

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

Enhancing Accountability

PARLIAMENT
OF KENYA
LIBRARY

REPORT

OF

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

ARUSHA-NAMANGA-ATHI RIVER ROAD
DEVELOPMENT PROJECT NO. P-Z1-DBO-040

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE, 2023

KENYA NATIONAL HIGHWAYS AUTHORITY

DATE: 07 DEC 2023
TABLED BY: Hon Owen Bayo, CBS, MP
Deputy majority leader
A. Shubuto



MINISTRY OF ROADS AND TRANSPORT



Kenya National Highways Authority

Quality Highways, Better Connections

PROJECT NAME: ARUSHA – NAMANGA – ATHI RIVER ROAD PROJECT

IMPLEMENTING ENTITY: KENYA NATIONAL HIGHWAYS AUTHORITY

PROJECT LOAN NO: 2100150013893

PROJECT NO. P-ZI-DBO-040

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2023**

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

Table of Contents

Page

Acronyms and Glossary of Terms	ii
2. Project Information and Overall Performance	iii
3. Statement of Performance Against Project's Predetermined Objectives	viii
4. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting	ix
5. Statement of Project Management Responsibilities	xi
6. Report of the Independent Auditor on Financial Statements for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project	xii
7. Statement of Receipts and Payments for the year ended 30th June 2023	1
8. Statement of Financial Assets as at 30th June 2023	2
9. Statement of Cashflow for the year ended 30 th June 2023	3
10. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the year ended 30 th June 2023	4
11. Significant Accounting Policies	5
12. Notes to the Financial Statements	13
13. Annexes	16

1. Acronyms and Glossary of Terms

ADB	African Development Bank
CBK	Central Bank of Kenya
CPA	Certified Public Accountant
Comparative FY	Financial year preceding the current financial year.
EIK	Environment Institute of Kenya
FY	Financial Year
ICPAK	Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
KeNHA	Kenya National Highways Authority
Kshs.	Kenya Shillings
KISM	Kenya Institute of Supplies Management
NEMA	National Environment Management Authority
MRT	Ministry of Roads and Transport
PAP	Project Affected Persons
PFM	Public Finance Management.
PSASB	Public Sector Accounting Standards Board
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
TNT	National Treasury
UA	Unit of Account

2. Project Information and Overall Performance

2.1 Name and registered office

Project Name	Arusha – Namanga – Athi River Road Project
Project Objectives	<p>The objective of the Project was to improve the essential road transport infrastructure between Kenya and Tanzania, and particularly between Arusha and Nairobi, Arusha and Mombasa, and Malindi and Dar es Salaam. The indicators will improve transport service and lower transport costs between the two countries which may be measured by assessing the road roughness, estimating vehicle operating costs, and counting traffic both to the border from both countries (national traffic) and across the border (international traffic).</p> <p>Support regional integration, cross border trade, tourism, socio - economic development of the zone of influence and a contribution to the reduction of poverty. The indicators or the sector goal will be enhanced cross border economic activity. The principal beneficiaries will be the tourism industry in both countries, cross border trading, regional integration (social and economic aspects), and population in areas of the Arusha region, Kajiado and Nairobi, Malindi, Mombasa, Tanga and Dar es Salaam districts. The project impact includes increased cross border traffic, increased cross border tourism, increased social-economic activities across the two countries.</p>
Project Registered Office and Physical Location:	The project headquarters offices were at Barabara Plaza, Jomo Kenyatta International Airport, Nairobi, Off Mazao Road
Project Address	P.O. Box 49712-00100 Nairobi
Contacts:	Telephone: 020-8013842; Email dg@kenha.co.ke; Website www.kenha.co.ke

2.2 Project Information

Project Start Date:	8th February, 2007
Project End Date:	14 th May 2015
Project Manager:	Eng. Henry Gakuru – Ag. Director, Development Eng. C. Makau – Project Co-Ordinator
Project Sponsor:	African Development Bank (ADB) and the Government of Kenya

2.3 Project Overview

Line Ministry/State Department of the project	The project was under the supervision of the State Department of Roads under the Ministry of Roads and Transport
Project number	P-ZI-DBO-040
Strategic goals of the Project	<p>The project management aimed to achieve the goals through the following means:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Increase efficiency of road transport along the Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project to facilitate trade and regional integration. (ii) Promote private sector participation in the management, financing and maintenance of roads assets. (iii) Reduce transit time and costs incurred in cross-border movement.
Other important background information of the project	<p>Main Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road: Lot K: Athi River-Namanga Section (A104), and addendum No. 3 for the Construction of the One Stop Border Post at Namanga Component 1: Civil Works</p> <p>The works consisted of the reconstruction of the existing bitumen surfaced road to an international trunk road standard with a 7 m wide carriageway and 2 m wide shoulders on each side for a total length of 136km.</p> <p>Construction of One-Stop Border Post at Namanga whose objective was to reduce transit time and costs incurred in cross-border movement by combining the activities of both country's border organizations and agencies at single location in either direction without increasing the risk to public safety or revenue collection.</p> <p>Component 2: Consulting Services Under the component the project contracted consultants to undertake: (i) Design Review and Supervision of the works above; (ii) road safety; (iii) sensitization and mitigation activities on the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), sexually transmitted infections (STI) and gender issues; (iv) baseline data collection and monitoring of the Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) implementation (v) technical audit; and (iv) financial audit.</p> <p>Component 3: Compensation and Resettlement: The component provided for compensation and resettlement of the Project Affected Persons (PAPs) in accordance with the Resettlement Action Plans (RAPs).</p>

Project Components and Costs - Loan
Components under Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA)
The following components of the project were being implemented by the Kenya National Highways Authority

Category of Expenditure	Categories of Expenditure (In Million UA)		
	F.E	L.C	Total
Works	44.827	1.226	46.053
Services	2.869	0.319	3.188
TOTAL	47.696	1.545	49.241

The project was financed by African Development Bank at 90% on Civil Works Construction inclusive of works consultancy supervision while 10% is financed by the Government of Kenya. Following the Exhaustion of ADB's funding and the lapse of credit agreement, the project was subsequently 100% financed by the Government of Kenya.

Arears that the project was formed to intervene	The project was formed to intervene in the following areas: (i) Poor transport infrastructure along the Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Corridor (ii) Excessive travel time and high vehicle operating costs along the Northern Corridor
Project duration	Main Project – Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Project The project started on 5th November, 2007 and ended on 5th November, 2011. Addendum No. 4 (Namanga OSBP) The project started on 9th January, 2013 and ended on 14 th May 2015.

2.4 Bankers

Co-Operative Bank Of Kenya Ltd
Upper Hill Branch, Nairobi
Account Number:'01141160979900

2.5 Independent Auditor

Auditor General
Office of the Auditor - General
P.O. Box 30084 – 00100 GPO
Nairobi

2.6 Roles and Responsibilities

NAMES	Title Designation	Key qualification	Responsibilities
Eng. H. Gakuru	Ag. Director, Development	Registered Engineer	Project Implementing Team Leader
Eng. C. Makau	D. Director, Special Projects	Registered Engineer	Project Co-Ordinator
Mr. Chanje Kera	D.D, Finance & Accounts	Certified Public Accountant	Project Financial specialist
Mr. Brian Shikoli	Engineer	Registered Engineer	Assist. Project Co-Ordinator
Mr. W. Nyatwanga	D. Director (Environmental & Social)	Registered Environmental Specialist	Project Environmentalist
Mr. Richard Kilel	A.D, Supply Chain Services	Registered Member KISM	Project Procurement Specialist

2.7 Funding summary

The project financing was for a duration of seven years from 8th February, 2007 to 30th November, 2014 with an approved budget of UA 49,241,000 which is equivalent to Kshs. 5,353,288,072 by AfDB and Kshs 4,026,952,076 by GoK as highlighted in the table below:

A. Source of Funds

Source of funds	Donor Commitments		Amount received to 30 June 2023 (Restated)		Undrawn balance to date*	
	UA	Kshs	UA	Kshs	UA	Kshs
	(A)	(A')	(B)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
(i) Loan - African Development Bank (AfDB)						
	49,241,000	5,353,288,072	47,894,663	5,206,919,613	1,346,337	146,368,459
(ii) Counterpart Funds – Government of Kenya (GoK)						
	-	4,026,952,076	-	4,026,952,076	-	-
Total	49,241,000	9,380,240,148	47,894,663	9,233,871,689	1,346,337	146,368,459

*The undrawn balance from the Development Partner was not utilized since the Project was completed in FY 2014/2015.

Application of Funds

Application of funds	Amount received to 30 June 2023		Cumulative Amount paid to 30th June 2023 (Restated)		Unutilised balance to 30 June 2023	
	UA	Kshs	UA	Kshs	UA	Kshs
	(A)	(A')	(B)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
(i) Loan - African Development Bank (AfDB)						
	47,894,663	5,206,919,613	47,894,663	5,206,919,613	-	-
(ii) Counterpart Funds – Government of Kenya (GoK)						
	-	4,026,952,076	-	4,026,952,076	-	-
Total	47,894,663	9,233,871,689	47,894,663	9,233,871,689	-	-

2.8 Summary of Overall Project Performance:

(a) Budget performance against actual amounts for current year and for cumulative to-date: -

	2022/2023			Cumulative		
	Actual	Budget	%	Actual	Budget	%
Counterpart Funds - Gok	-	-	-	4,026,952,076	4,609,265,691	87%
Loan from External Development Partners	-	-	-	5,206,919,613	9,050,000,000	58%
Total	-	-	-	9,233,871,689	13,659,265,691	68%

(b) Physical progress based on outputs, outcome and impacts since project commencement.
The project is substantially complete and has been handed over to the employer

(c) Absorption rate for each year since the commencement of the project

Financial Year	Budget	Actual	Percentage (%)
FY 2022/23	-	-	0%
FY 2021/22	72,258,398	72,258,398	100%
FY 2020/21	-	-	0%
FY 2019/20	83,376,172	18,903,530	23%
FY 2018/19	156,050,000	158,175,831	100%
FY 2017/18	1,175,000	423,000	36%
FY 2016/17	82,000,000	10,862,878	13%
FY 2015/16	203,638,281	196,493,356	96%
FY 2014/15	1,111,000,000	632,721,419	57%
Cumm to FY 2013/14	11,949,767,840	8,144,033,277	68%
TOTAL	13,659,265,691	9,233,871,689	68%

2.9 Summary of Project Compliance:

There were no reported cases of significant non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and essential external financing agreements/covenants during the project implementation period.

3. Statement of Performance Against Project's Predetermined Objectives

Introduction

Section 81 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting Officer when preparing financial statements of each National Government entity in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the national government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the project's agreement were to:

- a) Improve essential road transport infrastructure between Kenya and Tanzania.
- b) To support regional integration, cross border trade, tourism, socio-economic development of the zone of influence and a contribution to the reduction of poverty.

Progress on attainment of strategic development objectives

For purposes of implementing and cascading the above development objectives to specific sectors, all the development objectives were made specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound (SMART) and converted into development outcomes. Attendant indicators were identified for reasons of tracking progress and performance measurement.

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Performance
Improve essential road transport infrastructure between Kenya and Tanzania.	Improved transport service and lower transport costs between the two countries	Vehicle operating costs Road roughness Traffic count to the border from both countries	Reduced vehicle operating costs Improved road roughness Increased road traffic to the border from both countries
To support regional integration, cross border trade, tourism, socio-economic development of the zone of influence and a contribution to the reduction of poverty.	Enhanced cross border economic activities	Cross border traffic Cross border tourism Social economic activities across the two countries	Increased cross border traffic. Increased cross border tourism. Increased Social economic activities across the two countries

4. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting

The Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project exists to transform lives. This is our purpose; the driving force behind everything we do. It's what guides us to deliver our strategy. Below is a brief highlight of our activities that drive towards sustainability.

1. Sustainability strategy and profile

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 2015-2030 provides a plan of action for the attainment of peace and prosperity. Five out of the seventeen goals are pertinent to management of projects being undertaken by the Authority. These are being addressed through the following initiatives;

- a) *Good health and well-being (SDG 3)*: The Authority strives to undertake Road Safety Audits to identify accident black spots, implement intervention measures and provide road safety education to reduce accidents;
- b) *Gender Equality (SDG 5)*: The Authority encourages mainstreaming of gender equality in project and programmes by incorporating compliance to one third gender rule in procurement and recruitment;
- c) *Industry, innovation and infrastructure (SDG 9)*: The Authority develops quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure including regional and trans-border infrastructure to support economic development and human wellbeing with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all;
- d) *Sustainable cities and communities (SDG 11)*: The Authority endeavours to extend the paved road network to hitherto underserved areas in the region to improve nationwide access to high speed and all – weather connectivity; and
- e) *Climate action (SDG 13)*: The Authority endeavours to combat negative impacts of road development through environmental mitigation, climate change measures and compliance with National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) requirements in all development projects

2. Environmental performance

The Authority is working towards ensuring environmental sustainability in projects by undertaking tree planting exercises, implementation of road beautification programs, enforce reinstatement of quarries and borrow pits after construction works, undertakes regular Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Audits, carries out M&E on Environment and Social Management Plan (ESMPs) as well as Environmental Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) on projects.

Environmental and Sustainability Reporting (Continued)

3. Employee welfare

In all its staff appointments, the Authority takes deliberate actions to embrace **Equal Employment Opportunity** policies, gender mainstreaming, addresses concerns around **Persons Living with Disabilities (PWDs)** and takes affirmative action in line with **prevailing Government Policy** guidelines. The Authority prioritizes training to develop **technical** capacity of staff in the fields of Value Engineering, Project Financing, Project **Contract Management**, Performance Based Maintenance and Safety.

4. Market place practices

The Authority strives to ensure responsible competition practices through undertaking **annual** governance audits in projects, monitoring the implementation of policies and further **promotes** ethical conduct in projects. The Authority equally sensitizes staff on corruption and integrity. The Authority undertakes to be actively involved in the negotiations during budget **sector** hearings in order to increase budgetary allocations for projects thus honouring contracts **by** paying its liabilities on time.

5. Community Engagements

During the implementation of the Project, the Authority is committed to remaining a responsible corporate citizen by being accountable for its actions through engaging in **Public Participation**. The Project's goal in terms of community engagement is to foster **long-term** relationships with stakeholders and communities around the project. The aim is not just to build roads that foster development but to ensure collaboration with the local communities to achieve sustainable social economic development. The project staff is also encouraged to **give** back to society by participating in the Authority's corporate social responsibility initiatives.

The Contractor has been involved in various CSR activities geared towards providing **social** amenities to the local residents through drilling boreholes and construction of water kiosks along the project road, improvement of access roads and enhancing learning, **playing** environment in schools along the project road and enhancement of security through construction of Police and NIS facilities at Namanga Border. To enhance social safeguards **in** projects, the Authority undertakes Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) studies and implements its recommendations, carries out Social Impact Assessments (SIA), undertakes gender mainstreaming and conduct stakeholders' forum to sensitize the public in several cross cutting issues.

5. Statement of Project Management Responsibilities

The Director General, KeNHA and the Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the project for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2023. This responsibility includes (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the project; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the project; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Director General, KeNHA and the Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project, accept responsibility for the project's Financial Statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

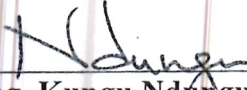
The Director General, KeNHA and Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project are of the opinion that the Project financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Project's transactions during the financial year ended June, 30, 2023 and the Project's financial position as at that date.

The Director General, KeNHA and the Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project further confirm that completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial Statements as well as on the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Director General, KeNHA and the Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project confirm that the Project has complied fully with applicable Government Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year under audit are used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

Approval of the Project financial statements


The project financial statements were approved by the Director General, KeNHA and Project Management for Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project on.....26 SEP 2023..... and signed by them



Eng. Kungu Ndungu
Director General



Eng. H. Gakuru
Ag. Director, Development



CPA Chanje Kera
Deputy Director (F&A)
ICPAK Member No: 8279

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000
E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON ARUSHA-NAMANGA-ATHI RIVER ROAD DEVELOPMENT PROJECT NO. P-Z1-DBO-040 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023 - KENYA NATIONAL HIGHWAYS AUTHORITY

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development Project set out on pages 1 to 17, which comprise the statement of

Report of the Auditor-General on Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development Project No. P-Z1-DBO-040 for the year ended 30 June, 2023 - Kenya National Highways Authority

financial assets as at 30 June, 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development Project as at 30 June, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the Loan Agreement No.2100150013893 dated 8 February, 2007 between African Development Fund (ADF) and the Republic of Kenya and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development Project Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

Pending Bills

Note1 under Other Important Disclosures and the supporting Annex 4 to the financial statements reflect pending bills balance in respect of road construction amounting to Kshs.83,344,955 as at 30 June, 2023. Review of the Project's records revealed that the entire balance of Kshs.83,344,955 was brought forward from the previous year. As previously reported, the Project therefore runs the risk of incurring significant interest costs and penalties with the continued delay in settling the bills.

Failure to settle bills during the year in which they relate adversely affects the provisions of the subsequent year to which they have to be first charged.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by the African Development Fund (ADF), I report based on my audit that: -

- i. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit;
- ii. In my opinion, adequate accounting records have been kept by the Project, so far as appears from the examination of those records; and
- iii. The Project's financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Project or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to overall governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and review of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the Project's policies and procedures may deteriorate.


As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Project to express an opinion on the financial statements.

- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.


CPA Nancy Gathungu, SBS
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

17 November, 2023

7. Statement of Receipts and Payments for the year ended 30th June 2023

	2022/23			2021/22			Cumulative to date (Restated)
	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third parties	Total	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third parties	Total	
Note	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Receipts							
1	-	-	-	72,258,398	-	72,258,398	4,026,952,076
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,206,919,613
Total Receipts	-	-	-	72,258,398	-	72,258,398	9,233,871,689
Payments							
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,221,211
4	-	-	-	72,258,398	-	72,258,398	9,173,650,478
Total Payments	-	-	-	72,258,398	-	72,258,398	9,233,871,689
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.


Eng. Kungu Nduvugwu
 Director General


23 SEP 2023

Date


Eng. Eng. H. GaKurru
 Ag. Director, Development

20 SEP 2023

Date


CPA Chanje Kera
 Deputy Director (F&A)
 ICPAK Member No: 8279

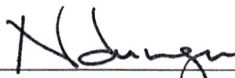
26 SEP 2023

Date

8. Statement of Financial Assets as at 30th June 2023

	Note	2022/23 Kshs.	2021/22 Kshs.
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Balances		-	-
Total Financial Assets		-	-
Financial Liabilities			
Third Party Payables - Retentions		-	-
Net Assets		-	-
Represented By: -			
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		-	-
Fund balance b/fwd		-	-
Net Financial Position		-	-

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The financial statements were approved on 26 SEP 2023 and signed by:



Eng. Kungu Ndungu
Director General



Eng. Eng. H. Gakuru
Ag. Director, Development




CPA Chanje Kera
Deputy Director (F&A)
ICPAK Member No: 8279

9. Statement of Cashflow for the year ended 30th June 2023

	Note	2022/23 Kshs.	2021/22 Kshs.
Receipts			
Transfers from Government entities			
GoK Counterpart Fund	1	-	72,258,398
Total Receipts		-	72,258,398
Payments			
Project operating costs	3	-	-
Total Payments		-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities		-	72,258,398
Cashflow From Investing Activities			
Acquisition of road assets	4	-	(72,258,398)
Net cash flows from Investing Activities		-	(72,258,398)
Cashflow From Borrowing Activities			
Proceeds from Foreign Borrowings		-	-
Net Proceeds from Foreign Borrowings		-	-
Net cash flow from financing activities		-	-
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalent		-	-
Cash and cash equivalent at Beginning of the year		-	-
Cash and cash equivalent at End of the year		-	-

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 26 SEP 2023 and signed by:


 Eng. Kungu Ndungu
 Director General


 Eng. Eng. H. Gakuru
 Ag. Director, Development


 CPA Chanje Kera
 Deputy Director (F&A)
 ICPAK Member No: 8279

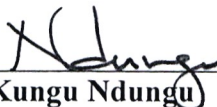
Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023

10. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the year ended 30th June 2023

Receipts/Payments	Original	Adjustments	Final	Actual on	Variance	%Var.
	Budget		Budget	Comparable		f=d/c %
	a	b	c=a+b	d	e=c-d	
Receipts						
Transfers from Government entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments						
Acquisition of non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus / (Deficit)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: The significant budget utilisation/performance differences in the last column are explained in Annex 2 to these financial statements.



Eng. Kungu Ndungu
Director General



Eng. Eng. H. Gakuru
Ag. Director, Development



CPA Chanje Kera
Deputy Director (F&A)
ICPAK Member No: 8279

23 SEP 2023

Date

23 SEP 2023

Date

23 SEP 2023

Date

11. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

a) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting under the cash basis of accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

b) Reporting entity

The financial statements are for the Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project under the Kenya National Highways Authority. The financial statements encompass the reporting entity as specified in the relevant legislation PFM Act 2012 .

c) Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d) Recognition of receipts

The Project recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been received by the Government.

i) Transfers from the Exchequer

Transfer from Exchequer is be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when payment instruction is issued to the bank and notified to the receiving entity.

ii) External Assistance

External assistance is received through grants and loans from multilateral and bilateral development partners.

iii) Other receipts

These include Appropriation-in-Aid and relates to receipts such as proceeds from disposal of assets and sale of tender documents. These are recognized in the financial statements the time associated cash is received.

iv) Donations and grants

Grants and donations shall be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when a payment advice is received by the recipient entity or by the beneficiary. In case of grant/donation in kind, such grants are recorded upon receipt of the grant item and upon determination of the value. The date of the transaction is the value date indicated on the payment advice.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

v) Proceeds from borrowing

Borrowing includes external loans acquired by the Project or any other debt the Project may take and will be treated on cash basis and recognized as a receipt during the year they were received.

vi) Undrawn external assistance

These are loans and grants at reporting date as specified in a binding agreement and relate to funding for the Project currently under development where conditions have been satisfied or their ongoing satisfaction is highly likely and the project is anticipated to continue to completion. An analysis of the Project's undrawn external assistance is shown in the funding summary

e) Recognition of payments

The Project recognises all payments when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been paid out by the Project.

i) Compensation of employees

Salaries and Wages, Allowances, Statutory Contribution for employees are recognized in the period when the compensation is paid.

ii) Use of goods and services

Goods and services are recognized as payments in the period when the goods/services are consumed and paid for. If not paid for during the period where goods/services are consumed, they shall be disclosed as pending bills.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

iii) Interest on borrowing

Borrowing costs that include interest are recognized as payment in the period in which they are incurred and paid for.

iv) Repayment of borrowing (principal amount)

The repayment of principal amount of borrowing is recognized as payment in the period in which the repayment is made. The stock of debt is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

v) Acquisition of fixed assets

The payment on acquisition of property plant and equipment items is not capitalized. The cost of acquisition and proceeds from disposal of these items are treated as payments and receipts items respectively. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration and the fair value of the asset can be reliably established, a contra transaction is recorded as receipt and as a payment.

A fixed asset register is maintained by the Authority and a summary provided for purposes of consolidation. This summary is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

f) In-kind donations

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the Project in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the Project includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as receipts and as payments in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank

account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

h) Restriction on cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits.

i) Imprests and Advances

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

j) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is:

- a) A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- b) A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - i) It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - ii) The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Some of contingent liabilities may arise from: litigation in progress, guarantees, indemnities. Letters of comfort/ support, insurance, Public Private Partnerships,

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. There were no contingent liabilities in the year.

k) Contingent Assets

The Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of The Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

l) Pending bills

Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years. As pending bills do not involve the payment of cash in the reporting period, they recorded as 'memorandum' or 'off-balance' items to provide a sense of the overall net cash position of the Project at the end of the year. When the pending bills are finally settled, such payments are included in the statement of receipts and payments in the year in which the payments are made.

m) Budget

The budget is developed on a comparable accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis (except for accounts receivable - outstanding imprest and clearance accounts and accounts payable - deposits, which are accounted for on an accrual basis), and for the same period as the financial statements. The Project's budget was approved as required by Law and National Treasury Regulations, as well as by the participating development partners, as detailed in the Government of Kenya Budget Printed Estimates for the year. The Development Projects are budgeted for under the MDAs but receive budgeted funds as transfers and account for them separately. These transfers are recognised as inter-entity transfers and are eliminated upon consolidation. A high-level assessment of the Project's actual performance against the comparable budget for the financial year/period under review has been included in an annex to these financial statements.

n) Third party payments

Included in the receipts and payments, are payments made on its behalf by to third parties in form of loans and grants. These payments do not constitute cash receipts and payments and are disclosed in the payment to third parties column in the statement of receipts and payments.

During the year **Kshs NIL** being loan disbursements were received in form of direct payments from third parties.

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

o) Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates, Kenya Shillings. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of receipts and payments.

p) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

q) Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year/period end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

r) Prior period adjustments

Prior period adjustments relate to errors and other adjustments noted arising from previous year(s). Explanations and details of these prior period adjustments are presented in note 9 of these financial statements.

12. Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Transfers from Government entities

These represent counterpart funding and other receipts from government as follows:

	2022/23	2021/22	Cumulative
	Kshs	Kshs	to-date
Counterpart funds Quarter 1	-	72,258,398	768,034,466
Counterpart funds Quarter 2	-	-	577,404,454
Counterpart funds Quarter 3	-	-	397,006,372
Counterpart funds Quarter 4	-	-	1,814,008,072
Sub- Total	-	72,258,398	3,556,453,364
RMLF Fund	-	-	470,498,712
TOTAL	-	72,258,398	4,026,952,076

2. Loans from External Development Partners

The Project's financing agreement lapsed on 30th November 2014 and the project ended on 14th May 2015 hence no funding from development partners was received in form of loans negotiated by the National Treasury in the current FY (FY 2020/21 Kshs Nil). An accumulative amount of Kshs 5.2 billion (restated) was however utilised in the project.

3. Purchase of Goods and Services

	FY 2022/2023			FY	Cumulative to date
	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third parties	Total Payments	2021/2022	
				Total Payments	
Kshs	Kshs			Kshs	
Domestic travel and subsistence	-	-	-	-	8,065,608
Advertising and Services	-	-	-	-	52,155,603
Total	-	-	-	-	60,221,211

4. Acquisition of Non-Financial Assets

	FY 2022/2023			FY 2021/2022	Cumulative to date (restated) Kshs
	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	Payments made by third parties	Total Payments	Total Payments	
	Kshs	Kshs			
Construction of roads	-	-	-	72,258,398	8,167,252,343
Acquisition of land	-	-	-	-	1,006,398,135
Total	-	-	-	72,258,398	9,173,650,478

5. Prior Year Adjustment

	Balance b/f FY 2021/2022 as per Financial statements	Adjustments	Adjusted Balance b/f FY 2021/2022
Description	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Loan from external development partners	5,353,288,072	(146,368,459)	5,206,919,613
Acquisition of non-financial assets	9,320,018,937	(146,368,459)	9,173,650,478
Construction of Roads	8,313,620,802	(146,368,459)	8,167,252,343
Annex 4: Summary of Fixed Assets Register	9,333,431,388	(159,780,910)	9,173,650,478

The prior year adjustment relates to correction of a Kshs 146,368,459 overstatement of audited cumulative amounts carried forward from FY 2012/13 to FY 2013/14 under Loans from development Partners and Acquisition of non-financial assets in the statement of Receipts and Payments, and an overstatement under Annex 4: summary of Fixed Assets Register by Kshs 13,412,451 arising from recording additions in FY 2021/22 FS as Kshs 85,670,849 instead of the correct amount of Kshs 72,258,398.

Other Important Disclosures

1. Pending Accounts Payable (Annex 4)

	Balance c/f FY 2022/2023	Additions during the period	Paid during the year	Balance c/f FY 2022/2023
Description	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Construction of Civil Works	83,344,955	-	-	83,344,955
Total	83,344,955	-	-	83,344,955

ARUSHA-NAMANGA-ATHI RIVER ROAD PROJECT
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023


13. Annexes

Annex 1 - Prior Year Auditor-General's Recommendations


Ref. No.	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status:	Timeframe :
	<p align="center">Basis of Qualified Opinion</p> <p>Unconfirmed Transfers from Government Entities</p> <p>The statement of receipts and payment reflects transfer from Government entities through the parent Ministry of Kshs. 72,258,398 which was fully expensed in the year under review. The receipts could however not be confirmed as the Authority did not maintain a separate bank account and cashbook for the project.</p>	<p>We agree with the observation that the project did not have a separate bank account. Section 76(1) of the PFM Regulations 2015 provides for opening of a project account for Management of Grants and Donations for purposes of donor or development partner or external financier.</p> <p>Prior to the lapse of its financing agreement, the Multinational Athi River – Namanga – Arusha Road Project used the Direct Payment Method where the Development Partner did not disburse any cash to the Authority but paid directly to the Contractor and Consultant. The financing agreement did not have a provision for opening a special project account. Although the authority maintains one bank account for the exchequer funds received, the Authority maintains a dynamic accounting system which is able to provide a robust electronic register that provides a detailed analysis of various transactions incurred through the bank account on a project-by-project basis. The authority is therefore able to segregate payments which ensures accuracy of the balances reported in the project financial statements.</p>	Resolved	Closed
1	<p>Other Matter</p> <p>Pending Bills</p> <p>Note 12 and Annex 3 to the financial statements reflects pending bills balance in</p>	<p>We agree with the audit observation that the project had outstanding bills amounting to Kshs 83,344,955. This is a result of:</p>	Not Resolved	Ongoing

**Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023**

	<p>respect of road construction amounting to Kshs 83,344,955 as at 30 June 2022. Review of the project's records indicate that the entire balance of Kshs 83,344,955 was brought forward from the previous year. The project therefore runs the risk of incurring significant interest costs and penalties with the continued delay in settling the bills</p>	<p>Exhaustion of Development Partner funds and subsequent lapse of credit agreement prior to completion of the project</p> <p>Insufficient exchequer budgets in the current as well as prior financial years</p> <p>The Authority will however endeavor to provide adequate budgetary provisions in subsequent financial years to facilitate settlement of the entire pending bill.</p>		
<p align="center">2</p>	<p>Project Closure report</p> <p>The Project information at Section 1.3 of the annual report and financial statements revealed that the project ended on 14 May, 2015. However, the project closure report was not provided for audit, being more than seven (7) years after the expiry of the closure period.</p>	<p>We agree with the audit observation that the project closure report was not ready at the time of audit. The project closure report is under development.</p>	<p align="center">Not Resolved</p>	<p align="center">Ongoing</p>


Eng. Kungu Ndungu
 Director General

23 SEP 2023
 Date


Eng. H. Gakuru
 Ag. Director, Development

23 SEP 2023
 Date

*Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023*


Annex 2 - Variance Explanations - Comparative Budget and Actual amounts For Current FY


	Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilisation Variance	% of Utilisation Variance to Final Budget	Comments on Variance
	a	b	c=a-b	d=b/a %	
RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR/PERIOD					
Transfers from Government entities	-	-	-	-	
Total receipts	-	-	-	-	
PAYMENTS DURING THE YEAR/PERIOD					
Acquisition of non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	
Total payments	-	-	-	-	

*Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023*

Annex 3 - Reconciliation Of Inter-Entity Transfers

Break down of Transfers from the State Department of Roads		
Bank Statement Date	Amount (KShs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
a. Government Counterpart Funding		
Total	-	
b. Direct Payments		
NONE	-	
Total	-	
c. Others		
NONE	-	
Total	-	
TOTAL(a+b+c)	-	


Eng. Kungu Ndungu
Director General


CPA Chanje Kera
Deputy Director (F&A)
ICPAK Member No: 8279

25 SEP 2023
Date

25 SEP 2023
Date

*Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023*

Annex 4 - Analysis of Pending Bills

Supplier of Goods or Services	Date Invoiced	Original Amount	Amount Paid To-Date	Outstanding Balance		Comments
				Current FY	Previous FY	
	b	a	c	d=a-c		
Construction of roads						
China N.O. Eng. Co. Ltd	06/10/2014	25,970,492	-	25,970,492	25,970,492	IPC No. 41
China N.O. Eng. Co. Ltd	29/03/2016	57,168,988	-	57,168,988	57,168,988	IPC No. 49
China N.O. Eng. Co. Ltd	26/01/2018	2,648,347	2,442,872	205,474	205,474	IPC No. 4
Sub-Total		85,787,827	2,442,872	83,344,955	83,344,955	
Supply of Services						
Sub-Total		-	-			
Grand Total		85,787,827	2,442,872	83,344,955	83,344,955	

*Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Project
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023*

Annex 5 – Summary of Fixed Asset Register

Asset class	Opening Cost (KShs) 2022/23 (Restated)	Donations in form of assets (KShs) 2022/23	Purchases/Additions in the Year (KShs) 2022/23	Disposals in the Year (KShs) 2022/23	Transfers in/(out) (KShs) 2022/23	Closing Cost (KShs) 2022/23
	(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)= (a)+ (b)- (c)
Infrastructure Assets	8,167,252,343	-	-	-	-	8,167,252,343
Land	1,006,398,135	-	-	-	-	1,006,398,135
Total	9,173,650,478	-	-	-	-	9,173,650,478