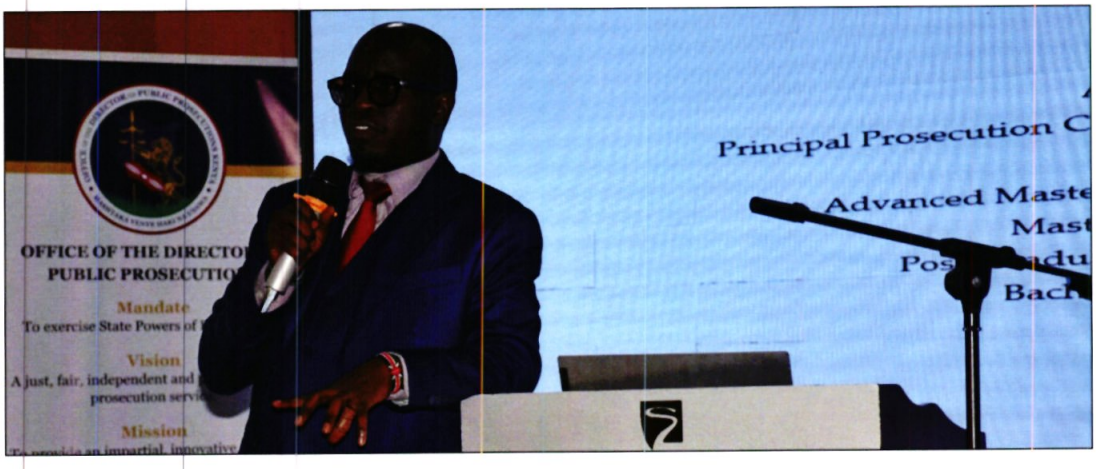
Participants of the 12th cohort, 160 Girls training





ODPP staff during an AML training

The Office, jointly with the Kenya Power Company Limited, pioneered the prosecutors' training themed "*Deterrence through Strengthened Prosecution: Enforcing Energy Laws and Protecting Infrastructure.*" A total of 200 prosecutors from across the country were trained with an aim of bolstering prosecutorial capacity and strengthening enforcement of laws governing the regulation, production, supply and use of electricity.



ODPP staff presenting during the KPLC training



Participants during the KPLC training

5.7. Recruitment and Promotion of Staff

The ODPP operationalised its organisational restructure by implementing the top leadership cadre, comprising four Senior Deputy Directors of Public Prosecutions, 30 Deputy Directors, and the establishment of new divisions. This milestone strengthened institutional leadership, enhanced strategic oversight and improved coordination in the delivery of prosecution services. Additionally, the Office recruited a total of 342 officers; these include 140 Prosecution Counsel, 8 Accountants, 10 Research Officers, 47 ICT Officers, 7 Public Communications Officers, 4 Supply Chain and Management Officers, 46 Clerical Officers, 60 Office Assistants and 19 Drivers.



DPP officiating the 2026 induction training for prosecutors



Participants during closing of the 2026 induction training for prosecutors

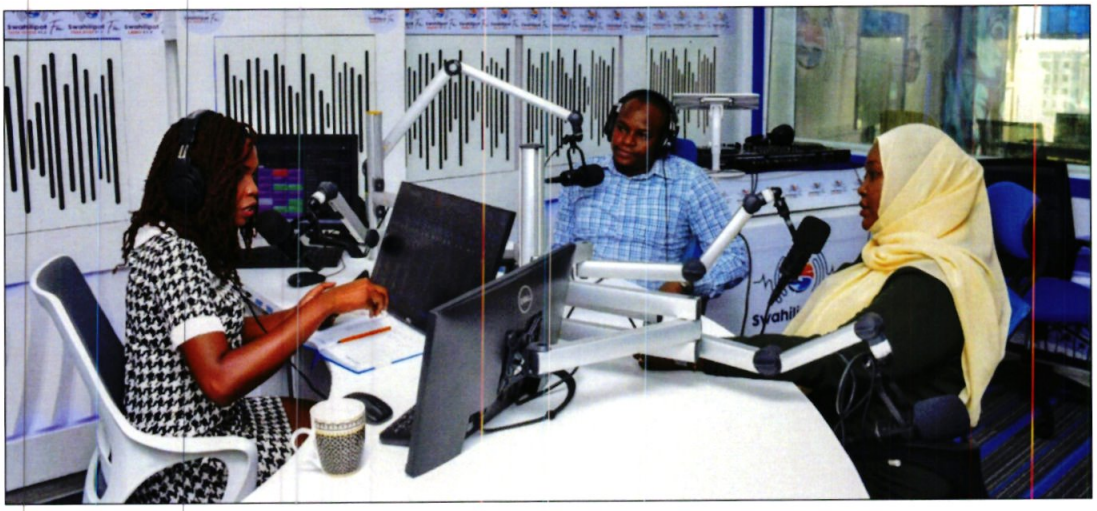
The ODPP established the ITOC Department which constitutes ITOC, AML & Asset Forfeiture and Cybercrime Divisions. Additionally, Banking, Tax and Financial Crimes Division was established under the Economic Crimes Department. The specialised divisions strengthen institutional capacity to prosecute complex financial, cyber crimes and transnational organised crimes, while supporting Kenya's implementation of Financial Action Task Force recommendations and broader efforts towards enhanced compliance, asset recovery and removal from the grey list.

5.8 Community Service Delivery

5.8.1 Radio Talk Show

The Office conducted several talk shows to sensitise members of the public on the ODPP mandate.

ODPP Tononoka continued its community outreach efforts with a focus on child protection.



ODPP Tononoka during a radio talk show

The ODPP Narok sensitised the public on the rights of an accused person, Bail and Bond, Human Trafficking, Counter Trafficking in Persons, Smuggling and its Interplay with SGBV.



ODPP Narok during a radio talk show

ODPP Nakuru participated in several talk shows where the public was sensitised on children in the criminal justice system, highlighting the Office's role in safeguarding the rights and welfare of children.



ODPP Nakuru during a radio talk show

The Office participated in a radio interview dubbed "*Fahamu Sheria programme*", where the public was sensitised on the mandate and role of ODPP in the criminal justice system.



ODPP Eldama Ravine during a radio talk show

5.8.2 Community Dialogue

The ODPP convened a dialogue forum under the theme "*Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor*". The forum strengthened engagement between the ODPP, justice sector agencies, local leaders and the public on critical criminal justice issues, including access to justice, emerging crimes, gender-based violence, femicide, plea bargaining and diversion.



DPP officiating the "Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor" community dialogue in Kakamega



ODPP helpdesk during the Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor community dialogue in Kakamega



DPP engaging participants during the Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor Dialogue in Eldoret

5.8.3 Kakamega Forest Heritage Adoption: Commemoration of the World Environment Day

In commemoration of World Environment Day, the ODPP adopted an acre in the Kakamega Forest for a tree growing activity aimed at reclaiming, restoring and conserving the forest, Kenya's only tropical rainforest. The initiative advanced the Office's commitment to environmental protection and sustainable living.



DPP planting a tree during the World Environment Day at Kakamega Forest



ODPP staff during the tree planting exercise at Kakamega Forest

5.9. Acquisition of Land and Office Spaces

The ODPP has acquired land for the construction of office spaces in Kwale, Lokichar, Maua, Kithimani and Migori. The Office commenced construction works for permanent office in Naivasha and containerised offices in Kenol and Msambweni.



Naivasha Office under construction

The Office is further carrying out renovation and refurbishment of offices at Nyeri and Kericho to improve the working environment and service delivery.

Challenges

6



Challenges

6.1. Staff Capacity Constraints

The Office has not attained its projected staff establishment. This shortage has particularly impacted the Office capacity in delivering its mandate.

Strategic Action

The Office continues to engage key stakeholders for an enhanced budgetary allocation to recruit more staff.

6.2. Emerging Crime Trends

Evolution in crime trends, which are sophisticated in nature, requires prosecutors to keep abreast of the trends and skills to effectively handle these crimes. The Office budgetary allocation is not sufficient to support this continuous training and skill enhancement.

Strategic Action

Continuous engagement with stakeholders to bridge the budgetary gap to complete the Prosecution training institute, which is essential aspect in training and capacity building within the Office.

6.3. Politicisation and Ethnicisation of Prosecutions

Continued politicisation and ethnicisation of prosecution continues to be a challenge in the discharge of the Office mandate.

Strategic Action

There is continuous sensitisation of the public through community engagements and dialogues on the mandate of the ODPP and its role in the criminal justice system. However, there is a need for an enhanced budgetary allocation to facilitate more community outreach.

6.4. Inadequate Infrastructure

The Office has shortage in office space, equipment and infrastructure which hinders the effective delivery of its mandate.

Strategic Action

The Office will continuously engage relevant stakeholders for resource mobilisation and enhanced budgetary allocation.

6.5. Legislative Gaps

The existence of laws that have failed to address emerging social, economic, and technological crime trends has continued to be a challenge in the delivery of the Office's mandate.

Strategic Action

ODPP, through the Law Reform Committee, continues to collaborate with other Criminal Justice actors to identify legislative gaps for purposes of amendments and reforms.

6.6. Budgetary Constraints

Limited budgetary allocation impedes operational efficiency and the implementation of projects and programs.

Strategic Action

The Office continues to engage the relevant stakeholders in resource mobilisation to address the budgetary gaps within the Office.

6.7. Slow Uptake of Alternatives to Prosecution and Trials by the Public

Lack of knowledge and slow uptake of alternatives to prosecution by members of the public continues to be a challenge in the implementation of the related policies.

Strategic Action

Enhanced public awareness and sensitisation on existing policies on alternatives to prosecution and trial.

6.8. Rapid Expansion of Court Stations

The Judiciary continues to rapidly establish new court stations across the country, resulting in strained resources within the Office to meet these expansions.

Strategic Actions

The Office, through the NCAJ, continues to engage the Judiciary on the need for a joint framework on the court expansion program.
The Office continues to mobilise resources for requisite infrastructural and human resource capacity.

6.9. Misreporting by Media

The continuous misreporting and sensationalisation of court cases leads to misinformation to the public, which creates public misconceptions about prosecutorial decisions by the Office.

Strategic Action

Continuous training of the media and related institutions on the Office mandate and the Criminal Justice System.

Projections

7



ODPP's Future Projections

The Office remains committed to delivering an effective and efficient prosecution service that contributes to Kenya's Vision 2030 and national development priorities. Leveraging advanced strategic forecasting and data driven decision making, the Office shall optimise personnel distribution across all regional offices, ensure precise financial resource allocation, and deploy specialised, cutting edge training programs to maintain an elite standard of justice delivery. To actualise these future projections and sustain prosecutorial excellence, the Office intends to undertake the following strategic initiatives:

7.1. Modernisation of the ODPP Operations Management

Implementation of an ERP system is a forward-looking step to transform ODPP manual processes with a single, modern digital platform. It intends to unify everything from human resource and finance to procurement and administration. This shift shall allow the Office to utilise the ERP's real-time data for decision making, thus forecasting resource allocation, staff deployment & transparent administration.

7.2. AI Integration in the ODPP Workflow

Integrating AI into the ODPP's operations turns technology into a daily assistant for prosecutors. A dedicated ODPP AI chat bot to complement prosecutors in analysing evidence, flagging critical information, general research and comparative legal analysis.

7.3. Upgrade of the Uadilifu CMS

The Office envisions upgrading the current Uadilifu CMS to incorporate mapping of all case types to enable generation of real-time data, analyse criminal trends, track case files, document tracking of all files received, access judicial decisions from all courts, and generate the prosecution diary. It is envisaged that this upgrade will be critical in enhancing institutional capacity and prosecutorial service.

7.4. Enhanced Mentorship Programme

A structured mentorship program within the ODPP is a vital strategy to bridge the gap between generations. Teaming senior staff with junior staff creates a direct channel for transferring invaluable office information, professional ethics, and practical skills. This structured guidance shall accelerate the development of young staff, while allowing senior leaders to shape the future of the Office. Fostering this culture of mentorship will ensure a seamless transition of leadership and guarantees sustained office excellence.

7.5. Strengthen Public Trust through Community Outreach Programmes

Expanding community outreach is key in building a people centred prosecution service, that actively engages the public in the justice system. These programmes provide an avenue where ODPP staff engage and sensitise the community in an informal setup on their rights, digital safety, land rights, emerging crimes like cyber-fraud and technology facilitated GBV.

Grassroots initiatives like public *barazas* and community dialogues, particularly the *Chapa Gumzo na Prosecutor* forums, demystify the legal process and build deep public trust. These interactions give citizens a direct platform to engage prosecutors, air localised grievances, and learn about alternatives to prosecutions such as diversion and plea bargaining. Prioritising these proactive outreach programs helps demystify the Office to the members of the public and other stakeholders.

7.6. Prosecutions Club

This is intended to be an initiative to educate students on the legal profession, their legal rights, the law and its applicability. The aim of this initiative is to mitigate on the emergence of children in conflict with the law and children in contact with the law.

7.7. Enhance Staff Wellness Programmes

The ODPP is keen on prioritising staff wellness programs within the Office which is crucial in building a resilient, high performing workforce capable of handling the demanding nature of public prosecution operations. This is achievable through structured wellness initiatives, including a staff wellness club, devolved specialised counselling services, periodic out-of-office bonding sessions, and health awareness campaigns.

7.8. Develop the ODPP Greening Policy

The ODPP will continue to participate in national climate change action initiatives aimed at supporting national environmental restoration. The Office aims to transition its processes to align with national goals on environmental responsibility through renewable energy by installing solar power systems, participating in the National Tree Growing initiative, adopting electric vehicles and going paperless on office processes.

7.9. Expansion and Modernisation of Office Spaces

The Office intends to continuously secure sufficient and well equipped office space across all 47 counties and sub-counties. This expansion will ensure that members of the public have access to justice.

7.10. Enhance the Implementation of Alternatives to Prosecution

Alternatives to prosecution, specifically plea bargaining, diversion and deferred prosecutions, will bolster reforms within the criminal justice system. Increased implementation of these alternatives to prosecutions will enhance restorative justice among the communities.

Pictorials

8

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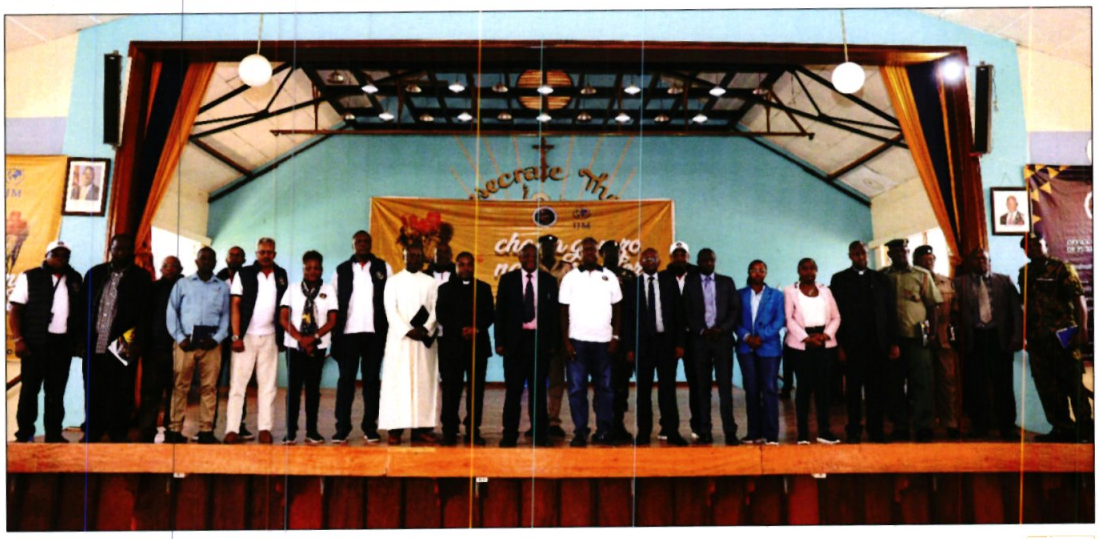










COUNTER
TRAFFICKING


PREMIER
50 LITRES








#SayNOToHateSpeech


SIGNING CEREMONY
OF MOU BETWEEN








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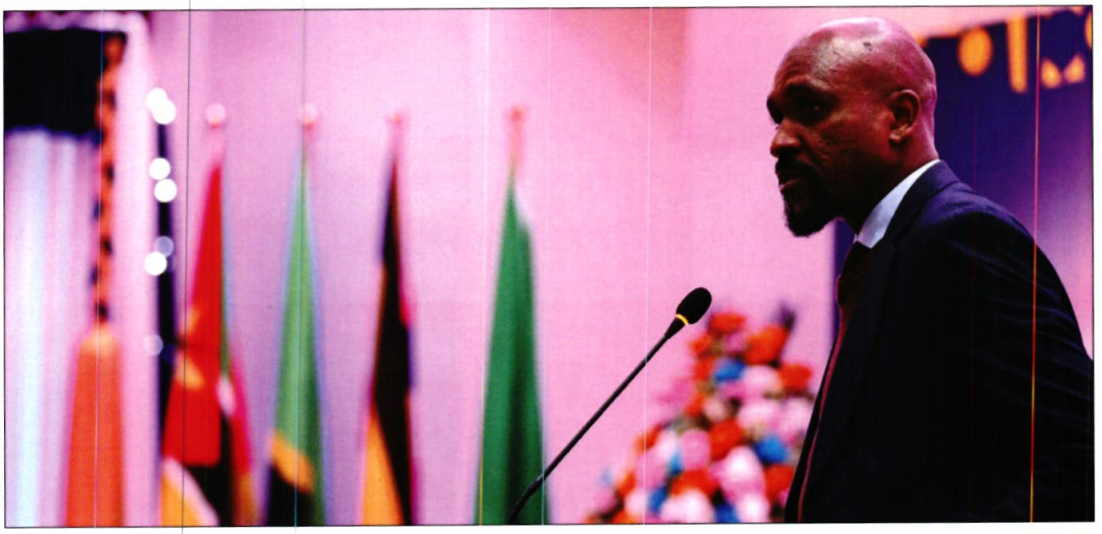


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Notes



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