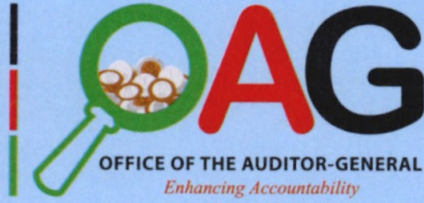


REPUBLIC OF KENYA



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THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

**STAFF HOUSE MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN
SCHEME – UNCLAIMED FINANCIAL ASSETS
AUTHORITY**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE, 2025**



**UNCLAIMED
FINANCIAL
ASSETS
AUTHORITY**

UNCLAIMED FINANCIAL ASSETS AUTHORITY

STAFF HOUSE MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN SCHEME

**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2025**

Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector
Accounting Standards (IPSAS)



Table of Contents

- 1. Key Entity Information and Managementiii
- 2. Board of Directors of the Authority vi
- 3. Management Team xi
- 4. Chairman's Report xv
- 5. Report of the Chief Executive Officerxvi
- 6. Corporate Governance Statementxix
- 7. Management Discussion and Analysis..... xx
- 8. Corporate Social Responsibility/Sustainability Reporting.....xxi
- 9. Report of The Board of Directors of Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority and Scheme Committee xxiv
- 10. Statement of Management's Responsibilities xxv
- 11. Report of the Independent Auditor for the Financial Statements of Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme 0
- 12. Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30th June 2025 1
- 13. Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June 2025 2
- 14. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30th June 2025 3
- 15. Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30th June 2025 4
- 16. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the year ended 30th June 2025 5
- 17. Notes to the Financial Statements 6
- 18. Annexes Annex I: Progress on Follow Up of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations..... 24
- Annex II: Inter-Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme Confirmation Letter..... 25
- Annex III: Reporting of Climate Relevant Expenditures 26
- Annex IV: Disaster Expenditure Reporting Template..... 27

Key Entity Information and Management

a. Background Information

The Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority (UFAA/ the “Authority”) was created under the Unclaimed Financial Assets Act, No. 40 of 2011 (the “Act”) to administer unclaimed financial assets. The Board of Directors was gazetted under Legal Notice No. 16272 of 9th November 2012.

The Authority set up the UFAA Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme in the year 2018.

b. Principal Activities

The principal activity of this scheme is to provide loans for the purchase or development of residential property or equity release for improvement of a residential premises by UFAA staff and to help employees of the Authority acquire a motor vehicle as defined under the Traffic Act CAP 403. The Scheme is administered by an Administrator. There is a committee charged with the responsibility of processing loans from applicants in accordance with laid down approved regulations, managing the revolving Fund for the disbursement of loans, and supervising the day-to-day operations of the scheme.

The scheme administrator is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the scheme.

c. Committee of the Scheme

Members of the committee who held office during the financial year ended 30 June 2025 were:

No	Name	Designation	Status
1	Leonard Langat	Senior Accountant	Chairman
2	Godfrey Wambugu	Senior Legal Officer	Member
3	Jane Gicheru	Human Resource Officer	Secretary
4	Paul Muya	Senior Communication officer	Member
5	Gideon Nzioki	Senior Auditor - Holders	Member

d. Scheme Administrator

The Scheme is administered by HFC Bank, which is a subsidiary of the HF Group. HF Group is an integrated financial solutions provider that is registered as a non-operating holding company (under the Banking Act Cap.488) and regulated by the Central Bank of Kenya (CBK).

e. Fiduciary Oversight Arrangements

UFAA Management

UFAA Management is responsible for recommending of the mortgage rules and policies for Board approval. They are also responsible for reviewing the Committee's operations in managing the scheme.

Management Board oversight

The Board of Directors has the overall oversight responsibility of the Authority. As detailed in the section on corporate governance, this responsibility is administered through various committees of the Board that have specific roles, including: the finance and human resource committee; audit, risk and governance committee, technical and investment committee and strategy& efficiency committee.

Parliamentary Committees

The following Parliamentary Committees also have fiduciary oversight responsibilities over the Authority's operations; the Parliamentary Budget Committee oversees budgeting; the Parliamentary Investment Committee oversees investment decisions, and the Parliamentary Accounts Committee oversees financial accountability.

f. UFAA Headquarters

2nd Floor, Pacis Centre
Slip Road, off Waiyaki way, Westlands.
P.O. Box 28235 - 00200
Nairobi, Kenya

g. UFAA Contacts

Telephone: +254 020 4023000, +254 706 866 984 / +254 736 559 152
E-mail: info@ufaa.go.ke
Website: www.ufaa.go.ke

h. Scheme Bankers

HF - Rehani House
Koinange street/Kenyatta Avenue
P.O. Box 30088 - 00100
Nairobi, Kenya

i. Independent Auditors

The Auditor General
Office of the Auditor General (OAG)
Anniversary Towers, Loita Street
P.O. Box 30084 – 00100
Nairobi, Kenya



j. Principal Legal Adviser




The Attorney General
State law office
Harambee avenue
P.O. Box 40112
City Square 00200
Nairobi, Kenya


k. UFAA Corporation Secretary/Head of Legal Services


David Kamau
Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority



1. Board of Directors of the Authority

	<p>Hon. Dr. CPA Francis Kigo Njenga – Chairman of the UFAA Board of Directors</p> <p>Hon. Dr. CPA Francis Kigo Njenga is the Chief Executive Officer at Regional Africa Consultants Limited and the Lead Consultant for Management and Business Division.</p> <p>Prior to the current appointment, Hon. Kigo served as a County Executive Committee Member (CECM) in charge of Trade, Industry, Investments, Tourism and Cooperative development in Kiambu County and at Finance, ICT and Economic Planning dockets. He is a former Member of Parliament for Gatundu North Constituency. During his term in the National Assembly, he served on the Budget and Appropriation Committee, and the Committee on Lands.</p> <p>He holds a doctorate degree in Social Transformation and Entrepreneurship from Catholic University of Eastern Africa, a Master of Business Administration from the University of Nairobi, Bachelor of Science -Business Administration degree (Accounting and Finance) from United States International University and accounting professional qualification from Strathmore College.</p> <p>Hon Kigo Njenga is a Certified Public Accountant with over 29 years career in accounting and auditing which began at Mbaya and Associates. He has also worked at Waitthaka Mwangi & Co. Certified Accountants, Central Finance (K) Limited, Ernest & Young, and at Regional Africa Consultants Limited.</p> <p>Born in 1961, Hon Kigo Njenga was appointed as member and Chairman of the Board on February 10, 2023.</p>
	<p>Dr. Chris Kiptoo – Principal Secretary, The National Treasury</p> <p>Dr. Chris Kiptoo was appointed Principal Secretary by President William Samoei Ruto on 1st December 2022. Dr. Kiptoo is the immediate former Principal Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forestry. Before that, he also served as a Principal Secretary at the State Department of Trade, Ministry of Industry, Trade & Cooperatives.</p> <p>In his working career, Dr. Kiptoo has acquired a rich wealth of experience in economic policy analysis, mainly gained at the Central Bank of Kenya, Capital Market Authority and the International Monetary Fund, where he has served in various capacities. His expertise especially relates to the design and implementation of monetary policy; balance of payments and exchange rates; fiscal operations and policy; financial sector matters including capital markets; national accounts/real sector and macroeconomic accounting, and modelling and forecasting.</p>



	<p>Additionally, Dr. Kiptoo has proven experience in environment and climate change policies, trade policy and regional integration, private sector development and advocacy, infrastructure development, institutional development of Government institutions and organizational management, all mainly gained at the Ministry of Environment and Forestry, State Department of Trade as well as Trademark East Africa. Noteworthy, he also has four years of experience in economic policy coordination gained while working at the then Office of the Prime Minister.</p> <p>Dr. Chris Kiptoo holds a Doctor of Philosophy Degree (PhD) in Finance (<i>International Macroeconomics Finance specialization</i>) from The Nairobi University, as well as a Master of Science (Ag. Economics) and Bachelor of Science (Ag. Economics) degree from Egerton University. He is also an Accredited Fellow in Macroeconomic Management Macroeconomic & Financial Management Institute of Eastern & Southern Africa (MEFMI).</p>
	<p>Jonah Orumoi</p> <p>Mr. Arumoi was appointed as an alternate to the Principal Secretary, National Treasury, in the Board on January 11, 2024.</p>
	<p>Mr. Benson Rono Benhard</p> <p>CPA Ronoh Benson Benhard is an Accounting and Financial Management expert.</p> <p>He possesses over 12 years of experience in accounting with stints at Kenya Rural Roads Authority (KeRRA), Christ is the Answer Ministries (CITAM), and the Kenya Professional Association of Women in Agriculture and Environment.</p> <p>He holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree (Accounting and Finance) from Strathmore University and is a continuing student for an MBA degree (Corporate Management) at KCA University. Rono is a certified public accountant (CPA).</p> <p>He was appointed as a member of the Board on August 18, 2023.</p>
	<p>Mr. Samuel D Kachumbo Mkonu</p> <p>Samuel Mkonu is an educationist and a researcher with experience in Kenya, East African Community member states, and globally. He possesses excellent operational and administrative skills in quality assurance in higher education and other levels of education.</p>




	<p>During his over 12-year career, Mkonu has served as an Assistant Commission Secretary (Program Accreditation) of the Commission for University Education and as a Personal Assistant to the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Education. He previously worked as a Chief Staffing Officer in the Primary Department with the Teachers Service Commission and as a teacher at Star of the Sea High School, Mombasa, and Dr. Aggrey High School.</p> <p>Mr. Mkonu holds an MBA (Educational Management) from the University of Leicester, England, and a Diploma in Education (Science) from Kenyatta University.</p> <p>He was appointed as a member of the Board on August 18, 2023.</p>
	<p>Joyce Mutege is an Advocate of the High Court of Kenya.</p> <p>She specializes in Corporate and commercial law practice, public-private partnerships, public law and legal reform and related consulting. She has acted for and advised several clients on various assignments involving financing and construction of public infrastructure, creation of legal frameworks, Corporate legal advisory in mergers and acquisitions, real estate development among others. Her experience spans working with government institutions, private corporations, and non-governmental organizations.</p> <p>In her over 15-year career in legal practice and consultancy, Joyce has worked at Herbert Smith Solicitors, London and as Head of Commercial and Corporate Law Practice at Prof. Albert Mumma & Co. Advocates in Kenya. She is now a senior partner at Mutege & Mutege Advocates in Kenya.</p> <p>She holds a Master of Law Degree in Corporate Governance and Finance Law from Harvard Law School, a Master of Law Degree in Banking and Finance from Centre for Commercial Law Studies (CCLS), Queen Mary College University of London, and a Bachelor of Laws Degree from the University of Nairobi, Kenya.</p> <p>She was appointed as a member of the Board on August 18, 2023.</p>
	<p>Ms. Rebecca Nabwire Osogo</p> <p>Ms. Rebecca Nabwire Osogo – Okwara has over a decade of expertise in the Capital Markets and Pension Industry. With a profound grasp of pension funds and investment management strategies she is a driving force for financial excellence. She is dedicated to achieving financial integrity and responsible financial stewardship. She is currently serving as the Chief Executive Officer of the Kweli Capital Group.</p> <p>She's presently pursuing a master's program in public policy & management (MPPM) at Strathmore Business School and holds a Bachelor of Science in Information Technology from Guru Nanak Dev University – India</p>





	<p>Her impressive credential includes a certificate in The Trustee Development Program Kenya (TDPK) from Humbler University (CA) in collaboration with the College of Insurance and the Retirement Benefits Authority. She is also an associate of the Chartered Institute for Securities and Investments (CISI).</p> <p>Rebecca is not only a Technophile but a key partner at innovation. Through her work at Kweli Capital Group and collaboration with the Government of Kenya (PPPs), Rebecca is advancing one of the Big 4 Agendas – Affordable Housing for all Kenyans through the Amaka Umbrella Fund.</p> <p>She was appointed as a member of the Board on August 18, 2023.</p>
	<p>FA John K. Mwangi, EBS - CEO of UFAA & Managing Trustee</p> <p>FA John Mwangi is the CEO of the Authority & Managing Trustee of the Trust Fund.</p> <p>Prior to his appointment as CEO and Managing Trustee, he was the Manager, Unclaimed Financial Assets Line at UFAA, a position he held for four years.</p> <p>FA Mwangi has served for over 20 years in several financial institutions within investment and a commercial banking. He joined the Authority in April 2015 from Bank of Africa (BOA) where he was a Relationship Manager in institutional banking. Prior to joining BOA, Mr. Mwangi also worked at African Alliance Investment Bank, Old Mutual Asset Managers and ICEA Asset Managers.</p> <p>FA Mwangi is a Certified Investment and Financial Analyst and Member of the Institute of Certified Investment and Financial Analysts (ICIFA). He is also a member of Kenya Institute of Management (KIM). He holds an Executive MBA from Strathmore Business School and underwent a Modular course on Corporate Entrepreneurship and Global Strategy at IESE Business School, University of Navarra in Barcelona. John is a Certified Trustee by College of Insurance and holds an undergraduate degree in Economics and Business Studies from the University of Nairobi.</p> <p>Born in 1977, FA Mwangi was re-appointed as the CEO & Managing Trustee on 1 March 2022.</p>

	<p>CEO and Managing Trustee</p> <p>CPA Laban is the CEO and Managing Trustee. Before joining UFAA, Molonko served as Chief Finance Officer at Access Bank Kenya, where he led mergers, digital transformation, and growth strategies.</p> <p>Molonko has over 20 years of work experience in finance, corporate governance, and strategy, spanning banking, healthcare, manufacturing, and regulatory sectors. His expertise spans financial management surveillance and risk oversight. He has held senior leadership positions at East African Portland Cement Ltd., The Nairobi Hospital, Central Bank of Kenya, and Access Bank (K) Limited. In his previous tenure, he demonstrated a strong track record in policy formulation, stakeholder management, and institutional transformation.</p> <p>Molonko holds an MBA in Finance from the University of Nairobi, an MA in Counselling Psychology from Daystar University, and a BA in Economics (First Class Honours) from Kenyatta University. He is currently pursuing a PhD in Finance at Daystar University. He is a member of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK) and a member of the Kenya Association of Psychologists.</p> <p>He Joined 1st October 2025</p>
	<p>Ag. CEO & Managing Trustee and Manager Human Resource & Administration</p> <p>Caroline is responsible for the facilitation, co-ordination and implementation of human resource and administration policies, strategies and systems and provision of a conducive working environment for the Authority.</p> <p>Caroline also acted as CEO of UFAA following appointment on 1st November 2018 until 28th February 2019. She joined the Authority in October 2016 following a successful career in Human resource management and consultancy at institutions in the manufacturing and financial services sector.</p> <p>Her term ended 30th September 2025</p>

2. Management Team

Name	Designation
<p data-bbox="124 421 504 456">FA. John Kihara Mwangi, EBS</p> 	<p data-bbox="635 421 1177 456">Chief Executive Officer & Managing Trustee</p> <p data-bbox="635 499 1528 613">John is the CEO of the Authority & Managing Trustee of the Trust Fund. He has the responsibility to oversee the overall day to day management of the Authority, including all the projects and schemes set up within UFAA.</p> <p data-bbox="635 656 1528 730">Prior to his appointment as CEO and Managing Trustee, John was the Manager, Unclaimed Financial Assets Line at UFAA since April 2015.</p> <p data-bbox="635 772 1528 846">He was re-appointed as the CEO & Managing Trustee with effect from 1st March 2022. His term ended 28th February 2025.</p>
<p data-bbox="124 887 384 922">CPA Laban Molonko</p> 	<p data-bbox="635 864 1007 900">CEO and Managing Trustee</p> <p data-bbox="635 902 1528 1368">CPA Laban is the CEO and Managing Trustee. Before joining UFAA, Molonko served as Chief Finance Officer at Access Bank Kenya, where he led mergers, digital transformation, and growth strategies. Molonko has over 20 years of work experience in finance, corporate governance, and strategy, spanning banking, healthcare, manufacturing, and regulatory sectors. His expertise spans financial management surveillance and risk oversight. He has held senior leadership positions at East African Portland Cement Ltd., The Nairobi Hospital, Central Bank of Kenya, and Access Bank (K) Limited. In his previous tenure, he demonstrated a strong track record in policy formulation, stakeholder management, and institutional transformation.</p> <p data-bbox="635 1377 1528 1615">Molonko holds an MBA in Finance from the University of Nairobi, an MA in Counselling Psychology from Daystar University, and a BA in Economics (First Class Honours) from Kenyatta University. He is currently pursuing a PhD in Finance at Daystar University. He is a member of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK) and a member of the Kenya Association of Psychologists.</p> <p data-bbox="635 1653 983 1688">He Joined 1st October 2025</p>
<p data-bbox="124 1814 488 1850">Caroline Chepkurui Chirchir</p>	<p data-bbox="635 1814 1528 1888">Ag. CEO & Managing Trustee and Manager Human Resource & Administration</p> <p data-bbox="635 1906 1528 2011">Caroline is responsible for the facilitation, co-ordination and implementation of human resource and administration policies, strategies and systems and provision of a conducive working environment for the Authority.</p>

Name	Designation
	<p>Caroline also acted as CEO of UFAA following appointment on 1st November 2018 until 28th February 2019. She joined the Authority in October 2016 following a successful career in Human resource management and consultancy at institutions in the manufacturing and financial services sector</p>
<p>Mr. David Mwangi Kamau</p> 	<p>Corporation Secretary/Head of Legal Services</p> <p>David is responsible for the Legal, Governance and Corporation Secretary functions of the Authority.</p> <p>As a legal and corporate governance professional with over 20 years' experience, he has held senior management roles in the private and public sectors in Kenya. He joined UFAA on 1st November 2021.</p> <p>David is a Member of the Law Society of Kenya, the Institute of Certified Public Secretaries of Kenya and the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (London & Kenya)</p>
<p>Mr. Eric Mwaniki</p> 	<p>Ag Manager ICT</p> <p>Eric is responsible for management of the Unclaimed Assets database and planning, developing, coordinating and ensuring delivery of the Authority's ICT needs.</p> <p>Eric joined the Authority in September 2015 after an extensive career in the private sector, where he specialized in IT infrastructure, project management, cybersecurity, and team leadership. His work in the Education, Manufacturing, and Telecommunications sectors focused on aligning technology strategies with business objectives</p>
<p>CPA Pius Kibet Kimutai</p>	<p>Manager Audit, Risk& Assurance</p>

Name	Designation
	<p>Pius is responsible for ensuring the effective operation of the internal audit function. The role is also responsible for ensuring that UFAA has a Risk Management Strategy in place with appropriate systems to identify and mitigate identified risks.</p> <p>Pius joined the Authority in August 2015, following long service in academia in various schools and in different capacities in Accounting and Audit at Postbank.</p>
<p>Jack Owino Gumboh, PhD</p> 	<p>Manager Procurement</p> <p>Jack is responsible for procurement and supply function and overseeing aspects of purchasing, negotiations and management of the procurement of goods, works and services in line with the law.</p> <p>Jack joined the Authority in December 2017 having served in various capacities in Supply Chain management in many public and private sector institutions.</p>
<p>CPA Beatrice Chelangat</p> 	<p>Acting Manager Unclaimed Financial Assets Line</p> <p>Beatrice is responsible for overall management of the Unclaimed Financial Assets Trust Fund, including overseeing compliance by holders, investment of received funds and re-unification to the rightful owners.</p> <p>Beatrice joined the Authority as a Senior Auditor (Claims) in September 2015 after long service in financial management at various institutions including EACC. She was appointed as Ag Manager UFAL in March 2019.</p> <p>Her term ended 28th February 2025.</p>
<p>CPA Gideon Nzioki</p> 	<p>Acting Manager Unclaimed Financial Assets Line</p> <p>CPA Gideon M. Nzioki is the Ag. Manager Unclaimed Financial Assets Line department. He is responsible for overall management of the Unclaimed Financial Assets Trust Fund, including overseeing compliance by holders, investment of received funds and re-unification to the rightful owners</p> <p>He holds a Bachelors Degree in Business Administration (Accounting and Finance) and currently Pursuing Masters of Science in Accounting and Finance at KCA University. He also posses a CPA-K and a member of Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK)</p>

Name	Designation
	<p>He has over 18 years of experience in the Public Sector where he has held several responsibilities in Internal Audit, Risk management, Compliance audits and project Audit</p> <p>Appointed 1st March 2025.</p>
<p>CPA Leonard Langat</p> 	<p>Ag Manager Finance & Accounting</p> <p>Leonard is responsible for managing the Authority's financial operations and ensuring that there is efficient utilization of financial resources within established policies of the Authority. He is also responsible for financial accounting and reporting, cash and bank operations and tax management.</p> <p>CPA Langat joined the Authority in February 2017 after long service in Financial Reporting, Grant Management, Risk & Audit management, Investment management, Treasury management and Budget management in Public and Private sector.</p> <p>Appointed 1st April 2024</p>

3. Chairman's Report

Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority is committed towards continuously improving the welfare of its staff through implementation of various products such as UFAA Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme. The Scheme has been in existence for the last 5 years and is implemented in line with Salaries and Remuneration Commission Guidelines. The benefits derived contribute to attraction and retention of staff.

The National Treasury approved a seed capital of Ksh 250 million for Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme. UFAA appreciates the support of the Government through the National Treasury. The uptake of the mortgage and car loan facilities has been on an increasing trend, and the Authority continues to review the products available to ensure optimal uptake of the facilities. Some of the products introduced include equity release, plot purchase, buy and build and Car loan among others.

The governance and management of the scheme is as set out in the loan entitlement and conditions stipulated in the Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme Policies and Regulations and as per the guidelines issued by Salaries and Remuneration Commission.

As we expand our human resource capacity, we are in discussions with the National Treasury to increase seed capital to 300 Million to ensure that new staff also benefit.

I urge all staff to utilize the opportunity to improve their well-being as well as that of their families. I further wish to state that the uptake of the facility has a direct effect in supporting the Government's Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA).



Hon. Dr. CPA Francis Kigo Njenga
CHAIRMAN, UFAA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4. Report of the Chief Executive Officer

The Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme is established and governed in line with existing Government regulations. In this regard, the UFAA hereby presents the financial statements of the Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme for the year ended 30th June 2025. The Financial Statements presented comprise of the Statement of Financial Performance, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cashflows.

The Authority ensures prudent financial management and reporting in line with Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) 2012, Public Financial Regulations, 2015 and International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). As a result, the administration of the scheme has been efficient and effective in meeting the intended purpose.

The implementation and administration of the scheme is overseen by a Staff Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme Committee in liaison with external professional service providers. The Committee meets regularly to consider loans applications and make recommendations for management approval. The board approved seed capital of KSh 250 million through concurrence of The National Treasury. As at the period under review, Ksh 249.61 million had been transferred to HF bank who are the administrators of the scheme.

During the period under review, we are pleased to note that one staff had fully paid her equity release mortgage and ownership documents transferred back to her. In addition, there were no loans disbursed but there were three applications approved and forwarded to HFC for further processing, and they were in various stages of review at the year end.

In order to streamline processing and reporting, we rolled out a Staff mortgage and car loan scheme module and the system is in the implementation stage, and we hope this will be a game-changer in the management of the scheme.

The scheme continues to meet its objective of creating an enabling environment for optimal productivity by providing a competitive loan scheme for members of Staff. The Scheme has been beneficial to staff and has enhanced staff morale and productivity. I encourage all staff members to utilize the facility to improve their welfare and maintain resilience and focus on the performance of their duties.



CPA Laban Molonko
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND MANAGING TRUSTEE

Strategic Pillar	Strategic Objective	Key Performance Indicators	Activities	Achievements
Pillar 1: Receive	Objective 1: Enhance holders' compliance in declaration and surrender of unclaimed financial assets	Holders' declaration and surrender of Unclaimed Financial Assets	Collect Kshs 4.0 billion unclaimed financial assets from holders.	Kshs 4.7 billion in cash representing 112.5% achievement of target realized was collected. Enhancement of cash collections of UFAs from holders was attributable to Voluntary UFA Disclosure Programme executed, and holders' enforcement action was undertaken in addition to partnerships with other Government agencies rolled out. In period under review, the Authority was able strengthen compliance partnerships, monitoring and reporting besides engaging with regulatory bodies (such as ICPAK, CBK, CMA and PSASB) on disclosure and reporting framework/roadmap for private sector entities' financial statements; strengthened holder compliance enforcement; promoted mediation/arbitration as a tool of conflict resolution with holders and spearheaded sectors-focused holders' education and awareness campaigns.
Pillar 2: Safeguard	Objective 2: Strengthen accountability and sustainability in safeguarding unclaimed financial assets and other financial resources	Investment rate of return Budget funding and absorption	Attain investment income of Kshs 5.0 billion 100 % Budget funding and absorption	Kshs. 6.47 billion realized, representing 129.2% achievement on investing activities, as bolstered by enabling Investment Policy Statement and high yielding rates from Treasury bills and Treasury bonds that the fund invested into, in the period under review. 100% Budget funding, with 74 % budget utilization for FY 2024/2025. Principally, the funds underutilization was attributable to delay in approval of HR instruments and attendant staff recruitment as well as delayed enforcement action against non-compliant holders, in the period. Additionally, in the period under review, UFAA invested available funds in line with the approved investment policy statement (IPS) as aligned to the UFA Act; ensured safe custody of all reported UFAs; ensured optimal management of financial resources; and ensured timeliness, prudence, and transparency in reporting.
Pillar 3: Reunite	Objective 3: Increase the reunification rate	Increase the reunification rate	Realize the reunification rate of 8%	A reunification rate of 8.42% posted, representing 105.25% achievement on reunification of unclaimed financial assets with the rightful owners. Reunification efforts is progressively being scaled up.

	of Unclaimed Financial Assets with the rightful owners		Reunite 10,000 claimants.	<p>6,056 claimants reunified representing 60.56% achievement of target.</p> <p>In review period, UFAA was able to conduct five reunification clinics across the country and sustained implementation of different modes of payments; provided a dedicated customer service desk; and utilized the UFAM system in the reunification processing.</p>
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5. Corporate Governance Statement

The purpose of this scheme is to provide a loan scheme for the purchase or development of residential property or equity release for improvement of a residential premises by UFAA staff. In addition, it facilitates acquisition of cars of up to 8 years, for personal use by staff members.

The loans shall be administered by a mortgage finance company approved by the Board. The source of funds for the scheme shall be Authority's approved budgetary provisions and income from investments made by the scheme or other sources as approved by the Board.

Committee of the Scheme

There is an established a committee of the scheme appointed by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) which consist of;

- (a) A staff member from HR & Administration Department who shall be the Secretary.
- (b) A staff member from Finance & Accounting Department who shall be the Chairperson.
- (c) A staff member from Legal Department.
- (d) Two (2) other staff members recommended, being one by the Management staff and the other, by non-management staff.

Functions of the committee

- a. Process and approve loan applications in accordance with the existing terms and conditions of borrowing.
- b. Liaise with the approved financial company to set up a fund for disbursement of loans for the scheme.
- c. Oversight management of the scheme.
- d. Determine procedures for conducting its business, provided that they shall meet at least once every quarter and keep minutes for their deliberations.
- e. Other functions as per the requirements of the scheme.

6. Management Discussion and Analysis

Operational and financial performance

Loan disbursement

There was no loan disbursed for Staff house mortgages and Car loan scheme during year.

Interest charged and Loan principle.

Interest charged on loans disbursed to staff were Ksh 5.546 million compared to Ksh 6.13 for FY 2023-2024. Also, Ksh 15.713 million were repaid as loan principal from beneficiaries of the scheme. Being a revolving fund, principal repaid is ploughed back to the scheme.

Interest Income

During the year, Interest income earned on undisbursed funds were Kshs 1.571 million compared to Ksh 1.171 for FY 2023/2024. The increase is due to lower undisbursed cash compared to FY 2023-24. Interest earned is ploughed back to the scheme.

Fully repaid House mortgage and Car Loans

During the one house mortgage was fully repaid and 4 car Loans were fully repaid and ownership discharged by Housing Finance, cumulatively one house and 7 car loans have been redeemed .

Loan applications Received

During the year two applications for purchase of house Mortgage and One for car loan were received during the year and the same were undergoing review at HFC. The loan applied were Ksh 15 million and Ksh 3 million respectively.

Key projects and investment decisions the Scheme is planning/implementing.

Automation of Staff house and Car loan scheme was undertaken, and the module is in implementation stages. Once complete, loan application, approval and reporting will be done through the ERP system.

Major Risks facing the Scheme.

During its formative stages, the scheme experienced queuing from applicants who came in to apply for loans. This has however, stabilized with minimal applicants since over 80% of the staff have already benefited from house mortgages. The rising cost of cars presents a significant challenge in the uptake of car loans.

Compliance with statutory requirements

The scheme carries out its operations in adherence to the Public Finance Management Act and Regulations, SRC and the National Treasury-laid down guidelines.

Material arrears in statutory/financial obligations

There were no material arrears in financial obligations.

Financial Probity/Governance Issues

No financial probity issues were noted during the year under review.

7. Corporate Social Responsibility/Sustainability Reporting

Sustainability Strategy and Profile

The Authority continued to invest in communities through the *Wezeshu Mjane* CSR program. During the year, the Authority funded the Alгаа Widows Organic Farm Project in Soin/Sigowet Sub-County, Kericho County and Kahangi Widowhood Initiative – CBO in Magumu & Karati Ward, Kinangop Sub-County, Nyandarua County. A scholarship for nine students was offered to vulnerable but bright orphans embedded in these projects. Additionally, the Authority funded Saroiyot Primary School and Kaptagat communities for tree-growing initiatives. Besides, the Authority collaborated with stakeholders in the commemoration of International Women's Day and International Widows Day in Embu and Busia counties respectively.

To deepen reunification, the Authority adopted reunification clinic strategy modeled long 'UFAA on the wheel' at every County thereby providing an avenue for owners/ beneficiaries to search and file claims on unclaimed financial assets at the most cost-effective and accessible touchpoint for the citizens. To actualize the reunification clinics, stakeholders were identified and mobilized through public awareness campaigns, meetings, and forums. In the year under review, we conducted reunification clinics in Nyeri, Kiambu, Eldoret, Murang'a, Kirinyaga, and Embu Counties. National Government Administration Officers were sensitized in each visited county to build their capacity to facilitate reunification for members of the public

Environmental Performance

UFAA has a workplace occupational Health and Safety Policy (OSH). This is the policy that guides most aspects relating to the workplace environment. In the just concluded Financial year UFAA made the following milestones some of which were as recommended in the OSHA Audit that were previously raised by the Directorate of Occupational Health and Safety in the workplace notably; improving Office ventilation; training some of the staff First AID and installation of additional First AID in all strategic points in the authority in the just concluded; training staff on fire-fighting; fitting the building premises with fire-fighting equipment including identifying a fire assembly point; enhancing office ergonomics including provision of suitable furniture to cater for staff in its bid to improve the work environment.

Going forward, the Authority aspires to mobilize resources to kickstart the process of acquiring own premises that will have provisions for all the requirements of an environmentally friendly working environment in the long term.

Employee Welfare

Employee welfare is an area of significant interest in the Authority' operations. To this end, various policies and schemes that are geared towards welfare, gender and disability mainstreaming have been put in place. These include car and housing benefit, medical and group life insurance, and pension scheme among others. In addition, the Authority has developed career guidelines as well as initiating a reward and sanctions policy to give staff career direction and to reward good performance.

Staff are continuously trained to update their skills. Staff policies and schemes are continually reviewed to ensure they address emerging needs of staff. Also, the Authority has continuously adhered to Government guidelines aimed at mitigating the risks associated with workplace illness contracted by staff. These measures include medical cover for mental health treatment, counselling services, annual medical check-ups and approved vaccinations for the staff and family members, and fumigation of office premises.

Marketplace practices-

a) Responsible competition practice

The Authority promotes use of open tender as the preferred method of procurement to enhance competition and openness in matters procurement. Also, in line with government guidelines, the Authority ensures that the youth, women, and persons with disability are allocated 30% of all the Authority's procurement opportunities, including ensuring that 40% of all procurement opportunities are allocated to company's owned by Kenyans, through the "Buy Kenya Build Kenya" initiative.

In its procurement processes, the Authority adheres to the Public Procurement and Assets Disposal laws. This is meant to not only ensure fairness but also promote openness in management of procurement processes.

b) Responsible Supply chain and supplier relations

The Authority annually appraises vendors, and any contract extensions are based on performance. Suppliers are also periodically sensitized on new laws and regulations as well as best procurement practices on an annual basis. Finally, payments to suppliers are made within payment timelines specified in contracts or purchase and service orders.

c) Responsible marketing and advertisement

Customer Relationship Management

The Authority has maintained a call management system to ensure efficiency in managing customer inquiries. Other customer touchpoints namely USSD *361#, website, Huduma Centre service desks, and a queuing system deployed at office premises service desks were maintained. The development of WhatsApp API was initiated to increase the customer service profile. Customer feedback has been collected and analyzed to inform business process improvements for customer service excellence.

To manage public complaints and requests for information, the Authority submitted quarterly reports to the Commission on the Administrative of Justice (Office of the Ombudsman) in compliance with the statutes and good governance.

Corruption Prevention

To address corruption, a corruption Prevention Committee (CPC) has been put in place and two (2) integrity Officers trained by the Ethics and Anti-Corruption commission (EACC).

Media Engagement

The Authority rolled has conducted several media campaigns. A holders' campaign was carried out during the year to sensitize holders on the compliance requirements. Several campaigns were also carried out during the year to drive reunification objectives, especially alongside reunification clinics. Both legacy and social media were harnessed during the campaigns.

The Authority engaged the media to provide thought leadership and update members of the press on matters of unclaimed financial assets regime. The Authority also engaged in media appearances on National TV, radio and Newspapers to sensitize the public about their unclaimed financial assets. Reunification clinics were also held in counties and a diaspora conference was held to sensitize Kenyans living abroad as part of reunification initiatives.

d) Product stewardship

The Authority participated in the publication of the Kenya@60 handbook profiling her compliance and reunification mandates. Highlights of the milestones realized during the strategic plan 2018-2023 implementation cycle were also published in the local dailies. Similarly, highlights of the projected achievements proposed in the strategic plan 2023-2028 were published in the dailies and social media pages as part of brand visibility initiatives during the year.

Report of The Board of Directors of Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority and Scheme Committee

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme Administration Committee submits its report, together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025, which show the state of the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme affairs.

1. Principal activities

The principal activity of this scheme is to provide loans for the purchase or development of residential property or equity release for improvement of a residential premises by UFAA staff and to help employees of the Authority acquire a motor vehicle as defined under the Traffic Act CAP 403.

2. Results

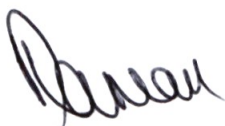
The results of the scheme for the year ended 30 June 2025 are set out on page 1 to 5.

3. Trustees

The members of the Board of Directors who served the scheme sponsor during the year are shown on page v to ix.

4. Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan scheme in accordance with article 229 of the constitution and Public Audit Act 2015.



David Kamau
Corporation Secretary/ Head of Legal Services

Date 3/12/2025

8. Statement of Management's Responsibilities

Section 84 (1) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a scheme established by Public Institutions shall prepare financial statements for the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Board of UFAA is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Scheme's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2024. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period, (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the scheme, (iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud, (iv) Safeguarding the assets of the scheme; (v) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and (vi) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Board accepts responsibility for the Scheme's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012. The Board of UFAA is of the opinion that the Scheme's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Scheme's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2023, and of the scheme's financial position as at that date.

The Board further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Scheme, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Scheme's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control. In preparing the financial statements, the Board has assessed the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

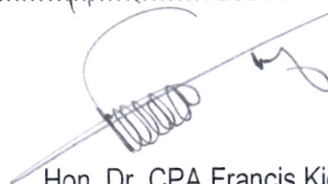
Nothing has come to the attention of the Board to indicate that the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the Financial Statements

The Scheme's financial statements were approved by the Board on 3/12..... 2025 and signed on its behalf by:



CPA Laban Molonko
CEO & Managing Trustee



Hon. Dr. CPA Francis Kigo Njenga
Chairman

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000
Email: info@oagkenya.go.ke
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON STAFF HOUSE MORTGAGE AND CAR LOAN SCHEME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025 - UNCLAIMED FINANCIAL ASSETS AUTHORITY

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements;
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in the Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure the Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose; and,
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, risk management environment and internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An Unmodified Opinion is issued when the Auditor-General concludes that the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The Report on the Financial Statements should be read together with the Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources, and the Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management, and Governance.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012, and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme - Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority set out on pages 1 to 24, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2025 and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of

Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme-Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority as at 30 June, 2025 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme - Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. I have determined that there were no key audit matters to communicate in my report.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the Other Information set out on page iii to xxv, which comprise of Key Entity Information and Management, Board of Directors, Management Team, Chairman's Report, Report of the Chief Executive Officer, Corporate Governance Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Social Responsibility/Sustainability Reporting, Report of the Board of Directors and Statement of Management's Responsibilities. The Other Information does not include the financial statements and my audit report thereon.

In connection with my audit on Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme financial statements, my responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 3000 and ISSAI 4000. The standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board of Directors

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the

activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Scheme's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

My responsibility is to conduct an audit of the financial statements in accordance with Article 229(4) of the Constitution, Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). The standards require that, in conducting the audit, I obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In conducting the audit, Article 229(6) of the Constitution also requires that I express a conclusion on whether or not in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way. In addition, I consider the entity's control environment in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

Further, I am required to submit the audit report in accordance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Detailed description of my responsibilities for the audit is located at the Office of the Auditor-General's website at: <https://www.oagkenya.go.ke/auditor-generals-responsibilities-for-audit/>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.


FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

01 December, 2025

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30th June 2025.

Description	Note	2024/25	2023/24
		Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Interest income	7	1,571	1,171
Interest Charged on individual staff	8	5,546	6,138
Total revenue		7,117	7,309
Expenses			
Administration costs	9	5,546	6,138
Total expenses		5,546	6,138
Other gains/losses			
Gain/loss on disposal of assets		0	0
Surplus/(deficit) before tax		1,571	1,171
Taxation	10	0	0
Surplus/Deficit after Tax		1,571	1,171

The notes set out on pages 6 to 23 form an integral part of these Financial Statements).

The financial statements on page 1 to 5 were approved on 3/12 2025 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:



C.E.O & Managing Trustee
 CPA Laban Molonko



Ag. Manager Finance & Accounting
 CPA, Leonard Langat
 ICPAK Member Number: 9383



Chairman of the UFAA Board
 Hon. Dr. CPA, Francis Kigo Njenga

9. Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June 2025

Description	Note	2024/25	2023/24
		Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	81,841	63,740
Staff house mortgage and car loan not Credited	12(b)	3,517	4,777
Receivables from Non-exchange transactions			
Total Current Assets		85,358	68,517
Non-current assets			
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	12 (a)	176,537	191,807
		176,537	191,807
Total assets		261,895	260,324
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables			
Total Current Liabilities			
Total liabilities		0	0
Net assets			
Transfer from UFAA	13	249,610	249,610
Accumulated surplus (<i>Reserves</i>)	13	12,285	10,714
Total net assets and liabilities		261,895	260,324

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on page 1 to 5 were approved on 3/12 2025 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:


 C.E.O & Managing Trustee
 CPA Laban Molonko


 Ag. Manager Finance & Accounting
 CPA, Leonard Langat
 ICPAK Member Number: 9383


 Chairman of the UFAA Board
 Hon. Dr. CPA, Francis Kigo Njenga

10. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30th June 2025

Description	Mortgage Fund	Car Loan Fund	Accumulated surplus	Total
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
As at 1 July 2023	224,610	25,000	9,543	259,153
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	0	0	1,171	1,171
Funds received during the year	0	0	0	0
Transfers from the scheme	0	0	0	0
As at 30 June 2024	224,610	25,000	10,714	260,324
Balance as at 1 July 2024	224,610	25,000	10,714	260,324
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	0	0	1,571	1,571
Funds received during the year	0	0	0	0
Transfers from the scheme	0	0	0	0
As at 30 June 2025	224,610	25,000	12,285	261,895

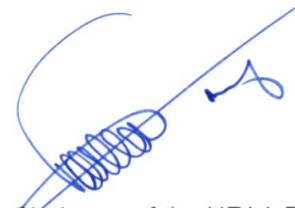
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C.E.O & Managing Trustee
 CPA Laban Molonko



Ag. Manager Finance & Accounting
 CPA, Leonard Langat
 ICPAK Member Number: 9383



Chairman of the UFAA Board
 Hon. Dr. CPA, Francis Kigo Njenga

11. Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30th June 2025

Description	Note	2024/25 Kshs. '000	2023/24 Kshs. '000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Interest Income received	7	1,571	1,171
Total receipts		1,571	1,171
Payments			
Employee costs		0	0
Use of goods and services		0	0
Total payments		0	0
Net cash flow from operating activities		1,571	1,171
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from loan principal repayments	15	16,530	19,425
Loan disbursements paid out	14	(0)	(1,653)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		16,530	17,772
Cash flows from financing activities			
Receipts into the mortgage revolving Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme	13	0	0
Receipts into the car loan revolving fund	13	0	0
Net cash flows used in financing activities		0	0
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		18,101	18,943
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July 2023		63,740	44,797
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2024	11	81,841	63,740

The financial statements on page 1 to 5 were approved on 3/12 2025 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:



C.E.O & Managing Trustee
 CPA Laban Molonko



Ag. Manager Finance & Accounting
 CPA, Leonard Langat
 ICPAK Member Number: 9383



Chairman of the UFAA Board
 Hon. Dr. CPA, Francis Kigo Njenga

12. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the year ended 30th June 2025

Description	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% of utilization
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	
	A	B	C=(a+b)	D	e=(c-d)	F=d/c
Revenue						
Transfers from UFAA	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income charged on loans	5,546	-	5,546	5,546	0	100 %
Other income	1,571	-	1,571	1,571	0	100 %
Total Revenue	7,117		7,117	7,117	0	100 %
Expenses						
Administrative cost	5,546	-	5,546	5,546	0	100 %
Finance cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditure	7,117		7,117	7,117	0	100 %
Surplus for the period	-	-	1,571	1,571		
Capital Expenditure						

- Actual disbursements were less than the target disbursements of funds in the scheme due to the delay in finalizing recruitment for additional staff who had been targeted for applications/disbursements.

13. Notes to the Financial Statements

1. General Information

Staff House mortgage and Car loan scheme is established by and derives its authority and accountability from PFM Act. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme is wholly owned by Unclaimed Financial Asset Authority. The Mortgage scheme principal activity is to provide a loan scheme for the purchase or development of a residential property or equity release or improvement of a residential premise and to help staff of the Authority to acquire motor vehicles.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the measurement at re-valued amounts of certain items of property, plant, and equipment, marketable securities and financial instruments at fair value, impaired assets at their estimated recoverable amounts and actuarially determined liabilities at their present value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the scheme's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 5. The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the scheme. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act, and International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

2. Adoption of New and Revised Standards

- i. Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Standard	Impact
IPSAS 43: Leases	<p>Applicable 1st January 2025</p> <p>The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cashflows of an Entity.</p> <p>The new standard requires entities to recognise, measure and present information on right of use assets and lease liabilities.</p> <p>The standard not yet effective for financial statements as at 30th June 2025</p>
IPSAS 44: Non- Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	<p>Applicable 1st January 2025</p> <p>The Standard requires,</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and the depreciation of such assets to cease and:</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be presented separately in the statement of financial position and the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance.</p> <p>The standard not yet effective for financial statements as at 30th June 2025</p>
IPSAS 45: Property Plant and Equipment	<p>Applicable 1st January 2025</p> <p>The standard supersedes IPSAS 17 on Property, Plant and Equipment. IPSAS 45 has additional guidance/ new guidance for heritage assets, infrastructure assets and measurement. Heritage assets were previously excluded from the scope of IPSAS 17 in IPSAS 45, heritage assets that satisfy the definition of PPE shall be recognised as assets if they meet the criteria in the standard. IPSAS 45 has an additional application guidance for infrastructure assets, implementation guidance and illustrative examples. The standard has clarified existing principles e.g. valuation of land over or under the infrastructure assets, under- maintenance of assets and distinguishing significant parts of infrastructure assets.</p> <p>The standard not yet effective for financial statements as at 30th June 2025</p>

<p>IPSAS 46: Measurement</p>	<p>Applicable 1st January 2025</p> <p>The objective of this standard was to improve measurement guidance across IPSAS by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Providing further detailed guidance on the implementation of commonly used measurement bases and the circumstances under which they should be used. ii. Clarifying transaction costs guidance to enhance consistency across IPSAS. iii. Amending where appropriate guidance across IPSAS related to measurement at recognition, subsequent measurement and measurement related disclosures. <p>The standard also introduces a public sector specific measurement bases called the current operational value.</p> <p>The standard not yet effective for financial statements as at 30th June 2025</p>
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ii. New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2025

iii. Early adoption of standards

The scheme did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in the financial year.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue recognition

i. Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme and can be measured reliably.

ii. Revenue from exchange transactions

Interest income

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income for each period.

Dividends

Dividends or similar distributions must be recognized when the shareholder's or the Entity's right to receive payments is established.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and included in revenue.

b. Budget information

There was no additional funding allocated to Staff house mortgage and Car loan scheme during for FY 2024/25. Subsequent there was no revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. There were no additional appropriations added to the original budget by the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget.

c. Property, plant, and equipment (PPE)

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

d. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

e. Investment property

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the replacement cost of components of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day maintenance of an investment property.

Investment property acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the cost model and are depreciated over the loan period or investment property is measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised through surplus or deficit. Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the surplus or deficit in the period of de-recognition.

f. Financial instruments

i. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments; Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme of financial assets is impaired. Management then follows the procedure required by Regulation 145 of the PFM Act. A financial asset of the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (*an incurred 'loss event'*) and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the Staff House

mortgage and car loan scheme that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

1. The debtors of the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme are experiencing significant financial difficulty.
2. Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
3. The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
4. Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g. changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

ii. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

g. Contingent liabilities

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

h. Contingent assets

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

i. Nature and purpose of reserves

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements.

The Scheme has a reserve, which consists of accumulated surplus/deficit realised during the year and in prior years.

j. Changes in accounting policies and estimates

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

k. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

l. Related parties

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme regards a related party as a person or entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the scheme, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the Directors/ Trustee, the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme committees

m. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at commercial banks at the end of the financial year.

n. Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

o. Events after the reporting period

There were no material adjusting and non-adjusting events after the reporting period.

p. Ultimate and Holding Fund

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme is established under Section 24 (4) PFM Act under the Department of xxx/ State Corporation. Its ultimate parent is the Government of Kenya.

q. Currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs.).

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

5. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the scheme's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

a) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the scheme. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. (see *IPSAS 1.140.*)

b) Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- i. The condition of the asset is based on the assessment of experts employed by the scheme
- ii. The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- iii. The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- iv. Availability of funding to replace the asset
- v. Changes in the market in relation to the asset

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Transfers from the Parent Ministry/SC/SAGA

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Transfers from Government entities– operations	0	0
Payments by Government entity on behalf of the scheme	0	0
Total	0	0

7. Interest income

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Interest Income on Bank Deposits	1,571	1,171
Total Interest Income	1,571	1,171

8. Interest Charged on Individual staff

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Interest charged on loans to individual staff	5,546	6,138
Total Other income	5,546	6,138

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

9. Administration Expenses

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Interest charged on loans disbursed	5,546	6,139
Total	5,546	6,139

10. Taxation

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Income tax charge	0	0
Tax Charged On Interest Income	0	0
Income Tax expense	0	0

11. Cash and cash equivalents

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Staff House mortgage and Car Loan Account	81,841	63,740
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	81,841	63,740

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalents in banks approved by National Treasury in line with Section 28 of the PFM Act are as follows:

Financial Institution	Account number	2024/25	2023/24
		Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme			
HF Bank		81,841	44,797
On- Call Deposits			
HF Bank		0	0
Sub- Total			
Current Account			
Grand Total			
		81,841	44,797

12 (a) Receivables from exchange transactions

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Current Receivables		
Non-Current Receivables		
Long Term Loan Repayments -Staff House Mortgage	173,775	186,761
Long Term Loan Repayments -Car Loan Scheme	2,762	5,046
Total Non- Current Receivables	176,537	191,807
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	176,537	191,807

12 (b) Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan not Credited

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Staff House Mortgage	3,140	3,197
Car Loan scheme	377	1,273
Total	3,517	4,470

These are loan recoveries done and remitted at the end of financial year but reflected in the books the following month

13 Transfers from UFAA

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Balances Brought forward	249,610	249,610
Receipts	0	0
Total	249,610	249,610

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

13. Loan disbursements Paid Out

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Loan disbursed Paid	0	1,653

14. Proceeds from loan principal repayments

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Proceeds from loan principal repayments	16,530	22,413

15. Net cash flows from operating activities

	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year before tax	0	0
Adjusted for:		
Depreciation	0	0
Amortisation	0	0
Gains/ losses on disposal of assets	0	0
Interest income	1,571	1,171
Finance cost	0	0
Working capital adjustments		
Increase in inventory	0	0
Increase in receivables	0	0
Increase in payables	0	0
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,571	1,171

Other Disclosures

16. Financial risk management

The Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan scheme activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The Scheme's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The scheme's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

a) Credit risk

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments.

Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, considering its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the scheme's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the scheme's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

Description	Total amount Kshs. '000	Fully performing Kshs. '000	Past due Kshs. '000	Impaired Kshs. '000
At 30 June 2024				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions-Car loans and mortgages	191,807	191,807	0	0
Receivables From Non-Exchange Transactions	0	0	0	0
Bank Balances	63,740	63,740	0	0
Total	255,547	255,547	0	0

Unclaimed Financial Asset Authority
Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme
Annual Report and Financial Statements
For the Year ended 30th June 2025.

At 30 June 2025				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions- Car loans and mortgages	176,537	176,537	0	0
Receivables From Non-Exchange Transactions	0	0	0	0
Bank Balances	81,841	81,841	0	0
Total	258,378	258,378	0	0

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme has significant concentration of credit risk on amounts due from xxx.

The board of trustees sets the scheme's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

b) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme Administrator, who has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the scheme's short, medium, and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

The table below represents cash flows payable by the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme under non-derivative financial liabilities by their remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date.

in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Description	Less than 1 month	Between 1-3 months	Over 5 months	Total
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
At 30 June 2024				
Trade Payables	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
At 30 June 2025				
Trade Payables	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

c) Market risk

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the scheme's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

UFAA's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by the Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day-to-day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the scheme's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the scheme's financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. The scheme's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the scheme's deposits.

Management of interest rate risk

To manage the interest rate risk, management has endeavoured to bank with institutions that offer favourable interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis

The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis by conducting a sensitivity analysis. This involves determining the impact on profit or loss of defined rate shifts. The sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis has been performed on the same basis as the prior year.

Using the end of the year figures, the sensitivity analysis indicates the impact on the statement of comprehensive income if current floating interest rates increase/decrease by one percentage point as a decrease/increase of Kshs. 10 (2018: Kshs. 0). A rate increase/decrease of 5% would result in a decrease/increase in profit before tax of Kshs. 50 (2018 – Kshs. 0).

e) Capital risk management

The objective of the scheme' capital risk management is to safeguard the scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. The Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme capital structure comprises of the following funds:

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Revolving fund	249,610	249,610
Accumulated surplus (<i>Reserves</i>)	12,285	10,714
Total funds	261,896	260,324
Less: cash and bank balances	81,841	63,740
Net debt/(excess cash and cash equivalents)	180,055	196,584
Gearing	68.75%	75.51%

Other Disclosures Continued

17. Related party balances

i. Nature of related party relationships

Entities and other parties related to the Staff House mortgage and car loan scheme include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The scheme is related to the following entities:

- a. Unclaimed Financial Asset Authority
- b. Key management.
- c. Management Committee

ii. Related party transactions

a. Transfers from related parties

Description	2024/25	2023/24
	Kshs. '000	Kshs. '000
Transfers from related parties	0	0

18. **Annexes**

Annex I: Progress on Follow Up of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
None	None	None	None	None



Ag. Manager Finance & Accounting
CPA, Leonard Langat
ICPAK Member Number: 9383

Date.....3/12/25

Unclaimed Financial Asset Authority
 Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme
 Annual Report and Financial Statements
 For the Year ended 30th June 2025.

Annex III: Reporting of Climate Relevant Expenditures

Name of the Organization: UFAA Staff House and car mortgage scheme

Telephone Number: +254706866984

Email Address: info@ufaa.go.ke

Name of CEO/MD/Head: CEO & Managing Trustee

Name and contact details of contact person (in case of any clarifications): N/A

Project Name	Project Description	Project Objectives	Project Activities					Source Of Funds	Implementing Partners
				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None

Annex IV: Disaster Expenditure Reporting Template

Date: N/A

Scheme: N/A

Period to which this report refers (FY)	Year			Quarter		
Name of Reporting Officer						
Contact details of the reporting officer:	Email			Telephone		
Column I	Column II	Column III	Column IV	Column V	Column VI	Column VII
Programme	Sub-programme	Disaster Type	Category of disaster related Activity that require expenditure reporting (response/recovery/mitigation/preparedness)	Expenditure item	Amount (Kshs.)	Comments
None	None	None	None	None	None	None

Name: CPA Laban Molonko

Sign Laban Molonko

Date 3/12/25