
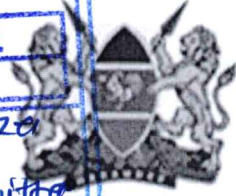


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|  THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY PAPERS LAID | |
| DATE: 08 OCT 2025 | DAY: TUE |
| TABLED BY: | Hon. Kasim Tardaa Vice-chairperson NG-CDF Committee |
| CLERK-AT THE-TABLE: | M. Chumo |



*Approved
Boss D/SNA
7/10/2025*

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT- FOURTH SESSION

SELECT COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL GOVERNMENT CONSTITUENCIES
DEVELOPMENT FUND

PARLIAMENT
OF KENYA
LIBRARY

BIENNIAL REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NG-CDF ACT, CAP. 414A
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEARS 2022/2023 AND 2023/2024

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY
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CLERK'S CHAMBERS

DIRECTORATE OF AUDIT, APPROPRIATIONS & GENERAL PURPOSE COMMITTEES

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

OCTOBER, 2025

ABBREVIATIONS

1. **EGH:** Elder of the Order of the Golden Heart of Kenya
2. **JSS:** Junior Secondary School
3. **NASC:** National Assembly Select Committee
4. **NG-CDF:** National Government Constituencies Development Fund
5. **ODM:** Orange Democratic Movement
6. **PMC:** Project Management Committee
7. **PWDs:** Persons with Disabilities
8. **SHIF:** Social Health Insurance Fund
9. **TVET:** Technical and Vocational Education and Training
10. **UDA:** United Democratic Alliance

Government. The Fund continues to facilitate sustainable development across the republic, aligning with the progressive realization of economic and social rights as outlined in Article 43 of the Constitution.

The Fund's contributions to the education sector have been particularly impactful. Through the provision of bursaries to needy students, the NG-CDF has contributed to increased transition, enrollment, and retention rates from primary to secondary schools and tertiary institutions. This initiative complements government efforts to achieve 100% enrollment and transition rates, ultimately enhancing human capital development. In the 2022/2023 financial year alone, approximately 1,295,158 students benefitted from bursaries totaling Ksh 7,473,075,625, with 2,623 students receiving full sponsorships. Additionally, the Fund has significantly expanded learning spaces by constructing and renovating classrooms. Over the past five years, the NG-CDF has facilitated the construction of 24,020 new classrooms, accommodating an estimated 1,080,900 students.

Beyond education, the NG-CDF has also played a role in climate change mitigation and environmental conservation. Allocations have been made towards initiatives such as tree cover restoration, sanitation and waste disposal, water and soil conservation, solar energy projects, and fencing efforts. These initiatives reinforce the Fund's commitment to sustainable development and environmental stewardship.

Looking ahead, the NG-CDF is well-positioned for continued growth and impact over the next decade. Our future plans prioritize robust projects, sustainability, and expanding the Fund's reach to maximize socio-economic benefits at the grassroots level.

However, despite these achievements, the NG-CDF has faced legal challenges, particularly regarding its place within the doctrine of separation of powers. Litigation has, at times, affected the Fund's operations, necessitating continuous engagement with stakeholders to address legal concerns and safeguard its mandate. To protect the Fund from recurrent legal challenges and ensure its continuity, there is a need to entrench the NG-CDF in the Constitution of Kenya. This will provide a strong legal foundation, reinforcing its role in grassroots development and securing its place as a crucial mechanism for equitable resource distribution.

We extend our appreciation to the Office of the Clerk of the National Assembly and its secretariat for their technical and logistical support. Additionally, we recognize the invaluable contributions of the NG-CDF Board and their secretariat in preparation of this report. The

PREFACE

ESTABLISHMENT AND MANDATE OF THE COMMITTEE

The Select Committee on National Government Constituencies Development Fund is a statutory committee established in accordance with the provisions of section 50 of the NG-CDF Act, CAP. 414A and its functions include:

- a) *To oversee the implementation of this Act and in this respect, shall after every two years submit a report to the National Assembly and where necessary, propose any amendments to this Act with respect to the quantum of funds repayable into the Fund in accordance with section 4 of the Act;*
- b) To oversee the policy framework and legislative matters that may arise in relation to the Fund;
- c) To continually review the frame set out for the efficient delivery of development programmes financed through the Fund;
- d) To consider and report to the National Assembly, with recommendations, names of persons required to be approved by the National Assembly under this Act; and
- e) To carry out any other functions relevant to the work of the Fund.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

The Select Committee on National Government Constituencies Development Fund (NG-CDF) comprises of the following Members:

Chairperson

Hon. Musa Sirma Cherutich, MP - Eldama Ravine Constituency
UDA Party

Vice-Chairperson

Hon. Tandaza Kassim Sawa, MP- Matuga Constituency
Amani Party

Hon. (Dr.) Ogolla Gideon Ochanda, MP
Bondo Constituency
ODM Party

Hon. Akujah Protus Ewesit, MP
Loima Constituency
Wiper Party

Hon. Oyula Joseph H. Maero, MP
Butula Constituency
ODM Party

Hon. Mwalyo Joshua Mbithi, MP
Masinga County
INDEPENDENT

Hon. Mukhwana Titus Khamala, MP
Lurambi Constituency
ODM Party

Hon. Owuor Joshua Aduma, MP
Nyakach Constituency
ODM Party

PART I: INTRODUCTION

1.0 Governance, Administration and Oversight of the Fund

The NG-CDF formerly Constituencies Development Fund (CDF), is a Fund established in 2003 through an Act of Parliament, the Constituencies Development Fund Act, 2003. The Act was reviewed by the CDF (Amendment) Act 2007, and repealed by CDF Act, 2013. In 2015, the CDF Act of 2013 was declared unconstitutional and a new Act was enacted in 2015, being the National Government Constituencies Development Fund (NG-CDF) Act, 2015 as amended in 2023. The Fund is aimed at promoting equitable socio-economic development at the grass root level.

The Act provides that an amount of not less than 2.5% of all the National Government's share of revenue as divided by the Annual Division of Revenue Act enacted pursuant to Article 218 of the Constitution shall be allocated to the Fund. The main purpose of the Fund is to enhance infrastructural and socio-economic development in constituencies with a focus of poverty reduction at the constituency level through the implementation of community priority projects

Section 50 of the NG-CDF Act, CAP. 414A establishes the National Assembly Select Committee in accordance with Standing Orders of the National Assembly. Further Section 50 (5a) provides that NASC shall oversee the implementation of this Act with the view to after every two years submit a report to the National Assembly on the implementation of the Act. The report may propose any amendments to the Act, in particular, with respect to the quantum of funds repayable into the Fund in accordance with section 4 of the Act;

It is against this backdrop that this report has been prepared with the aim of assessing the progress made in implementing the Act over the past two financial years (2022/2023–2023/2024) and proposing any necessary amendments to enhance its effectiveness.

In reviewing the implementation of the Act, this report examines the financial performance of the Board, assessing its resource allocation and management. Further, the report highlights key achievements of both the NASC and the Board while identifying challenges in the areas of legal, structural and political framework.

Based on the findings, commensurate recommendations have been highlighted with the view to address them and to enhance the effectiveness of the Act. Furthermore, the report outlines lessons learned from the implementation and requisite potential opportunities for future improvement and sustainability of the Act.

1.2 The Cabinet Secretary

The Cabinet Secretary as described in the Act is the Cabinet Secretary for the time being responsible for matters relating to national economic policy and planning and development.

The Cabinet Secretary plays the critical role of:

- i. Providing policy direction in management of Fund;
- ii. Approval of the Principal Structure of the Board;
- iii. Approval of the annual budget of the NG-CDF Board with concurrence of NASC;
- iv. Appointment of members of the NG-CDF Board in accordance with the recommendations of the Public Service Commission and with the approval of the National Assembly;
- v. Appointment of Chairperson of the NG-CDF Board; and
- vi. Appointment of the Chief Executive Officer of the NG-CDF Board with the approval of the National Assembly;

1.3 National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board

The mandate of the Board is to ensure efficient and effective management of the Fund through provision of leadership and policy direction. This is implemented through the following functions as provided in the NG-CDF Act:

- i. Consider project proposals submitted from various constituencies in accordance with the Act, approve for funding those project proposals that are consistent with the Act and send funds to the respective constituency fund account with respect to the approved projects;
- ii. Ensure timely and efficient disbursement of funds to every constituency;
- iii. Ensure efficient management of the Fund;
- iv. Coordinate the implementation of projects at the inter-constituency level;
- v. Receive and address complaints that may arise from the implementation of the Act;
- vi. Encourage best practices in the implementation of projects;
- vii. Administer the funds and assets of the Board in such manner and for such purpose as shall promote the best interest of the Board in accordance with the Act to ensure efficient management of the Fund; and
- viii. Perform such other duties as the Board may deem necessary from time to time for the proper management of the Fund.

1.5 National Government Constituencies Development Fund Committees

Section 43 of the NG-CDF Act establishes the NG-CDF Committee (NG-CDFC) for every constituency, composed of: -

- (a) the national government official responsible for co-ordination of national government functions;
- (b) three men each nominated in accordance with subsection (3), one of whom shall be a youth at the date of appointment;
- (c) three women nominated in accordance with subsection (3), one of whom shall be a youth at the date of appointment;
- (d) one persons with disability nominated by a registered group representing persons with disabilities in the constituency in accordance with subsection (3);
- (e) the officer of the Board seconded to the Constituency Committee by the Board who shall be an ex officio member without a vote.
- (f) one member co-opted by the Board in accordance with Regulations made by the Board.

The committee performs the following functions:

- i. Capacity build Project Management Committees and sensitize the Community on the operations of the Fund;
- ii. Consider all project proposals from all wards in the constituency and any other projects which the Committee considers beneficial to the constituency;
- iii. Ensure that all projects proposed and approved for funding meets the requirements of Section 24 of the Act;
- iv. Ensure Project proposals submitted to the Board include detailed budget proposal; and
- v. Consult with relevant government departments to ensure that cost estimates for the projects are realistic.

1.6 Project Management Committee (PMC)

The NG-CDF Projects are implemented by the Project Management Committees as provided for in section 36 of the NG-CDF Act, CAP. 414A. The Act defines PMC as a committee or board of persons elected or nominated to implement a project or manage an institution, including a committee existing prior to the establishment of the Fund and which is assuming the responsibility of implementing a project funded under the Act. The project management committees are responsible for:

PART II: LEGAL STATUS

2.0 Evolution of the NG-CDF Act

The NG-CDF was established through the CDF Act, 2003, and operationalized in 2004. The 2003 Act earmarked 2.5% of the total government's revenue to finance grassroots development projects. The Fund empowered communities to identify and prioritize projects aligned with their specific needs. Despite its potential, the Fund faced initial challenges during its implementation phase, including weak oversight mechanisms and low utilization of funds in certain constituencies. These challenges led to the amendments of the Act in 2007. Among the changes in 2007, included the National Management Committee being replaced with the NG-CDF Board to enhance governance and accountability.

The CDF Act, 2007 was repealed and replaced with the CDF Act, 2013 which aligned the Fund with the Constitution of Kenya, 2010 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 that lay emphasis on citizen participation in public finance management and decision making, transparency and accountability together with equity in public resource utilization. During this period, the NG-CDF experienced significant expansion, spurred by the 2010 Constitution, which increased the number of constituencies from 210 to 290.

The Fund's scope broadened to include projects in education, healthcare, infrastructure, and community empowerment, among others. This period emphasized community-driven project selection, empowering citizens to make decisions about community priorities. It also increased resources and diversified initiatives which enabled marginalized regions to improve education access, including higher university enrollment due to bursary allocations. Efforts to strengthen oversight mechanisms and ensure accountability were also heightened, including stringent scrutiny of project proposals and financial management.

In 2013, *Institute of Social Accountability & another v National Assembly & 4 others* [2015] eKLR filed a petition in the High Court whose judgement declared CDF Act, 2013 unconstitutional. However, the Court suspended the invalidity for a period of 12 months and the national government was to remedy the defects to the Act within the 12 months period, which led to the enactment of the current NG-CDF Act, 2015 (Cap. 414A). The Act sought to align the operations of the Fund to the Constitution of Kenya 2010, by ensuring that the law governing the Fund strongly embraces the principles of participation of the people, separation of powers, and delineation of functions between National and County governments. The NG-

- v) The process of enactment of the Act was unlawful for failure to involve the Senate and the Commission on Revenue Allocation.

Considering the declaration of unconstitutionality, the Court directed that the NG-CDF and all its programs, projects, and activities do cease to operate at the stroke of midnight on 30th June 2026.

2.2 Proposed Interventions

2.2.1 Constitutional Amendments

Parliament proposed amendments to Article 204 of the Constitution aimed at entrenching the NG-CDF within the constitutional framework. The proposed amendments seek to safeguard the Fund's pivotal role in fostering public participation in the identification and implementation of priority national government programmes, while promoting equitable access to services across the country, as envisaged under Article 6(3) of the Constitution. By anchoring the Fund in the Constitution, the proposal intends to protect and build upon the significant progress achieved over the years, thereby preventing any reversal of the substantial socio-economic gains realised.

The constitutional amendments further aim to protect the Fund's cost-effective administrative model, which ensures that 95% of funds are allocated to development, with only 5% going to administration, thereby maximizing its impact.

Kenya is still striving to achieve the socio-economic rights promised under Article 43, and if the current NG-CDF programs are not safeguarded through constitutional intervention, the gains recorded over the past two decades could be eroded, plunging vulnerable communities back into socio-economic hardships.

The Committee observed that although courts have previously declared the current NG-CDF Act unconstitutional, they did not condemn the programmes it supports. It was noted that, in Petition No. 178 of 2016, the court acknowledged the Fund's instrumental role in fostering local development across 290 constituencies. The Committee further noted that this affirms the need to entrench the Fund in the Constitution to safeguard its achievements and sustain its contribution to Kenya's national development agenda.

PART III: FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

3.0 Introduction

The establishment of the Fund pursuant to section 4 of the Act provides for the National Government Constituencies Development Fund consisting of monies of an amount not less than 2.5% (two and half percentum) of the national government's share of revenue as divided by the annual Division of Revenue Act enacted pursuant to Article 218 of the Constitution. In line with these provisions, this chapter highlights the monies allocated to the Fund by the National Treasury for the period under review, allocation to constituencies by the Board, funds disbursed by the National Treasury to the Board, and finally funds disbursed by the Board to the constituencies. The highlights will culminate to the earned achievements by NASC as an oversight body especially in relations to budgetary allocation, approval of the constituency allocations, timely disbursements to the constituencies and general implementation of the Act.

3.1 Allocation to the Fund

Pursuant to Section 4 of the NG-CDF Act, the National Government Constituencies Development Fund was allocated Kshs. 44,289,900,000 and Kshs.53,531,500,000 in the financial years 2022/2023 & 2023/24 respectively. This translated to approximately 2.5% of the national Government share or revenue as elaborated below;

Table 1: Allocation to the Fund

| Financial Year | National Government Share of Revenue (a) | NG-CDF Allocation (b) | percentage (b/a)% |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 2022/2023 | 1,764,099,760,466 | 44,289,900,000 | 2.5 |
| 2023/2024 | 2,177,365,426,000 | 53,531,500,000 | 2.5 |

A further appropriation of **Kshs.3,400,000,000** was made under the 2023/2024 Financial Year supplementary estimate No.1 as a conditional grant to NG-CDF for construction of classrooms and Integrated Learning resource centers in Junior Secondary Schools. The amount was allocated to all constituencies based on grade seven (7) enrolment and each constituency was required to match a shilling to a shilling.

In addition, still under 2023/2024 Financial Year Supplementary Estimate No.1, a further **Kshs.1,000,000,000** was allocated to NG-CDF as a conditional grant for infrastructure development for schools in Nairobi City County. This therefore brought the total allocation to NG-CDF in 2023/2024 Financial Year to **Kshs.57,931,500,000**.

Table 3: Receipt of Funds

| Quarters | FY 2022/2023 | | FY 2023/2024 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | Amount received | % of allocation received | Amount received | % of allocation received |
| July-September | - | 0% | - | 0% |
| October-December | 4,000,000,000 | 9% | - | 0% |
| January- March | 14,000,000,000 | 32% | 20,000,000,000 | 37% |
| April- June | 26,289,900,000 | 59% | 20,000,000,000 | 37% |
| Total disbursement % | 44,289,900,000 | 100% | 40,000,000,000 | 75% |
| Annual allocation | 44,289,900,000 | | 53,531,500,000 | |

In the financial year 2022/2023 a further **Kshs. 2,900,000,000** was disbursed for outstanding arrears.

The amount of **Kshs. 13,531,500,000** which was outstanding for the financial year 2023/2024 was received in the financial year 2024/2025. Detail on receipt of Funds from National Treasury is presented in **Annex 1**.

3.4 Disbursement to Constituencies

The Board ensured that the list of projects forwarded to it by each constituency is, upon approval, funded Pursuant to Section 40 of the NG-CDF Act. The constituencies' approved project proposal for the financial year 2022/2023 were funded within the year as shown below:-

Table 4: disbursements

| Percentage of funding against the annual allocation | Number of constituencies |
|---|--------------------------|
| 100% | 87 |
| 37%-99% | 203 |

Details of the disbursement is provided in annex 2

The constituencies' approved project proposal for the financial year 2023/2024 were funded within the year as shown in Table 5:-

| Percentage of funding against the annual allocation | Number of constituencies |
|---|--------------------------|
| 70%-99.9% | 174 |
| 50%-69% | 106 |
| 17%-49% | 10 |

Details of the disbursement is provided in annex 3

4.0.3 Appointment and approval of NG-CDF Board Members

In line with the provisions of Standing Order No. 42 (4), the Committee considered messages conveyed by the Speaker of the National Assembly on Tuesday, 22nd August 2023, and Thursday, 12th October 2023, from the Cabinet Secretary for the National Treasury and Economic Planning. These messages related to the nomination of the following persons for appointment to the Board of Directors of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund:

1. Hon. John Olago Aluoch, CBS
2. Hon. Janet Meriana Teyiaa
3. Sen. Masitsa Naomi Shiyonga
4. Hon. Gabriel Kago Mukuha

Pursuant to Standing Order 42 3 (c), the names were referred to the Select Committee on National Government Constituencies Development Fund for consideration.

The Committee undertook approval hearings for the nominees on Thursday, 7th September 2023 and on Tuesday, 31st October 2023 and observed that they met the threshold for appointment as directors to the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board as stipulated in Section 15(1) (e) in compliance with the Constitution, the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Act CAP 414A, Section 8 (2) of the Public Appointments (Parliamentary Approval) Act, 2011 and the National Assembly Standing Orders.

Following the Committee's consideration, the House approved the nominees for appointment to the Board of Directors of the National Government Constituencies Development Fund.

| No | Nature of engagement | Date | Venue | Remarks |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
| 7. | Inspection Visits to Projects Implemented by NG-CDF Board in Migori County | 28 th May to 2 nd June 2023 | Migori | Resolutions adopted |
| 8. | Committee retreat with NG-CDF Board | 11 th to 12 th May, 2023 | Machakos | Resolutions adopted |
| 9. | Public Hearing on NG-CDF (Amendment) Bill, 2023 | 27 th June to 2 nd July 2023 | 24 Counties | Resolutions adopted |
| 10. | Committee Retreat with NG-CDF Board and an Inspection Visit in Mombasa County | 20 th to 23 rd July 2023 | Mombasa | Resolutions adopted |
| 11. | Report writing retreat on NG-CDF (Amendment) Bill, 2023 | 5 th to 7 th October 2023 | Machakos | Resolutions Adopted |
| 12. | Report writing retreat on vetting for appointment to NG-CDF Board | 1 st to 2 nd November 2023 | Machakos | Resolutions Adopted |
| 13. | Retreat with NGCDF Board and consideration of NGCDF third quarter report | 4 th December, 2023 | Mombasa | Resolutions adopted |
| 14. | Consultative Workshop with the Ministry of Environment, Climate Change and Forestry, Ministry of Information, Communication and the Digital Economy and the National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board | 7 th to 10 th March, 2024 | Machakos | <p>The meeting deliberated on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Guidelines and modalities of implementing Section 25, 2A on constituency digital hubs and Subsection 10 on climate change mitigation activities as provided in the NG-CDF Act of 2015 as Amended in 2023. ii. Ways to cure ambiguity of sections 48 and 48A of the NG-CDF Act regarding education bursary scheme. <p><i>(The Committee recommended that the NG-CDF Board should develop a regulation or a guideline that will assist in the implementation of the said sections)</i></p> |
| 15. | Inspection visits to Constituency Innovation Hubs | 6 th to 10 th May, 2024 & 20 th to 25 th May, 2024 | Central, Upper Eastern and Coast Regions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. During the Committee: ii. Assessed the implementation status of hubs across constituencies. iii. Reviewed the utilization of funds allocated for |

Committee on NGCDF for consideration and recommendation for approval by the National Assembly.

The National Assembly successfully approved nominees for various constituencies who were subsequently gazetted vide Gazette Notice Vol. CXXIV —No. 254 dated 29th November 2022, Gazette Notice Vol. CXXIV —No. 266 dated 9th December 2022 and Gazette Notice Vol. CXXIV—No. 276 NAIROBI dated 16th December 2022, Gazette Notice Vol. CXXV—No. 86 dated 14th April 2023, Gazette Notice Vol. CXXV—No. 103 dated 5th May 2023,

In accordance with Section 43(4) of the NG-CDF Act, the NG-CDF Board submitted a list of nominees to the National Assembly for consideration. The Committee diligently reviewed this list and confirmed compliance with Section 43(1) and (2) of the Act. As a result, the Committee approved the nominees for the Development Fund Committees in respective constituencies, paving the way for effective management and development.

4.1 Administrative Achievements of the Fund

The NG-CDF programs are uniquely structured as community-driven initiatives, ensuring development reaches every part of the country, including the most disadvantaged and remote regions. By empowering communities to identify and prioritize their needs, the Fund facilitates immediate decision-making and direct resource allocation to projects that have the most significant impact.

What sets NG-CDF apart is its direct community participation, which enables the swift implementation of high-priority projects, addressing critical issues such as education, security, health, environment, youth empowerment, etc. This model ensures that development is not only responsive but also equitable, benefiting communities at the grassroots level. The achievements of NG-CDF programs reflect their direct contribution to improving lives, providing real-time solutions to pressing socio-economic challenges, and fostering inclusive and sustainable growth.

The following section highlights the NG-CDF programs, focusing on the achievements during the period under review.

4.1.1 Institutional Capacity Strengthened

The Board through its strategic plan committed to enhance institutional performance through recruitment of various cadres of staff necessary for its operations and capacity building of staff, NG-CDF Committees and other operatives. Further, the Board committed to strengthen

The number of students benefiting from the NG-CDF bursary program has been growing steadily. Between 2017/18 and 2021/22, approximately 7.3 million learners received financial support through this initiative. In the 2022/2023 financial year, NG-CDF allocated KES 12.29 billion, which increased by 30% to KES 15.98 billion in the 2023/2024 financial year, and reached over 2.5 million students, as summarized below.

Table 8: NG-CDF Bursary Allocations and Beneficiaries Reached – 2022/23 – 2023/24 FYs

| Financial Year | Allocations | Total Beneficiaries | Males | Females |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| 2022/2023 | 12,285,988,565.88 | 1,755,888 | 886,724 | 869,165 |
| 2023/2024 | 15,984,274,163.34 | 2,515,043 | 1,270,097 | 1,244,946 |

These figures cover primary (special needs learners), secondary, tertiary, and university education levels. A key achievement of the bursary program is its gender inclusivity, with an almost equal distribution of male (50.5%) and female (49.5%) beneficiaries. Additionally, 10% of the bursary recipients are Persons with Disabilities (PWDs), demonstrating the program's commitment to inclusive education.

Beyond secondary education, the NG-CDF Bursary Program enhances access to tertiary and university education, contributing to Kenya's Vision 2030 by equipping students with market-relevant skills.

4.2.2 Social Security Program - Healthcare Financing Through the Social Health Insurance Fund

NG-CDF Social Security Program on healthcare financing through the Social Health Insurance Fund (SHIF) targets vulnerable individuals and families, including orphans and vulnerable children (OVC), needy elderly persons 65 years of age and above, needy persons with chronic health conditions, persons with disabilities (PWDs) without regular income, poor widows and widowers, and persons without a fixed abode in eighty-eight (88) constituencies.

The program aims to ensure access to affordable quality healthcare, aligning with the national government's objective of providing universal health coverage. The initiative plays a key role in fulfilling the right to healthcare services as enshrined in the Bill of Rights (Article 43).

seventy eighty (278) pupils while each secondary school can accommodate more than two hundred and ninety-two (292) students on a year learning period basis.

In the 2022/2023 FY, most of the funded projects in primary schools included but were not limited to:

- 1,821 classrooms and 1,501 latrines/ablution blocks were constructed.
- 3,775 classrooms, 43 administration blocks, 4 dormitories, and 13 school gates were renovated,
- 22 science laboratories for Junior Secondary schools (housed in primary schools) were constructed, and the Narok West constituency procured mobile laboratories for 38 primary schools to address the laboratory needs of Junior Secondary Schools.

In the 2023/2024 FY, NG-CDF allocations for primary were used for the construction of classrooms, sanitation facilities, and other essential learning resources to expand learning spaces in primary schools. These projects are at various levels of completion, with the majority being above 75% complete. The key projects were construction and renovations of various activities, including the following, among others.

- 8,620 classrooms were either constructed or renovated, with 6,446 newly built and 2,174 renovated.
- 159 administration blocks were completed, consisting of 115 renovations and 44 new constructions.
- 3,523 latrines/ablution blocks were constructed or renovated, ensuring improved sanitation in schools.

Beyond infrastructure, NGCDF allocated resources for desks, lockers, laboratory equipment, and books to ensure students have well-equipped classrooms.

4.2.4 Junior Secondary School (JSS) Projects

The introduction of Junior Secondary School (JSS) in Kenya's learning curriculum created a critical need for the construction of science laboratories and additional classrooms to accommodate learners and support other essential school infrastructure. In response, the NG-CDF has played a key role in funding the JSS transformation in the 2023/2024 financial year toward various JSS-related infrastructure projects.

- A total of 4,315 classrooms were developed in Junior Secondary Schools (JSS), with 4,009 newly constructed and 306 renovated.
- 162 latrines/ablution blocks were constructed to improve sanitation facilities in JSS institutions.

The amendment alters the focus from “Environment” to “Climate Change Mitigation and Environment,” with a focus on afforestation, re-afforestation, tree seedlings production, and grassroots sanitization. It seeks to enhance the community’s socioeconomic well-being by mitigating the impacts of climate change. The program supports Kenya’s national goal of planting 15 billion trees by 2032, contributing to sustainable resource management and climate change mitigation.

In the 2022/2023 financial year, the NG-CDF allocated KES 516,909,812.65 to the program, while the allocation for the 2023/2024 financial year was KES 512,536,294.00 across the 290 constituencies. These funds were designated for the implementation of climate change mitigation and environmental projects across various constituencies.

4.2.7 Security and Administration Infrastructure Program

NG-CDF contributes to law enforcement and public safety by funding security infrastructure in the country, aligning with the national government’s efforts to enhance public safety, law enforcement efficiency, and crime prevention. A key focus of NG-CDF has been under the following categories.

a) Enhancing Law Enforcement Capacity

- Construction, renovation, and equipping of police stations, police posts, and administrative offices.
- Provision of vehicles and motorbikes for police mobility.
- Installation of security equipment.

b) Improving Community Safety

- Installation of high-mast floodlights and street lighting to deter crime and improve visibility at night.
- Fencing of public spaces, schools, and administrative offices to enhance security.

c) Strengthening Judicial and Administrative Security Services

- Construction and refurbishment of courtrooms, chiefs’ offices, and administrative centers to improve service delivery.
- Building and renovating chiefs’ offices to support local administration.
- Provision of office equipment for administrative security personnel.

Over the years, NG-CDF has funded infrastructural projects in 6,474 security facilities across the country. Out of these, 2,253 are police service facilities, 4,060 are National Government

4.2.8.2 Technical, Vocational Training Institutes

Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) plays a strategic role in the achievement of Sustainable Development in Kenya. The program aims at preparing the youths for the labour market and providing lifelong learning opportunities.

The government through its development blueprint, Vision 2030, intends to create a globally competitive and adaptive human resource base to meet the requirements of a rapidly industrializing economy.

The NG-CDF has continued to support the establishment of new Technical Colleges. Through a guided criterion established by the Ministry of Education and KMTTC Board, NG-CDF in the financial years 2022/23 and 2023/2024, funded different activities in twenty-five new technical training institutions, having allocated KES 1,352,023,536.09 to tertiary institution category.

4.2.9 Emergency Response

The Emergency Program addresses urgent and unforeseen occurrences that require immediate attention to safeguard the public interest of the constituents. It aims to provide swift responses to emergencies at the constituency level.

At the beginning of the Financial Year, a portion of the Fund, equivalent to five percent (Emergency Reserve), remains unallocated and is available for emergencies that may occur within the constituencies (NG-CDF Act, Section 8(1)). In the 2022/2023 FY, the total approved allocation for all 290 constituencies amounted to KES 2,214,456,918. In the 2023/2024 FY, this amount increased to KES 2,676,090,467.00, an increase of 20.8%.

The emergency interventions in both 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 financial years were the construction of pit latrines/toilets, with a total of 5,921 units completed. This was followed by the purchase of essential items for students, including 1,831 mattresses, blankets, and boxes. Additionally, 1,372 student lockers, 1,139 desks, and 433 chairs were supplied to schools. Classroom construction and renovation were also significant, with 121 new classrooms built and 364 existing classrooms renovated.

PART VI: LESSONS LEARNT

6.0 Role of NASC in enhancing timely disbursement of Funds

The National Assembly Select Committee (NASC) has highlighted the power of proactive engagement and advocacy in securing the timely release of NG-CDF funds. Through consistent collaboration with the National Treasury, the committee has effectively reduced delays, ensuring the smooth implementation of critical development projects in education, security, and digital infrastructure. This experience underscores the importance of predictable and structured fund disbursement as a key driver of sustained grassroots development.

6.1 Legislative Role in NG-CDF

Based on the two years is evident that the National Assembly has a role in providing the necessary legislative needed in administration of the fund these include but not limited to entrenching the Fund to the Constitution.

The active participation of legislators plays a vital role in protecting the National Government Constituencies Development Fund (NG-CDF) from political and legal threats. Over time, the Fund has faced legal challenges questioning its constitutionality, creating uncertainty about its future.

To address these concerns, legislators have taken proactive measures to safeguard the NG-CDF. One key step they are currently pursuing is the entrenchment of the Fund in the Constitution. By doing so, they aim to establish a solid legal foundation for the NG-CDF, ensuring that it remains protected from future attempts at abolition. This legislative action is crucial for the long-term sustainability of the Fund.

Legal and Policy Framework must align with emerging needs

The NG-CDF has faced legal challenges regarding its constitutionality, prompting efforts to entrench it within the Constitution. As the Fund evolves, there is an urgent need to align its priorities with emerging socio-economic demands, including digital infrastructure, climate action, and job creation. A well-defined policy framework will be essential in ensuring the fund continues to meet the needs of communities effectively.

to digital opportunities. Strengthening this link between NG-CDF-funded digital hubs and BETA will accelerate youth empowerment, drive economic growth, and position Kenya as a hub for digital entrepreneurship and innovation.

6.4 Capacity of the Community to identify and prioritize development project


The NG-CDF Act 2015 as amended in 2023 provides that Constituency Committees must undertake public participation while identifying priority projects in the communities. This is expected to enhance the impact of NG-CDF program, and therefore NG-CDF Committees must strengthen their communities' capacity to identify and prioritize their development needs. A well-structured approach will not only improve service delivery but also foster transparency and accountability in utilization of the fund.

constituency, and thereafter the constituency fund account shall be replenished in three equal instalments at the beginning of the second, third and fourth quarters of the financial year.”

- b) In response to emerging global challenges like climate change, respective constituencies should within three (3) months upon tabling and adoption of this report demonstrate proactive measures taken to align with the amendment to the NGCDF Act, which mandates the allocation of 5% of each constituency’s budget to climate change mitigation. To maximize impact, these funds should be strategically invested in reforestation programs, clean energy initiatives, and climate-smart infrastructure. Prioritizing tree planting, community-led conservation efforts, and the adoption of solar and other renewable energy sources will enhance environmental protection while fostering climate resilience and sustainable livelihoods. Additionally, integrating climate education and stakeholder engagement will ensure long-term commitment and effectiveness in combating climate-related challenges.
- c) Within three (3) months after tabling and adoption of this report, Constituencies should implement digital hubs to equip young people with digital skills, online work opportunities, and platforms for innovation. These hubs can serve as incubators for entrepreneurship, freelance jobs, and technology-driven economic growth, empowering the youth to participate meaningfully in the digital economy.
- d) Parliament should fast-track legal and policy reforms to safeguard NG-CDF from political and legal uncertainties. Efforts by Parliament to entrench the Fund into the Constitution should be expedited to guarantee its long-term sustainability and protect it from policy shifts that could undermine its effectiveness. Ensuring a strong legal framework will provide stability, allowing NG-CDF to continue playing a pivotal role in community-driven development.

SIGNED..........DATE..........

HON. MUSA SIRMA CHERUTICH, EGH, MP
CHAIRPERSON
COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL GOVERNMENT CONSTITUENCIES
DEVELOPMENT FUND

| | |
|---|----------------------|
|  NATIONAL ASSEMBLY PAPERS LAID | |
| DATE: 08 OCT 2025 | |
| DAY: <input type="text"/> | |
| TABLED BY: | <input type="text"/> |
| CLERK-AT THE-TABLE: | <input type="text"/> |

Annex 1: FY2022/2023

| Date of receipt at the Board | Amount Received |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 15 th December 2022 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 16 th December 2022 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 24 th January 2023 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 26 th January 2023 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 8 th February 2023 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21 st February 2023 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 23 rd February 2023 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 24 th March 2023 | 4,000,000,000 |
| 9 th June 2023 | 4,000,000,000 |
| 13 th June 2023 | 1,000,000,000 |
| 15 th June 2023 | 5,000,000,000 |
| 22 nd June 2023 | 10,000,000,000 |
| 26 TH June 2023 | 8,144,950,000 |
| 29 th June 2023 | 1,044,950,000 |
| Total | 47,189,900,000 |

Annex 2: FY2023/2024

| Date of receipt at the Board | Amount Received |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 8th January 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 8th January 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 8th January 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 10th January 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 10th January 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21st February 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21st February 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21st February 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21st February 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 21st February 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 3rd April 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 3rd April 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 3rd April 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 3rd April 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 3rd April 2024 | 2,000,000,000 |
| 29th April 2024 | 1,382,875,000 |
| 29th April 2024 | 1,382,875,000 |
| 29th April 2024 | 1,582,875,000 |
| 29th April 2024 | 1,651,375,000 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) |
|-----|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 34 | Kinangop | 165,705,316 | 165,705,316 |
| 35 | Kipipiri | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 36 | Kipkelion East | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 37 | Kisauni | 158,832,745 | 158,832,745 |
| 38 | Kisumu Central | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 39 | Kitui Central | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 40 | Kitui South | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 41 | Kitutu Chache North | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 42 | Lafey | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 43 | Lagdera | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 44 | Laikipia North | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 45 | Laisamis | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 46 | Loima | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 47 | Lunga Lunga | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 48 | Lurambi | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 49 | Maara | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 50 | Magarini | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 51 | Makadara | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 52 | Mandera East | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 53 | Mandera North | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 54 | Mandera South | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 55 | Mandera West | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 56 | Marakwet West | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 57 | Masinga | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 58 | Mathira | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 59 | Mavoko | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 60 | Mbooni | 151,960,174 | 151,960,174 |
| 61 | Moiben | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 62 | Msambweni | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 63 | Mumias West | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 64 | Nyali | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 65 | Nyando | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 66 | Nyaribari Masaba | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 67 | Nyatike | 158,832,745 | 158,832,745 |
| 68 | Nyeri Town | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 69 | Othaya | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 70 | Rongai | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 71 | Saboti | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 72 | Samburu West | 145,087,603 | 145,087,603 |
| 73 | Sigor | 138,215,033 | 138,215,033 |
| 74 | Sirisia | 131,342,462 | 131,342,462 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 23 | Chepalungu | 145,087,603 | 133,607,015 | 11,480,588 |
| 24 | Cherangany | 158,832,745 | 157,332,745 | 1,500,000 |
| 25 | Chesumei | 145,087,603 | 142,337,603 | 2,750,000 |
| 26 | Dagoretti North | 145,087,603 | 125,087,603 | 20,000,000 |
| 27 | Dagoretti South | 145,087,603 | 116,287,603 | 28,800,000 |
| 28 | Eldama Ravine | 151,960,174 | 138,314,393 | 13,645,781 |
| 29 | Embakasi Central | 145,087,603 | 117,778,239 | 27,309,364 |
| 30 | Embakasi East | 145,087,603 | 114,430,958 | 30,656,645 |
| 31 | Embakasi North | 145,087,603 | 135,807,603 | 9,280,000 |
| 32 | Embakasi South | 145,087,603 | 87,000,000 | 58,087,603 |
| 33 | Embakasi West | 138,215,033 | 118,090,294 | 20,124,739 |
| 34 | Emgwen | 138,215,033 | 125,215,033 | 13,000,000 |
| 35 | Emuhaya | 131,342,462 | 91,467,145 | 39,875,317 |
| 36 | Emurua Dikirr | 138,215,033 | 136,015,033 | 2,200,000 |
| 37 | Endebess | 131,342,462 | 110,542,447 | 20,800,015 |
| 38 | Fafi | 145,087,603 | 130,456,351 | 14,631,252 |
| 39 | Funyula | 138,215,033 | 121,398,842 | 16,816,191 |
| 40 | Galole | 138,215,033 | 124,590,295 | 13,624,739 |
| 41 | Garsen | 151,960,174 | 146,160,174 | 5,800,000 |
| 42 | Gatanga | 151,960,174 | 118,577,074 | 33,383,100 |
| 43 | Gatundu North | 138,215,033 | 132,865,034 | 5,350,000 |
| 44 | Gatundu South | 138,215,033 | 133,153,041 | 5,061,992 |
| 45 | Gem | 151,960,174 | 143,460,174 | 8,500,000 |
| 46 | Gichugu | 145,087,603 | 144,447,603 | 640,000 |
| 47 | Gilgil | 145,087,603 | 138,887,603 | 6,200,000 |
| 48 | Igembe Central | 145,087,603 | 135,164,421 | 9,923,182 |
| 49 | Igembe North | 145,087,603 | 142,625,578 | 2,462,025 |
| 50 | Ijara | 138,215,033 | 133,515,033 | 4,700,000 |
| 51 | Ikolomani | 138,215,033 | 134,975,033 | 3,240,000 |
| 52 | Isiolo North | 158,832,745 | 148,632,745 | 10,200,000 |
| 53 | Kabete | 145,087,603 | 135,756,727 | 9,330,876 |
| 54 | Kacheliba | 151,960,174 | 151,060,165 | 900,009 |
| 55 | Kaiti | 138,215,033 | 135,450,732 | 2,764,301 |
| 56 | Kajiado Central | 145,087,603 | 132,892,769 | 12,194,834 |
| 57 | Kajiado East | 145,087,603 | 138,247,602 | 6,840,001 |
| 58 | Kajiado North | 145,087,603 | 135,917,603 | 9,170,000 |
| 60 | Kandara | 151,960,174 | 66,900,657 | 85,059,517 |
| 61 | Kanduyi | 165,705,316 | 142,177,994 | 23,527,322 |
| 62 | Kangema | 131,342,462 | 127,342,462 | 4,000,000 |
| 63 | Kapenguria | 151,960,174 | 138,960,174 | 13,000,000 |
| 64 | Kapseret | 145,087,603 | 139,087,603 | 6,000,000 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 106 | Luanda | 145,087,603 | 57,000,000 | 88,087,603 |
| 107 | Lugari | 151,960,174 | 147,460,174 | 4,500,000 |
| 108 | Machakos Town | 158,832,745 | 152,085,135 | 6,747,610 |
| 109 | Makueni | 158,832,745 | 156,232,745 | 2,600,000 |
| 110 | Malava | 158,832,745 | 134,832,745 | 24,000,000 |
| 111 | Malindi | 145,087,603 | 136,087,603 | 9,000,000 |
| 112 | Manyatta | 151,960,174 | 150,210,172 | 1,750,002 |
| 113 | Maragwa | 151,960,174 | 148,929,065 | 3,031,109 |
| 114 | Marakwet East | 138,215,033 | 138,015,033 | 200,000 |
| 115 | Matayos | 145,087,603 | 107,000,000 | 38,087,603 |
| 116 | Mathare | 151,960,174 | 118,920,971 | 33,039,204 |
| 117 | Mathioya | 131,342,462 | 128,942,462 | 2,400,000 |
| 118 | Matuga | 145,087,603 | 143,087,603 | 2,000,000 |
| 119 | Matungu | 145,087,603 | 133,587,603 | 11,500,000 |
| 120 | Matungulu | 145,087,603 | 136,714,576 | 8,373,027 |
| 121 | Mbeere North | 131,342,462 | 72,000,000 | 59,342,462 |
| 122 | Mbeere South | 145,087,603 | 132,087,403 | 13,000,200 |
| 123 | Mogotio | 131,342,462 | 114,167,462 | 17,175,000 |
| 124 | Molo | 138,215,033 | 135,615,033 | 2,600,000 |
| 125 | Mosop | 158,832,745 | 139,712,745 | 19,120,000 |
| 126 | Moyale | 158,832,745 | 149,802,745 | 9,030,000 |
| 127 | Mt. Elgon | 151,960,174 | 147,987,574 | 3,972,600 |
| 128 | Muhoroni | 145,087,603 | 120,469,603 | 24,618,000 |
| 129 | Mukurweini | 138,215,033 | 132,450,732 | 5,764,301 |
| 130 | Mumias East | 131,342,462 | 119,842,462 | 11,500,000 |
| 131 | Mvita | 145,087,603 | 132,727,363 | 12,360,240 |
| 132 | Mwala | 151,960,174 | 102,360,174 | 49,600,000 |
| 133 | Mwatate | 145,087,603 | 90,895,023 | 54,192,580 |
| 134 | Mwea | 165,705,316 | 136,957,324 | 28,747,992 |
| 135 | Mwingi Central | 151,960,174 | 149,960,174 | 2,000,000 |
| 136 | Mwingi North | 145,087,603 | 124,917,447 | 20,170,156 |
| 137 | Mwingi West | 138,215,033 | 136,715,033 | 1,500,000 |
| 138 | Naivasha | 165,705,316 | 155,205,315 | 10,500,001 |
| 139 | Nakuru Town East | 145,087,603 | 131,577,185 | 13,510,418 |
| 140 | Nakuru Town West | 151,960,174 | 131,596,675 | 20,363,499 |
| 141 | Nambale | 138,215,033 | 133,965,033 | 4,250,000 |
| 142 | Nandi Hills | 138,215,033 | 103,015,033 | 35,200,000 |
| 143 | Narok East | 138,215,033 | 109,008,145 | 29,206,888 |
| 144 | Narok North | 151,960,174 | 147,960,174 | 4,000,000 |
| 145 | Narok South | 151,960,174 | 130,440,497 | 21,519,677 |
| 146 | Narok West | 138,215,033 | 118,950,732 | 19,264,301 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 187 | Tinderet | 138,215,033 | 130,125,433 | 8,089,600 |
| 188 | Tongaren | 151,960,174 | 136,698,667 | 15,261,507 |
| 189 | Turbo | 151,960,174 | 150,960,174 | 1,000,000 |
| 190 | Turkana Central | 145,087,603 | 138,487,602 | 6,600,001 |
| 191 | Turkana North | 151,960,174 | 148,960,174 | 3,000,000 |
| 192 | Turkana South | 145,087,603 | 137,287,597 | 7,800,006 |
| 193 | Ugenya | 138,215,033 | 131,237,844 | 6,977,189 |
| 194 | Uriri | 145,087,603 | 123,288,602 | 21,799,001 |
| 195 | Vihiga | 138,215,033 | 101,178,925 | 37,036,108 |
| 196 | Voi | 151,960,174 | 135,159,932 | 16,800,242 |
| 197 | Wajir East | 138,215,033 | 138,105,033 | 110,000 |
| 198 | Wajir South | 158,832,745 | 151,932,745 | 6,900,000 |
| 199 | Webuye East | 131,342,462 | 130,542,462 | 800,000 |
| 200 | Webuye West | 138,215,033 | 137,215,033 | 1,000,000 |
| 201 | Westlands | 145,087,603 | 112,767,578 | 32,320,025 |
| 202 | Wundanyi | 138,215,033 | 136,815,033 | 1,400,000 |
| 203 | Yatta | 145,087,603 | 95,213,814 | 49,873,789 |
| | Total | 29,528,381,756 | 26,348,427,437 | 3,179,954,319 |

Constituencies that have received between 70% and 99.9% of the funds allocated in 2023/24 Financial Year

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Ainabkoi | 165,842,712 | 130,000,000 | 35,842,712 |
| 2 | Ainamoi | 196,439,384 | 140,000,000 | 56,439,384 |
| 3 | Awendo | 178,892,253 | 160,000,000 | 18,892,253 |
| 4 | Balambala | 177,126,443 | 130,000,000 | 47,126,443 |
| 5 | Banissa | 177,414,793 | 130,000,000 | 47,414,793 |
| 6 | Baringo Central | 184,134,443 | 140,000,000 | 44,134,443 |
| 7 | Baringo North | 185,641,893 | 130,000,000 | 55,641,893 |
| 8 | Baringo South | 176,103,653 | 130,000,000 | 46,103,653 |
| 9 | Belgut | 186,649,293 | 130,000,000 | 56,649,293 |
| 10 | Bomachoge Borabu | 177,976,103 | 130,000,000 | 47,976,103 |
| 11 | Bomachoge Chache | 168,470,712 | 140,000,000 | 28,470,712 |
| 12 | Bonchari | 181,235,553 | 147,626,108 | 33,609,445 |
| 13 | Bondo | 201,823,134 | 181,923,134 | 19,900,000 |
| 14 | Borabu | 178,023,553 | 130,318,455 | 47,705,098 |
| 15 | Bura | 180,933,393 | 141,000,000 | 39,933,393 |
| 16 | Bureti | 207,868,324 | 156,745,126 | 51,123,198 |
| 17 | Butere | 190,445,293 | 140,525,293 | 49,920,000 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 59 | Kiambaa | 182,904,393 | 130,000,000 | 52,904,393 |
| 60 | Kibwezi East | 180,779,303 | 154,912,912 | 25,866,391 |
| 61 | Kigumo | 186,802,593 | 130,000,000 | 56,802,593 |
| 62 | Kiharu | 198,129,334 | 148,930,448 | 49,198,886 |
| 63 | Kikuyu | 183,532,193 | 140,430,573 | 43,101,620 |
| 64 | Kilifi North | 213,956,524 | 149,710,907 | 64,245,617 |
| 65 | Kilifi South | 195,285,193 | 137,298,831 | 57,986,362 |
| 66 | Kilome | 167,426,812 | 130,567,353 | 36,859,459 |
| 67 | Kinango | 220,132,324 | 176,931,991 | 43,200,333 |
| 68 | Kinangop | 219,187,765 | 173,129,653 | 46,058,112 |
| 69 | Kipipiri | 174,289,603 | 135,401,202 | 38,888,401 |
| 70 | Kipkelion East | 178,549,153 | 127,182,042 | 51,367,111 |
| 71 | Kirinyaga Central | 173,614,353 | 130,000,000 | 43,614,353 |
| 72 | Kisumu Central | 200,870,484 | 140,000,000 | 60,870,484 |
| 73 | Kisumu West | 190,510,993 | 140,000,000 | 50,510,993 |
| 74 | Kitui Central | 186,798,943 | 140,000,000 | 46,798,943 |
| 75 | Kitui Rural | 178,235,253 | 151,439,356 | 26,795,897 |
| 76 | Kitui South | 203,597,034 | 143,655,384 | 59,941,650 |
| 77 | Kitui West | 177,282,603 | 129,522,998 | 47,759,605 |
| 78 | Kitutu Chache North | 176,986,953 | 130,000,000 | 46,986,953 |
| 79 | Kitutu Masaba | 201,877,884 | 165,184,306 | 36,693,578 |
| 80 | Kuresoi South | 178,596,603 | 138,266,393 | 40,330,210 |
| 81 | Kwanza | 182,414,503 | 130,000,000 | 52,414,503 |
| 82 | Lafey | 176,597,193 | 130,000,000 | 46,597,193 |
| 83 | Lagdera | 185,321,484 | 130,000,000 | 55,321,484 |
| 84 | Laikipia East | 186,302,543 | 130,000,000 | 56,302,543 |
| 85 | Laikipia North | 173,176,353 | 140,000,000 | 33,176,353 |
| 86 | Laisamis | 178,966,043 | 138,127,912 | 40,838,131 |
| 87 | Lamu East | 159,535,512 | 129,616,010 | 29,919,502 |
| 88 | Lamu West | 202,988,274 | 150,000,000 | 52,988,274 |
| 89 | Likoni | 184,039,543 | 130,000,000 | 54,039,543 |
| 90 | Limuru | 184,838,893 | 132,970,074 | 51,868,819 |
| 91 | Loima | 169,566,503 | 131,293,720 | 38,272,783 |
| 92 | Luanda | 184,057,793 | 130,000,000 | 54,057,793 |
| 93 | Lunga Lunga | 185,246,903 | 140,000,000 | 45,246,903 |
| 94 | Lurambi | 197,056,234 | 165,000,000 | 32,056,234 |
| 95 | Maara | 185,824,393 | 130,000,000 | 55,824,393 |
| 96 | Magarini | 205,352,684 | 150,000,000 | 55,352,684 |
| 97 | Mandera East | 183,408,093 | 130,000,000 | 53,408,093 |
| 98 | Mandera North | 179,451,493 | 130,000,000 | 49,451,493 |
| 99 | Mandera South | 180,228,943 | 132,228,943 | 48,000,000 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 141 | Rongo | 179,790,153 | 130,000,000 | 49,790,153 |
| 142 | Ruiru | 215,081,515 | 178,774,108 | 36,307,407 |
| 143 | Runyenjes | 193,617,934 | 144,390,801 | 49,227,133 |
| 144 | Sabatia | 196,713,134 | 140,000,000 | 56,713,134 |
| 145 | Saboti | 190,010,943 | 140,000,000 | 50,010,943 |
| 146 | Saku | 161,751,062 | 130,000,000 | 31,751,062 |
| 147 | Samburu East | 169,314,653 | 146,125,159 | 23,189,494 |
| 148 | Samburu West | 184,130,793 | 130,000,000 | 54,130,793 |
| 149 | Seme | 179,198,853 | 130,000,000 | 49,198,853 |
| 150 | Sirisia | 170,912,562 | 130,000,000 | 40,912,562 |
| 151 | South Mugirango | 202,779,434 | 154,390,801 | 48,388,633 |
| 152 | Suba South | 177,622,053 | 146,135,577 | 31,486,476 |
| 153 | Subukia | 165,663,862 | 130,000,000 | 35,663,862 |
| 154 | Suna East | 177,669,503 | 147,504,576 | 30,164,927 |
| 155 | Suna West | 178,446,953 | 130,000,000 | 48,446,953 |
| 156 | Tarbaj | 168,511,653 | 150,000,000 | 18,511,653 |
| 157 | Teso North | 196,990,534 | 137,000,000 | 59,990,534 |
| 158 | Teso South | 199,884,984 | 140,000,000 | 59,884,984 |
| 159 | Tetu | 163,415,462 | 118,509,102 | 44,906,360 |
| 160 | Tharaka | 188,094,693 | 142,832,864 | 45,261,829 |
| 161 | Tiaty | 197,746,874 | 140,000,000 | 57,746,874 |
| 162 | Tigania West | 186,397,443 | 130,000,000 | 56,397,443 |
| 163 | Tinderet | 179,866,803 | 130,000,000 | 49,866,803 |
| 164 | Turkana East | 160,601,312 | 118,242,312 | 42,359,000 |
| 165 | Turkana North | 187,420,234 | 135,536,831 | 51,883,403 |
| 166 | Ugenya | 180,417,953 | 141,763,714 | 38,654,239 |
| 167 | Uriri | 189,153,193 | 156,637,667 | 32,515,526 |
| 168 | Wajir East | 173,767,653 | 130,000,000 | 43,767,653 |
| 169 | Wajir South | 196,396,374 | 140,000,000 | 56,396,374 |
| 170 | Wajir West | 171,048,403 | 130,000,000 | 41,048,403 |
| 171 | Webuye East | 170,751,962 | 146,675,410 | 24,076,552 |
| 172 | Webuye West | 180,596,803 | 133,548,113 | 47,048,690 |
| 173 | West Mugirango | 189,956,193 | 143,591,731 | 46,364,462 |
| 174 | Yatta | 190,412,443 | 147,123,869 | 43,288,574 |
| | Total | 32,071,893,121 | 24,305,575,784 | 7,766,317,337 |

Constituencies that have received between 50% and 69% of the funds allocated in 2023/24
Financial Year

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 41 | Kimisini | 202,330,484 | 140,000,000 | 62,330,484 |
| 42 | Kipkelion West | 178,815,603 | 120,000,000 | 58,815,603 |
| 43 | Kisauni | 201,776,474 | 131,922,606 | 69,853,868 |
| 44 | Kisumu East | 189,795,593 | 130,000,000 | 59,795,593 |
| 45 | Kitui East | 198,804,584 | 130,000,000 | 68,804,584 |
| 46 | Kitutu Chache South | 187,434,043 | 130,000,000 | 57,434,043 |
| 47 | Kuresoi North | 180,520,153 | 116,346,152 | 64,174,001 |
| 48 | Kuria West | 211,952,674 | 133,318,679 | 78,633,995 |
| 49 | Laikipia West | 202,888,934 | 130,000,000 | 72,888,934 |
| 50 | Langata | 238,464,822 | 140,000,000 | 98,464,822 |
| 51 | Lari | 184,123,493 | 108,566,133 | 75,557,360 |
| 52 | Likuyani | 190,434,343 | 130,000,000 | 60,434,343 |
| 53 | Lugari | 204,250,384 | 120,000,000 | 84,250,384 |
| 54 | Machakos Town | 208,459,624 | 134,031,693 | 74,427,931 |
| 55 | Makadara | 235,879,832 | 143,237,795 | 92,642,037 |
| 56 | Makueni | 213,514,874 | 130,000,000 | 83,514,874 |
| 57 | Malava | 213,423,624 | 137,021,142 | 76,402,482 |
| 58 | Malindi | 189,182,393 | 130,000,000 | 59,182,393 |
| 59 | Manyatta | 195,183,784 | 134,005,841 | 61,177,943 |
| 60 | Maragwa | 197,344,584 | 126,741,316 | 70,603,268 |
| 61 | Mathira | 193,311,334 | 133,699,367 | 59,611,967 |
| 62 | Matungu | 193,252,143 | 120,000,000 | 73,252,143 |
| 63 | Matungulu | 188,109,293 | 123,804,551 | 64,304,742 |
| 64 | Moiben | 184,871,743 | 120,000,000 | 64,871,743 |
| 65 | Mosop | 211,175,224 | 140,000,000 | 71,175,224 |
| 66 | Moyale | 201,531,924 | 140,000,000 | 61,531,924 |
| 67 | Mt. Elgon | 209,312,934 | 140,000,000 | 69,312,934 |
| 68 | Muhoroni | 191,843,243 | 130,000,000 | 61,843,243 |
| 69 | Mwala | 200,239,034 | 131,318,871 | 68,920,163 |
| 70 | Mwatate | 181,261,893 | 120,000,000 | 61,261,893 |
| 71 | Naivasha | 224,790,515 | 150,000,000 | 74,790,515 |
| 72 | Nakuru Town East | 191,120,543 | 130,000,000 | 61,120,543 |
| 73 | Narok East | 176,848,253 | 118,763,714 | 58,084,539 |
| 74 | Narok North | 202,644,384 | 140,738,841 | 61,905,543 |
| 75 | Narok South | 203,013,034 | 130,000,000 | 73,013,034 |
| 76 | Ndhiwa | 214,314,224 | 130,000,000 | 84,314,224 |
| 77 | Njoro | 202,206,384 | 132,997,908 | 69,208,476 |
| 78 | North Mugirango | 187,963,293 | 130,000,000 | 57,963,293 |
| 79 | Nyando | 190,149,643 | 120,000,000 | 70,149,643 |
| 80 | Nyatike | 212,043,924 | 140,000,000 | 72,043,924 |

| No. | Constituencies | Allocation (Kshs.) | Amount Disbursed (Kshs.) | Balance (Kshs.) |
|-----|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 9 | Roysambu | 245,370,622 | 116,520,300 | 128,850,322 |
| 10 | Soy | 207,988,774 | 73,125,356 | 134,863,418 |
| | Total | 2,093,548,381 | 876,701,156 | 1,216,847,225 |

Annex 5: Links to the Gazetments

<https://new.kenyalaw.org/akn/ke/officialGazette/gazette/2022-11-29/254/eng@2022-11-29->

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<https://new.kenyalaw.org/akn/ke/officialGazette/gazette/2022-12-09/266/eng@2022-12-09->

Kenya Gazette Vol. CXXIV -No. 266

<https://new.kenyalaw.org/akn/ke/officialGazette/gazette/2022-12-16/276/eng@2022-12-16->

Kenya Gazette Vol.CXXIV-No.276 (96)

<https://new.kenyalaw.org/akn/ke/officialGazette/gazette/2023-04-14/86/eng@2023-04-14>

Kenya Gazette Vol.CXXV-No.86

<https://new.kenyalaw.org/akn/ke/officialGazette/gazette/2023-05-05/103/eng@2023-05-05->

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REPUBLIC OF KENYA
THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY
13TH PARLIAMENT – FOURTH SESSION – 2025
DIRECTORATE OF AUDIT, APPROPRIATIONS AND GENERAL PURPOSE
COMMITTEES

ADOPTION SCHEDULE

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL GOVERNMENT CONSTITUENCIES
DEVELOPMENT FUND ON THE BIENNIAL REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE NG-GDF ACT, CAP.414A FOR THE FINANCIAL YEARS 2022/2023 AND
2023/2024

DATE: 7/10/2025

| | NAMES | SIGNATURE |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 1. | The Hon. Musa Sirma Cherutich, E.G.H, MP (Chairperson) | |
| 2. | The Hon. Eng. Tandaza Kassim Sawa, MP - (Vice-Chairperson) | Virtual |
| 3. | The Hon. (Dr.) Ogolla Gideon Ochanda, MP | |
| 4. | The Hon Elachi Beatrice Kadeversia CBS, MP | Virtual |
| 5. | The Hon. Owuor Joshua Aduma, MP | |
| 6. | The Hon Akuja Protus Ewesit, MP | Virtual |
| 7. | The Hon. Mukhwana Titus Khamala, MP | |
| 8. | The Hon. Mwalyo Joshua Mbithi, MP | Virtual |
| 9. | The Hon. Nyamita Mark Ogolla, MP | |
| 10. | The Hon. Owino John Walter, MP | Virtual |
| 11. | The Hon Oyula Joseph H. Maero, MP | |
| 12. | The Hon. Wambilianga Catherine Nanjala, MP | |
| 13. | The Hon. Gisairo Clive Ombane, MP | |
| 14. | The Hon. Kiprono Mutai Alfred, MP | Virtual |
| 15. | The Hon. Machele Mohamed Soud, MP | Virtual |
| 16. | The Hon. Nduyo Susan Ngugi, MP | Virtual |
| 17. | The Hon Wainaina Antony Njoroge, MP | |
| 18. | The Hon. Lelmengit Josses Kiptoo Kosgey, MP | |
| 19. | The Hon. Maing Mary, MP | |

**MINUTES OF THE 43RD SITTING OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT
CONSTITUENCIES DEVELOPMENT FUND COMMITTEE HELD IN THE NG-CDF
BOARDROOM, 10TH FLOOR HARAMBEE SACCO BUILDING 7TH OCTOBER, 2025
AT 12:00PM**

PRESENT

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Hon. Musa Sirma Cherutich, EGH, MP | Chairperson |
| 2. Hon. Eng. Kassim Sawa Tandaza, MP | Vice-Chairperson |
| 3. Hon. (Dr) Ogolla Gideon Ochanda, MP | |
| 4. Hon. Elachi Beatrice Kadeversia, CBS, MP | |
| 5. Hon. Owuor Joshua Aduma, MP | |
| 6. Hon. Protus Ewesit Akuja, MP | |
| 7. Hon. Joshua Mbithi Mwalyo, MP | |
| 8. Hon. Owino John Walter, MP | |
| 9. Hon. Gisairo Clive Ombane, MP | |
| 10. Hon. Susan Ngugi Nduyo, MP | |
| 11. Hon. Alfred Mutai Kiprono, MP | |
| 12. Hon. Machele Mohamed Soud, MP | |

APOLOGIES

1. Hon. Mukhwana Titus Khamala, MP
2. Hon. Nyamita Mark Ogolla, MP
3. Hon. Oyula Joseph H. Maero, MP
4. Hon. Wambilianga Catherine Nanjala, MP
5. Hon. Antony Njoroge Wainaina, MP
6. Hon. Lelmengit Josses Kiptoo Kosgey, MP
7. Hon. Maingi Mary, MP

MIN NO. NA/DAA&GPC/NG-CDF/2025/232

CONSIDERATION AND ADOPTION OF THE BIENNIAL REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NG-CDF ACT, CAP. 414A FOR FY 2022/2023 AND 2023/2024.

The Secretariat presented the Biennial Report on the Implementation of the NG-CDF Act (Cap. 414 A) for the financial years 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 to the Committee. Following the presentation, the report was adopted after being proposed by Hon. Joshua Mbithi Mwalyo, MP, and seconded by Hon. (Dr.) Ogolla Gideon Ochanda, MP.

MIN NO. NA/DAAOSC/NG-CDF/2025/233

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

There was no other business.

MIN NO. NA/DAAOSC/NG-CDF/2025/234

ADJOURNMENT

There being no other business, the meeting was adjourned at 12:30 pm. The next meeting will be held at 2:00 pm at the same venue.

SIGNED:



**HON. MUSA CHERUTICH SIRMA, EGH, MP
CHAIRPERSON**

DATE:

7/10/2025