

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



Enhancing Accountability

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REPORT

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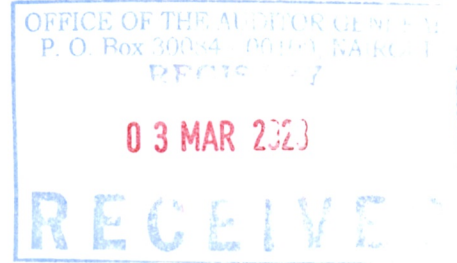
OF

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

**TURKANA COUNTY CO-OPERATIVE
ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT FUND**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE, 2022**



THE TURKANA COUNTY CO-OPERATIVE ENTERPRISE
DEVELOPMENT FUND
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Table of Content

1. Key Entity Information and Management	iii
2. The Board of Trustees.	v
3. Management Team	vi
4. Board/Fund Chairperson's Report	viii
5. Report of The Fund Administrator	ix
6. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund's Predetermined Objectives	x
7. Corporate Governance Statement	xii
8. Management Discussion and Analysis	xiv
9. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting	xv
10. Report of The Trustees	xvii
11. Statement of Management's Responsibilities	xviii
12. Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements For The Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund.	xx
13. Statement of Financial Performance For The Year Ended 30 th June 2022	1
14. Statement of Financial Position as at 30 th June 2022	2
15. Statement Of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30 th June 2022	4
16. Statement Of Cash Flows For The Year Ended 30 th June 2022	5
17. Statement Of Comparison Of Budget And Actual Amounts For The Period	7
18. Notes to the Financial Statements	8
19. Progress On Follow Up Of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations	39

1. Key Entity Information and Management

a) Background information

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund was established by and derives its authority and accountability from Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2019(Amendment) Via Turkana County gazette Supplement No.14 (Act 07). The Fund is wholly owned by the County Government of Turkana and is domiciled in Kenya.

The fund's objective is to;

- i. Finance and promote the socio-economic welfare of the Co-operative Societies;
- ii. Provide affordable and accessible credit to primary Co-operative Societies;
- iii. Facilitate Investments in Co-operative Societies;
- iv. Entrench the principles of prudent financial management and administrative action in the management of co-operative societies across the County;
- v. Facilitate marketing of products and services of co-operative societies both in the domestic and the international markets;
- vi. Revive key primary Co-operative Societies for accelerated economic development of the cooperative movement across the County;
- vii. Research, develop, innovate and transfer technology;
- viii. Hold, manage and apply the finances of the fund in accordance with the provisions of the Act; and
- ix. Perform such other functions as are conferred on it by the Act or such other written law.
- x. The Fund's principal activity is to provide low interest loans to Co-operative Institutions that seek to promote the welfare and economic uplifting of the people of Turkana County.

The Fund's principal activity is to provide low interest loans to Co-operative Institutions that seek to promote the welfare and economic uplifting of the people of Turkana County.

b) Principal Activities

The principal activity/mission/ mandate of the Fund is to provide low interest loans to Co-operative Institutions that seek to promote the welfare and economic uplifting of the people of Turkana County.

c) Board of Trustees/Fund Administration Committee

The fund does not have a fund administration board.

d) Key Management board.

Ref	Position	Name
1	CECM Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs	Jennipher Nawoi
2	Ag. Chief Officer Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs	James Lokwale
3	Director Co-operatives Development and Marketing	Benson Akol
4	Fund Administrator	Grace Ewoi

e) Registered Offices

P.O. Box 11-30500
Trade, Gender & Youth Affairs Offices,
Cooperative Building,
Next to Turkana County Assembly
Lodwar, KENYA.

f) Fund Contacts

E-mail: tcg@turkana.go.ke
Website: www.tcg.go.ke

g) Fund Bankers

1. Kenya Commercial Bank
Lodwar Branch.

h) Independent Auditors

Auditor General
Office of the Auditor General
Anniversary Towers, University Way
P.O. Box 30084
GOP 00100
Nairobi, Kenya



i) Principal Legal Adviser



The Office of the County Attorney
P.O. Box 11-30500
Lodwar, Kenya

2. The Board of Trustees.

During the year under review the fund did not have a fund board.

3. Management Team

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. Mrs. Jennipher Nawoi</p> 	<p>She is the current County executive committee member for Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs. Jennipher holds a Bachelors' degree in Commerce (Finance major) from Kenyatta University and a Master of Science degree in Energy Studies with Specialization in Energy Finance from University of Dundee, Scotland, United Kingdom. She is an enrolled Certified Public Accountant (CPA) student with Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examination Board (KASNEB) Section 4. She possesses over thirteen (13) years' work experience in Public, corporate and Non-Governmental Organizations in areas Public Sector Management, Policy formulation, Accounting and Financial Management and experience in streamlining robust tools, strategies, and financial systems in humanitarian emergency responses.</p>
<p>2. Mr. James Lokwale</p> 	<p>He is the Acting Chief Officer and Fund Administrator for the Fund. James holds a master of Business Administration (Strategic Management) from Moi University and a bachelor's degree in Finance and Banking from the same university. He has a diploma in SMEs Entrepreneurship and Innovative management from the Galilee International Management Institute in Israel. He has also undertaken various other trainings including strategic leadership development, result based monitoring and banking credit course. He has over twenty (20) years extensive knowledge and experience in areas of banking, entrepreneurship, community engagements, humanitarian response and public sector. He has formerly worked for KCB Bank in various capacities including as operations manager and in the county government as a director and KIPPPRA.</p>
<p>3. Mr. Benson Akol</p>	<p>He is the current director for Co-operatives Marketing and Development. He is currently pursuing his master's degree in Business Administration (Finance) at Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology. He has a bachelor's degree in Business Management (Purchasing and</p>

	<p>Supplies Management option) at Mount Kenya University. In addition, he possesses a diploma in co-operative Management at Cooperative College of Kenya. Benson has a fifteen (15) year extensive experience in policy formulation and implementation, co-operatives good governance and provision of technical advice on co-operative investment, finance, credit and marketing, project management and extension services. He serves as the Fund Board Secretary.</p>
<p>4. CPA Grace Ewoi</p> 	<p>Grace has over Eleven (11) years' working experience in Public and Non-Governmental Organizations in areas of accounting and financial Management.</p> <p>She holds a Master of Science degree in International Oil and Gas Management from University of Dundee, UK and a Bachelors' degree in Business Management (Finance and Banking Option) from Moi University. She is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) graduate with KASNEB Examining Body and an investment analyst. She also possesses expertise in Energy and Natural Resources management and policy formulation, Extractive industries financial modelling and analysis and experience in streamlining financial systems in humanitarian emergency responses. Grace is the fund administrator.</p>

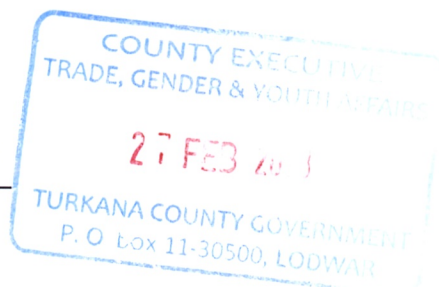
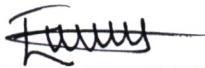
4. Board/Fund Chairperson's Report

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund was established in order to facilitate financing and promotion of socio-economic welfare of the Co-operative Societies within Turkana County through provision of affordable and accessible credit. The fund also aims at facilitating marketing of products and services of the co-operative societies within and outside the country.

During the Financial year under review, the fund received a total of **Kshs.30,000,000** from the County Exchequer Account. The Fund also had an opening balance of **Kshs.20,926,518**.

There was no expenditure incurred during the Financial year since there was no board to approve the Fund's budget for appropriation. The fund anticipates to receive an allocation of **Kshs.45,321,825** in FY 2022/2023. These funds will be solely utilised to finance the existing co-operative societies and to facilitate the operations of the fund.

Signed: _____



CECM-TRADE, GENDER AND YOUTH AFFAIRS.

5. Report of The Fund Administrator

During the Financial year under review, the fund received a total of **Kshs.30,000,000** from the County Exchequer Account. This amount is apportioned as **Kshs.29,100,000(97%)** for revolving loans while **Kshs.900,000(3%)** is for recurrent operations. This is the second disbursement received by the fund since its formation. The Fund also had an opening balance of **Kshs.20,926,518** at the start of the year bringing the total available revenue for utilization to **Kshs.50,926,518**. The only expenditure incurred accrued from bank charges amounting to **Kshs.882** since the fund can not undertake any operations due to the absence of the board that can approve its budget.

The fund anticipates to receive an allocation of **Kshs.45,321,825** in FY 2022/2023. These funds will be solely utilised to finance the existing co-operative societies and to facilitate the operations of the fund. The management hopes that the process of constituting the board will be fast tracked to enable the operation of the fund in order for its intended objectives to be achieved.



.....
Name: Grace Ewoi

Fund Administrator

6. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund's Predetermined Objectives

Introduction

Section 164 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting officer when preparing financial statements of each County Government entity Government entities in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the county government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprises Development Fund' s 2018-2022 plan are to:

- a. Finance and promote the socio-economic welfare of the Co-operative Societies;
- b. Provide affordable and accessible credit to primary Co-operative Societies;
- c. Facilitate Investments in Co-operative Societies;
- d. Entrench the principles of prudent financial management and administrative action in the management of co-operative societies across the County;
- e. Facilitate marketing of products and services of co-operative societies both in the domestic and the international markets;
- f. Revive key primary Co-operative Societies for accelerated economic development of the cooperative movement across the County;
- g. Research, develop, innovate and transfer technology.

Progress on attainment of Strategic development objectives

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

Program	Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Performance
Co-operatives Marketing and Development	Provide affordable and accessible credit to primary Co-operative Societies	Increased access to Co-operative loans/financing	Number of Co-operative Societies awarded loans	During the FY 2021/2022 the Fund received a total of Kshs.30,000,000

				which is yet to be disbursed to Co-operative Societies across the County.
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7. Corporate Governance Statement

At the moment the board has not been appointed rendering the fund non-operational. If appointed the board shall consist of not more than 9 members who are not public officers. The chairperson appointed by the governor on the recommendation of the county executive committee member responsible for Co-operative development and marketing with the approval of the County Assembly. The other eight members shall be appointed by the County Executive Committee Member responsible for Co-operative development and marketing; drawn from co-operative movement within the county while observing the interests of minorities, Youth, gender and people living with disability.

A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a member of the board if that person is;

- i. a member of National Assembly;
- ii. is adjudged bankrupt;
- iii. is convicted of a criminal offence and sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than six months.

An appointed member of the Board shall cease to be a member when;

- i. Dies;
- ii. Is unable to perform the functions of the office due to mental or physical infirmity

The board shall have the powers necessary for the performance of its functions and these powers shall be;

- i. Supervise, control and administer the assets of the fund in such a manner and for such purposes as would best promote the objects and functions for which the fund is established;
- ii. Formulate policy guidelines on funding
- iii. Ensure that all projects funded are consistent with priorities specified in the relevant policy documents;
- iv. Approve proposals submitted to it by the unit under the act;
- v. Authorise allocations from the fund;
- vi. Formulate or approve standards, guidelines and procedures for funding proposals and release of loans and credit facilities;
- vii. Approve the organizational structure of the unit;
- viii. Provide oversight in the utilization of the fund;

- ix. Cause to be kept proper records of all assets and liabilities of the Fund;
- x. Prepare and present for approval;
 - a. Annual estimates of revenue and expenditure of the fund
 - b. Audited accounts in accordance with the international accounting standards and relevant laws
 - c. The investment proposals

The members of the board shall be paid such allowances or remuneration as the County Executive Member for Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs in consultation with the County Public Service Board shall determine and in accordance with the relevant financial regulations and/or guidelines currently in force including the Salaries and Remuneration Commission.

The conduct of business of the Board shall be as provided in the First Schedule, but subject thereto, the Board may regulate its own procedure. The quorum for the conduct of business of the meeting of the Board shall be two-thirds of the total number of members of the Board.

8. Management Discussion and Analysis

In order to facilitate the main objective of the fund of providing affordable and accessible credit, the fund received a total of **Kshs.30,000,000** from the County Exchequer Account during the period under review. This funding is anticipated to facilitate both the current operations (3%) of the fund and the capital (97%).

Although the funds were received in the second quarter of the Financial year, it was difficult to incur expenditure since there was no board to approve the Fund's budget for appropriation. The fund anticipates to receive an allocation of **Kshs.45,321,825** in FY 2022/2023. These funds will be solely utilised to finance the existing co-operative societies and to facilitate the operations of the fund.

9. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund was established in order to facilitate financing and promotion of socio-economic welfare of the Co-operative Societies within Turkana County through provision of affordable and accessible credit. The fund also aims at facilitating marketing of products and services of the co-operative societies within and outside the country.

The fund did not undertake any CSR activities since it only focuses on providing affordable credit to co-operative societies within the county.

Below is a brief highlight of our achievements in each pillar

1. Sustainability strategy and profile -

The fund is created in such a way that it is a revolving fund that will enable the fund to operate for a long time. The interest charged is the lowest (3%) compared to what is charged in the market by financial and non- financial institutions making it affordable. The funding requirements are also minimal to enable easy access to the loan with a flexible repayment instalments and schedule.

2. Environmental performance

Since this is a revolving fund, there is minimal interaction of the products(loans) with the environment. The fund therefore does not have an environmental management policy.

3. Employee welfare

The fund does not hire any staff since it is operated and managed by the staff working for the department the fund is housed under.

4. Market place practices-

The organisation should outline its efforts to:

a) Responsible competition practice.

The fund offers a competitive interest rate that is lower the pre-existing market interest rates while maintaining an equal platform for all the eligible groups to apply and receive the funds without any bias or preference.

Advertisement for the funds will be made public.

b) Responsible Supply chain and supplier relations- The fund has not engaged any suppliers.

- c) Responsible marketing and advertisement-The fund advertises calls for funding through the social media, radios and newspapers.

5. Community Engagements-

There were no charitable events undertaken by the fund during the financial year under review.

10. Report of The Trustees

The Trustees submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 which show the state of the Fund affairs.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund is to provide low interest loans to Co-operative Institutions that seek to promote the welfare and economic uplifting of the people of Turkana County.

Results

The results of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022 are set out on page 1 to 7

Trustees

The fund did not have a board as at the date of the report. The changes in the Board during the financial year are as shown below:

S/No.	Name of the Previous Board Member	Position	New Board Member
1	Charles Ewoi	Patron	Jennipher Nawoi

Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Fund in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015. or Certified Public Accountants were nominated by the Auditor General to carry out the audit of the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund for the year/period ended June 30, 2022 in accordance to section 23 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 which empowers the Auditor General to appoint an auditor to audit on his behalf].

By Order of the Board


.....

Chair of the Board/Fund Administration Committee

Date: 27th Feb, 2023

11. Statement of Management's Responsibilities

Section 167 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a County Public Fund established by the Constitution, an Act of Parliament or County Legislation, shall prepare financial statements for the Fund in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Fund's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2022. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Fund; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Fund; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund accepts responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2019(Amendment). The Administrator of the Fund is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2022, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date. The Administrator further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

In preparing the financial statements, the Administrator of the County Public Fund has assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. Nothing has come to the

attention of the Administrator to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the financial statements

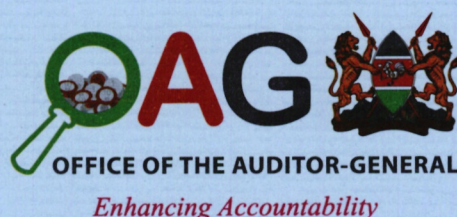
The Fund's financial statements were approved by the Board on 27th Feb 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

.....


Administrator of the County Public Fund

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000
E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON TURKANA COUNTY CO-OPERATIVE ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Fund set out on pages 1 to 40, which comprise the statement of financial

position as at 30 June, 2022, and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund as at 30 June, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2016.

Basis for Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

Unresolved Prior Year Matters

In the audit report of the previous year, several issues were raised under the Report on Financial Statements, Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources, and Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance. However, the Management has not resolved all the issues or given any explanation for failure to adhere to the provisions of the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board template.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources Section of my report, I confirm that, nothing

else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1. Lack of an Operational Budget

The statement of financial performance reflects revenue of Kshs.900,000 and expenses amounting to Kshs.882 for the year ended 30 June, 2022. However, the Management did not provide approved budget estimates for the year contrary to Section 149(2)(h) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 that requires the Accounting Officer to prepare estimates of the expenditure of the entity in conformity with strategic plan. Further, Section 149(2)(i) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires the Accounting Officer to submit the estimates of an entity which is not a county corporation to county Executive Committee Member for Finance; for approval by the County Executive Committee and subsequently the County Assembly.

The Fund Management was in breach of the law.

2. Lack of Fund Management Board

The Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund was established in the year 2016 and became operational effective 19 June, 2020. However, and as reported in the previous year, the Fund operated without a functional Board contrary to Section 11(1) of the Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2016 which states that the oversight function and management of the Fund shall be vested in the Board.

The appointing authority was therefore in breach of the law and the Fund could not implement its objects in the absence of the Board.

3. Non-Disbursement of Loans

The statement of financial position reflects nil balance in respect of long-term receivables from exchange transactions as at 30 June, 2022. However, the revolving fund of the Fund as shown in the statement of changes in net assets had Kshs.49,402,245 composed of Kshs.20,302,245 received in the year ended 30 June 2021 and Kshs.29,100,000 for the year ended 30 June, 2022, available for disbursement as loans to eligible Co-operative Societies to revive, promote and finance, marketing facilitation of primary Co-operative Societies in accordance with Section 6 (a- j) of Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2016. No loan disbursement had been made as at the time audit in November, 2022 due to what was explained by Management to be lack of a Fund Board.

In the circumstance, the objects of the Fund have not been met and there was no value for money obtained on Kshs.49,402,245 disbursed to the Fund to facilitate issuance of loans to Co-operative Societies.

4. Non-Repayment of Borrowed Funds

The statement of financial position reflects receivables from non-exchange transactions of Kshs.2,005,500 as at 30 June, 2022 being funds borrowed by Turkana County Executive in July, 2021.

However, the borrowed funds were not repaid within a period of twelve months from date of borrowing contrary to Section 142(3) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 which states that a county government entity that has any such borrowing shall ensure that the money borrowed is repaid within a year from the date on which it is borrowed. At the time of audit in November, 2022, there was no evidence to show that the borrowed funds were repaid. Further, there was no evidence of any effort from the Fund Management to recover the borrowed funds.

In the circumstance, the Fund may not effectively meet its objectives if borrowed funds are not repaid promptly.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to sustain services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless the County Government is aware of the intention to terminate the Fund or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 (6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229 (7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229 (7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.


Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.


CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

14 April, 2023

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

13. Statement of Financial Performance For The Year Ended 30th June 2022

	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
Revenue From Non-Exchange Transactions			
Public Contributions and Donations	1	0	0
Transfers From the County Government	2	900,000	627,000
Fines, Penalties and Other Levies	3	0	0
Total Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions		900,000	627,000
Revenue From Exchange Transactions			
Interest Income	4	0	0
Other Income	5	0	0
Total Revenue from Exchange Transactions		0	0
Total Revenue		900,000	627,000
Expenses			
Employee Costs	6	0	0
Use of goods and services	7	882	2,727
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	8	0	0
Finance Costs	9	0	0
Total Expenses		882	2,727
Other Gains/Losses			
Gain/Loss on Disposal of Assets	10	0	0
Surplus/(Deficit) For The Period		899,118	624,273

(The notes set out on pages 8 to 38 form an integral part of these Financial Statements)

.....
Grace Ewoi
Name: Grace Ewoi
Administrator of the Fund

.....
Amos Kibet
Name: Amos Kibet
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 17957.


14. Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June 2022

	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	48,920,136	20,926,518
Current Portion of Long- Term Receivables From Exchange Transaction	12	0	0
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions		2,005,500	0
Prepayments	13	0	0
Inventories	14	0	0
Total Current Assets		50,925,636	20,926,518
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	15	0	0
Intangible Assets	16	0	0
Long Term Receivables from Exchange Transactions	12	0	0
Total Non-Current Assets		0	0
Total Assets		50,925,636	20,926,518
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables from Exchange Transactions	17	0	0
Provisions	18	0	0
Current Portion of Borrowings	19	0	0
Employee Benefit Obligations	20	0	0
Total Current Liabilities		0	0
Non-Current Liabilities			
Non-Current Employee Benefit Obligation	20	0	0
Long Term Portion of Borrowings	19	0	0
Total Non-Current Liabilities		0	0
Total Liabilities		0	0
Net Assets		50,925,636	20,926,518
Revolving Fund		49,402,245	20,302,245
Reserves		0	0
Accumulated Surplus		1,523,391	624,273
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		50,925,636	20,926,518

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 27th Feb 2023 and signed by:



.....
Name: Grace Ewoi
Administrator of the Fund

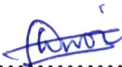


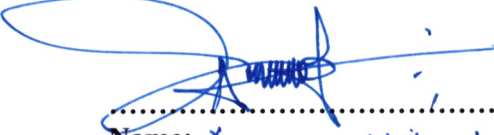
.....
Name: Amos Kibet
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 17957

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

15. Statement Of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30th June 2022

	Revolving Fund	Revaluation	Accumulated surplus	Total
		Reserve		
		Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Balance As At 1 July 2020	0	0	0	0
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	0	0	624,273	624,273
Funds Received During the Year	20,302,245	0	0	20,302,245
Transfers	0	0	0	0
Revaluation Gain	0	0	0	0
Balance As At 30 June 2021	20,302,245	0	624,273	20,926,518
Balance As At 1 July 2021	20,302,245	0	624,273	20,926,518
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	0	0	899,118	899,118
Funds Received During the Year	29,100,000	0	0	29,100,000
Transfers	0	0	0	0
Revaluation Gain	0	0	0	0
Balance As At 30 June 2022	49,402,245	0	1,523,391	50,925,636


 Name: Grace Ewoi
 Administrator of the Fund


 Name: Amos Kibet
 Fund Accountant
 ICPAK Member Number: 17957

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022


16. Statement Of Cash Flows For The Year Ended 30th June 2022

	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Public contributions and donations		0	0
Transfers from the county government		900,000	627,000
Interest received		0	0
Receipts from other operating activities		0	0
Total receipts		900,000	627,000
Payments			
Fund administration expenses		0	0
General expenses		882	2,727
Finance cost		0	0
Other payments		0	0
Total Payments		882	2,727
Net cash flows from operating activities	21	899,118	624,273
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant, equipment and Intangible assets		0	0
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment		0	0
Proceeds from loan principal repayments		0	0
Loan disbursements paid out		0	0
Receivables from non-Exchange Transaction-Borrowings		(2,005,500)	0
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(2,005,500)	0
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from revolving fund receipts		29,100,000	20,302,245
Additional borrowings		0	0
Repayment of borrowings		0	0
Net cash flows used in financing activities		29,100,000	20,302,245
Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash		27,993,618	20,926,518
Equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July	11	20,926,518	0
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	11	48,920,136	20,926,518

(IPSAS 2 allows an entity to present the cash flow statement using the direct or indirect method but encourages the direct method. PSASB also recommends the use of direct method of cash flow preparation. The above illustration assumes direct method)



.....
Name: Grace Ewoi
Administrator of the Fund



.....
Name: Amar Kibet.
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 17957

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

17. Statement Of Comparison Of Budget And Actual Amounts For The Period

	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% Utilisation
	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022
Revenue	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
Public Contributions And Donations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers From County Govt.	900,000	0	900,000	900,000	0	100
Interest Income	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Income	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Income	900,000	0	900,000	900,000	0	100
Expenses						
Fund Administration Expenses	898,000	0	898,000	0	898,000	0
General Expenses	2,000	0	2,000	882	1,118	44
Finance Cost	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditure	900,000	0	900,000	882	899,118	0
Surplus For The Period	0	0	0	899,118	(899,118)	

Budget notes.

The budget had a surplus of Kshs.899,118 because the administration cost was not utilised due to lack of a board to approve expenditure.

18. Notes to the Financial Statements

1. General Information

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2019(Amendment). The Fund is wholly owned by the County Government of Turkana and is domiciled in Kenya.

2. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The Fund’s financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The financial statements are presented in Kenya shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Fund. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis.

3. Adoption of new and revised standards

(i) Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 30 June 2022

IPSASB deferred the application date of standards from 1st January 2022 owing to Covid 19. This was done to provide entities with time to effectively apply the standards. The deferral was set for 1st January 2023.

(ii) New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2022

Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 41: Financial Instruments	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2023:</p> <p>The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an Entity’s future cash flows.</p> <p>IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful</p>

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<p>information than IPSAS 29, by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset’s cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held; • Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and • Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between an Entity’s risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy. <p><i>The fund does not possess any financial instruments.</i></p>
<p>IPSAS 42: Social Benefits</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2023</p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting Entity provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general-purpose financial reports assess:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the Entity; (b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; and (c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the Entity’s financial performance, financial position and cash flows. <p><i>There is no impact to the fund.</i></p>
<p>Amendments to Other IPSAS resulting from IPSAS</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2023:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related to the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Standard	Effective date and impact:
41, Financial Instruments	<p>omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p><i>There is no impact to the fund.</i></p>
Other improvements to IPSAS	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2023</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>IPSAS 22 Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector.</i> <p>Amendments to refer to the latest System of National Accounts (SNA 2008).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>IPSAS 39: Employee Benefits</i> <p>Now deletes the term composite social security benefits as it is no longer defined in IPSAS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IPSAS 29: Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement <p>Standard no longer included in the 2021 IPSAS handbook as it is now superseded by IPSAS 41 which is applicable from 1st January 2023.</p> <p><i>There is no impact to the fund.</i></p>
IPSAS 43	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2025</i></p> <p>The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cashflows of an Entity.</p>

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<p>The new standard requires entities to recognise, measure and present information on right of use assets and lease liabilities.</p> <p><i>There is no impact to the fund.</i></p>
<p>IPSAS 44: Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations</p>	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2025</i></p> <p>The Standard requires,</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and the depreciation of such assets to cease and:</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be presented separately in the statement of financial position and the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance.</p> <p><i>There is no impact to the fund.</i></p>

(iii) Early adoption of standards

The entity did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2022.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue recognition

i. Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the entity and can be measured reliably.

ii. Revenue from exchange transactions

Interest income

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

b) Budget information

The original budget for FY 2021-2022 was approved by the County Assembly on 30th June, 2021. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. The additional appropriations are added to the original budget by the entity upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget. Accordingly, the Fund did not record any additional appropriations on the FY 2021-2022 budget following the governing body's approval.

The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under section 13 of these financial statements.

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

c) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

d) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Entity has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

The Entity assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or an entity of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or an entity of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cashflows of the financial asset or the entity of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

- The debtors or an entity of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty
- Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
- The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
- Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g. changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowing

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in surplus

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

or deficit when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Inventories

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

f) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liabilities

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contingent assets

The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

g) Nature and purpose of reserves

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements. The entity does not maintain any reserves.

h) Changes in accounting policies and estimates

The Entity recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

i) Employee benefits– Retirement benefit plans

The Entity provides retirement benefits for its employees and directors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year in which they become payable.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The defined benefit funds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

j) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

• of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

l) Related parties

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

n) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

o) Events after the reporting period

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

p) Ultimate and Holding Entity

The entity is a County Public Fund established by Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund Act, 2019(Amendment) under the Ministry of Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs. Its ultimate parent is the County Government of Turkana.

q) Currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

5. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

a) Estimates and assumptions – The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140.

b) Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

c) Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. There is no additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in the Notes.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

6. Notes To The Financial Statements

1. Public contributions and donations

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Donation From Development Partners	0	0
Contributions From The Public	0	0
Total	0	0

2. Transfers from County Government

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers From County Govt. –Operations	900,000	627,000
Payments By County On Behalf Of The Entity	0	0
Total	900,000	627,000

3. Fines, penalties and other levies

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Late Payment Penalties	0	0
Fines	0	0
Total	0	0

4. Interest income

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Interest Income From Mortgage Loans	0	0
Interest Income From Car Loans	0	0
Interest Income From loans	0	0
Interest Income On Bank Deposits	0	0
Total Interest Income	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements Continued

5. Other income

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Insurance Recoveries	0	0
Income From Sale Of Tender Documents	0	0
Miscellaneous Income	0	0
Total Other Income	0	0

6. Employee Costs

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Salaries And Wages	0	0
Staff Gratuity	0	0
Staff Training Expenses	0	0
Social Security Contribution	0	0
Other (<i>Specify</i>)	0	0
Total	0	0

7. Use of Goods and Services

Description	2021/22	2020/21
	Kshs.	Kshs.
General Office Expenses	0	0
Loan Processing Costs	0	0
Professional Services Costs	0	0
Administration Fees	0	0
Committee Allowances	0	0
Bank Charges	882	2,727
Electricity And Water Expenses	0	0
Fuel And Oil Costs	0	0
Insurance Costs	0	0
Postage And Courier	0	0
Printing And Stationery	0	0
Rental Costs	0	0
Security Costs	0	0
Telephone And Communication Expenses	0	0
Audit Fees	0	0
Provision For Doubtful Debts	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Description	2021/22	2020/21
	Kshs.	Kshs.
Other (<i>Specify</i>)	0	0
Total	882	2,727

8. Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Description	2021/22	2020/21
	Kshs.	Kshs.
Property Plant and Equipment	0	0
Intangible Assets	0	0
Total	0	0

9. Finance costs

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Interest On Bank Overdrafts	0	0
Interest On Loans From Banks	0	0
Total	0	0

10. Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Property, Plant And Equipment	0	0
Intangible Assets	0	0
Total	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements Continued

11. Cash and cash equivalents

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund account	48,920,136	20,926,518
County Mortgage Account	0	0
Fixed Deposits Account	0	0
On – Call Deposits	0	0
Current Account	0	0
Others	0	0
Total Cash And Cash Equivalents	48,920,136	20,926,518

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

Financial Institution	Account number	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
a) Fixed Deposits Account			
Kenya Commercial Bank		0	0
Equity Bank, Etc.		0	0
Sub- Total		0	0
b) On - Call Deposits			
Kenya Commercial Bank		0	0
Equity Bank - Etc.		0	0
Sub- Total		0	0
c) Current Account			
Kenya Commercial Bank	1224339827	48,920,136	20,926,518
Bank B		0	0
Sub- Total		48,920,136	20,926,518
d) Others(Specify)			
Cash In Transit		0	0
Cash In Hand		0	0
Sub- Total		0	0
Grand Total		48,920,136	20,926,518

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

12. Receivables from exchange transactions

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Current Receivables		
Interest Receivable	0	0
Current Loan Repayments Due	0	0
Other Exchange Debtors	0	0
Less: Impairment Allowance	0	0
Total Current Receivables	0	0
Non-Current Receivables		
Long Term Loan Repayments Due	0	0
Total Non- Current Receivables	0	0
Total Receivables From Exchange Transactions	0	0

Additional disclosure on interest receivable

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Interest Receivable		
Interest receivable from current portion of long-term loans of previous years	0	0
Accrued interest receivable from of long-term loans of previous years	0	0
Interest receivable from current portion of long-term loans issued in the current year	0	0
Current loan repayments due		
Current portion of long-term loans from previous years	0	0
Accrued principal from long-terms loans from previous periods	0	0
Current portion of long-term loans issued in the current year	0	0

13. Prepayments

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Prepaid Rent	0	0
Prepaid Insurance	0	0
Prepaid Electricity Costs	0	0
Other Prepayments (Specify)	0	0
Total	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

14. Inventories

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Consumable Stores	0	0
Spare Parts And Meters	0	0
Catering	0	0
Other Inventories (Specify)	0	0
Total Inventories At The Lower Of Cost And Net Realizable Value	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes To The Financial Statements (Continued)

15. Property, plant and equipment

	Land and Buildings	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Computers and office equipment	Total
Cost	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
At 1st July 2020	0	0	0	0	0
Additions	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers/Adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
At 30th June 2021	0	0	0	0	0
At 1st July 2021					0
Additions	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer/Adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
At 30th June 2022	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation And Impairment					0
At 1 st July 2020	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0
At 30th June 2021	0	0	0	0	0
At 1st July 2021					0
Depreciation	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

	Land and Buildings	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fittings	Computers and office equipment	Total
Cost	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Transfer/Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0
At 30 th June 2022	0	0	0	0	0
Net Book Values					0
At 30 th June 2021	0	0	0	0	0
At 30 th June 2022	0	0	0	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes To The Financial Statements (Continued)

16. Intangible assets

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Cost		
At Beginning Of The Year	0	0
Additions	0	0
At End Of The Year	0	0
Amortization And Impairment		
At Beginning Of The Year	0	0
Amortization	0	0
At End Of The Year	0	0
Impairment Loss	0	0
At End Of The Year	0	0
NBV	0	0

17. Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Trade Payables	0	0
Refundable Deposits	0	0
Accrued Expenses	0	0
Other Payables	0	0
Total Trade And Other Payables	0	0

18. Provisions

Description	Leave provision	Bonus provision	Other provision	Total
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Balance At The Beginning Of The Year (01.07.2021)	0	0	0	0
Additional Provisions	0	0	0	0
Provision Utilised	0	0	0	0
Change Due To Discount And Time Value	0	0	0	0
For Money	0	0	0	0
Transfers From Non -Current Provisions	0	0	0	0
Balance At The End Of The Year (30.06.2022)	0	0	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes To The Financial Statements (Continued)

19. Borrowings

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Balance At Beginning of The Period	0	0
External Borrowings During the Year	0	0
Domestic Borrowings During the Year	0	0
Repayments Of External Borrowings During the Period	0	0
Repayments Of Domestic Borrowings During the Period	0	0
Balance At End of The Period	0	0

The table below shows the classification of borrowings into external and domestic borrowings:

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
External Borrowings		
Dollar Denominated Loan From 'Organisation'	0	0
Sterling Pound Denominated Loan From 'Organisation'	0	0
Euro Denominated Loan from Organisation'	0	0
Domestic Borrowings		
Kenya Shilling Loan From KCB	0	0
Kenya Shilling Loan from Barclays Bank	0	0
Kenya Shilling Loan from Consolidated Bank	0	0
Borrowings From Other Government Institutions	0	0
Total Balance at End Of The Year	0	0

The table below shows the classification of borrowings long-term and current borrowings:

Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Short Term Borrowings (Current Portion)	0	0
Long Term Borrowings	0	0
Total	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Notes To The Financial Statements (Continued)

20. Employee benefit obligations

Description	Defined benefit plan	Post employment medical benefits	Other Provisions	2021-2022	
				2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Current Benefit Obligation	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Current Benefit Obligation	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

21. Cash generated from operations

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Surplus/ (Deficit) For the Year Before Tax	899,118	624,273
Adjusted For:		
Depreciation	0	0
Amortisation	0	0
Gains/ Losses On Disposal Of Assets	0	0
Interest Income	0	0
Finance Cost	0	0
Working Capital Adjustments		
Increase In Inventory	0	0
Increase In Receivables	0	0
Increase In Payables	0	0
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities	899,118	624,273

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Other Disclosures

22. Related party balances

a) Nature of related party relationships

Entities and other parties related to the Fund include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The fund/scheme is related to the following entities:

- a) The County Government;
- b) The Parent County Government Ministry;
- c) Key management;
- d) Board of Trustees; etc

b) Related party transactions

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers From Related Parties'	30,000,000	20,929,245
Transfers To Related Parties	0	0

c) Key management remuneration

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Board Of Trustees	0	0
Key Management Compensation	0	0
Total	0	0

d) Due from related parties

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Due From Parent Ministry	0	0
Due From County Government	2,005,500	0
Total	2,005,500	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Other Disclosures Continued

e) Due to related parties

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Due To Parent Ministry	0	0
Due To County Government	0	0
Due To Key Management Personnel	0	0
Total	0	0

23. Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Contingent Liabilities	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Court Case Against The Fund	0	0
Bank Guarantees	0	0
Total	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Other Disclosures Continued

24. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The Fund does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The Fund's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

a) Credit risk

The Fund has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments.

Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the entity's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

	Total amount	Fully performing	Past due	Impaired
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
At 30 June 2022				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions	0	0	0	0
Receivables From Non-Exchange Transactions	2,005,500	0	2,005,500	0
Bank Balances	48,920,136	48,920,136	0	0
Total	50,925,636	48,920,136	2,005,500	0
At 30 June 2021				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions	0	0	0	0
Receivables From Non Exchange Transactions	0	0	0	0
Bank Balances	20,926,518	20,926,518	0	0
Total	20,926,518	20,926,518	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the entity has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts.

The entity has no significant concentration of credit risk .

The board of trustees sets the Fund's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

b) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Fund Administrator, who has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The entity manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

The table below represents cash flows payable by the Fund under non-derivative financial liabilities by their remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month	Between 1-3 months	Over 5 months	Total
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
At 30 June 2022				
Trade Payables	0	0	0	0
Current Portion Of Borrowings	0	0	0	0
Provisions	0	0	0	0
Employee Benefit Obligation	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0
At 30 June 2021				
Trade Payables	0	0	0	0
Current Portion Of Borrowings	0	0	0	0
Provisions	0	0	0	0
Employee Benefit Obligation	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

c) Market risk

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the entity's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Fund's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day-to-day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the entity's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

i. Foreign currency risk

The entity has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises through purchases of goods and services that are done in currencies other than the local currency. Invoices denominated in foreign currencies are paid after 30 days from the date of the invoice and conversion at the time of payment is done using the prevailing exchange rate.

The carrying amount of the entity's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Kshs	Other currencies	Total
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
At 30 June 2022			
Financial Assets	0	0	0
Investments	0	0	0
Cash	0	0	0
Debtors/ Receivables	0	0	0
Liabilities			
Trade And Other Payables	0	0	0
Borrowings	0	0	0
Net Foreign Currency Asset/(Liability)	0	0	0

The Fund manages foreign exchange risk from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities by projecting for expected sales proceeds and matching the same with expected payments.

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the effect on the Fund's statement of financial performance on applying the sensitivity for a reasonable possible change in the exchange rate of the three main transaction currencies, with all other variables held constant. The reverse would also occur if the Kenya Shilling appreciated with all other variables held constant.

	Change in currency rate	Effect on surplus/ deficit	Effect on equity
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
2022			
Euro	10%	0	0
USD	10%	0	0
2021			
Euro	10%	0	0
USD	10%	0	0

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the entity's financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. The entity's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the Fund's deposits.

Management of interest rate risk

To manage the interest rate risk, management has endeavoured to bank with institutions that offer favourable interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis

The Fund analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis by conducting a sensitivity analysis. This involves determining the impact on profit or loss of defined rate shifts. The sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis has been performed on the same basis as the prior year.

Using the end of the year figures, the sensitivity analysis indicates the impact on the statement of comprehensive income if current floating interest rates increase/decrease by one percentage point as a decrease/increase of KShs 0 (2022: KShs 0). A rate

Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

increase/decrease of 5% would result in a decrease/increase in profit before tax of KShs 0 (2021 – KShs 0)

d) Capital risk management

The objective of the Fund's capital risk management is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. The entity capital structure comprises of the following funds:

	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Revaluation reserve	0	0
Revolving fund	49,402,245	150,569,254
Accumulated surplus	1,523,391	(257,940)
Total funds	50,925,636	150,311,314
Total borrowings	0	0
Less: cash and bank balances	(48,920,136)	(20,926,518)
Net debt/(excess cash and cash equivalents)	48,920,136	20,926,518
Gearing	96	14

**Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

19. Progress On Follow Up Of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
2.1	Budget Absorption	The fund board/ committee has not been appointed with the chairperson awaiting appointment by the governor and gazette. Therefore, the fund cannot be operationalized in the absence of the board.	Not Resolved	June 2023
2.2	Loans Disbursement	The department's key management shall liaise with the Office of the governor and county executive committee member for Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs to fast track these appointments so as to enable the fund achieve its target objective.	Not Resolved	June 2023
1	Approval and signing of the financial statements	The County Executive Committee Member for Trade, gender and Youth Affairs approved the financial statement since the law allows him to do so in the absence of the fund chairperson and board.	Resolved	Dec 2021
2	Fund Management Board	The fund board/ committee has not been appointed with the chairperson awaiting appointment by the governor and gazette. Therefore, the fund cannot	Not Resolved	June 2023

**Turkana County Co-operative Enterprise Development Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022**

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
		be operationalized in the absence of the board. The department's key management shall liaise with the Office of the governor and county executive committee member for Trade, Gender and Youth Affairs to fast track these appointments.		
3	Non-Disbursement of loans	The fund requires a fully constituted board in order to approve its operationalization for it to achieve its targeted objectives.	Not Resolved	June 2023

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