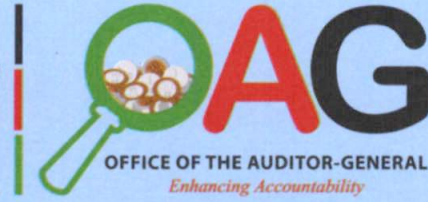


REPUBLIC OF KENYA



OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL  
Enhancing Accountability

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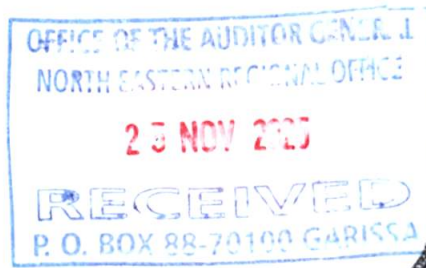
OF

**THE AUDITOR-GENERAL**

ON

**WAJIR COUNTY REVOLVING FUND**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
30 JUNE, 2025**



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**WAJIRCOUNTY REVOLVING FUND**

**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2025**

---

Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**1. Acronyms and Glossary of Terms**

a) Acronyms

BOM	Board of Management
ICPAK	Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
PFM	Public Finance Management
PSASB	Public Sector Accounting Standards Board
Kshs	Kenya Shillings

b) Glossary of Terms

Fiduciary Management	The key management personnel who had financial responsibility
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*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**Wajir County Revolving Fund**

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**2. Key Entity Information and Management**

**a) Background information**

Wajir County Revolving Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from The Wajir County Revolving Fund Act of 27th June 2014. The Fund is wholly owned by the County Government of Wajir and is domiciled in Kenya.

The fund's objective is to promote self-employment among the women and youth.

**Principal Activities**

The Fund's principal activity is to give out interest free loans to the beneficiary groups which is aimed at reducing poverty; promoting entrepreneurship as well as empower the women and youth economically so as to achieve self-reliance.

**b) Board of Trustees/Fund Administration Committee**

1	Chairman of the Board	Abdikadir Gabow
2	CCO Trade, investment Manufacturing, Industry, Cooperative and SME Development.	Khatra Hussein Abdow
3	Chief Officer Accounting Services, Pending Bills Resolution, Revenue and Resources Mobilization	Yahya. M Dahiye
4	PWD Representative	Abdullahi Hassan
5	Religious Representative	Abass Yussuf
6	Chief Officer finance	AdenWeli Hashi
7	Office of the Governor Representative	Abdullahi Adow
8	Youth Representative	Maymuna Mohamed
9	Minority Groups Representative	Fatuma Ahmed
10	Women Representative	Rukia Abdullahi
11	Fund Manager/ Administrator	Arfon Abdi

**c) Key Management Steam**

1	CCO Trade, investment Manufacturing, Industry, Cooperative and SME Development.	Khatra Hussein Abdow
2	Fund Manager/ Administrator	Arfon Abdi
3	Fund Accountant	Shaaban Adow Omar

**d) Fiduciary Oversight Arrangements**

During the period under review, the fund's management and operations were supported by a number of institutions which were established within the county to provide oversight role and ensure prudent management.

These key fiduciary oversight bodies at the County for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025 were:

**Internal Institutions:**

1. County Assembly of Wajir.
2. Public Accounts Committee.
3. Budget and Appropriations Committee.

**External Institutions**

1. Office of the Controller of Budget.
2. Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.
3. Commission on Revenue Allocation.
4. The National Treasury.
5. Office of the Auditor General.

The Public Accounts Committee follows up on the audit reports from the auditor general.

The County has established an audit committee and there is the Internal Audit unit which reports on:

- 1) Adequacy and effectiveness of CGE's internal control system.
- 2) Adequacy and effectiveness of the entity's risk management.
- 3) Likely causes of any weaknesses observed implications and agreed remedies.

The County Controller of Budget also monitors and controls on the budget limits.

**e) Registered Offices**

County Government of Wajir  
P.O. Box 9-70200  
County Government Headquarters,  
**WAJIR, KENYA**

**Wajir County Revolving Fund**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**f) Fund Contacts**

E-mail: [info@wajir.go.ke](mailto:info@wajir.go.ke)  
Twitter @WajirCountyKE  
Website: [www.Wajir.go.ke](http://www.Wajir.go.ke)

**g) Fund Bankers**

1. Kenya Commercial Bank, Wajir.  
Mandera Road  
P.O. Box 201-70200 Wajir, Kenya  
Email: [Contactcentre@kcb.co.ke](mailto:Contactcentre@kcb.co.ke)  
Tel: +254-46421536/0711087000
2. Premier Bank, Wajir.  
Garissa- Mandera Road  
P.O. Box 426-70200  
Wajir, Kenya  
Tel: 0700382282  
Email: [infor.wajirbaranch@fcb.co.ke](mailto:infor.wajirbaranch@fcb.co.ke)

**h) Independent Auditors**

Auditor General  
Office of the Auditor General  
Anniversary Towers, University Way  
P.O. Box 30084  
GOP 00100  
Nairobi, Kenya

**i) Principal Legal Adviser**






The Attorney General  
State Law Office  
Harambee Avenue  
P.O. Box 40112  
City Square 00200  
Nairobi, Kenya

**j) County Attorney**

County Government of Wajir  
P.O. Box 9-70200  
County Government Headquarters,  
Wajir, KENYA







*Wajir County Revolving Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025*

**3. Fund Administration Committee**

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. Abdikadir Gabow</p> 	<p>Born in 1962. As a carrier Civil servant, Abdikadir served as a Senior Assistant County Commissioner and Education Teacher.</p>
<p>2. Khatra Hussein Abdow.</p> 	<p>Born on 18/12/1990, Khatra is the CCO Trade, investment Manufacturing, Industry, Cooperative and SME Development. Khatra holds a Bachelor of science in nutrition and dietetics.</p>
<p>3. Yahya M. Dahiye</p> 	<p>Yahya M. Dahiye is a professional with over 15 years of experience in government and non-governmental organizations, focusing on communication and governance. Dahiye is a seasoned manager. He has a Master of Arts in Diplomacy, Development &amp; International Security from Daystar University and a Bachelor of Education (Arts) from the University of Nairobi.</p>
<p>4. Abdullahi Hassan</p> 	<p>Born on 12/12/1961, Abdullahi is a Senior Assistant Agriculture Officer and represents the PWDs in the Committee.</p>
<p>5. Abass Yussuf</p> 	<p>Born on 28/12/1992, Abdullahi is a Carrier teacher and is the Religious representative in the Committee.</p>




*Wajir County Revolving Fund*

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

<p>6. AdenWeli Hashi</p> 	<p>Born on 02/01/1993, AdenWeli is now serving as the Chief Officer, Youth, sports and Talent at the County Government of Wajir.</p>
<p>7. Abdullahi Adow</p> 	<p>Born on 12<sup>th</sup> December 1978, Abdullahi s a carrier Civil Servant now serving as the Director Administration office of the Governor, County Government of Wajir.</p>
<p>8. Maymuna Mohamed</p> 	<p>Born on 20/05/1994, Maymuna is a Staff at the County Assembly of Wajir and is representative of the youth in the fund committee.</p>
<p>9. Fatuma Ahmed</p> 	<p>Born on 01/01/1989, Fatuma is an Assistant Administrator ICT. She is a Social work and community Development Champion and represents the Minority groups in the board.</p>
<p>10. Rukia Abdullahi</p> 	<p>Born on 21/08/1961, Rukia is the Chairlady Maendeleo ya wanawake- Wajir County.</p>
<p>11. Arfon Abdi</p> 	<p>Born on 11/05/1985, Arfon is the Fund Manager &amp; Secretary to the Committee. She holds an MBA in Strategic management.</p>

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**4. Management Team**

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. Khatra Hussein Abdow</p> 	<p>Born on 18/12/1990, Khatra is the CCO Trade, investment Manufacturing, Industry, Cooperative and SME Development.                      Khatra holds a Bachelor of science in nutrition and dietetics.</p>
<p>2. Arfon Abdi</p> 	<p>Born on 11/05/1985, Arfon is the Fund Manager &amp; Secretary to the Committee.                      She holds an MBA in Strategic management.</p>
<p>3. Shaab Adow Abdi</p> 	<p>Born on 01/01/1979, Shaaban, is an Assistant Director, Accounting Service at the County Government of Wajir as serves as the Fund Accountant.</p>

**Wajir County Revolving Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**5. Fund Chairperson's Report**

It is my pleasure to present the Wajir County revolving Fund's financial statements for the period ending 30th June 2025. The financial statements present the financial performance of the revolving Fund on the just concluded fiscal year.

The fund came into existence after the enactment of the Wajir County Revolving Fund Act (2014). In the financial year 2024/2025, there was no allocation to the Fund. Therefore, there was no disbursement received for the financial year. These revolving fund aims to lend to small enterprises cheap credit with the objective of;

- (a) Promoting self-employment among the women and youth;
- (b) Reduce poverty;
- (c) Promote entrepreneurship,
- (d) Empower the women and youth economically so as to achieve self-reliance.

The fund is administered by an administration Committee known as the Wajir County revolving Fund Committee, which is established by the Act and regulations. The committee is equally assisted in its work by a management team established under the Act in the departmental level.

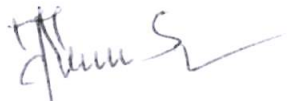
The Management Team work closely with the CECM of the department of Trade and also the revolving fund committees at the ward level.

**Way forward**

In the coming fiscal year the committee expects to receive an exponential growth in amounts to be disbursed to increase the number of beneficiaries countywide.

**Name: Abdikadir Gabow**

**Chairperson of the Board/Fund**

  
**Signature:.....**

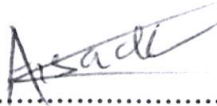
**Date: 18/08/2025**

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**6. Report of the Fund Manager**

Wajir County Revolving Fund had an opening fund balance of KES 16,785,604 which was the closing fund balance of Financial Year 2023/ 2024. There was no disbursement from the County Government to the fund in the financial year 2024/2025. There was no revolving income for the period. The closing bank balance of KES 16,785,604 which forms the accumulated surplus for the year to be carried forward in FY 2025/2026.



.....  
**Name: Arfon Issack Abdi**

**Manager, Wajir County Revolving Fund**

**7. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund’s Predetermined Objectives**

**Introduction**

Section 164 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting officer when preparing financial statements of each County Government entity Government entities in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the county government entity’s performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the Fund as per the strategic plan for are to:

- a) Promote self-employment among the women and youth;
- b) Reduce poverty;
- c) Promote entrepreneurship
- d) Empower the women and youth economically so as to achieve self-reliance.

**Progress on attainment of Strategic development objectives**

Below we provide the progress on attaining the trade department objectives:

<b>Trade, Cooperatives Development and ICT</b>	To Promote Trade, Investment and Industrial Development	Mobilise capital through cooperatives for investment in value chains with competitive advantage for wealth creation	Improved investment in various value chains	Gross capital holdings by cooperatives
		To Promote Trade, Investment and Industrial Development	Improved Business	No. of Stalls Constructed

## **8. Corporate Governance Statement**

The Wajir County revolving Fund is made up of 11 Administration Committee members. Members meet to deliberate on the performance of the management team. The committee members are not remunerated from the fund but paid sitting allowances based on the Budget allocation and as per the act.

In the coming years we will be able to report on the governance structure based on:

- a) Number of Fund Administration Committee meetings held and the attendance to those meetings by members,
- b) Succession plan,
- c) Existence of a service charter,
- d) Process of appointment and removal of board/ Administration Committee members,
- e) Roles and functions of the Administration Committee members,
- f) Induction and training, Administration Committee members and member's performance,
- g) Conflict of interest,
- h) Board remuneration,
- i) Ethics and conduct as well as governance audit undertaken if any.

**9. Management Discussion and Analysis**

The Fund was formed pursuant to the Wajir County Revolving Management Act, 2014.

The objects and purposes of the fund are aimed at:

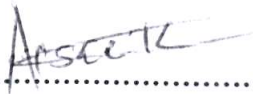
- (a) Promoting self-employment among the women and youth;
- (b) Reduce poverty;
- (c) Promote entrepreneurship,
- (d) Empower the women and youth economically so as to achieve self-reliance.

The Fund is managed in accordance with the Wajir County Revolving Management Act, 2014.

The Act states that there shall be the Fund Administrator. Also, there is established the County Revolving Fund Committee which administers the County Revolving Funds.

The Management Team work closely with the CECM of the department of Trade and also the revolving fund committees at the ward level.

However, there was no disbursement in the period.



.....  
**Name: Arfon Issack Abdi**

**Manager, Wajir County Revolving Fund**

## **10. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting**

### **1. Sustainability strategy and profile**

The Wajir County Development Agenda is informed by the need to increase and expand sustainable development opportunities and build people's capacities to enable them create wealth and transform their lives for growth and prosperity. The County Envisions being a competitive, industrialized and socio-economically self-sustaining and securing county. This will be attained by providing quality and efficient services through innovative and sustainable utilization of resources for a better quality of life to all citizens of Wajir County. This is what the county intends to attain and sustain it through creation of a county culture anchored on; Transparency; Inclusiveness and Equity; Empowerment; Quality and result oriented in provision of the county services.

### **2. Environmental performance**

As outlined in the County 2023-2027 CIDP, Environment is one of the key thematic areas that the county has put a lot of focus in its developments agenda. Land is a natural resource which can be sustainably used to satisfy man's unlimited needs and wants as long as the concept of scarcity is recognized. Cognizant of the need for responsible land use for environmental sustainability, The County has developed a number of policies, programmes and structures guiding environmental matters within the County.

### **3. Employee welfare**

Wajir County Recognises the value of its employees in the implementation and long term sustainability of its development strategy. As a result, it has always ensured a fair recruitment process where competences and qualification has been key in hiring of its employees to ensure value from its human resource. All recruitments observe the one third Gender rule and the inclusivity. All senior management staff from the level of county directors and above are placed under performance Contract while the junior staff are under performance Appraisal system.

This is aimed at inculcating a results culture and also helps to identify skills Gap for capacity building and future development the County staff as they inform approvals for Promotion and training for carrier growth. For a better and health work force, the county has also placed all staff under a medical cover which on terms as provided by the Salaries and Remuneration Commission's guideline of Employee Medical benefits.

**4. Market place practices**

The County embraces diversity and offers services to all county residents without discrimination. All county fees and charges are levied after wide consultation with the citizens through public participation.

**5. Community Engagements**

The County has been engaging its citizens in all its development programmes through public participation in all the county plans, Budget and legislations. This participation ensures that the views of the citizen are included from planning to implementation stages. Participation is done by the county through its established participation structures such as, the County Budget and Economic Forum, The County Citizen education and Civic Education Unit etc.

## **11. Report of the Trustees**

### **The administration Committee**

The committee submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 which show the state of the Fund affairs.

### **Principal activities**

The Fund's principal activity is to give out interest free loans to the beneficiary groups which is aimed at reducing poverty; promoting entrepreneurship as well as empower the women and youth economically so as to achieve self-reliance

### **Results**

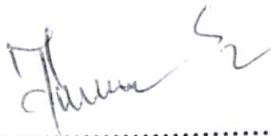
The results of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2025 are set out on page one of this report.

### **Trustees**

The members of the fund administration committee who served during the year are shown on page VII.

### **Auditors**

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Fund in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015. By Order of the Board.



.....

**Chair of the Fund Administration Committee**

**Date: 18/08/2025**

## **12. Statement of Management's Responsibilities**

Section 166 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a County Public Fund established by shall prepare financial statements for the Fund in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Fund's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for and as at the end of the period ended June 30<sup>th</sup> 2025. This responsibility includes:

- i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period;
- ii) Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the fund;
- iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud;
- iv) Safeguarding the assets of the fund;
- v) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and
- vi) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund accepts responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and the Wajir County Revolving Fund act, 2014. The Administrator of the Fund is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the period and of the Fund's financial position as at that date.

The Administrator further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

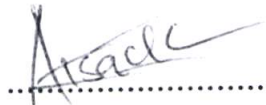
In preparing the financial statements, the Administrator of the County Public Fund has assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. Nothing has come to the attention of the Administrator to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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Approval of the financial statements:

The Fund's financial statements were approved by the Board on 18/08/2025 and signed on its behalf by:

  
.....

**Name: Arfon Issack Abdi**  
**Manager, Wajir County Revolving Fund**

# REPUBLIC OF KENYA

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Email: info@oagkenya.go.ke  
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS  
Anniversary Towers  
Monrovia Street  
P.O Box 30084-00100  
NAIROBI

## REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON WAJIR COUNTY REVOLVING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025

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### PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements;
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in the Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure the Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose; and,
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, risk management environment and internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An Adverse Opinion is issued when the Auditor-General determines that the financial statements are materially misstated and are not fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The Report on the Financial Statements should be read together with the Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in the Use of Public Resources, and the Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012, and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Adverse Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Wajir County Revolving Fund set out on pages 1 to 21, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2025 and the statement of financial performance, statement of net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other

explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section of my report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wajir County Revolving Fund as at 30 June, 2025 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and do not comply with the Wajir County Revolving Fund Act, 2014 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

## **Basis for Adverse Opinion**

### **1. Non-Disclosure of Winding up of the Fund**

Documents reviewed during audit revealed that the County Assembly of Wajir approved the winding up of the Revolving Fund in July, 2024. However, this fact has not been disclosed in the financial statements as material information for the users of the financial statements. The Report of the chairperson indicates that in the coming fiscal year the committee expected to receive an exponential growth in amounts disbursed to increase the number of beneficiaries countywide. This is misleading to the users of the financial statements.

In the circumstances, there is material non-disclosure of information in the financial statements.

### **2. Non-Disclosure of Loan Receivables Written Off**

The statement of changes in net assets reflects net assets of Kshs.16,785,604 and Kshs.16,783,009 as at 1 July, 2024 and 30 June, 2025 respectively. Documents supporting the request for writing off bad debts reviewed during the audit indicated the balance of receivables in respect of loans granted as Kshs.102,073,204. However, the balance as 1 July, 2024 and the amount written off during the year were not disclosed in the statement changes in net assets. In addition, the receivables were not disclosed as opening balance in the statement of financial position.

In the circumstances, the accuracy of net assets of Kshs.16,783,009 as at 30 June, 2025 could not be confirmed.

### **3. Loss of Funds and Failure to Transfer Fund Balances to the County Revenue Fund (CRF) Upon Closure of the Revolving Fund**

Documents reviewed during the audit revealed that the County Assembly of Wajir approved the winding up of the Revolving Fund and further approved a request from the Management of the Fund to write off an amount of Kshs.102,073,204 owed by various groups and co-operatives. This write-off represents loss of substantial amount of public

funds. In addition, documents reviewed during the audit indicated that the County Executive Committee approved and directed that all funds in the Revolving Fund account be transferred to the Enterprise Fund account upon approval of the Bill establishing the Enterprise Fund to replace the Revolving Fund. As at the time of approval in July, 2024, the Fund had a balance of Kshs.16,783,009 held in three bank accounts. However, as at 30 June, 2025 the money had not been transferred to the County Revenue Fund (CRF). This was contrary to Section 116(6)(a) which provides that on the winding up of a County Public Fund, the administrator of the fund shall pay any amount remaining in the fund into the County Exchequer Account.

Further, Management did not demonstrate measures put in place to ensure effective Management of the new Fund proposed to replace the Revolving Fund and guarantee safeguarding of public funds.

In the circumstances, the funds held in these accounts may be lost or fraudulently used and the justification for the establishment of the Fund and effectiveness in use of public resources appropriated to the Fund could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Wajir County Revolving Fund Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my adverse opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. Except for the matters described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion section, I have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in my report.

### **Other Matter**

#### **1. Unresolved Prior Year Matters**

In the prior years' audit reports, several issues were raised under the Report on Financial Statements, Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources, and Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance, respectively. Review of the status during audit of the Fund in 2024/2025 revealed that the following matters remained unresolved:

<b>No.</b>	<b>Financial Year</b>	<b>Audit Issue</b>
1.	2023/2024	Inaccuracies in the Statement of Financial Position
2.	2023/2024	Inaccuracies in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets
3.	2023/2024	Non-Disclosure of Trade Receivables
4.	2023/2024	Failure to Utilize Funds

## **Other Information**

The Management is responsible for the Other Information set out on page iii to xviii which comprise of Key Entity Information and Management, Fund administration Committee, Management Team, Report of the Fund Manager, Statement of Performance Against Predetermined Objectives, Corporate Governance Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Environmental and Sustainability Reporting, Report of the Fund Administration Committee, Statement of Managements' Responsibilities. The Other Information does not include the financial statements and my audit report thereon.

In connection with my audit on the Fund's financial statements, my responsibility is to read the Other Information and in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, I am required to report that fact. Based on the audit procedures performed, because of the significance of the matters described in my Basis for Adverse Opinion, I confirm that the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## **REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN THE USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES**

### **Conclusion**

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion and Conclusion on the Lawfulness and Effectiveness in the Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

### **Failure to Submit Winding up Report to the Auditor-General**

Regulation 199(2) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015 provides that the final report after winding up of the Fund shall be submitted to the Auditor-General for audit and the County Assembly. Except for the report provided on request during the audit, Management did not submit to the Auditor-General the final report after winding up the Fund.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 3000 and ISSAI 4000. The standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain

assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

### **Conclusion**

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion and Conclusion on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk Management and overall governance were operating effectively in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

### **Responsibilities of the Management and the Fund Administration Committee**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply with the authorities which govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

The Fund Administration Committee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance

with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

### **Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit**

My responsibility is to conduct an audit of the financial statements in accordance with Article 229(4) of the Constitution, Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). The standards require that, in conducting the audit, I obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In conducting the audit, Article 229(6) of the Constitution also requires that I express a conclusion on whether or not in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way. In addition, I consider the entity's control environment in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

Further, I am required to submit the audit report in accordance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Detailed description of my responsibilities for the audit is located at the Office of the Auditor-General's website at: <https://www.oagkenya.go.ke/auditor-generals-responsibilities-for-audit/>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

  
FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS  
**AUDITOR-GENERAL**

**Nairobi**

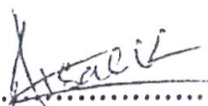
**26 November, 2025**

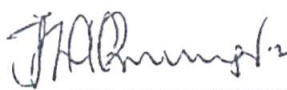
14. Statement of Financial Performance for the Year Ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025

Description	Note	2024/2025	2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Revenue From Non-Exchange Transactions</b>			
Transfers From the County Government	1	-	-
Revolving Fund Income	2	-	58,800
<b>Total Revenue</b>		-	<b>58,800</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
General expenses	3	2,595	1,186
<b>Total Expenses</b>		-	<b>1,186</b>
<b>Surplus/(Deficit) for the Period</b>		<b>(2,595)</b>	<b>57,614</b>

The notes set out on pages 6-17 form an integral part of these Financial Statements

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 18/08/2025 and signed by:

  
.....  
Name: Arfon Issack Abdi  
Administrator of the Fund

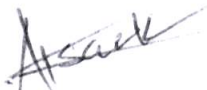
  
.....  
Name: Sugow Abdille Gureh  
ICPAK NO.15814


*Wajir County Revolving Fund*  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**15. Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025**

Description	Note	2024/2025	2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	16,783,009	16,785,604
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>			
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Total Liabilities</b>			
<b>Net Assets</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>
Accumulated surplus/deficits		16,783,009	16,785,604
<b>Total Net Assets and Liabilities</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 18/08/2025 and signed by:

  
 .....  
 Name: Arfon Issack Abdi  
 Administrator of the Fund

  
 .....  
 Name: Sugow Abdille Gurch  
 ICPAK NO.15814

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**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**16. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025**

Description	Revolving Fund	Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total
		Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
<b>Balance As At 1 July 2023</b>	-	-	16,727,990	16,727,990
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	-	-	57,614	57,614
Funds Received During the Year	-	-	-	0
<b>Balance As At 30 June 2024</b>	-	-	16,785,604	16,785,604
<b>Balance As At 1 July 2024</b>	-	-	16,785,604	16,785,604
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	-	-	(2,595)	-
Funds Received During the Year	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance As At 30 June 2025</b>	-	-	16,783,009	16,785,604

**17. Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 June 2025**

Description	Note	2024/2025	2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
<b>Receipts</b>			
Transfers from the county government			-
Receipts from other operating activities	2	-	58,800
<b>Total receipts</b>		-	<b>58,800</b>
<b>Payments</b>			
General expenses	3	(2,595)	(1,186)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>		<b>(2,595)</b>	<b>57,614</b>
Cash flows from investing activities		-	-
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>		-	-
Cash flows from financing activities		-	-
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>		-	-
<b>Net increase in cash &amp; cash Equivalents</b>		<b>(2,595)</b>	<b>57,614</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		16,785,604	16,727,990
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**18. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts for the Period ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025**

Description	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% Utilization
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
	a	b	C=(a+b)	d	e=(c-d)	f=d/c*100
<b>Revenue</b>						
Balance B/F	16,785,604	-	16,785,604	16,785,604	-	100%
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>	-	<b>16,785,604</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>	-	<b>100%</b>
<b>Expenses</b>						
Fund Administration Expenses	-	-	-	2,595	-	-
Revolving Fund	16,785,604	-	16,785,604	-	16,785,604	-
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>	-	<b>16,785,604</b>	<b>2,595</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>	-
<b>Surplus For the Period</b>				<b>16,783,009</b>		

**19. Notes to the Financial Statements**

**1. General Information**

Wajir County Revolving Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from The Wajir County Revolving Fund Act of 27th June 2014. The entity is wholly owned by the Wajir County Government and is domiciled in Kenya. The entity’s principal activity to facilitate the improvement of the living conditions for persons with disabilities in Wajir County through socio-economic empowerment, promotion of equal and equitable access to social- economic, political opportunities and services by persons with disabilities in the County.

**2. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation**

The Fund’s financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The financial statements are presented in Kenya shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Fund. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis.

**3. Adoption of new and revised standards**

(i) *New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2023*

<p><b>IPSAS 41: Financial Instruments</b></p>	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023</b></p> <p>The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an Entity’s future cash flows.</p> <p>IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful information than IPSAS 29, by:</p>
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Standard	Effective date and impact
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset's cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held;</li> <li>• Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and</li> <li>• Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between an Entity's risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy.</li> </ul>
<p><b>IPSAS 42: Social Benefits</b></p>	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023</b></p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting Entity provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general-purpose financial reports assess:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the Entity;</li> <li>(b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; and</li> <li>(c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the Entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.</li> </ul>
<p>Amendments to Other IPSAS resulting from IPSAS 41, Financial Instruments</p>	<p><b>Applicable: 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related to the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</li> <li>b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</li> <li>c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were</li> </ul>

Standard	Effective date and impact
	<p>inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p>
Other improvements to IPSAS	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>IPSAS 22 Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector.</i></li> </ul> <p>Amendments to refer to the latest System of National Accounts (SNA 2008).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>IPSAS 39: Employee Benefits</i></li> </ul> <p>Now deletes the term composite social security benefits as it is no longer defined in IPSAS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IPSAS 29: Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement</b></li> </ul> <p>Standard no longer included in the 2021 IPSAS handbook as it is now superseded by IPSAS 41 which is applicable from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023.</p>

(ii) *New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2023.*

IPSAS 43	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</b></p> <p>The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cashflows of an Entity.</p> <p>The new standard requires entities to recognise, measure and present information on right of use assets and lease liabilities.</p>
IPSAS 44: Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</b></p> <p>The Standard requires,</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be</p>

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Standard	Effective date and impact
Discontinued Operations	measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and the depreciation of such assets to cease and: Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be presented separately in the statement of financial position and the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance.

**(iii) Early adoption of standards**

The Entity did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in the financial year.

**1. Significant Accounting Policies**

**a) Revenue recognition**

**i. Revenue from non-exchange transactions**

**Transfers from other government entities**

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the entity and can be measured reliably.

**ii. Revenue from exchange transactions**

**Interest income**

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

**Dividends**

Dividends or similar distributions must be recognized when the shareholder's or the Entity's right to receive payments is established.

**Rental income**

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and included in revenue.

**b) Budget information**

The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

**c) Investment property**

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the replacement cost of components of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day maintenance of an investment property. Investment property acquired through a non-

exchange transaction is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition. Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the surplus or deficit in the period of de-recognition. Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use.

**d) Property, plant, and equipment**

All property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus, or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

**e) Budget information**

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under section 18 of these financial statements.

**f) Financial Assets**

**Classification of financial assets**

The entity classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through net assets/ equity, or fair value through surplus and deficit on the basis of both the entity's management model for financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. A financial asset is measured at amortized cost when the financial asset is held within a management model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on

***Wajir County Revolving Fund***  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. A financial asset is measured at fair value through net assets/ equity if it is held within the management model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through surplus or deficit unless it is measured at amortized cost or fair value through net assets/ equity unless an entity has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments.

**Subsequent measurement**

Based on the business model and the cash flow characteristics, the entity classifies its financial assets into amortized cost or fair value categories for financial instruments. Movements in fair value are presented in either surplus or deficit or through net assets/ equity subject to certain criteria being met.

**Amortized cost**

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at fair value through surplus or deficit, are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on an instrument that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is de-recognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

**Fair value through net assets/ equity**

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through net assets/ equity. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through net assets, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue, and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in surplus/deficit. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

### **Trade and other receivables**

Trade and other receivables are recognized at fair values less allowances for any uncollectible amounts. Trade and other receivables are assessed for impairment on a continuing basis. An estimate is made of doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year-end.

### **Fair value through surplus or deficit**

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through net assets/ equity are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit. A business model where the entity manages financial assets with the objective of realizing cash flows through solely the sale of the assets would result in a fair value through a surplus or deficit model.

### **Impairment**

The entity assesses, on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit loss ('ECL') associated with its financial assets carried at amortized cost and fair value through net assets/equity. The entity recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date.

## **g) Financial liabilities**

### **Classification**

The entity classifies its liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities measured through profit or loss.

#### **a) Inventories**

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make

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the sale, exchange, or distribution. Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

**b) Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

**c) Social Benefits**

Social benefits are cash transfers provided to i) specific individuals and / or households that meet the eligibility criteria, ii) mitigate the effects of social risks and iii) Address the need of society as a whole. The entity recognises a social benefit as an expense for the social benefit scheme at the same time that it recognises a liability. The liability for the social benefit scheme is measured at the best estimate of the cost (the social benefit payments) that the entity will incur in fulfilling the present obligations represented by the liability.

**d) Contingent liabilities**

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

**Contingent assets**

The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

**e) Changes in accounting policies and estimates**

The Entity recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

**f) Employee benefits – Retirement benefit plans**

The Entity provides retirement benefits for its employees and directors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a

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separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year in which they become payable.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The defined benefit funds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

**g) Foreign currency transactions**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

**h) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

**i) Related parties**

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

**j) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

**k) Comparative figures**

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

## **5. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

### **a) Estimates and assumptions –**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140.

### **b) Useful lives and residual values**

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

### **Provisions**

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note 37. Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

## 6. Notes to the Financial Statements

## 1. Transfers from County Government

Description	2024/2025	2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers From County Govt. –Operations	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

## 2. Revolving Fund income

Description	2024/2025	2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Revolving Fund income	-	58,800
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>58,800</b>

## 3. General Expenses

Description	2024/2025	2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Bank Charges	2,595	1,186
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,595</b>	<b>1,186</b>

## 4. Cash and cash equivalents

Description	2024/2025	2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Current Account	16,783,009	16,785,604
<b>Total Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

Financial Institution	Account number	2024/2025	2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>a) Current Account</b>			
Kenya Commercial Bank	1305175887	1,012,334	1,014,929
Premier Bank	8000520802	15,568,065	15,568,065
Premier Bank	8000520801	202,610	202,610
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>16,783,009</b>	<b>16,785,604</b>

**5. Related party balances**

**a) Nature of related party relationships**

Entities and other parties related to the Fund include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The fund/scheme is related to the following entities:

- a) The County Government;
- b) The Parent County Government Ministry;
- c) Key management;
- d) Board of Trustees; etc.

**b) Related party transactions**

	2024/25	2023/24
Transfers From the County Government		-

**c) Key management remuneration**

	2024/25	2023/24
Board Of Trustees	-	-
Key Management Compensation	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

**6. Financial risk management**

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The Fund does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The Fund's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

**a) Credit risk**

The Fund has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial

investments. Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the entity's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The board of trustees sets the Fund's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

**b) Liquidity risk management**

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Fund Administrator, who has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The entity manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

**c) Market risk**

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the entity's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Fund's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day-to-day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the entity's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

**7. Events after the reporting period**

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

**8. Ultimate and Holding Entity**

The entity is a County Public Fund established by the Wajir County Revolving Fund Act of 2014 under the department of ICT, Trade, Investment and Industry. Its ultimate parent is the County Government of Wajir

**9. Currency**


The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

**20. Annexes**

**Annex I: Progress on Follow Up Of Prior Year Auditor’s Recommendations**

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
1	Inaccuracies in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets	The inaccuracies have been explained accordingly	Not resolved	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2025
2	Non-Disclosure of Trade Receivables	The Management has written off the receivables as bad bed debts and the supporting documents for the same availed.	Not resolved	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2025
3	Unresolved Prior Year Matters	The Management is engaged in addressing all outstanding audit queries	Not resolved	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2025
4	Failure to Utilize Funds	The Management has put in place measures to ensure full utilization of available funds.	Not resolved	31 <sup>st</sup> December 2025



.....  
**Name: Sugow Abdille Gureh**

**ICPAK NO 15814**

**Date: 18/08/2025**

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025

Annex II: Inter-Fund Confirmation Letter

**COUNTY GOVERNMENT OF WAJIR**



**DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ECONOMIC PLANNING**

**Wajir County Revolving Fund**

P.O Box 9-70200,

**Wajir.**

The County Government of Wajir wishes to confirm the amounts disbursed to you as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025 as indicated in the table below. Please compare the amounts disbursed to you with the amounts you received and populate the column D in the table below Please sign and stamp this request in the space provided and return it to us.

Reference Number	Date Disbursed	Recurrent (A)	Development (B)	Total (C)=(A+B)	Amount Received by beneficiary Fund (KShs) as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2025 (D)	Differences (KShs) (E)=(C-D)
FT251005B8G Z	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		-	-	-	-	-

I confirm that the amounts shown above are correct as of the date indicated.

**Head of Accountants department of beneficiary Fund:**

**Name: Sugow Abdille Gureh  
ICPAK NO 15814**

Sign:.....

**Date: 18/08/2025**

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**Annex III: Reporting of Climate Relevant Expenditures**

Project Name	Project Description	Project Objectives	Project Activities					Source Of Funds	Implementing Partners
				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Wajir County Revolving Fund*

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**Annex IV: Reporting on Disaster Management Expenditure**

Column I	Column II	Column III	Column IV	Column V	Column VI	Column VII
Programme	Sub-programme	Disaster Type	Category of disaster related Activity that require expenditure reporting (response/recovery/mitigation/preparedness)	Expenditure item	Amounts (Kshs.)	Comments
-	-	-	-	-	-	-