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*SNA  
19/3/15*

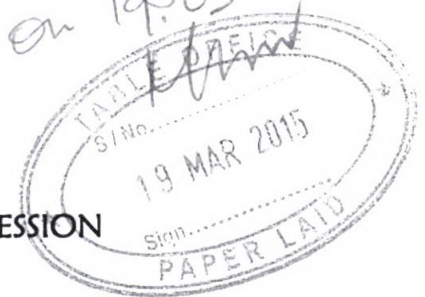
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REPUBLIC OF KENYA

KENYA NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

*Laid on the Table of  
the House by Hon. F. Kijipol  
Chair Person of the Committee  
on Regional Integration  
on 19.03.2015*



ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT – THIRD SESSION

SELECT COMMITTEE ON REGIONAL INTEGRATION

REPORT ON THE NORDIC-EAC TRADE AND INVESTMENT CONFERENCE, GENEVA, GAVLE,  
SWEDEN 27<sup>TH</sup> -28<sup>TH</sup> MAY 2014

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY  
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS  
NAIROBI

MARCH, 2015

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## 1.0 PREFACE

The Select Committee on Regional Integration is established under Standing Order No. 212 and mandated to:-

1. enhance the role and involvement of the House in intensification and development of the integration process in the East African Community and the greater African region;
2. examine the records of all the relevant debates and resolutions of the meetings of the East African Legislative Assembly;
3. examine the Bills introduced in the East African Legislative Assembly and Acts of the East African Community;
4. examine the records of all the relevant debates and resolutions of the meetings of the Pan African Parliament, the African, Caribbean and Pacific-European Union Joint Parliamentary Assembly and other regional integration bodies;
5. inquire into and examine any other matter relating to regional integration generally requiring action by the House

## 1.1 Committee's Membership

The committee comprises of the following members:-

1. Hon. Florence Kajuju, MP (**Chairperson**)
2. Hon. Christopher Nakuleu, MP (**Vice Chairperson**)
3. Hon. David Ouma Ochieng, MP
4. Hon. Dan Kazungu, MP
5. Hon. Bady Twalib Bady, MP
6. Hon. Robert Mbui, MP
7. Hon. Anyanga Andrew Toboso, MP
8. Hon. Florence Mwikali Mutua, MP
9. Hon. Ogendo Rose Nyamunga, MP
10. Hon. Charles Mutisya Nyamai, MP
11. Hon. Alois Lentoimaga, MP
12. Hon. Anthony Kimaru, MP
13. Hon. David Kariithi, MP
14. Hon. Wanjiku Muhia, MP
15. Hon. Murungi Kathuri, MP
16. Hon. Ali Wario, MP
17. Hon. Eric Keter, MP
18. Hon. Mary Seneta, MP
19. Hon. Gideon Konchella, MP
20. Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP
21. Hon. Ann Nyokabi, MP
22. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, MP
23. Hon. Peter Shehe, MP
24. Hon. Alex Mwiru, MP

- 25.Hon. Mark Lomunokol, MP
- 26.Hon. Sarah Korere, MP
- 27.Hon. Cyprian Kubai Iringo, MP
- 28.Hon. Timothy Bosire, MP
- 29.Hon. Joseph Kahangara, MP

## **1.2 Objectives of conference**

The Objective of the visit was to bring together the private sector from both Kenya and the Nordic Countries, and the East Africa Business Council for possible joint venture partnership in business arrangements. The Committee was also invited to the conference to identify possible gaps in Kenya's legislative framework that may need Parliament's action to increase the ease of doing business.

## **1.3 Composition of the Delegation**

The Delegation comprised of the following:

1. Hon. Andrew Toboso, MP
2. Hon. Robert Mbui, MP
3. Mr. Evans Oanda   delegation Secretary

## **2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON EAC AND NORDIC COUNTRIES**

### **2.1 Background information on Nordic Countries**

The Nordic countries are a geographical and cultural region in Northern Europe and the North Atlantic. It consists of five countries (Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden) as well as their autonomous regions (the Aland Island, the Faroe Islands and Greenland). The Nordic countries have much in common in their way of life, history language and social Structure Council. Politically, Nordic countries do not form a separate entity, but they co-operate in the Nordic Council.

At 3,425,804 square kilometers, the Nordic countries form the 7<sup>th</sup> largest area in the world, though 51.7% of this area is uninhabitable and formed by icecaps and glaciers. In January 2013, the Nordic countries had a combined population of around 26 million people. The Nordic countries are top performers in numerous metrics of national performance, including education, economic competitiveness, civil liberties, quality of life, and human development.

Although the area is linguistically heterogeneous, with three unrelated language groups, the common linguistic heritage is one of the factors making up the Nordic identity.

## **2.2 Foreign Direct Investments of Nordic Countries**

Iceland and Sweden have the highest rate of foreign direct investment, both with regards to foreign companies investing in Iceland and Sweden and Icelandic and Swedish companies investing abroad. However, in 2011 Denmark superseded Sweden regarding outward investments. Looking at a larger time span of ten years, most of the Nordic countries have experienced growth in both inward and outward investments.

Foreign investment from Iceland increased significantly and sharply especially from 2003 to 2007 from 16 to 123 per cent of GDP. The expansion of Icelandic companies into foreign markets was a rapid process. Strong pension funds provided capital for investments, and the privatization of the banking system made new sources of financing available for companies wishing to expand their operations. Every year since 1995 Denmark, Norway and Sweden have all had greater exports than imports.

The Nordic region is one of the richest sources of energy in the world. Apart from the natural occurrence of fossil fuels such as oil and gas, the Nordic countries also have good infrastructure and technology to exploit renewable energy sources such as water, wind, bio-energy and geothermal heat. Especially Iceland and Sweden, but also Finland and Norway, have a significant production of electricity based on hydro power. Geothermal production is the most important source of energy in Iceland, whilst nuclear power is produced in both Finland and in Sweden. The indigenous production of energy in the Nordic countries has risen considerably over the last couple of decades – especially in Denmark and Norway due to oil deposits in the North Sea.

## **2.3 Background information on East African Community**

The East African Community (EAC) is the regional intergovernmental organisation of the Republics of Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, the United Republic of Tanzania, and the Republic of Uganda, with its headquarters in Arusha, Tanzania.

The Treaty for Establishment of the East African Community was signed on 30<sup>th</sup> November, 1999 and entered into force on 7<sup>th</sup> July, 2000 following its ratification by the original three Partner States – Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda. The Republic of Rwanda and the Republic of Burundi acceded to the EAC Treaty on 18<sup>th</sup> June, 2007 and became full Members of the Community with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2007.

The realization of a large regional economic bloc encompassing Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania and Uganda with a combined population of more than 140 million people, land area of 1.82 million square kilometres and a combined Gross Domestic Product of \$74.5 billion, bears great strategic and geopolitical significance and prospects of a renewed and reinvigorated East African Community.

### 3.0 DISCUSSIONS ON THE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES AVAILABLE BETWEEN THE NORDIC COUNTRIES AND EAST AFRICAN COUNTRIES

#### 3.1 Presentation by the Bj Flowers Ltd

The Managing Director of the BJ Flowers Ltd presented the following:

- i. BJ Flowers is a subsidiary of Wetfarm Ltd and is located in central highlands of Kenya in Tigoni area 30 km from Nairobi.
- ii. The farm has a total area of 33 acres(13.2 hec.) and 65 employees. It was established in 2004 to separate flowers from other products of Wetfarm which are mainly Horticultural produce.
- iii. The farm works with small scale farmers groups putting emphasis on the rural farmer to promote, develop and advance their agricultural and environmental activities which in the long run will raise economic status of the farmer and society in general at the grass root level.
- iv. The company has created a network of small-scale farmers and assists them in the growing and marketing of their products. This has created employment to the youth and the women thus empowering them and ensuring gender equality.
- v. Funding for the company came via contributions from the shareholders and over the years the company has been able to invest in vital equipment such as irrigation and cold storage facilities.
- vi. The Company exports her flowers to the European Union through Amsterdam in the Netherlands.

#### 3.2 Presentation by WILLART Productions

The Executive director for the WILLART Productions outlined a brief history about WILLART Productions indicating that the Company is a Below-the-line advertising company that offers advice, design and print. The company has built a strong brand in print industry in the last 10 years thus bringing in a wealth of marketing knowledge to the table. The Company offers a discerning client a wide variety of choice; some of the services include:

- i. **Design of:** Annual reports, newsletters, brochures, posters, cards, flyers, apparel (t-shirts, polos, dress shirts, uniforms and other promo items)
- ii. **Production of (In-house):** Banners, posters, branding (outdoor & indoor), one way vision, bumper stickers, wheel covers, office stationery etc. In addition to this we supply banner stands, snapper frames, exhibition stands, zoom stands etc.
- iii. **Print Management:** Offset and bulk printing (technical pre press management)
- iv. **Conferencing-in-a-box:** Branded note pads, pens, certificates, name tags, conference bags, conference souvenir booklets, folders, programs, invites, banners, signage, gift items etc.

- v. **Business Start up Parks:** Amber, Jade, Ruby, Opal, Emerald and Sapphire.
- vi. **Other Branding needs:** Mugs, branded bags, gift hampers, folders (paper, PVC & leather)

### **3.3 Presentation by INDUFOR OY**

The Managing Director of Indufor Oy presented the following:

- i. INDUFOR OY is an independent Finnish consulting company that provides advisory services to public and corporate clients and investors involved in natural resources management, especially in forestry and in the forestry industry. In addition, support services to institutional and public sector clients in the realms of project planning, implementation and evaluation are provided.
- ii. The Company focuses on sustainable development - economic, social and environmental covering a scope of sustainable management of forests and development of forest industries.
- iii. Since 1980, Indufor has carried out more than 600 assignments in over 100 countries and strictly implement all assignments strictly according to the conditions set out in contracts.

### **3.4 Presentation by SWEDFUND**

The managing director of Swefund presented the following:

- i. Swedfund was founded in 1979 and has 39 employees currently at its main office in Stockholm and a regional office in Nairobi.
- ii. Swedfund provides risk capital, expertise and financial support for investments in the emerging markets of Africa, Asia, Latin America and Eastern Europe. Together with its industrial partners, it has invested in more than 220 of their subsidiaries during the 30 years of its existence.
- iii. Swedfund, which is wholly owned by the Swedish government, reports to the Swedish Ministry for Foreign Affairs Department for Management and Methods in Development Collaboration (MFA-USTYR). It is defined as a bilateral Development Finance Institution (DFI) and belong to the European Development Finance Institutions (EDFI) network.

### **3.5 Presentation by BUSINESS SWEDEN**

A representative of the Business Sweden had the following to present:

- i. Business Sweden is a merger of the Swedish Trade Council and Invest Sweden, founded on January 1, 2013. It is jointly owned by the Swedish government and the industry, represented by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the Swedish Foreign Trade Association. The shared ownership provides access to contacts and networks at all levels.

- ii. Business Sweden facilitates Swedish companies to grow internationally and for foreign actors to invest in Sweden.
- iii. With offices in 57 countries and in every region in Sweden, the organization markets Sweden as an attractive, innovative and competitive business partner. This is an important part that supports Swedish small and medium-sized companies in reaching export markets with their products and services so that they can grow internationally. The support consists of advisory services, skills development for companies, events, and targeted campaigns.
- iv. Business Sweden also facilitates foreign actors to invest in Sweden. The Company has marketed itself as an innovation-friendly climate offering excellent investment opportunities in manufacturing, transport, science, technology, healthcare, music, design, tourism and other industries

### **3.6 Presentation by EAST AFRICA BUSINESS COUNCIL**

A representative of the East Africa Business Council had the following to present:-

- i. The East African Business Council (EABC) is the apex body of business associations of the Private Sector and Corporates from the 5 East African Countries. It was established in 1997 to foster the interests of the Private Sector in the integration process of the East African Community. Originally comprising members from Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda, its membership was expanded in 2007 to include the private sector from Burundi and Rwanda.
- ii. Currently, EABC has 54 Associations and 102 corporate Members. Amongst the associations are all the national Private Sector Apex Bodies; four manufacturers' Associations; 5 Chambers of Commerce, 3 Employer Associations; 2 Women Associations, 2 Bankers Associations and the Confederation of Informal Sector Associations of East Africa. Given that the Secretariat is based in Arusha, EABC's structure includes National Focal Points (NFPs) – who are all currently the national private sector apex bodies.
- iii. EABC's overarching objective is to be an effective change agent for fostering an enabling business environment and to promote private sector's regional and global competitiveness in trade and investment.
- iv. EABC provides a regional platform through which the business community can present their concerns at the EAC policy level, with the overall aim of creating a more conducive business environment through targeted policy reforms. Additionally, EABC also works towards promoting private sector's regional & global competitiveness in trade and Investment through addressing challenges experienced by Members at organizational and firm level; and through provision of tailored market intelligence
- v. Despite all the efforts that are being made in the region to improve its image as conducive investment destinations, the following challenges are still prevalent within the region:
  - (a) Insecurity especially constant attacks by the alshabab militants;
  - (b) Poor infrastructure (poor roads, outdated railway transport );

(c) High cost of energy;

(d) Non Tarrif barriers (too many road blocks within the region, inefficient ports;

### 3.7 Presentation from the East African Community Secretariat

A representative of the East African Community Secretariat informed the Conference that the Secretariat is one of the three organs of the East African Community that is charged with the following mandate:-

- i. initiating, receiving and submitting recommendations to the Council, and forwarding of Bills to the Assembly through the Co-ordination Committee;
- ii. the initiation of studies and research related to, and the implementation of, programmes for the most appropriate, expeditious and efficient ways of achieving the objectives of the Community;
- iii. the strategic planning, management and monitoring of programmes for the development of the Community;
- iv. the undertaking either on its own initiative or otherwise, of such investigations, collection of information, or verification of matters relating to any matter affecting the Community that appears to it to merit examination;
- v. the co-ordination and harmonisation of the policies and strategies relating to the development of the Community through the Co-ordination Committee;
- vi. the general promotion and dissemination of information on the Community to the stakeholders, the general public and the international community;
- vii. the submission of reports on the activities of the Community to the Council through the Co-ordination Committee;
- viii. the general administration and financial management of the Community;
- ix. the mobilisation of funds from development partners and other sources for the implementation of projects of the Community;
- x. subject to the provisions of the Treaty, the submission of the budget of the Community to the Council for its consideration;
- xi. proposing draft agenda for the meetings of the organs of the Community other than the Court and the Assembly;
- xii. the implementation of the decisions of the Summit and the Council;
- xiii. the organisation and the keeping of records of meetings of the institutions of the Community other than those of the Court and the Assembly;
- xiv. the custody of the property of the Community;
- xv. the establishment of practical working relations with the Court and the Assembly; and
- xvi. such other matters that may be provided for under the Treaty.

He submitted that the five East African Community partner states have a population of more than 140 million people and huge tracts of arable agricultural land. The region is well blessed with a variety of resources such as, oil deposits, cheap labour of different skills, geopolitically strategic and attractive tourism activities.

While admitting the existence of some changes within the region, he assured the conference that the future looks bright with the efforts being made to address them by the secretariat and the

Partner States. He pointed out that some of the milestones that have been achieved in the region are:-

1. Adoption of the tourism single visa among Uganda, Kenya and Rwanda
2. The Lapsset project
3. Construction of the Standard Gauge Railway
4. Signing of the Monetary Union
5. Advanced stages of realizing the East African Federation

### **3.8 Presentation from Gästrike Återvinnare**

The Chief Executive Officer of Återvinnare presented the following to the conference:

1. **Gästrike Återvinnare** is a successful public owned company in Waste Management. It won the Swedish Recycling Award and twice nominated for the European Waste Reduction Award.
2. The Gästrike återvinnare (Gå) is an association of five municipalities. Gå holds the municipal responsibility for information, planning, local regulations and fees, collection and treatment of household waste. Gå is also acting on the commercial market, providing waste management services for a number of local businesses and other organizations. It is involved in export of Swedish know-how in waste management with current projects in both Europe (Serbia, Poland) and Asia (China).

### **3.9 Presentation from Kenya Investment Authority**

A representative of the Kenya Investment Authority presented the following:-

1. Vision 2030 is the key development document for Kenya that guides on which particular projects that should be implemented at different times and assigns specific outputs to individual programme. There are 182 flagship projects that will be implemented in the medium term plan II (2012-2017).
2. The major projects earmarked for implementation with the Medium Term II are the Lapsset project, Construction of the Lamu Port, Construction of the Standard Gauge Railway Line, construction of resort cities (Lamu, Isiolo and Turkana), construction of the pipeline from Turkana, development of Special Economic Zones, expansion of Airports and roads among others. These mega projects calls for heavy investment from both within and outside Kenya.
3. The Government has put a number of initiatives aimed at improving kenya's ease of doing business. Some of those initiatives are the setting of the Kenya Investment Authority to act as a one stop shop for investors, Huduma Center initiative, and development of the necessary legal framework to ease business registration and growth of SMEs (business registration Services Bill, Small and Medium Enterprise Act) among others.
4. To address Kenya's energy needs, the government has been investing heavily in drilling wells for geothermal energy, wind power and rural electrification.

5. The following are the guarantees for investors in Kenya:-

- **Kenya Constitution** guarantees against expropriation of private property except for purposes of public use or security;
- **No exchange controls** guarantees repatriation of capital, profits and interests.
- **Member of the Multi-lateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA)**, an affiliate of the World Bank that insures foreign investments against non-commercial risks
- **Member of the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID)** which arbitrates cases between foreign investors and host governments
- **Member of the Africa Trade Insurance Agency (ATIA)** which insures investors against political risks

6. Potential investors to Kenya will get the following incentives:-

**(a) Capital Investment Allowances**

Capital allowances are offered to investors investing in capital projects. These are offered on a reducing balance basis.

*(b) Investment Allowance Based on Location.* This is provided as follows: 150% Investment allowance for projects outside the jurisdiction of Nairobi, Kisumu and Mombasa cities and 100% investment allowance for other locations

*(c) Investment Deduction.* This is granted to encourage development in manufacturing industries. It is granted, once at 100% in the first year of use, to any person who incurs capital expenditure on construction of a new building and installation therein of new or old manufacturing machinery. It is also offered for the construction of a hotel that is certified to be an industrial building.

### 3.10 Presentation from Trade Mark East Africa

A representative of the Trade Mark East Africa presented the following:-

(1) Trade Mark East Africa (TMEA) is funded by a range of development agencies with the aim of growing prosperity in East Africa. It works closely with East African Community (EAC) institutions, national governments, the private sector and civil society organisations to increase trade by unlocking economic potential through:

- i. Increased market access;
- ii. Enhanced trade environment; and
- iii. Increased product competitiveness.

(2) TMEA has funded the expansion of the Port of Mombasa, Port of Dar re Salam over and above the support accorded to the secretariat in running of the institution.

(3) Despite the efforts, there are still a myriad of challenges in the region including:

- i. Insecurity;
- ii. Non Tarriff Barriers;

- iii. Lack of harmonization of excise duty among the partner states;
- iv. Competing country interests vis a vis the region;
- v. Poor infrastructure;

### **3.11 Remarks by the Members of Parliament from Kenya**

The Hon. Andrew Toboso, MP and the Hon. Robert Mbui, MP briefed the conference as follows, that:-

- (1) Kenya has a lot of investment opportunities for the foreign firms to invest in. These opportunities are majorly due to the Constitution of Kenya 2010 and Kenya's development blue print (Vision 2030) that brought with it devolution and identification of key projects for implementation within the medium term.
- (2) The investment opportunities available in Kenya include solid waste management; provision of green energy, financial services sector, provision of transport services, construction, and bond market among others.
- (3) Kenya's legislative framework is conducive for doing business especially importation of solar panels that does not attract Value Added Tax.
- (4) The Kenyan legislature is ready and willing to make any legislative intervention that may be required to create a conducive environment for investment.
- (5) Despite challenges of insecurity, Kenya is a safe country to invest in by any foreign company.

### **4.0 OBSERVATIONS**

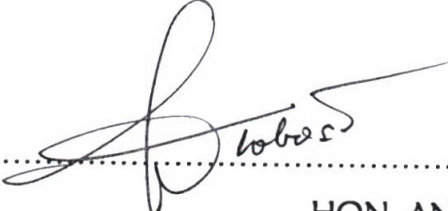
The following observations were made:-

1. There is a concern that Government of Kenya representation in the conference was minimal. The Ministry of East African Affairs, Commerce and Tourism was conspicuously absent from such an important meeting.
2. Most of the presentations that were made in the conference from the EAC organizations did not help market the EAC as a good investment destination. The theme of the conference "Creating sustainable business between East Africa and the Nordics" was done a disservice by majority of the presenters from the EAC who mainly focused on the challenges facing the region rather than emphasizing on the opportunities/potential. There was a complete contrast with the presentations from Nordic countries who reiterated their need to invest within the EAC and had full confidence of recouping their investment.
3. It came out clear that most of the laws within the individual member states are not in tandem with the EALA legislations.

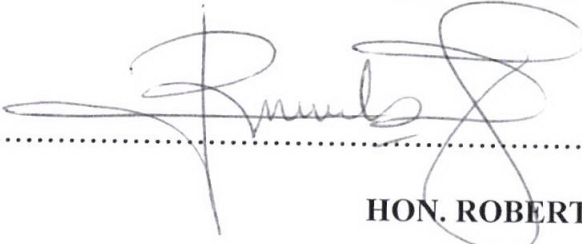
## 5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The delegation made the following recommendations:-

1. High level investment forums should be given the due attention by the concerned Ministry by ensuring adequate Government representation.
2. Presentations in international conferences should be well coordinated by the parent Ministry and the content clearly vetted before they are presented to avoid spreading negativity about the region.
3. Each Partner state should identify the laws that are not in tandem with the regional laws and align them accordingly.

Signed  ..... Date 19/03/15 .....

**HON. ANDREW TOBOSO, MP**

Signed  ..... Date 19/3/15 .....

**HON. ROBERT MBUI, MP**

MINUTES OF THE 46<sup>TH</sup> SITTING OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON REGIONAL INTEGRATION HELD ON THURSDAY 18<sup>TH</sup> NOVEMBER, 2014 IN THE COMMITTEE ROOM, SECOND FLOOR, CONTINENTAL HOUSE AT 12.30 PM

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**Present:**

1. Hon. Florence Kajuju, MP - Chairperson
2. Hon. Christopher Nakuleu, MP - Vice-Chairperson
3. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, MP
4. Hon. Ali Wario, MP
5. Hon. Eric Keter, MP
6. Hon. Robert Mbui, MP
7. Hon. Andrew Toboso, MP
8. Hon. Cyprian Kubai Iringo, MP
9. Hon. David Ouma Ochieng', MP
10. Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP
11. Hon. David Karithi, MP
12. Hon. Mark Lomunokol, MP
13. Hon. Kathuri Murungi, MP
14. Hon. Peter Shehe, MP

**Absent With Apology**

1. Hon. Ogendo Rose Nyamunga, MP
2. Hon. Florence Mutua, MP
3. Hon. Alex Mwiru, MP
4. Hon. Dan Kazungu, MP
5. Hon. Anthony Kimaru, MP
6. Hon. Timothy Bosire, MP
7. Hon. Annah Nyokabi, MP
8. Hon. Mary Seneta, MP
9. Hon. Joseph Kahangara, MP
10. Hon. Badi Twalib Badi, MP
11. Hon. Gideon Konchella, MP
12. Hon. Alois Lentoimaga, MP
13. Hon. Wanjiku Muhia, MP
14. Hon. Sarah Korere, MP
15. Hon. Charles Nyamai, MP

MINUTES OF THE 49<sup>TH</sup> SITTING OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON REGIONAL INTEGRATION HELD ON THURSDAY 4<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER, 2014 AT CONTINENTAL HOUSE, 5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR AT 12.00 PM

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**Present:**

1. Hon. Florence Kajuju, MP - Chairperson
2. Hon. Christopher Nakuleu, MP - Vice-Chairperson
3. Hon. Alois Lentoimaga, MP
4. Hon. Wanjiku Muhia, MP
5. Hon. Ogendo Rose Nyamunga, MP
6. Hon. Eric Keter, MP
7. Hon. Robert Mbui, MP
8. Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP
9. Hon. David Karithi, MP
10. Hon. Mark Lomunokol, MP
11. Hon. Peter Shehe, MP
12. Hon. Dan Kazungu, MP
13. Hon. Timothy Bosire, MP
14. Hon. Sarah Korere, MP
15. Hon. Annah Nyokabi, MP
16. Hon. Mary Seneta, MP

**Absent With Apology**

1. Hon. Florence Mutua, MP
2. Hon. Alex Mwiru, MP
3. Hon. Anthony Kimaru, MP
4. Hon. Joseph Kahangara, MP
5. Hon. Bady Twalib Bady, MP
6. Hon. Gideon Konchella, MP
7. Hon. Kathuri Murungi, MP
8. Hon. Charles Nyamai, MP
9. Hon. Ali Wario, MP
10. Hon. Andrew Toboso, MP
11. Hon. David Ouma Ochieng', MP
12. Hon. Emmanuel Wangwe, MP
13. Hon. Cyprian Kubai Iringo, MP

## In Attendance

### Kenya National Assembly

- |                        |   |                       |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1. Ms. Esther Nginyo   | - | Third Clerk Assistant |
| 2. Mr. Fredrick Otieno | - | Third Clerk Assistant |
| 3. Ms. Sharon Cheronu  | - | Research Officer      |

**MIN.NO. CRI/215/2014**

### **PRELIMINARIES**

The Vice Chairperson called the meeting to order at 12.28 p.m followed by a prayer from Ms. Esther Nginyo.

**MIN.NO. CRI/216/2014**

### **CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES**

Minutes of the 41<sup>st</sup> sitting held on 9<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Sarah Korere, MP and seconded by Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP.

Minutes of the 42<sup>nd</sup> sitting held on 14<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP and seconded by Hon. Alois Lentoimanga, MP.

Minutes of the 43<sup>rd</sup> sitting held on 21<sup>st</sup> October, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Ogendo Rose Nyamunga, MP and seconded by Hon. Sarah Korere, MP.

Minutes of the 44<sup>th</sup> sitting held on 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP and seconded by Hon. Sarah Korere, MP.

Minutes of the 45<sup>th</sup> sitting held on 11<sup>th</sup> November, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Peter Shehe, MP and seconded by Hon. Alois Lentoimanga, MP.

Minutes of the 46<sup>th</sup> sitting held on 18<sup>th</sup> November, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Robert Mbui, MP and seconded by Hon. Dido Ali Rasso, MP.

Minutes of the 47<sup>th</sup> sitting held on 20<sup>th</sup> November, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Alois Lentoimanga, MP and seconded by Hon. Sarah Korere, MP.

Minutes of the 48<sup>th</sup> sitting held on 27<sup>th</sup> November, 2014 were confirmed as a true record of the deliberations as proposed by Hon. Robert Mbui, MP and seconded by Hon. Sarah Korere, MP.

**MIN.NO. CRI/217/2014                      ADJOURNMENT**

The Chairperson adjourned the meeting at 1.30 p.m.

Signed.....

**Chairperson**

Date.....