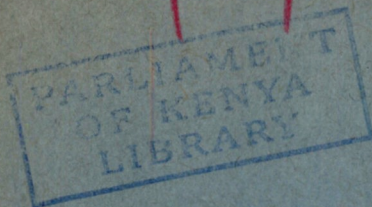


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COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF KENYA

REPORT OF THE
SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE
ESTIMATES FOR 1933

As passed provisionally by the Legislative Council on the
19th December, 1932

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Report of the Select Committee on the Estimates for 1933 as passed provisionally by the Legislative Council on the 19th December, 1932

1. The Committee sat on the 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th April and the 1st, 2nd and 8th of May, 1933.

2. The Committee first considered the form of presentation of the Estimates for 1933 which had been devised to give effect to the recommendations of Lord Moyne for the creation of a Native Betterment Fund. Elected Members represented that inasmuch as no legislative enactment had been passed to give effect to Lord Moyne's proposals and in law no Betterment Fund existed, it was premature to include in Estimates (under Head XXXV) a payment into that Fund before the Legislative Council had given formal assent to its creation. They considered therefore that it would be preferable to show all estimated expenditure on direct native services in the body of the Estimates of the four Departments concerned, with an indication of the amounts estimated to be transferred to a Native Betterment Fund in the event of such a fund being created.

3. This course would involve a reduction of the estimated deficit on the working of the year by the amount which it was at present proposed to place towards the reserve in the Betterment Fund, and the inclusion of an explanatory note in the Estimates to the effect that should legislative action be taken to establish a Native Betterment Fund, the difference between half the average annual yield of native direct taxation for the years 1926-1931 (£279,598) and the actual expenditure in 1933 on direct native services in the four Native Betterment Departments (Agriculture, Education, Medical and Public Works) would be available for payment into that Fund, were Lord Moyne's allocation ultimately adhered to.

4. The Committee agreed to recommend the course proposed by Elected Members pending an investigation into "the most practical methods for applying the principles underlying the recommendation by Lord Moyne for the establishment of a Native Betterment Fund" by the Select Committee of the Legislative Council which had been appointed for the purpose.

5. In the view of the Elected Members the amount by which half the average of native hut and poll tax for the years 1926-1931 exceeds the estimated expenditure on native services in the Agricultural, Education, Medical and Public Works Departments in 1933 should be devoted to reducing the estimated deficit on the year's working and not earmarked for payment into the Native Betterment Fund if that fund is created.

6. The Committee then turned their attention to a consideration of the general economic and financial position of the Colony. It was noted with satisfaction that the working of the year 1932 had proved to be considerably more satisfactory than was anticipated at the time when the provisional Estimates for the year had been prepared. The actual result of the working of the year 1932 is reflected in the following figures :—

Expenditure	...	...	...	...	£3,119,722
Revenue	...	...	...	...	3,010,213
					£109,509
Excess of expenditure over revenue	...	...	...	...	£109,509

7. The shortfall on the year's working therefore amounted to £109,509 as compared with the estimate of £220,000 at the time the provisional Estimates for 1933 were passed (*vide* page 10 of those Estimates).

8. The Committee noted that the difference of £110,491 was made up as follows :—

Savings in general expenditure	... ..	£52,602
Appreciation in the value of Post Office Securities	... ..	29,925
General Revenue Increases	... ..	27,964
		<hr/>
		£110,491
		<hr/>

9. It was explained to the Committee that the crediting of the appreciation in the value of Post Office Securities to revenue was in accordance with the Colonial Regulations as recently amended. At the request of Elected Members the Treasurer agreed to take this matter up with the Director of Colonial Audit because, in the view of some of them, the method did not accord with sound financial practice.

10. Consideration of the production and export prospects in the main crops based on information supplied by the Acting Director of Agriculture revealed the following position :—

Coffee.—It was estimated that 9,000 tons would be exported during the year. However, 11,500 tons of the crop maturing towards the end of 1932 have already been exported and export of a further 3,000 tons at least, from this and the early 1933 crop, before September, 1933, is anticipated. The effect of the March–April drought on the early 1933 crop will, it is believed, reduce its yield by the anticipated excess over the original estimate of the crop, which therefore remains. The drop in prices for the main 1932 and the early 1933 crop has also been substantial, but the effect of the drought on the main 1933 crop cannot as yet be estimated: it does not, however, bear on the 1933 revenue estimates.

Maize.—The estimated exports of maize during 1933 amount to 587,000 bags as compared with 288,000 bags in 1932. The value of maize from the main 1932 crop exported late in 1932 and early in 1933 will considerably exceed the export value of the previous crop.

Wheat.—Ravages of locusts and disease have resulted in a deficiency of production. A substantial increase in the yield of the crop planted in 1933 and maturing in 1933–34 is at present expected. This increase will not, of course, have any beneficial influence on the revenue for the current year.

Sisal.—The estimated exports in 1933 amount to 16,000 tons as against 15,385 tons in 1932. Increased production in 1934 is at present anticipated.

11. The Committee inquired into the question as to how far any restriction in the financial accommodation, both short-term and seasonal, hitherto accorded the farmer and planter was affecting or was likely to affect the volume of produce available for export, with a consequential ~~flex~~ action upon the Colony's income.

12. With the exception of any special requirements by the coffee industry as a result of the failure to date of the long rains as to which it is quite impossible to make any definite pronouncement or forecast at the present time the Committee felt satisfied that whilst some restriction in credit had occurred as was bound to occur in present day circumstances the position was not likely to be adversely affected under this head. The need appears to be to maintain the internal price level as in the case of maize, and for an increase in the capital made available for the Land Bank.

13. The Committee felt convinced that there is a real and urgent need in the interests of the Colony as a whole for a substantial increase in the funds made available to the Land Bank, and urge Government with all the force at their command to press for permission to place at the disposal of the Land Bank the maximum sum that the officials of this Bank advise that

they can effectively administer over the next two years. The Committee urge that the matter of keeping production at the highest level possible, thereby maintaining the Colony's income, is one that is just as vital as any question of reducing expenditure or of increasing revenue through additional taxation.

14. *Revenue.*—The Committee reached the general conclusion that the facts set out in the previous paragraph disclose no cause for material modification of the Revenue Estimates as shown in the provisional Estimates for 1933. This conclusion is in conformity with the decision reached by the Standing Finance Committee at the meeting held on the 24th March, 1933.

HEAD VI—REVENUE FROM GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AND ROYALTIES.

15. From information of the development of mining activities received from the Acting Commissioner of Mines, the Committee was satisfied that increases in the mining revenue might be expected. They therefore recommend the following revised estimates of revenue under Head VI:—

Item 3. Mining Revenue:—

(a) Royalties	...	...	...	...	...	£2,000
(b) Fees	...	...	...	...	...	£8,000

HEAD XIII—COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.

16. The Committee approved the reduction of the revenue Estimate under item 1 from £405 to £250 and the inclusion of the following items under this Head of Estimates:—

Item 3. Experiments in Locust Control	...	...	...	£3,250
Item 4. Tsetse Fly Control	...	...	...	670
Item 5. Extension of Nairobi Aerodrome	...	...	...	2,000

(Vide also paragraphs 164–165).

REPORT OF EXPENDITURE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

17. The Committee next turned their attention to the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

TERMS OF SERVICE.

(Chapter IV of Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report.)

Overseas Service.

18. The Chairman explained to the Committee the action that had been taken by Government as a result of the various recommendations contained in paragraphs 41 to 76 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, some of which had been already before Government in the shape of interim memoranda before publication of the Report; and also as a result of the consideration of this question at the recent Governors' Conference.

19. *Tours of Service.*—The Committee was informed that the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee in regard to tours of service and overseas leave had been substantially accepted and had been put into effect as from the 1st January, 1933. The action taken was explained in detail in Sessional Paper No. 1 of 1932 which had been laid before the Legislative Council.

20. *Passages.*—The Committee was informed that action had been taken on the lines recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee to reduce passage concessions enjoyed by officers of Government. (Colonel Kirkwood, Captain Cotter and Mr. Bemister considered that officers should make a contribution to the cost of their boarding whilst on board ship.)

21. *Salary Scales, Age of Retirement, Pension Privileges.*—The Chairman explained the desirability of obtaining the maximum possible uniformity under this head in all the three East African territories, and pointed out

the practical difficulties that would arise, particularly in the case of Joint Service Departments, such as the Customs and Post Office and Telegraph Departments, if any departure from the existing common pension legislation were made. He explained that the question was fully discussed at the Governors' Conference held at Entebbe in February, when substantial agreement was reached on the following points in respect of terms of service for new entrants :—

- (a) That the salaries of Administrative Officers should in future start at £350 per annum, rising to £400 by the end of the first year and £475 by the end of the period of probation.
- (b) That if this proposal were given effect to, a corresponding revision should be made in the initial salaries of police officers, assistant treasurers, assistant auditors, customs officers and other similar classes of officers.
- (c) That the pension constant for the Colonial Service should be 1/600th instead of 1/480th as at present.
- (d) That the normal age of retirement should be 55, and that the regulations dealing with the age of retirement should be revised substantially in accordance with the recommendations contained in paragraph 66 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

22. The Chairman further explained that recommendations in this sense had been forwarded to the Secretary of State, whose decision in the matter was at present awaited.

23. These proposals represented a considerable advance in the direction advocated in the past by Elected Members, and since it had been possible to obtain general agreement among the neighbouring territories on these points, the Government considered the most urgent thing to do was to recommend the Secretary of State to introduce these amendments at an early date. This had been done.

24. The further recommendation in paragraphs 43 and 44 of the Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report that the existing privilege of free quarters should be discontinued and that officers should receive consolidated salary and be required to pay rent at the rate of 6 per cent of the minimum salary of the grade on which they are serving when in occupation of Government quarters had not, the Chairman explained, yet been fully considered by Government, but he undertook that it would be so considered at an early date. He pointed out, however, the implications of the proposal, both on the rates of salary and on pensions, and the complications which would arise in the case of officers of a joint service, and stated that it appeared unlikely on present information that neighbouring territories would be prepared to accept such a proposal. Elected Members recognized that side by side with any proposal for the consolidation of salaries a general salary revision would be required and expressed the view that the Government should appoint a Committee to examine both the question of salary scales, the cadre system and salary consolidation in connexion with the proposals made in paragraphs 60 to 65 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

25. Elected Members urged that any new appointments which were made should be made on the condition that they should be subject to whatever new terms of service might finally be decided upon.

26. The Committee considered that the proposal to divide the stations of the Colony into three classes—healthy, semi-healthy and unhealthy—instead of the present division into healthy and unhealthy stations, should be adopted. They therefore recommended careful examination of the classification of stations in the Colony with a view to their division into three, instead of two, classes.

27. *Paragraphs 52-53.—Local Leave.*—The Committee wished to urge the necessity of all officers obtaining local leave regularly, and endorsed the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee that European officers should be entitled to eighteen days' local leave per annum. The Committee trusted that the Railway Administration and hotels would do all they could towards providing facilities at reduced costs for officers while on local leave.

28. *Paragraph 53.*—The Committee understood the Indian members of the Committee endorsed the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee that no modification was called for in the existing regulations concerning local leave for the Asian Service, and expressed agreement with that view.

29. *Paragraphs 68-76.—Pensions (Reference to paragraph 21 (c) above).*—Elected Members endorsed the minority recommendation to paragraph 73 of the Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report that the pensions constant for future entrants to the Service should be fixed at 1/720th of the pensionable emoluments for each completed month of service.

30. *Paragraph 77.—Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Scheme.*—The Committee subscribed to the views expressed in paragraph 77 of the Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report, and recommended that contributions towards the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Scheme should be paid into a Fund, from which future claims could be paid instead of being paid into general revenue. Their intention was that this Fund should be in the nature of a collateral support of the Scheme and not that the Scheme should be replaced by a Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Fund.

31. *Paragraphs 78-81.—Local Civil Service.*—The Committee was informed that the principle of a Local Service had been accepted, but the inauguration of that Service had been delayed pending the investigations which were being conducted into a suitable form of contributory pensions scheme.

32. In this connexion, copies of an Interim Report of the Civil Service Board were circulated to members.

The Elected Members protested against the delay which had occurred in bringing the Local Service into being, and some of them took exception to the fact that although the Civil Service Board had not yet been appointed in its final form with final terms of reference, the recommendations of the Fitzgerald and Merrick Committees had been referred to an *ad hoc* Civil Service Board under the chairmanship of Mr. Fitzgerald, appointed with certain defined terms of reference. They considered it unfortunate that if it was considered by Government that the Report of the Merrick Committee required modification in any respect it was not referred back to the Merrick Committee rather than to a different body, to which none of the Unofficial Members serving on the previous two Committees were appointed.

33. The result of this procedure was :—

- (a) the recommendations of the two previous Committees have been very materially altered by the third Committee, *vide* paragraphs 10 and 17, in spite of the prolonged and detailed consideration given to this subject by the previous two Committees; and
- (b) a difficulty has been "discovered" by the third Committee which was realized and provided against by a previous Committee. It was obviously impossible to establish any satisfactory contributory pensions scheme under a period of from two to three years. To provide against this, the Merrick Committee recommended the introduction of a Benevolent Fund on the lines of the Fund established by the Kenya and Uganda Railways and Harbours Administration, which Fund could be immediately established, could later be absorbed into a "contributory pensions" scheme, and should prove of substantial benefit to the servants of Government.

34. The result of this procedure was that for no material reason the Civil Service Board was not yet appointed and the establishment of the Local Civil Service was as much in the air as it was eighteen months ago.

35. The Chairman explained that there had not been the slightest intention on the part of Government to show any discourtesy to Unofficial Members who had served on the Fitzgerald and Merrick Committees who, it was appreciated, had given freely much time and trouble to the examination of this problem. The decision to appoint an *ad hoc* Board, whose Interim Report had been presented, was arrived at in the definite hope that such action would tend to accelerate a decision on the question. He did not consider it true to say that the establishment of the Local Civil Service was as much in the air as it was eighteen months ago. On the contrary, the Government had approved in principle the scales of salary proposed for the Local European Civil Service on the assumption that its members would be required to contribute an aggregate of 10 per cent of their salaries to a contributory pensions scheme or a provident fund, as the case might be, and as soon as the recommendations of the *ad hoc* Civil Service Board under the latter head had been received the matter could be finally dealt with.

36. The Chairman undertook that the matter would be dealt with and finality reached at the earliest possible date.

37. *Paragraphs 82-86.—Acting Allowances.*—Elected Members noted with regret that the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee for complete abolition of acting allowances, except in certain specified instances, had not been accepted *in toto*.

38. *Paragraphs 87-92.—Special and Duty Allowances.*—The Committee understood that Government had accepted generally the principle underlying the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, subject to the proviso that certain allowances will have to continue to be paid to the present recipients, to whom they are personal.

39. *Paragraph 93.—Language Examination Fees and Bonuses.*—The Committee understood that Government had accepted the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, except where they involved additional expenditure, viz: The recommendation in sub-paragraph 5 involving the payment to vernacular examiners of Sh. 30 per candidate as against the existing fee of Sh. 20.

40. *Paragraphs 94-100.—Travelling and Mileage Allowances, etc.*—The Committee endorsed the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee concerning travelling and mileage allowances and the granting of interest-free advances to officers to purchase motor vehicles when it was in the interest of Government for the officer concerned to possess a car. The Committee was informed that these recommendations had been accepted.

41. It was appreciated that the recommendation for the re-introduction of modified travelling allowances would involve increases in departmental estimates on this account. The extent of such increases, so far as it is at present known, is indicated in the schedule to this report.

42. *Paragraphs 101-105.—Medical Attendance.*—Elected Members were unanimous that free medical attendance to the wives and families of officials should be withdrawn as recommended by the "Fitzgerald" Committee, but opinion was divided as to whether medical facilities should be afforded by Government medical officers to the wives and families of officials at reduced cost.

43. *Paragraph 106.*—The Unofficial Members favoured the extension of office hours recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

44. *Paragraphs 107-110.—Office Organization; Central Offices; Committees, etc.*—The Committee was informed that time had been insufficient to enable decisions to be reached by Government in regard to these matters.

PROVINCIAL REORGANIZATION.

(Chapter V of Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report.)

45. The Committee was informed that Government was in general agreement with the proposed reorganization of Provinces, subject to consideration in detail of some of the recommendations. It was not possible to reflect the financial effect of reorganization in the Estimates for 1933.

AMALGAMATION OF DEPARTMENTS.

46. *Paragraph 139.—Secretariat, Chief Native Commissioner's Office, and Office of Local Government, Lands and Settlement.*—The Committee understood that Government favoured some form of reorganization, but time had been insufficient to enable a full examination of the very complex questions involved to be made.

47. *Legal and Registrar General's Departments.*—Elected Members considered that if the Registrar General was to remain a separate entity his department should be in offices attached to the Court. If, however, it was proposed to abolish the post of Registrar General and arrange for the work to be done by the Attorney General's Department, then of course amalgamation of the two departments would involve their being housed in one—the Legal Department's—office.

ABOLITION OF DEPARTMENTS.

48. *Paragraphs 143-146.*—The Committee endorsed the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee in regard to the statistical departments, with the exception of the Native Registration Department and the Finger Print Bureau. The Committee's detailed recommendations are set out under the appropriate departmental heads in this report.

DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

49. The Committee next considered the various departmental heads of Estimates in the light of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee. Generally speaking, Elected Members supported the various recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee unless very strong and cogent reasons could be adduced for varying those recommendations. If, however, the reductions in departmental expenditure recommended by the Committee could be achieved to the greater satisfaction of the Heads of the Departments concerned by means other than those recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee, Elected Members were not inclined to object to the adoption of such alternative means of effecting the necessary reductions. They appreciated that it was not in every Department possible to reduce expenditure in 1933 to the figure recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee, but regarded it as imperative, however, that departmental estimates should be reduced in 1934 to within the departmental allocations recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee. The Committee was informed that in this connexion a motion would be moved in the Legislative Council.

50. European Elected Members regretted that they had no alternative but to urge upon Government the acceptance of the Minority Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee to the effect that an increased levy upon the salaries of Government servants is essential for the year 1934. With regard to such levy, however, European Elected Members (with the exception of Mr. Wright and Captain Cotter) considered a flat rate of levy would bear unduly harshly on the lower-paid ranks of the Service. They therefore recommended a tapering levy, with a maximum of 4 per cent.

51. Having consistently opposed levies on salaries, Mr. O'Shea preferred that the readjustment of remuneration to the reduced cost of living should be by way of revised salary scales and terms of service. Mr. Bemister was of the same opinion.

HEAD I—HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

52. The Committee noted that the 1933 Estimates reflected all the recommendations contained in paragraph 157 of the Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report.

53. Elected Members supported the recommendation for the reduction in the Duty Allowance of the Governor contained in paragraphs 158-160 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, with the proviso that this recommendation should be confined to future holders of the post.

HEAD II—ADMINISTRATION.

GENERAL STAFF.

54. The Committee appreciated that the reductions recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee could not be reflected in the Estimates for 1933.

NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT; LOCAL GOVERNMENT, LANDS AND SETTLEMENT.

55. The Committee noted that it had not yet been possible to give adequate consideration to the proposals for reorganization of the Secretariat and the Chief Native Commissioner's Office contained in the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

LABOUR SECTION.

56. The Committee recommended modification of the Estimates for 1933 of the Labour Section to the extent shown in the Schedule to this report.

PROVINCIAL ESTIMATES AND KABETE REFORMATORY.

57. The Committee recommended the adjustment of Provincial Estimates in the manner indicated in the Schedule to this report.

HEAD III—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Paragraphs 189-190 of the Expenditure Advisory Committee's Report.

58. A memorandum by Mr. Holm was circulated to the Committee.

59. The Committee was informed that the following posts referred to in the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee had been abolished :—

3 Clerks.

1 Laboratory Assistant.

NATIVE SERVICES.

60. The Committee reviewed the Estimates of expenditure on direct native services contained under Head I of Appendix P.

61. It was understood that, under item 1, provision had been made to fill two vacant posts of agricultural officers for nine months, whilst under items 2 and 3 provision was made for posts which were at present unfilled.

62. The Acting Director of Agriculture explained that two agricultural officers from overseas and two assistant agricultural officers to be engaged locally were urgently required in order to press forward the work of increasing the quality and quantity of the produce of Native Reserves. It was also proposed to engage an Indian agricultural assistant to develop the rice industry on the Tana River. The Director urged the desirability of having on the staff of the Agricultural Department officers who had been specially selected and highly trained scientifically, and stressed the fact that the policy of employing such officers had been thoroughly vindicated by the practical results which had already accrued.

63. After a general discussion on the policy of the Department in connexion with the economic development of Native Reserves, the Committee recommended that provision for the five posts, amounting to £1,644, should stand

under the main Agricultural Department Estimates Head, but that the posts should not be filled. It was recommended further that a note should be made in the Estimates to the effect that this sum was available for the purposes specified, and that the question of the desirability of filling the posts should be determined by the Betterment Fund Committee if and when that body met.

64. The Committee had no objection to the immediate appointment of the Indian Agricultural Assistant if Government were satisfied that this appointment would result in an immediate increase in production.

VETERINARY SERVICES.

65. The Acting Deputy Director of Animal Industry assured the Committee that if the number of Veterinary Officers were decreased it would be difficult or impossible to enforce the disease control regulations and in his opinion consequent danger to the stock industry would be grave. Some Elected Members disagreed with this view on the grounds that with the facilities provided by the Veterinary Research Department stockowners were now in a position to protect their own stock from disease.

66. After discussion of the Betterment policy in Native Reserves, the Committee recorded its view that the efforts of the Veterinary Department, which cost considerable sums of money annually, were largely frustrated owing to the fact that it had hitherto been impossible to solve the problem of overstocking the Native Reserves, and urged the Government to press on examination of the possibility of instituting a factory or factories for the utilization of surplus stock.

67. The Committee recommended that the remaining posts, viz :—

Office Superintendent,
Agricultural Economist,
Animal Husbandry Officer,

should also be abolished and the reorganization indicated in paragraph 193 effected, unless the Acting Director of Agriculture was able to frame Estimates for 1934 within the figure recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee (£128,587) by means more acceptable to him than those recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

68. *Paragraph 191.—Part-time Veterinary Officers.*—Elected Members recommended acceptance of the principle of the employment of part-time Veterinary Officers, and the gradual replacement of Government Veterinary Officers by such part-time officers.

69. *Paragraph 192.—Agricultural Journal.*—The Committee recommended that the proposed publication of an Agricultural Journal should be postponed till the financial position improved.

HEAD IIIa—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

70. The Committee recommended the reduction of Item 2, Locust Campaign, by £3,000 to £2,000, and the inclusion of Item 3, Expenses of Rabies Campaign, £1,150.

HEAD IV—AUDIT DEPARTMENT.

71. A memorandum by the Auditor was circulated to the Committee. It was noted that certain of the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee would require reference to the Director of Colonial Audit. In the meantime, the Estimates were passed on the understanding that the total expenditure for the year would not exceed the figure of £19,347 recommended in paragraph 205 of the Report.

72. The Treasurer agreed that the present system of Audit check was unduly meticulous.

73. Elected Members considered that reference of the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee to the Director of Colonial Audit was not likely to result in economies being effected.

HEAD V—COAST AGENCY.

74. Elected Members recommended acceptance of the recommendations contained in paragraphs 207-212 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

HEAD VI—CONFERENCE OF EAST AFRICAN GOVERNORS.

75. The Committee wished to make no recommendation under this head.

HEAD VII—CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

76. The Committee recommended the adjustments of various items of the Customs Department Provisional Estimates indicated in the Schedule to this report, which bring the Estimates of the Department within the figure recommended in paragraph 216 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

77. *Paragraphs 217-219 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.*—The Commissioner of Customs produced figures which showed that the costs of collection in Kenya compared favourably with the costs of collection in other colonies, and he contended that the statement in paragraph 217 of the Report that costs of collection in Kenya were unduly high was not borne out by the facts.

78. Elected Members recommended that the views of the Government of Uganda should be invited as to the desirability of holding a joint inquiry, with the object of further reducing expenditure in the Customs Department, recommended in paragraph 220 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

HEAD VIII—EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

79. *Paragraphs 230-231.*—The Committee understood that the transfer of the Education stores to the Public Works Department had not yet taken place.

80. *Paragraphs 232-233.*—Although no teachers had as yet been actually transferred to the "Merrick" and "Biss" scales of salary, any new appointments which were made were made on the assumption that the officers appointed would be transferred to the new scales when they became finally fixed.

EUROPEAN EDUCATION.

81. Attention was drawn to the recommendation of the Select Committee on the Estimates for 1932 (p. 15) that primary European education should be made compulsory as soon as such a course became practicable. The Committee agreed that the present financial position of the Colony precluded the introduction at the present time of compulsory and free primary education, but recommended that this objective should be kept in view.

82. *Item 32.*—The Committee recommended that this item should be increased from £130 to £260, and Item 49 from £360 to £520, to provide greater educational facilities in Laikipia, on condition that the increase could be made within the figure recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee for expenditure on the Education Department. The Committee was informed that a saving of £290 could be made under Item 21 and devoted to this purpose.

83. *Paragraph 243.—Goan Education.*—The Committee recommended that the Grant-in-Aid, Goan Education (Item 61), should stand at £500, and that the Government should carefully examine the desirability of payment of Education Cess by the Goan community. Elected Members were definitely in favour of such a course.

ARAB AND AFRICAN EDUCATION.

84. The Committee understood that in assessing the cost in 1931 of Arab and African education in schools which were attended by both Arabs and Africans, the entire cost of some such schools was debited to Arab education costs and the entire cost of others to African education costs. By this means a reasonably accurate division had been arrived at.

85. *Paragraph 246.*—Elected Members recommended : (i) that continuous endeavour should be made to provide for expansion of the educational service by progressively decreasing the tuition cost per pupil as had been done in the past, and (ii) that the total cost of the department should not exceed the figure of £179,078 recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

NATIVE INDUSTRIAL TRAINING DEPOT.

86. The Committee understood that the annual cost of this service amounted to some £12,000, and noted that expenditure over and above this sum was incurred by other departments in the industrial training of natives. After a general discussion, the Committee recommended that Government should take immediate steps to set up a central employment bureau for trained native artisans, the aims, objects and address of the organization being suitably advertised in the Press. The Committee felt that this could be effected without additional cost to Government, possibly through some form of co-operation between the Native Registration Department and the Native Industrial Training Depot. Finally, if it was found that a small amount of working capital was required, that this expenditure would be fully justified.

COMMERCIAL TRAINING.

87. The Director informed the Committee that it was possible for natives to obtain an elementary commercial training from the Jeanes School, and a more advanced commercial training in the Alliance High School. He admitted that whilst a very meagre service of advice to native traders on commercial subjects is available to residents in the Kikuyu Reserve, and to a lesser extent in the Ukamba Reserve, no such service could at present be accorded to the Kavirondo Reserves.

HEAD IX—FOREST DEPARTMENT.

88. The Conservator of Forests explained to the Committee that the present time was particularly auspicious for the development of the export trade in forest produce. In order to ensure that that trade was properly fostered it was necessary that the staff of the Department should be adequate to carry out a thorough plan for the enumeration of the Colony's forests.

89. Elected Members were unable to accept the view of the Conservator without further investigation.

90. The Committee were also informed as to the possibility of giving an officer of the Department special training as a Forest Utilization Officer and that in certain eventualities the cost of training such an officer might possibly be made available from the Colonial Development Fund.

91. After discussion, the Elected Members urged that the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee (*paragraph 248*) for limiting the annual expenditure of the Department to £32,020 should be accepted. It was appreciated, however, that it would not be possible to reduce expenditure to the full extent recommended in the current year.

HEAD X—GAME DEPARTMENT.

92. *Paragraph 249.*—The Game Warden expressed his opinion that it was an integral part of the duties of his Department to assist in combating the depredations of game and vermin whenever they might occur. Shortage of staff was a real handicap in this regard.

93. *Paragraph 250.*—The Committee was informed that evasions of the payment of Fishing Licences occurred particularly in regard to trout streams traversing private land, and recommended steps being taken to remedy this defect.

94. Elected Members recommended that the question of charging the cost of the one Vermin Control Officer who remained in the Department to the Native Betterment Fund should be referred to the Committee which had been appointed to consider means for giving practical effect to the principles underlying the recommendations of Lord Moyne.

95. It was considered that it might be preferable not to fill one post of Assistant Game Warden which might become vacant in the near future rather than to dispense with the services of the one remaining Vermin Control Officer.

HEAD XA—INCOME TAX ADMINISTRATION.

96. The attention of Elected Members was drawn to the fact that provision was made in the Schedule attached to the Report for additional expenditure in connexion with the introduction of income tax. In view of their objection in principle to the introduction of income tax, Elected Members did not wish to discuss this Head of Estimates.

HEAD XI—INTEREST.

HEAD XII—JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

97. The Committee understood that the reductions indicated in the Schedule to this Report could be made in the 1933 Estimates of this Department, and recommended accordingly.

HEAD XIII—LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

98. *Vide* paragraph 47.

HEAD XIV—LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS.

99. *Item 1—Contribution in lieu of rates—Nairobi.* Paragraph 264.—The Committee understood that it was possible to reduce this item by £1,582 in the current year and recommended accordingly.

100. *Items 2, 10 and 19—Contributions in respect of main roads.*—The Committee was informed that it was anticipated that the reductions advocated by the Expenditure Advisory Committee could be effected in the Estimates for 1933.

101. *Item 18—Basic Road Grants.*—The Committee understood that progress was being made with proposals for revising the basis of the amounts of Basic Road Grants, and that all Councils which had replied to the circular letter which had been issued had acquiesced in the reduction recommended in paragraph 277 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee for the year 1933.

102. *Items 6 and 14—Contributions in respect of Municipal Staff, Nairobi and Mombasa.*—The Committee understood that the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee would involve amendment of the Ordinance, and that it was under consideration by Government for the purpose of the 1934 Estimates.

MAIN ROADS IN DISTRICT COUNCIL AREAS.

103. *Paragraph 281—Nakuru Area.*—The Committee was informed that the time available had been insufficient to enable Government adequately to consider the recommendation set out in this paragraph of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee.

104. Elected Members urged that the experiment of handing over all roads in the area of the Nakuru District Council to that body for maintenance should be tried in 1933.

105. *Paragraph 283—Kisumu—Londiani Area.*—Opinion was divided as to the desirability of holding the investigation recommended in paragraph 283 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee into the possible economies to be secured from returning the district road system in the Kisumu—Londiani area to the Public Works Department.

HEAD XV—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

106. The Committee was informed that Government favoured the principle underlying the recommendations in paragraph 286 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, with the exception of the recommendation in sub-paragraph (e) for the retrenchment of one post of Sanitary Inspector. Mining development had rendered it desirable to defer the abolition of this post which might be urgently required in connexion with the developing mining areas.

107. With regard to the recommendations as to reorganization in paragraph 286 (a), the Committee understood that this proposal would require to be referred to the Secretary of State. With these two exceptions, all the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee either had been or were being put into effect.

108. The Acting Director of Medical and Sanitary Services informed the Committee that he was sending up an officer who would investigate how best to reorganize the work of his department in the Trans Nzoia in accordance with the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee and that this officer would also look into the question of Government taking over the Kitale Native Hospital.

109. *Paragraph 288.*—The Committee understood that the Secretary of State has already been addressed on the subject of a general revision of salary scales (*vide* paragraph 21). The Acting Director of Medical and Sanitary Services expressed the opinion that the initial salary of medical officers was unduly high at the present time.

110. *Paragraph 289.*—The Committee was informed that the Secretary of State has agreed to the discontinuance of payment to Government officers of post-mortem and expert witnesses fees.

DIRECT NATIVE SERVICES.

111. The Committee examined the estimated expenditure on direct native services included under Head III in Appendix P of the Estimates as passed provisionally. It was understood that the fact that provision for the salary of an officer was included as a charge against expenditure on direct native services did not mean necessarily that that officer would be debarred from performing duties other than direct native services. The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services assured the Committee that there would be a considerable saving on the estimated expenditure on direct native services but that it was impossible at the present time accurately to estimate that saving.

112. The Committee wished to record that it was apparent that the Medical Department were making every endeavour to secure all possible economies.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

113. The Committee recommended the payment of a grant of £50 to the Nyando Nursing Association provided savings to that extent could be effected under the Medical Head of Estimates.

HEAD XVI—MILITARY.

114. The Officer Commanding Northern Brigade informed the Committee that the estimated expenditure on the Northern Brigade made no provision for recruits in addition to the authorized establishment of the Brigade. That establishment was in his opinion cut down to such a point that it was insufficient to include the necessary number of recruits in training. In the near future it would be necessary to make additional provision on this account.

115. Again, the estimated net expenditure on the Northern Brigade took account of estimated charges against Civil Departments on account of work performed by the Supply and Transport Corps amounting to £6,000. The Officer Commanding Northern Brigade expressed the opinion that provided this sum was realized, and with the exception of the provision required for recruits, the expenditure on the Northern Brigade, unless unforeseen circumstances supervened, would not exceed the figure of £135,000 per annum quoted in paragraph 297 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee. Further reduction in expenditure on the Military would in Colonel Wilkinson's view be imprudent.

116. The Officer Commanding Northern Brigade explained that the present military organization was on a peace time basis. It was designed to be capable of rapid expansion in the event of an emergency. It was necessary to have a steady flow of officers from England in order that the King's African

Rifles training might constantly reflect the latest development in military science. For that reason it would not be possible in practice to go far in the direction of recruiting the officers for the King's African Rifles locally.

117. The proposed policy in regard to the position of the Defence Force in the Scheme of Defence of the Colony was that the members of that force should be trained so as to be able to provide the officers and non-commissioned officers necessary for a rapid expansion of the King's African Rifles in the event of serious trouble. For the scheme to be made fully operative it would be necessary to provide :—

- £300 for the training of officers,
- £200 for the training of non-commissioned officers,
- £2,500 for the training of men.

118. The Committee understood that proposals were under consideration for a reduction in the cost of the staff of the Defence Force by £1,700 approximately, and that these savings were to be used to augment the grant for training which stood at £900 in 1933.

119. After further discussion Elected Members expressed the opinions (1) that the various military and semi-military forces in the Colony were insufficiently co-ordinated; (2) that the burden of Kenya's contribution to the Scheme of Imperial Defence was more than the Colony could bear, and (3) that the amount allocated to the Defence Force, which was the main safeguard of internal security, needed to be increased. Elected Members recommended that during 1933 the sum of £400 should be saved on the Estimates for the Northern Brigade, and expended on training in the Defence Force.

MOVEMENT OF MILITARY FROM MERU TO NANYUKI.

120. The Officer Commanding Northern Brigade informed the Committee that from the military point of view the advantages of having troops stationed in Meru equalled the advantages which would accrue from movement to Nanyuki. Estimates which had been drawn up, however, showed that the capital cost of moving the headquarters from Meru to Nanyuki was such that the interest on that capital would more than counterbalance the savings which would be effected as a result of the move.

121. The Chairman undertook that Government would explore the subject further before the 1934 Estimates were framed.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

122. The Officer Commanding Northern Brigade explained that it was not possible to reduce the number of lorries in the Supply and Transport Corps, nor the personnel of the corps, because it was imperative for military purposes that there should be a fully organized and efficient unit at least as large as the present corps, ready for immediate use in the event of mobilization.

KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES BAND.

123. The Committee was informed that although this was not a joint service, in fact the bandsmen were trained soldiers able to take their place as such in the event of the necessity arising. In addition, they performed the duties of medical orderlies.

HEAD XVI_a—MILITARY EXTRAORDINARY.

124. It was explained to the Committee that expenditure of £1,025 was necessary on roads and on the Kanyangarang Bridge in Turkana. In 1931, a contribution of £5,500 had been received from the Sudan Government towards the cost of roads in Turkana. That sum, of which there remained an unexpended balance of £1,024 at the end of 1932, had been credited to general revenue. Therefore the present expenditure was in the nature of a re-vote of moneys which had been supplied for a specific purpose,

HEAD XVIIb—MINING AND GEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

125. The revised Estimates submitted by the Acting Commissioner of Mines were discussed by the Committee, who recommended their adoption. The consequential modification of the Estimates of this Department are shown in the Schedule to this report.

126. The Acting Commissioner explained that it was proposed to place the Geologist, whose duties would be more extensive than was contemplated at the time of his engagement, at the £840 point in the scale £620 by £30 to £840 by £40 to £920.

127. *Item Local Transport and Travelling.*—£1,700 was required under this item owing to the necessity for extensive travelling by the Commissioner, by Wardens of Mines and by Inspectors of Mines. By this means the requirements in personnel were reduced to the minimum. Owing to the extremely rough nature of much of the country traversed it was proposed that Inspectors of Mines should draw mileage allowance at the rate of Cts. 55 per mile. This proposal was recommended by the Committee for consideration as a special case.

128. *Item Travelling Allowances.*—The Committee endorsed the proposal, made in the interests of economy, to pay commuted travelling allowances at the rate of £24 per annum to the Inspectors of Mines.

129. It was noted that the estimate of increased mining revenue more than compensated the estimated increase in expenditure in this department.

HEAD XVII—MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.

130. The Committee was informed that the following reductions could be made under this Head :—

Item 5 reduction from £1,200 to £1,000.

Item 28 reduction from £1,800 to £1,600.

131. The Committee endorsed the recommendations regarding allowances to Unofficial Members of Committees contained in paragraph 304 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, and recommended that they should come into effect as from the 1st May, 1933.

HEAD XVIIa—MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES—EXTRAORDINARY.

132. *Item 3—Guarantee to Lady Northey Home.*—The Committee understood that this item (£250) could be deleted.

133. *Item 4—Kenya Land Commission.*—Elected Members entered a protest against Kenya funds being required to bear the cost of the Land Commission.

HEAD XVIII—PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

HEAD XIX—POLICE.

134. The Committee understood that all the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee on the Police Department had been accepted and were already reflected in the Estimates.

HEAD XX—POST OFFICE AND TELEGRAPHS.

135. The Committee were satisfied that the Estimates of the Combined Department could not be further reduced at the present stage.

HEAD XXI—PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

136. The Committee recommended reduction of various items under this Head by the amounts shown in the Schedule.

RAILWAY PRINTING.

137. The Committee recommended that the question should be examined of the Railway Administration being requested to guarantee some minimum annual payment for printing work done by the Government Press.

REPORTS AND PRINTING REQUIREMENTS.

138. The Committee was informed that steps have been taken to reduce the amount of printing required to be done to the minimum.

HEAD XXII—PRISONS.

139. The Committee understood that the reductions recommended in paragraphs 330-331 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee had been accepted and the estimates of the Prisons Department for 1933 would be reduced below the figure of £46,198 recommended by the Committee.

140. The Committee, on the representation of the Acting Commissioner that it was equitable that the Staff Officer, who was in effect doing the work of an Assistant Commissioner, should receive an allowance on that account, recommended an allowance at the rate of £60 per annum on condition that the total expenditure figure recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee was not exceeded.

RATIONS.

141. The Committee was informed that a proposal is under consideration for reducing the scale of prison rations. If approved, a saving of £300 per annum should result.

HEAD XXIII—PUBLIC DEBT FUNDED.

HEAD XXIV—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

142. The Committee agreed that the combination of the posts of Director and Superintending Engineer recommended by the Expenditure Advisory Committee was a matter which should be examined when one of the two posts fell vacant.

CENTRAL WORKSHOPS AND TIMBER SEASONING BRANCH.

143. The Committee observed that the Expenditure Advisory Committee had recommended that these branches of the Public Works Department should be closed down when work in connexion with the new Law Courts is completed.

144. It was understood that circumstances had arisen which might necessitate reconsideration of the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, but Elected Members were insistent that these recommendations should be carried out, as they had been pressing for five years for the closing down of the Central Workshops.

HEAD XXV—PUBLIC WORKS RECURRENT.

145. *Item 1—Maintenance and Minor Improvement of Roads and Bridges.*—The Director was apprehensive of the result of subjecting expenditure on roads and bridges to a further cut. Considerable reduction had been effected in recent years and there was a real danger of loss of much money which had been spent on the road system of the Colony and of certain temporary bridges falling into so serious a state of disrepair as to be dangerous.

146. *Item 2—Maintenance and Improvement of Public Buildings.*—The Director informed the Committee that as a last resort he would prefer reducing this item by £1,500 to further reducing provision for road expenditure.

147. The Committee approved this course and recommended a reduction of item 2 from £16,000 to £14,500 on the understanding that the £1,500 might have to be reinstated later in the year should economic maintenance at the reduced figure prove impossible.

148. *Item 3—Rent of Offices and Houses and House Allowance in Lieu of Quarters.*—The Committee recommended a reduction of this item from £45,200 to £42,700. This reduction in expenditure was to some extent contingent on savings accruing from the inauguration of the Local Civil Service.

149. *Item 4—Furniture, Upkeep and Repair of, for Government Bungalows and Offices.*—The Director of Public Works represented that provision of £500 would be inadequate to allow of even essential repairs and replacements of furniture to be carried out. Elected Members, while accepting the Director of Public Works' statement, endorsed the recommendation in paragraph 355 of the Report of the Expenditure Advisory Committee for the reduction of provision under this item to £500 in order to draw attention to the desirability of an early revision by Government of the existing furniture regulations.

WATER BORING PLANT.

150. The Committee recommended re-examination of the possibility of hiring to private users the water boring units now lying idle at a smaller cost than Sh. 35 per diem, which was the present charge.

NATIVE SERVICES.

149. The Director of Public Works explained the method which had been adopted in estimating for Lord Moyne the expenditure on direct native services in 1931. Owing to the fact that certain works (e.g. water boring) which were being carried out in 1931 had been discontinued, a margin existed between the estimated expenditure on specific direct native services in 1933 and the total allocation to the Public Works Department for expenditure on direct native services. The sum involved, amounting to £6,728, was shown under item 3, Head IV of Appendix P.

152. The Committee recommended that all Public Works Recurrent expenditure should be shown under the main head of Estimates and that the sum of £6,728 should be devoted to the reduction of the estimated deficit on the year's working, subject to the inclusion of a note to the effect that that amount would be available for payment into the Native Betterment Fund should that fund be created.

153. Elected Members considered that the principle underlying their view expressed in paragraph 5 should apply to this sum of £6,728.

STORES.

154. The Committee endorsed the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee (paragraphs 359-361) but appreciated that it was not possible to put them into effect immediately.

155. The Director of Public Works stated that he favoured these recommendations, but any increase in the work of the Stores Section of the Public Works Department would necessitate an increase in staff.

HEAD XXVI—REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

156. The Committee agreed that the proposal to combine the Departments of the Attorney General and Registrar General was one which required careful consideration (*vide* paragraph 47).

HEAD XXVII—RENT AND INTEREST TO HIS HIGHNESS THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR.

HEAD XXVIII—SECRETARIAT AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

157. The Chairman informed the Committee that, whereas he favoured a measure of reorganization in the Secretariat, the time available had not been sufficient to permit of the necessarily extensive consideration of the recommendations made by the Expenditure Advisory Committee for the reorganization of the Secretariat (including the Local Government, Lands and Settlement Section) and the Chief Native Commissioner's Office.

HEAD XXIX—STATISTICAL DEPARTMENTS.

158. The Committee endorsed the recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee for the abolition of the Statistical Section.

NATIVE REGISTRATION SECTION.

FINGER PRINT BUREAU.

159. The Committee, after hearing the Chief Native Commissioner, and in view of the dissent of Lord Francis Scott from the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee recorded in paragraphs 417-420 of the Report, decided to recommend that Government should in the first instance explore the possibility of providing, in the Estimates for 1934, some re-organization of the Native Registration and Finger Print Offices which would result in considerably less cost than the present organization and yet would preserve the *kipandi* system.

REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC SERVANTS.

160. Elected Members recommended that this service should only be continued or extended on the condition that it is made self-supporting.

HEAD XXX—SURVEY AND REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

161. The Committee understood that the recommendations of the Expenditure Advisory Committee, which were communicated to Government in the form of an interim memorandum, had been accepted and reflected in the Provisional Estimates for 1933. The recommendation of the Expenditure Advisory Committee for the absorption of the Survey and Registration Department in a Department of Settlement, Lands and Mines was bound up in the recommendation for reorganization of the Secretariat. This question, as had already been explained to the Committee, had not yet been fully considered.

HEAD XXXI—TRADE AND INFORMATION OFFICE.

HEAD XXXII—TREASURY.

162. The Treasurer informed the Committee that he hoped it might be possible to secure additional economies under this Head when the reductions in expenditure which have already been made had been assimilated.

CENTRAL REVENUE REGISTRY.

163. The Committee supported the recommendation for the creation of a Central Revenue Registry for the purpose of tightening up the system of collection of revenue.

HEAD XXXIII—PUBLIC WORKS EXTRAORDINARY.

164. *Item 6.—Roads, Kakamega.*—The Committee recommended that Government should keep in view the probability that additional expenditure on roads in mining areas would have to be met during the course of the current year.

165. *Item 7.—Furniture for New Buildings.*—The Committee understood that a reduction of £780 in the provision under this item could be made.

HEAD XXXIV—COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.

166. *Item 1.—Veterinary Scholarship Scheme.*—The Committee approved the proposal to reduce expenditure under this item to £750, of which sum £250 would be recovered from the Colonial Development Fund and £500 would be a charge against the Colony's revenue.

167. The Committee agreed to the inclusion under this Head of Estimates of two items—

Item 3.—Experiments in Locust Control, £3,250;

Item 4.—Tsetse Fly Control, £670,

on the understanding that these sums would be obtained by way of free grants from the Colonial Development Fund.

168. *Item 5.—Extension of Nairobi Aerodrome.*—The Committee agreed to the inclusion of £2,000 under this item. This sum was to be obtained from the Colonial Development Fund under the following conditions :—

Free grant, £1,000 ;

Loan at 4 per cent for ten years, £1,000, to be repaid by ten equated annuities from 1934 onwards of £123-5-98 per annum.

HEAD XXXV—NATIVE BETTERMENT FUND.

169. The recommendations of the Committee in connexion with this Head of Estimates are recorded in paragraphs 2-4 of this report.

170. The adjustments of the Provisional Estimates for 1933 as passed by the Legislative Council on the 19th December, 1932, which result from economies effected by Heads of Departments, and from the recommendations of this Committee (all of which are detailed in the Schedule to this Report) may be summarized as follows :—

Decrease in Revenue Estimates	£7,465
Decrease in Expenditure Estimates	£45,537
Net reduction of Estimated Deficit	£38,072
Estimated Deficit 1933 as at 19-12-32	£214,167
Estimated reduction in Deficit 1933	£38,072
Estimated Deficit 1933 as at 8-5-33	£176,095

171. It must be borne in mind, however, that this reduction in the estimated deficit results, to the extent of £18,484 from the deletion of Head XXXV of the Provisional Estimates (Native Betterment Fund). If the Native Betterment Fund is eventually established on the lines recommended by Lord Moyne this estimated net sum would fall to be credited to the fund in respect of the year 1933.

172. The surplus balance position may be summarized as follows :—

(a) Excess of assets over liabilities on 31-12-32 as estimated on 19-12-32— <i>vide</i> page 10 of the Provisional Estimates	£141,543
(b) Actual excess of assets over liabilities on 31-12-32	£252,034
(c) Revised estimated deficit on working of the year 1933	£176,095
(d) Estimated excess of assets over liabilities on 31-12-33	£75,939

173. It will be seen, therefore, that whereas on the 19th December, 1932, the estimated excess of liabilities over assets at the end of 1933 amounted to £72,624

the estimated excess of assets over liabilities at the end of 1933 amounts at present to £75,939

The improvement to the extent of £148,563 in the estimated surplus balance position at the end of the current year is due to the following causes :—

(a) Improvement in the outcome of the year 1932 (<i>vide</i> paragraph 8)	£110,491
(b) Decrease in the estimated deficit on the working of the year 1933 (<i>vide</i> paragraph 170)	£38,072
	£148,563

174. Elected Members wish to place on record their appreciation of the courtesy and consideration afforded them by the Colonial Secretary throughout the Select Committee's deliberations.

175. The Committee wish to record their thanks to the Secretary for the able way in which the report has been prepared.

H. M.-M. MOORE (*Chairman*),
H. H. RUSHTON,
A. DE V. WADE,
W. M. LOGAN,
H. E. SCHWARTZE,
CONWAY HARVEY,
C. G. DURHAM,
J. G. KIRKWOOD,
E. H. WRIGHT,
T. J. O'SHEA,
R. W. B. ROBERTSON-EUSTACE,
H. F. WARD,
F. A. BEMISTER,
J. L. COTTER,
R. DE V. SHAW,
G. BURNS,
HAKIM SINGH,
ABDUL WAHID.

H. E. BADER, *Secretary*.

8th May, 1933.

SCHEDULE

Amendments to the Provisional Estimates of Revenue
for 1933 Recommended by the Select Committee

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
		REVENUE.	£	£
II	..	LICENCES, DUTIES, TAXES, ETC.		
	11	Hut and Poll Tax (Native)	275,402	555,000
	31	Moneylenders' Licences .. .. .	..	600
		TOTAL LICENCES, DUTIES, TAXES, ETC. £	592,402	872,600
III	..	FEEs AND PAYMENTS FOR SPECIFIC SERVICES.		
	30	Overseas Examination Expenses	700	850
		TOTAL FEES AND PAYMENTS FOR SPECIFIC SERVICES £	114,795	114,945
V	..	EARNINGS OF GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.		
	2	Prison Industries	6,100	5,100
		TOTAL EARNINGS OF GOVT. DEPTS. £	59,200	58,200
VI	..	REVENUE FROM GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AND ROYALTIES.		
	3	Mining Revenue—		
		(a) Royalties	4,000	2,000
		(b) Fees	1,000	8,000
	10	Royalty on Salt .. .. .	..	500
		TOTAL REVENUE FROM GOVT. PROPERTY AND ROYALTIES £	67,670	73,170
XI	..	REIMBURSEMENTS.		
	2	Uganda Government Post Office and Telegraphs	35,448	36,118
	43	E. A. Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals .. .. .	..	125
	47	Native Betterment Fund on Account of Part-time Officers	20,185	—
	48	Ali bin Salim School, Malindi, Endowment Fund	..	900
	49	Staff Seconded to Imperial and International Communications, Ltd. .. .. .	..	10
		TOTAL REIMBURSEMENTS £	1,063,105	1,044,625
XIII	..	COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.		
	1	Veterinary Scholarship Scheme	405	250
	3	Experiments in Locust Control .. .. .	..	3,250
	4	Tsetse-fly Control .. .. .	..	670
	5	Extension of Nairobi Aerodrome .. .. .	..	2,000
		TOTAL COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.. £	1,905	7,670
XIV	..	NATIVE BETTERMENT FUND.		
	1	.. .. .	279,598	—
		TOTAL NATIVE BETTERMENT FUND .. £	279,598	—

SCHEDULE

Amendments to the Provisional Estimates of Expenditure for 1933
Recommended by the Select Committee

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Recommended by the Select Committee
I	..	H.E. THE GOVERNOR.	£	£
	18	Maintenance of Govt. House Grounds, Nairobi..	574	554
	19	Maintenance of Govt. House Grounds, Mombasa	72	92
		TOTAL H.E. THE GOVERNOR ..	£ 15,471	15,471
II	..	ADMINISTRATION.		
		GENERAL STAFF.		
	10	Entertainment Allowance, D.C., Mombasa ..	100	75
	16	Clerks	28,650	27,650
		NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT.		
	42	Telephones, Telegrams and Postal Charges ..	190	90
	47	Labour Camps	200	100
	50	Local Transport and Travelling	700	650
	51	Travelling Allowances	200	125
		NYANZA PROVINCE.		
	80	Conservancy Staff	2,293	2,056
	85	Travelling Allowances	582	300
	89	Conservancy	1,187	814
	93	Telegrams	80	—
	95	Postal Charges	30	—
		NZOIA PROVINCE.		
	100	Interpreters	260	250
	101	Office Boys and Messengers	110	100
	102	Station Hands	704	550
	103	Conservancy Staff	190	170
	104	Road Foremen	55	30
	105	Process Servers	47	40
	106	Rewards, Rations, etc.	50	25
	107	Local Transport and Travelling	900	630
	108	Travelling Allowances	100	70
	109	Contingencies	100	50
	111	Carts, Harness and Live Stock	75	50
	112	Conservancy	145	85
	113	Uniforms	29	15
	115	Telegrams	45	—
	117	Postal Charges	26	—
		TURKANA PROVINCE.		
	122	Interpreters	102	89
	128	Local Transport and Travelling	1,200	1,149
	129	Travelling Allowances	313	250
	131	Tools and Implements	55	40
	137	Telegrams	30	—
	138	Postal Charges	9	—

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		RIFT VALLEY PROVINCE.		
	141a	Relief Supdt. of I. Revenue and Conservancy ..	..	210
	147	Office Boys and Messengers	176	160
	148	Station Hands	510	410
	151	Process Servers	141	124
	153	Rewards, Rations, etc.	76	71
	156	Contingencies	60	55
	157	Tools and Implements	51	46
	158	Carts, Harness and Live Stock	96	91
	159	Conservancy	71	66
	160	Uniforms	39	36
	163	Telegrams	} 117	70
	164	Telephones		
	165	Postal Charges		
		MASAI PROVINCE.		
	169	Chiefs and Headmen	735	679
	171	Hut Counters	162	130
	178	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	90
	185	Telegrams	50	—
	187	Postal Charges	10	—
		KIKUYU PROVINCE.		
	189	Chiefs and Headmen	6,426	6,390
	191	Hut Counters	762	701
	192	Interpreters	629	608
	193	Office Boys and Messengers	290	269
	194	Station Hands	729	589
	195	Conservancy Staff	920	835
	197	Process Servers	167	129
	198	Transport Staff	300	240
	200	Local Transport and Travelling	2,616	2,549
	202	Contingencies	180	162
	203	Tools and Implements	92	65
	204	Carts, Harness and Live Stock	94	76
	205	Conservancy	212	198
	206	Uniforms	59	56
	209	Purchase of Forest Produce	17	13
	210	Telegrams	100	1
	212	Postal Charges	36	2
		UKAMBA PROVINCE.		
	213	African Clerks	180	90
	216	Hut Counters	206	196
	217	Interpreters	141	140
	218	Office Boys and Messengers	76	64
	219	Station Hands	441	336
	220	Conservancy Staff	312	292
	221	Road Foremen	66	56
	222	Transport Staff	77	72
	224	Local Transport and Travelling	1,073	799
	225	Travelling Allowances	50	170
	226	Contingencies	23	33
	227	Tools and Implements	13	23
	228	Carts, Harness and Live Stock	33	53
	229	Conservancy	84	44
	231	Specie Boxes	10	8
	232	Expenses of Tribal Police	140	123
	233	Telegrams	24	—
	234	Postal Charges	9	—

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		COAST PROVINCE.		
	236	Liwalis, Kathis, Mudirs	3,075	3,045
	237	African Clerks	1,108	1,020
	238	Followers and Clerks	376	336
	239	Tembo Supervisors	124	—
	243	Hut Counters	418	403
	245	Office Boys and Messengers	303	256
	246	Station Hands	820	779
	247	Conservancy Staff	649	604
	249	Engineer, Crew, Boat Boys, etc.	330	288
	252	Local Transport and Travelling	1,606	1,406
	253	Travelling Allowances	327	650
	254	Contingencies	114	110
	256	Conservancy and Water	261	236
	257	Uniforms	40	20
	258	Expenses of Tribal Police	164	136
	259	Telegrams	70	—
	260	Telephones	115	150
	261	Postal Charges	23	6
	262	Upkeep of Boats and Launches	463	457
		NORTHERN FRONTIER PROVINCE.		
	277	Travelling Allowances	25	320
	283	Telegrams	40	—
	284	Postal Charges	6	—
		KABETE REFORMATORY.		
	296	Clothing	300	269
		TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	£ 249,818	244,987
III	..	AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.		
	24	Telegrams	260	—
	39	Plant Inspectors	1,814	1,790
	43	Travelling Allowances	45	75
	46	Expenses of Plant Protection	50	250
	57	Senior Agricultural Chemist	840	885
	60	Laboratory Assistants	1,947	1,574
	62	Clerk	318	642
	62 ^a	Labour	600	550
	65	Insectaries, Upkeep and Labour	150	50
	73	Upkeep of Stations	250	200
	87	Passages	3,150	2,860
	90	Local Transport and Travelling	3,640	3,400
	92	Senior Veterinary Officers	1,917	2,016
	94	Stock Inspectors	5,055	5,148
	95	Assistant Stock Inspectors	780	540
	96	Veterinary Assistants	342	425
	102	Maintenance of Veterinary Quarantine Stations	700	690
	106	Purchase of Brands .. .. .	..	20
	114	Yard Foreman	92	237
	115	} Clerks	1,564	1,304
	116			
	116 ^a	African Clerk .. .. .	..	57

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		NATIVE SERVICES.		
		DIVISION OF PLANT INDUSTRY.		
		PERSONAL EMOLUMENTS.		
	137	14 Agricultural Officers (£480 by £20 to £600 by £30 to £720) .. .. .	..	6,930
	138	2 Assistant Agricultural Officers (£372 by £18 to £480 by £20 to £600) .. .. .	..	744
	139	1 Agricultural Assistant (Sh. 300 by Sh. 20 to Sh. 500 p.m.) .. .. .	..	180
	140	Native Agricultural Instructors .. .. .	..	2,200
	141	Labour .. .. .	..	600
		Total Personal Emoluments .. .. .	..	10,654
		OTHER CHARGES.		
	142	Upkeep of Agricultural Schools and Farms .. .. .	..	1,050
	143	Grants to Native Agricultural Shows .. .. .	..	100
	144	Expenses of Demonstration Plots .. .. .	..	275
	145	Seeds, etc., for Issue .. .. .	..	500
	146	Expenses of Instruction .. .. .	..	1,000
	147	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	105
	148	Local Transport and Travelling .. .. .	..	1,845
	149	Carriage of Goods .. .. .	..	200
		Total Other Charges .. .. .	..	5,075
		Total Division of Plant Industry .. .. .	..	15,729
		DIVISION OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.		
		PERSONAL EMOLUMENTS.		
	150	6 Veterinary Officers .. .. .	..	4,224
	151	8 Stock Inspectors .. .. .	..	2,920
	152	1 Veterinary Inspector .. .. .	..	420
	153	2 Veterinary Assistants .. .. .	..	560
	154	3 African Clerks .. .. .	..	216
	155	4 Instructors in Stock .. .. .	..	1,780
	156	Labour .. .. .	..	3,057
		Total Personal Emoluments .. .. .	..	13,177

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		OTHER CHARGES.		
	157	Medicines and Instruments .. .. .	..	280
	158	Maintenance of Veterinary Quarantine Stations .. .. .	..	600
	159	Maintenance of Dips .. .. .	..	132
	160	Incidentals .. .. .	..	132
	161	Purchase of Brands .. .. .	..	30
	162	Expenses of Instruction, etc. .. .. .	..	1,100
	163	Maintenance of Centres .. .. .	..	500
	164	Carriage of Goods .. .. .	..	395
	165	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	120
	166	Local Transport and Travelling .. .. .	..	2,860
		Total Other Charges .. .. .	..	6,149
		Total Division of Animal Industry .. .. .	..	19,326
		Total Native Services, Agricultural Department .. .. .	..	35,055
		TOTAL AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT .. £	101,871	136,125
IIIa	..	AGRICULTURAL DEPT. EXTRAORDINARY		
	2	Locust Campaign	5,000	2,000
	3	Rabies Campaign .. .. .	..	1,150
		TOTAL AGRI. DEPT. EXTRAORDINARY .. £	5,400	3,550
V	..	COAST AGENCY.		
	7a	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	10
	10	Telegrams	140	—
		TOTAL COAST AGENCY £	5,553	5,423
VII	..	CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.		
	3	Senior Collector of Customs	4,009	3,869
	13	Acting Allowances	32	—
	16	Clerks	23,759	23,259
	17	Junior Clerks	180	144
	19	Sergeant Majors	240	170
	21	1st Class Corporals	330	306
	22	2nd Class Corporals	211	191
	23	1st Class Lance-Corporals	298	260
	24	2nd Class Lance-Corporals	333	278
	35	Contingencies	350	345
	38	Passages	2,090	2,000
	44	Telegrams	45	10
		TOTAL CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT £	48,210	47,165

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
VIII	..	EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.		
	14	Passages	1,530	1,315
	15	Local Transport and Travelling	1,100	900
	17	Telephones and Telegrams	110	95
	19	Colony's Share of Cost of Advisory Committee to Colonial Office	280	278
	20	Expenses of Overseas Examinations	600	800
	21	Education Officers	27,061	26,771
	28	Passages	2,300	2,000
	32	Contributions to Schools	130	260
	37	Telephones and Telegrams	200	180
	41	Medical Attendance .. .. .	..	130
	49	Grants to Private Hostels and Pupils Boarding Privately	360	520
	51	Clerical Allowances	120	90
	52	Non-pensionable Allowances	47	17
	57	Passages	1,028	903
		AFRICAN EDUCATION. PERSONAL EMOLUMENTS.		
	91	Education Officers .. .. .	..	11,037
	92	18 Leading Artisans .. .. .	..	4,604
	93	2 European Clerks .. .. .	..	537
	94	1 Non-European Draughtsman .. .. .	..	216
	95	Native Teachers and Instructors .. .. .	..	5,598
	96	African Domestic Ground Staff and Motor Drivers Reliefs .. .. .	..	960
	97	.. .. .	..	1,869
	98	Apprentices in Training .. .. .	..	1,850
	99	Government Share (two-thirds) Jeanes School Teachers' Salaries .. .. .	..	1,950
		Total Personal Emoluments .. .. .	..	28,621
		OTHER CHARGES.		
	100	Maintenance and Purchase of Materials.. .. .	..	2,812
	101	Hut and Poll Tax .. .. .	..	325
	102	Grants-in-Aid to Schools .. .. .	..	29,000
	103	Grant to Alliance High School .. .. .	..	3,010
	104	Expenses of Committees .. .. .	..	75
	105	Local Transport and Travelling .. .. .	..	1,531
	106	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	33
	107	Boarding Expenses .. .. .	..	3,380
	108	Contingencies .. .. .	..	31
	109	Tools .. .. .	..	800
	110	Books, Stationery and Equipment .. .. .	..	520
	111	Domestic Training of Africans .. .. .	..	2,146
	112	Telephones and Telegrams .. .. .	..	78
	113	Expenses of Examinations .. .. .	..	10
	123a	Colonial Share of Fees of Boys at Makerere .. .. .	..	75
		Total Other Charges .. .. .	..	43,826
		Total Recurrent Expenditure .. .. .	..	72,447

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURE.		
	114	Special Equipment and Materials .. ..	..	1,050
		Total African Education .. ..	..	73,497
		TOTAL EDUCATION DEPT. ..	£ 109,064	181,954
IX	..	FOREST DEPARTMENT.		
	9	Forest Guards	3,620	3,570
	10	Re-afforestation	3,150	3,050
	11	Nurseries	1,930	1,880
	13	Working Plans, Surveys and Demarcation ..	350	300
	18	Purchase and Collection of Seeds	300	250
	27	Telegrams	20	—
		TOTAL FOREST DEPARTMENT..	£ 34,230	33,910
X	..	GAME DEPARTMENT.		
	6	Consolidated Travelling Allowances .. ..	..	200
	14	Telegrams	25	5
		TOTAL GAME DEPARTMENT ..	£ 9,499	9,679
X A	..	INCOME TAX ADMINISTRATION.		
	1	1 Deputy Commissioner .. ..	..	499
	2	3 Assistant Commissioners .. ..	..	765
	3	3 Clerks (Grade A) .. ..	..	750
	4	5 Clerks (Grade B) .. ..	..	1,072
	5	2 Clerks (Grade C) .. ..	..	245
	6	3 Learners .. ..	..	170
	7	3 Typists .. ..	..	554
	8	1 Indian Assistant .. ..	..	295
	9	2 Indian Clerks .. ..	..	265
	10	Inferior Establishment .. ..	..	65
	11	Conservancy, Light and Water .. ..	..	50
	12	Telegrams and Telephones .. ..	..	60
	13	Passages .. ..	..	50
	14	Contingencies .. ..	..	50
	15	Local Transport and Travelling .. ..	..	80
	16	Travelling Allowances .. ..	..	100
		TOTAL INCOME TAX ADMINISTRATION £	..	5,070
X B	..	INCOME TAX ADMINISTRATION EXTRA- ORDINARY.		
	1	Furniture and Equipment .. ..	..	180
	2	Library .. ..	..	50
		TOTAL INCOME TAX ADMINISTRATION EXTRAORDINARY	£ ..	230

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Haed	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
XII	..	JUDICIAL.	£	£
	9	Cashier and Accountant, Supreme Court.. ..	390	360
	11	Chief Clerical Interpreter, Law Courts, Nairobi	390	105
	14	Head Clerk, Mombasa	392	182
	21	Shorthand Allowance	18	2
	28	Travelling Allowances	625	750
	30	Telegrams	50	15
	31	Parcel Post and Registered Letters	40	10
		TOTAL JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT .. £	33,190	32,709
XIV	..	LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS.		
	1	Contribution in Lieu of Rates, Nairobi Municipality	15,822	14,240
	18	Basic Road Grants	33,880	32,186
	19	Township Roads	600	570
		TOTAL LOCAL GOVT. CONTRIBUTIONS £	88,621	86,315
XV	..	MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.		
	6, 7, 8	Clerks	2,695	2,316
	15	Medical Officers	9,804	8,469
	17	Assistant Surgeons	1,000	640
	53	Deputy Director of Laboratory Services ..	1,200	227
	54	Personal Allowance	100	18
	61	Laboratory Assistants	2,576	2,411
	74	Passages	12,746	12,661
	75	Local Travelling	5,025	5,000
	85	Fees and Expenses of M.O.'s Attending Courses of Instruction	540	—
	97	Telegrams	50	—
	100	Parcel Post and Registered Letters	60	55
	105	Post Mortems and Medical Examination Fees ..	750	100
		NATIVE SERVICES.		
		PERSONAL EMOLUMENTS.		
	1	29 Senior Health Officers, Health Officers, Med- ical Officers .. .. .	..	25,636
	2	1 Medical Storekeeper .. .. .	..	549
	3	26 Nursing Sisters .. .. .	..	8,242
	4	20 Sub-Assistant Surgeons.. .. .	..	6,140
	5	9 Asiatic Clerks .. .. .	..	2,160
	6	4 Senior Sanitary Inspectors and Sanitary In- spectors .. .. .	..	2,000
	7	1 Asian Assistant Surgeon .. .. .	..	390
	8	1 Chief Instructor .. .. .	..	390
	9	2 Wardmasters .. .. .	..	758
	10	6 Compounders .. .. .	..	1,212
	11	2 European Clerks .. .. .	..	687
	12	2 Issuers of Medical Stores .. .. .	..	515
	13	1 Male Nursing Orderly .. .. .	..	369
	14	2 African Clerks .. .. .	..	112
	15	1 Superintendent, Infectious Diseases Hospital..	..	438
	16	Menial Staff .. .. .	..	19,694
		Total Personal Emoluments .. ..	..	69,292

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
		OTHER CHARGES.		
	17	Local Travelling .. .. .	..	4,025
	18	Carriage of Goods .. .. .	..	2,894
	19	Upkeep of Native Hospitals .. .. .	..	7,500
	20	Travelling Allowances .. .. .	..	197
	21	Motor Transport .. .. .	..	847
	22	Water .. .. .	..	517
	23	Maintenance, Infectious Diseases Hospital .. .. .	..	1,214
	24	Training of Africans .. .. .	..	730
	25	Conservancy .. .. .	..	371
	26	Electric Light .. .. .	..	318
	27	Allowances, Indian Medical Department .. .. .	..	54
	28	Prevention of Disease .. .. .	..	245
	29	Repairs, Dispensaries .. .. .	..	170
	30	Rations, Northern Frontier Province .. .. .	..	230
	31	Uniforms .. .. .	..	990
	32	Medical and Surgical Stores and Equipment .. .. .	..	18,900
	33	Propaganda .. .. .	..	1,000
	34	Grants-in-Aid, African Maternity and Child Wel- fare Centres .. .. .	..	2,050
	35	Medical Grants to Missions .. .. .	..	3,500
		Total Other Charges .. .. .	..	45,752
		Total Native Services, Medical Department .. .. .	..	115,044
		TOTAL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT .. £	104,721	215,116
XVa	..	MEDICAL DEPT. EXTRAORDINARY.		
	1	Grant to Nyando Nursing Association .. .. .	..	50
		TOTAL MEDICAL DEPT. EX'ORDINARY £	..	50
XVI	..	MILITARY (NORTHERN BRIGADE).		
	25	Telephones and Telegrams	235	135
	132	Telegrams	80	—
		TOTAL MILITARY (Northern Brigade) £	134,992	134,812
XVIa	..	MILITARY EXTRAORDINARY.		
		Kenya Share, Military Extraordinary Expenditure	815	1,291
		TOTAL MILITARY EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURE £	815	1,291

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
			£	£
XVIB	..	MINING AND GEOLOGICAL DEPT.		
	3	Inspectors of Mines	960	1,590
	3a	Assistant Inspectors of Mines .. .. .	..	240
	4	Clerks (Grade A)	900	1,550
	4a	Asian Clerks (Grade II) .. .. .	..	175
	5	Office Boys	24	48
	5a	Special Allowances	240	190
	6	Geologist	720	840
	10	Passages	360	430
	11	Local Travelling	980	1,700
	12	Travelling Allowances	30	140
	13	Labour	300	350
	14	Materials	100	160
	16	Contingencies	10	75
	17	Laboratory Upkeep.. .. .	80	155
	19	Tools, Plant, Equipment, etc.	50	300
		TOTAL MINING AND GEOLOGICAL DEPT. £	6,448	9,637
XVII	..	MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.		
	5	Destitute Persons, Maintenance of	1,200	1,000
	21	Postages	400	356
	23	Rebate on Paraffin for Agricultural Purposes	7,500	7,372
	28	Repatriation	1,800	1,600
		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES £	78,545	77,973
XVIIa	..	MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES EXTRA- ORDINARY.		
	3	Guarantee to Lady Northey Home	250	—
		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES EXTRAORDINARY £	4,317	4,067
XIX	..	POLICE.		
	58	Local Travelling	3,993	4,093
	61	Carriage of Goods	650	750
	68	Telegrams	230	30
	72	Travelling Allowances	400	710
		TOTAL POLICE £	131,610	131,920
XX	..	POST OFFICE AND TELEGRAPHS.		
	63(30)	Conveyance of Mails by Sea and by Local Rail and Steamer Services	8,450	11,800
		TOTAL POST OFFICE AND TELEGRAPHS £	214,992	218,342

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
XXI	..	PRINTING AND STATIONERY.	£	£
	8	Overtime to Staff	100	50
	33	Printing Paper and Sundries	4,000	3,500
	35	Upkeep of Machinery	125	100
	36	Electric Power	425	300
	37	Transport and Travelling	175	100
	38	Passages	1,098	900
	39	Contingencies	180	110
	40	Telegrams	5	—
	41	Telephone	20	19
	42	Parcel Post	50	35
	43	Postage of Official Gazettes	175	145
	44	Stationery, Books, etc.	3,500	3,250
		TOTAL PRINTING AND STATIONERY	£ 29,197	27,853
XXII	..	PRISONS.		
	4	Senior Superintendent of Prisons.. .. .	630	600
	5	Superintendents of Prisons.. .. .	1,060	1,000
	8	Carpentry and Masonry Instructors	972	736
	10	Acting Allowances	140	125
	12	Duty Allowance to Asst. Quartermaster.. .. .	12	—
	23	Clerks	2,257	2,279
	24 ^a	Temporary Master Tailor, Mombasa .. .. .	..	65
	26	Master Mason	162	69
	30	Prisoners' Food	8,500	8,300
	36	Passages	1,286	986
	38	Contingencies	350	450
	42	Raw Materials, Prison Industries.. .. .	4,000	3,650
	43	Tools and Plant, Prison Industries	100	150
	44	Telephones	120	140
	45	Telegrams	15	8
		TOTAL PRISONS	£ 47,172	46,126
XXIV	..	PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.		
	48	Passages	5,007	4,700
	56	Telephones and Telegrams	500	400
	57	Letters and Parcel Post and Registered Letters	20	5
	58	Contribution to British Engineering Association.. .. .	30	20
	68	Passages	147	99
	82	Kisumu Water Supply Renewals Fund	400	—
	85	Clerk	85	14
	86	Office Boys	72	—
	98	Machakos Water Supply Operation Expenses	180	100
		TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPT... .. .	£ 88,504	87,401
XXV	..	PUBLIC WORKS RECURRENT.		
	2	Maintenance and Minor Improvement of Public Buildings	16,000	14,500
	3	Rents of Offices and Houses and House Allowances	45,200	42,700
	4	Furniture, Upkeep and Repair of, etc.	1,000	500

AMENDMENTS TO THE PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE
FOR 1933 RECOMMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.—(Contd.).

Head	Item	PARTICULARS	Amount in Provisional Estimates	Amount Re- commended by the Select Committee
		NATIVE SERVICES.	£	£
	8	Maintenance and Improvement of Roads and Bridges .. .. .	..	16,550
	9	Tools and Plant .. .. .	..	783
		TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS RECURRENT £	113,817	126,650
XXVI	..	REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.		
	8	Passages	445	335
		TOTAL REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S DEPT. £	5,613	5,503
XXVIII	..	SECRETARIAT AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.		
	20	Telegrams	100	—
	29	Telegrams	15	—
	30	Telephones	15	30
		TOTAL SECRETARIAT AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL £	19,580	19,480
XXX	..	SURVEY AND REGISTRATION DEPT.		
	11	Staff Surveyors	1,576	1,789
	14	Computers	2,844	2,904
	39	Contingencies	175	150
	44	Telephones and Telegrams	102	98
		TOTAL SURVEY AND REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT £	31,532	31,776
XXXII	..	TREASURY.		
	22	Telegrams	40	—
		TOTAL TREASURY £	22,940	22,900
XXXIII	..	P. W. EXTRAORDINARY.		
	2a	House, Inspector of Mines, Kakamega .. .. .	..	638
	26	Housing Mining Staff, Kakamega. .. .. .	..	800
	7	Furniture for New Buildings	2,000	1,220
		TOTAL P. W. EXTRAORDINARY .. £	12,875	13,533
XXXIV	..	COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.		
	1	Veterinary Scholarship Scheme	1,030	750
	3	Experiments in Locust Control .. .. .	..	3,250
	4	Tsetse-fly Control .. .. .	..	670
	5	Extension, Nairobi Aerodrome .. .. .	..	2,000
		TOTAL COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND £	2,530	8,170
XXXV	..	NATIVE BETTERMENT FUND.		
	1	Expenditure on Direct Native Services.. .. .	279,598	—
		TOTAL NATIVE BETTERMENT FUND £	279,598	—

