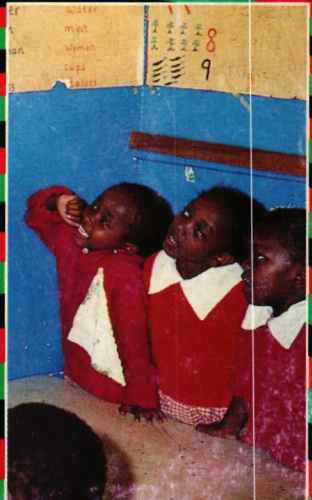
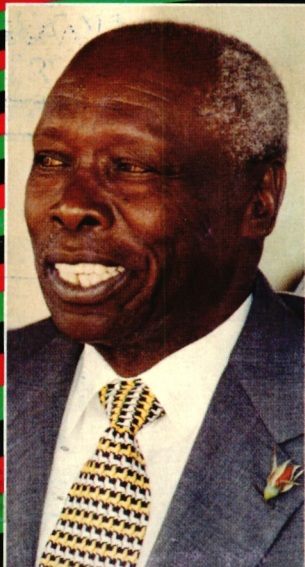


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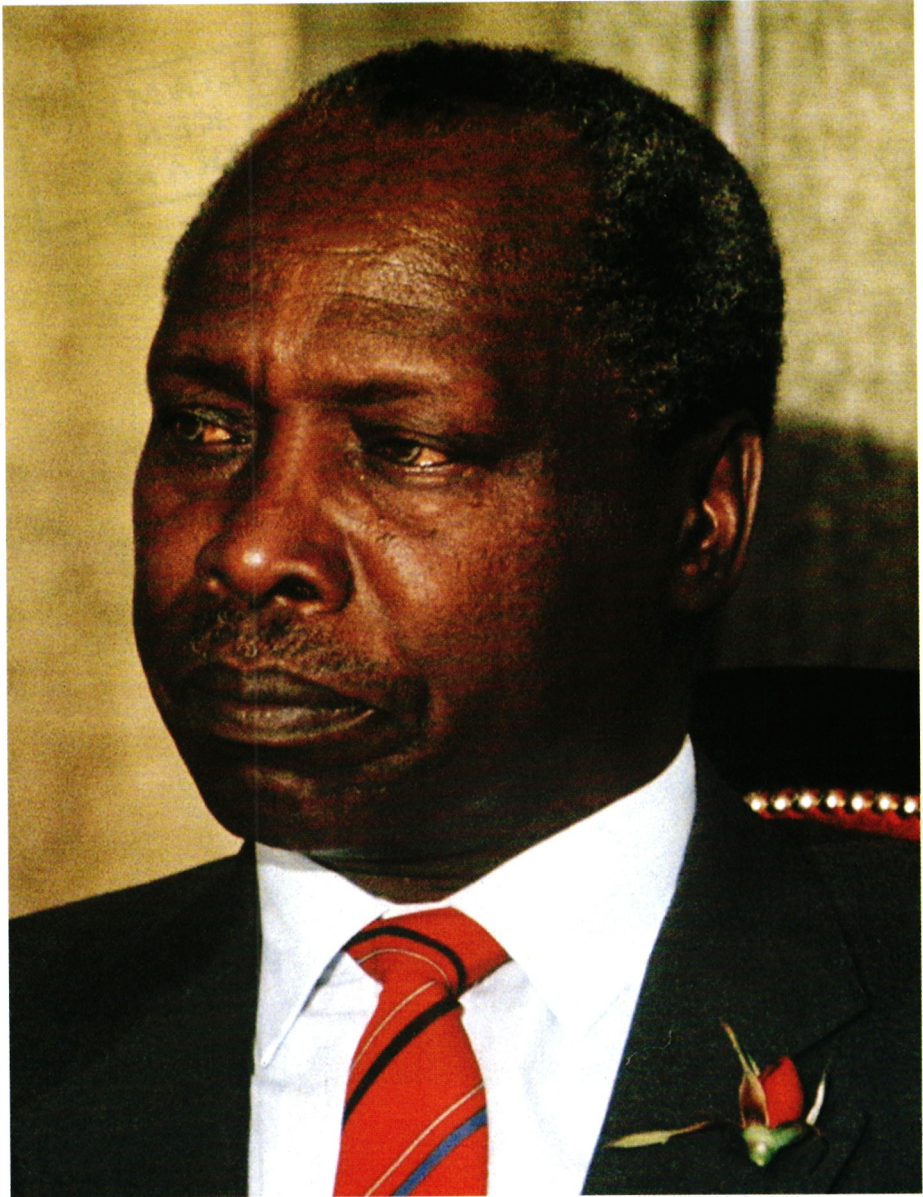


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***Our Vision into the Next Millennium
Consolidating Peace,
Stability and Development for
the Prosperity of All Kenyans***



*His Excellency Daniel Toroitich arap Moi, CGH, MP
President of the Republic of Kenya*



My Vision

Dear Fellow Kenyans,

This is yet another time in our history when we Kenyans come together to discuss and chart the course for the future of our nation. The General Elections provide a suitable forum for these important consultations. Every Kenyan should therefore take this opportunity to determine the direction the nation will take on the threshold of the 21st century.

My vision for the future is for a calmer and more confident Kenya where endless confrontation no longer dominates the domestic agenda. I want to see a nation where political differences do not mean personal antagonism. I want to see a nation which holds its head up proudly, as it plays the leading role in a new dynamic economic region.

Above all, I want to see a nation that is free to concentrate its drive and purpose on progress and development. Only in this way, shall we be able to harness our energies to confront our greatest challenge at home, the challenge of poverty. I promise you all, Fellow Kenyans, that I will spend the remaining years of my life working tirelessly for this goal. This is the personal pledge I give you.

In deciding on the future of our nation it is rewarding to look back into our history and examine where we have come from, both politically and economically, and gauge our performance against that of our neighbours and friends both near and far. We should measure our past successes and challenges against those of others in the rest of the world, and use that knowledge to decide the most worthwhile way to move forward into the next century.

As we debate during the campaign

period, we must critically assess every political party, its leadership and, most importantly, the development programme it proposes to implement to improve the prosperity of Kenya and especially that of the Wananchi. We have to ask ourselves the vision the party we intend to vote for offers to propel us into the 21st century, the strategy it plans to adopt to implement that vision, and the credibility of its leadership.

We are proud that the KANU leadership has never betrayed the blood our forefathers shed in their heroic struggle to liberate our country. They died so that we could determine our political and economic destiny to improve the well-being of all our people. The KANU Government has, in this regard, made momentous strides on the economic, political and social fronts. We have expanded significantly the availability of health, education and other social services since Uhuru. Our people now have sweeping access to decent economic opportunities. These and other achievements have been made possible by our capacity to work together as a united nation, and the uninterrupted peace and stability we have enjoyed since we won our independence. It is because of this political stability that our neighbours and countries in other parts of an uncertain world that lack this vital asset, have turned to us in their hours of need.

To consolidate these manifold gains, the KANU Government has in the last five years implemented further major social, political and economic reforms, thus laying a solid foundation that will help Kenya face with confidence the formidable but exciting economic and social challenges of the 21st century. It is imperative that Kenyans now choose a political leadership and a political



party with the strength, the experience, the tenacity of purpose and the patience, combined with a sound economic programme, that will enable our nation to manage effectively the difficulties and promise of the new Millennium.

KANU is irrevocably committed to the on-going reform process as well as to ensuring accountability and searching scrutiny of the direction of public affairs. In pursuit of these goals we appeal to all Kenyans to join us in forging a common course for the good of our nation and the welfare of all our people.

KANU calls upon Kenyan voters to look back into our history and recall that our party was born at a time of extreme political crisis and that it has since led this country steadfastly even at times of grave national anxiety. We have therefore been tested and proven dependable. The new KANU

Government will be committed to preserving the rights and freedoms of all Kenyans as guaranteed in the reformed Constitution. The KANU Government will also be committed to ensuring the security of the life and property of all residents of Kenya, wherever they may reside.

In this Manifesto we offer a blueprint for development that will consolidate our stability and security and transform our country within the rapidly evolving global economy. We call upon each and everyone of you to join us in realising these noble goals. KANU alone has the leadership and the vision that will enable Kenya to stride successfully into the 21st century, as a confident, united and prosperous nation.

PRESIDENT
THE KENYA AFRICAN NATIONAL
UNION

**President
The Kenya African National Union**



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Our Election Pledges

These are the 12 pledges we give to the people of Kenya and the Key Areas for Action to redeem them.

Our First Pledge

To confront poverty and create jobs by going for sustainable economic growth. To create employment opportunities for our people in both the formal and informal sectors while, at the same time, preparing and training them for the demands of a modern competitive economy.

ACTION: Going for Growth

KANU believes that only through economic growth, the cornerstone of its development strategy, can poverty and unemployment be reduced on a lasting basis. KANU is totally committed to the development of the Jua Kali and small-scale enterprise sectors which now need to be urgently promoted and integrated into the economy.



To strengthen our manufacturing base by creating a dynamic environment for industrial growth, including suitable financial incentives and strong infrastructural support.

Our Second Pledge

ACTION: Promoting Industrial Development

KANU believes that special attention must be given to the expansion of domestic-resource based and labour-intensive manufacturing industries with an export orientation.



Our Third Pledge

To prepare our education system for the demands of the next century, thereby developing our human resource potential for the challenges of tomorrow.

ACTION: Providing Education for All

KANU is committed to the provision of quality education for all Kenyans and will continue to examine critically all areas of our education system in preparation for the demands of the next century.





To ensure that health facilities are available to all when needed, and that an effective system of community health care is established nationwide.

Our Fourth Pledge

ACTION: Expanding our Health Facilities

KANU is committed to an improvement in the quality and availability of health services, especially in the provision of preventive health care.



Our Fifth Pledge

To improve the quality of life of all Kenyans by recognising and tackling threats to our environment.

ACTION: Protecting our Environment

KANU believes that our natural environment and public utilities must be equally shared and enjoyed by all Kenyans, whatever their place in society.



To make our police force more sensitive and responsive to the needs of our people while strengthening their capacity to fight crime effectively.

Our Sixth Pledge

ACTION: Strengthening the Forces of Law and Order

KANU is committed to supporting a well-trained and equipped police force in their efforts to maintain law and order. We are also determined to improve the relationship between the public and the police. We will direct special attention to the growing menace of drugs threatening our young people.





Our Seventh Pledge

To ensure a fair return for our farmers by revitalising agriculture in the drive for food security.

ACTION:

Empowering our Farmers

KANU is committed to constructive partnership with farmers and farmers' organisations through the new Agricultural Sector Investment Programme, and to sustainable self-sufficiency in food production.



To improve the standard of living of all Kenyans in their communities by reforming local government and making it more efficient and accountable.

Our Eighth Pledge

ACTION:

Providing Good Public Services

KANU is committed to improving the standards and value for money of our public services and strengthening Local Government.



Our Ninth Pledge

To work for a society at peace with itself through constructive dialogue across the political spectrum while respecting the human rights of all.

ACTION:

Protecting our Freedoms

KANU is committed to multiparty democracy, social justice, the rule of law and the sanctity of human life. KANU also believes that the greatest human right is the right to life itself.





To step up positive action in support of women towards the final elimination of gender discrimination.

Our Tenth Pledge

ACTION:

Creating Opportunities for Women

KANU is committed to equality for women and will encourage specially targeted development programmes to tackle specific problems, while focusing on the removal of constraints that hinder the full participation of women in the political and economic development of our society.



Our Eleventh Pledge

To extend programmes that offer key training and job opportunities for our youth.

ACTION:

Harnessing the Potential of our Youth

KANU is committed to continued support for the youth of our country through Jua Kali programmes, the National Youth Development Programme, and by encouraging the private sector to establish special apprenticeship programmes.



To strengthen the moral fabric of our country by increasing our support for sporting and cultural activities and programmes.

Our Twelfth Pledge

ACTION:

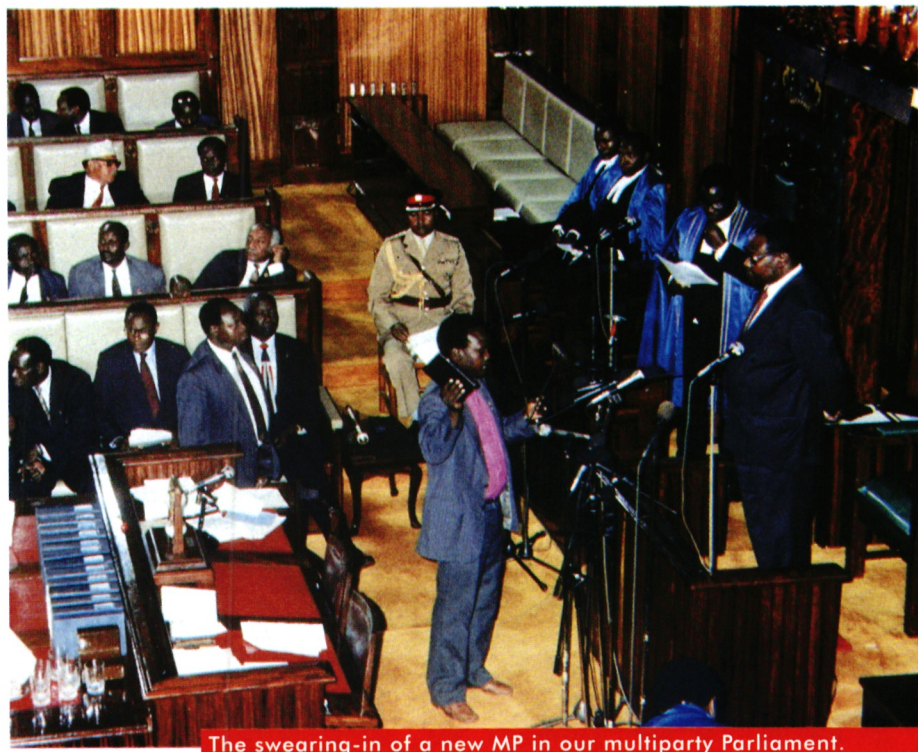
Stimulating our Sport and Cultural Activities

KANU believes in giving greater encouragement to our sportsmen and women who bring so much credit to Kenya, but also in galvanising 'sport for all' throughout the country. Similarly KANU seeks to strengthen the preservation of our rich and diverse cultural heritage.





The agricultural sector will be the base of our drive to industrialisation.



The swearing-in of a new MP in our multiparty Parliament.



Good Governance

KANU'S PHILOSOPHY

KANU strongly believes in democratic principles, social justice and the sanctity of human life. Under our parliamentary system of government our people have the right and the periodic opportunity to determine the government of their choice through the ballot box. The right to vote and to do so freely and fairly remains at the core of KANU's political philosophy and practice. To ensure full participation of all Kenyans in the 1997 General Elections, KANU will steadfastly uphold the rule of law and guarantee the liberties of every citizen.

Under the KANU Government every Kenyan shall enjoy to the full the freedoms of belief, expression, movement and association as well as the right to own property in any part of our country, as enshrined in our Constitution. We, therefore, assure every citizen and resident that KANU will protect their lives and properties at all times.

"Under the KANU Government every Kenyan shall enjoy to the full the freedoms of belief, expression, movement and association as well as the right to own property in any part of our country, as enshrined in our Constitution."

The KANU Government will respect and maintain the absolute separation of powers between the Executive, the Legislature and the Judiciary. In this respect, KANU wishes to see a strong and vibrant Parliament in which the people's representatives perform their duties freely and fearlessly.

To ensure the provision of quality services to all Wananchi, the KANU

KEY POINTS

- KANU believes in the widest possible participation of our people in the political process at all levels.
- KANU will continue to weld all communities into one united, dynamic and progressive nation. We will continue to fight ceaselessly against the evils of tribalism.
- KANU will uphold, at all times, the rule of law and the liberties guaranteed under the Bill of Rights. These freedoms for which heroic Kenyans shed blood must never be eroded.
- KANU will implement forthwith the recent legislation establishing Community Service as an alternative to prison sentences.
- KANU will appoint a national coordinator to lead the fight against drugs in our schools and on our streets.
- KANU believes in the right of every Kenyan to own property and live in any part of the country.
- The KANU Government will ensure the complete elimination of corruption in the Civil Service and will establish an independent Anti-Corruption Authority to enforce this policy.
- KANU will work, at all times, for the security, prosperity and welfare of all citizens within a climate of peace and stability.

Government will take firm measures to eliminate corruption and other unethical practices in the Civil Service.

The reform of our legal system that the KANU Government has already initiated will be continued and expanded to include



KEY POINTS

- KANU preaches and practises peace, love and unity.
 - KANU will protect the security of our people from any external aggression.
- KANU will maintain good relations with all our neighbours.
- KANU is proud of the patriotism, discipline and efficiency of our Armed Forces and will ensure that they are at all times prepared in equipment and training for every eventuality.
- KANU will review our police training programmes to ensure that officers develop modern people-friendly attitudes towards the communities they serve.

social, political and constitutional aspects. KANU supports a thorough and comprehensive review of our Constitution through Parliament. We welcome initiatives to ensure that a countrywide range of views drawn from all sections of our society are represented in the debate. The reforms will include the establishment of a Supreme

Court as the final Court of Appeal and the arbiter of our Constitution.

However, KANU recognizes that for people to participate effectively in the political process, they need to be fully aware of their rights and obligations as well as the policies of their Government. KANU will, therefore, design and implement programmes to educate Kenyans on all these matters. In particular, KANU will make sure that people understand and appreciate the need to take part in voting as part of their nation-building efforts. The policies of the KANU Government will continue to be based on the principles of an informed democracy, social justice and the sanctity of human life.

Peace, Stability and Security

The KANU Government will safeguard the security of our people and their properties. We shall also ensure the preservation of our sovereignty and national integrity. The KANU Government will ensure that our armed forces are adequately trained, efficient and disciplined, and will support the police as they carry out their primary function of maintaining law and order throughout the country. We will review police training programmes to bring



A Kenya Police Passing-out Parade.



about a rapid development of modern attitudes and approaches in force operations. We will also seek to improve fundamentally the relations between our people and the police force on the ground.

Freedom of Worship

KANU recognizes and appreciates the unique contribution of religious organizations towards the spiritual and social well-being of Kenyans. The Party reaffirms its commitment to the preservation of the freedom of worship and will continue to work hand-in-hand with religious organizations for the good of our society.

The Public Service

KANU appreciates that for the effective implementation of the policies outlined in this Manifesto, we must have an efficient and dependable Public Service.

To meet the new challenges, the KANU



- The KANU Government will ensure that we have well-trained, highly motivated, dedicated and accountable Civil Servants who are professional and non-partisan.
- We will ensure that people are only appointed to Government offices on merit and integrity.
- To tap expertise from outside the public sector the KANU Government will review the current recruitment system to introduce suitable contractual terms.
- The Provincial Administration will remain the linchpin of our District Focus Strategy.
- The structure of the District Development Committees will be reviewed to make them more locally representative and effective.
- The KANU Government will establish an office of the Ombudsman with the capacity and powers to investigate and arbitrate on any complaints received from our people.

Government initiated the Civil Service Reform Programme to restructure the Service. Once completed the searching reforms will ensure a smaller, more efficient, accountable and people-friendly Public Service.

The KANU government will continue to ensure that appointments to public offices are made only on merit and integrity. In addition, the KANU Government will safeguard and preserve the independence of the Public Service Commission so that it remains accountable and credible. To ensure that our Public Servants remain transparent and answerable, the KANU Government will establish an office of the Ombudsman. He will be given the powers and capacity to investigate and arbitrate on all complaints received from the public.

The Provincial Administration plays a crucial role in coordinating development activities at the local level. The establishment of District Development Committees (DDCs) has enabled the Provincial Administration to forge closer links with local leaders and thus enhance the more direct participation of communities in their own development. However, the system for the selection of non-government members of the DDCs needs to be reviewed to ensure that DDCs are more representative, effective and creative.



- KANU believes in democratic multipartyism.
- KANU will ensure that every Kenyan exercises his or her freedom of choice through the ballot box.

Political Pluralism

KANU is firmly committed to political pluralism. We, however, appeal to all Kenyans to avoid irresponsible politics that negate the social and economic gains we have already made. We must all work hard to foster our national unity, peace and stability.

We in KANU believe that our multiparty



system should allow for constructive criticism and dialogue between the Government, the Opposition and the wider society. The system must promote respect for Fundamental Human Rights and foster the development of a civic society by strengthening the participation of all Kenyans in the political decision-making process.

Mass Media

Successive KANU Governments have recognized the critical role played by the mass media in the development of our nation. For this reason we have encouraged and invested heavily in the development of a thriving and diverse mass media industry. As a result, there has been a remarkable proliferation of both the print and electronic media.

The KANU Government has supported the participation of the private sector in the broadcasting industry and will continue to liberalise the airwaves.

Freedom of the Press

KANU has since 1963 respected and preserved the freedom of the Press at all costs. We appreciate its vital role in the shaping of our society. We in KANU believe in a free, fair and responsible Press with its

important functions as a social mobilizer, a mirror of society, the people's watchdog, a clearing-house for information and a recorder of events.

In the area of print media, Kenya has a total of 237 registered newspapers, out of which 168 have been registered in the last 18 years. In addition, Kenya has the largest number of foreign correspondents and freelance journalists in Africa.



- KANU is committed to the development of a vibrant mass media industry.
- KANU will continue to liberalise the airwaves.
- KANU will continue to expand and improve the quality of the countrywide reception of public radio and television networks.
- KANU believes in a free, fair and responsible press.
- We will encourage the establishment of a Press Council for the self-regulation of the industry.



Economic Performance, Challenges and Prospects

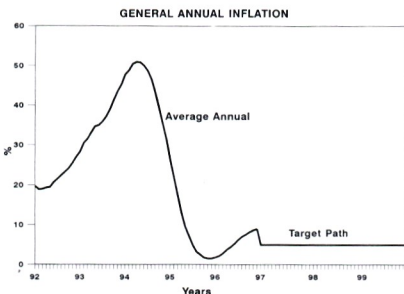
Economic Performance

During 1991-92, Kenya faced serious economic problems caused, largely, by external factors. Growth in national income fell to an unacceptable level while inflation soared. The country's foreign exchange reserves were almost depleted while the shilling weakened substantially. The KANU Government, as promised in its 1992 Manifesto, acted boldly to reverse the economic situation. We removed controls on foreign exchange, imports and domestic prices. We also liberalised the marketing of cereals and greatly reduced direct participation of the Government in business by privatising non-strategic parastatals. In addition to these reforms, the KANU Government has successfully kept public expenditure operations and expansion of the country's money supply under control.

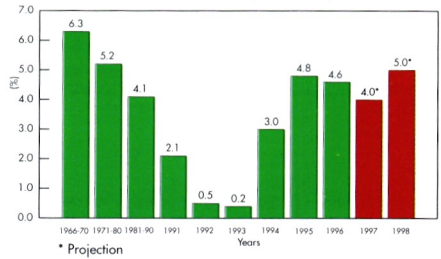
The KANU Government has turned around our economic fortunes. Inflation is now under 10 per cent; foreign exchange is in excess of 5 months of import cover and the shilling has regained its value. The economy has recovered with the national income rising at an average of 4.5 per cent between 1994 and 1996.

Challenges and the Case for Industrialisation

We have come a long way but the war against poverty and unemployment is yet to be won. KANU believes that it is only



Economic Growth (1966-1998)



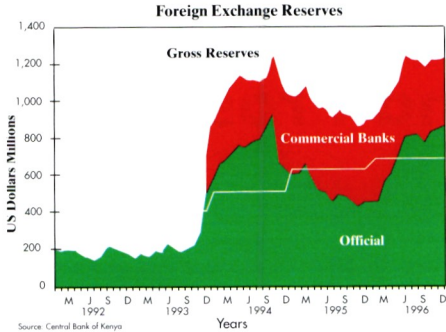
- The next KANU Government can build on the excellent record of our economic performance in the last four years.
- The KANU Government is irrevocably committed to the reform process and the pursuit of sound economic policies.
- The KANU Government has radically reduced its direct involvement in business.

through economic growth that we can manage to reduce these problems on a lasting basis. To tackle these challenges the

"We have come a long way but the war against poverty and unemployment is yet to be won."

KANU Government aims to increase investment and savings to over 30% and 25% respectively, in order to achieve an annual economic growth rate of 8 per cent and above.

Kenya has in the past depended heavily upon the agricultural sector as a base for economic growth and employment. This



strategy has not served us well because of the sector's vulnerability due to vagaries of weather and external factors.

The KANU Government will, in this respect, lay emphasis on private industrial enterprises as the engine of future economic growth. Particular attention must be given to the promotion of local entrepreneurs. The KANU Government is committed to



- The KANU Government will aim to achieve and sustain an annual economic growth of 8 per cent and above to deal decisively with the problems of poverty and unemployment.
- The KANU Government will take steps to increase investment and savings to 30 and 25 per cent respectively of the national income.
- The KANU Government will emphasize and promote manufacturing as the vehicle to transform Kenya into a prosperous nation.
- The KANU Government will continue to promote the participation of our local entrepreneurs in manufacturing.

creating an enabling environment that will ensure the best possible climate for a thriving private sector.



We need a rapid expansion in technical education for our young people.

Strengthening our Industrial Base

To promote industrialisation in a single generation, the KANU Government must rapidly create a positive economic environment conducive to business operations. We must ensure economic stability and the efficient provision of support services such as electric power supply, telecommunications, road transport services and water supplies. Our strategy for industrialisation will pay special attention to domestic-resource based and labour-intensive manufacturing industries with an export orientation. The strategy calls for the development of an industrial and technical culture and an export mentality which will require fundamental changes in the attitudes, organization and operations of Kenyan entrepreneurs. Efficiency, competitiveness and high quality will be the pillars of our industrialisation.

Economic Stability

KANU recognises that to put the private sector at the centre of the development process first requires a stable economic and political environment. The business community must be able to forecast confidently trends in economic

developments, including the Government's policies. Entrepreneurs must feel sure that the enabling environment in which they do business is irreversible and predictable. The KANU Government will sustain the low government budget deficit already achieved by keeping public expenditure in line with available public revenue.

The next KANU Government will take

" Efficiency, competitiveness and high quality will be the pillars of our industrialisation."

steps to simplify the imports tariff structure, review income tax and VAT rates to make them more conducive to private sector development, and improve tax administration.

The KANU Government will reinforce its control on expenditure through increased transparency and accountability and strict application of sanctions under the financial regulations. Implementation of various public sector reforms will be accelerated to help control government expenditure.



KEY POINTS

- The KANU Government will strive to achieve a balanced budget as a means to achieve economic stability.
- The KANU Government will reduce the levels of personal and corporate taxation in order to ease the tax burden.
- The KANU Government will strictly control growth in government expenditure.
- The KANU Government will allocate more of its financial resources to the provision of essential services.
- The KANU Government will accelerate the various public sector reforms.
- The KANU Government will support the Central Bank of Kenya in the management of monetary policy.
- The KANU Government will ensure that government expenditure programmes are consistent with monetary policy objectives.



To improve the quality and effectiveness of government expenditure, a higher proportion of public funds will be allocated to finance Government's basic functions of maintaining law and order, administering justice, financing broad-based education and health services, providing economic infrastructure, supporting agricultural research and extension services, and protecting the environment.

The primary objective of our monetary policy will be to maintain price stability. To achieve this, the KANU Government will ensure that the expansion of money supply is consistent with the objectives of growth, inflation control and the balance of payments. In this respect, the KANU Government will strengthen the management of our monetary policy through strict enforcement of the recent Central Bank Act.

Financing Industrial Growth

The KANU Government recognises the importance of our financial institutions in mobilizing the financial resources required to support the promised industrialisation. Kenya's financial system is now relatively well developed and is already playing an important role in mobilising savings. However, our major financial institutions tend to source their funds largely from short-term deposits. For this reason, they also lend on short-term basis. If the financial

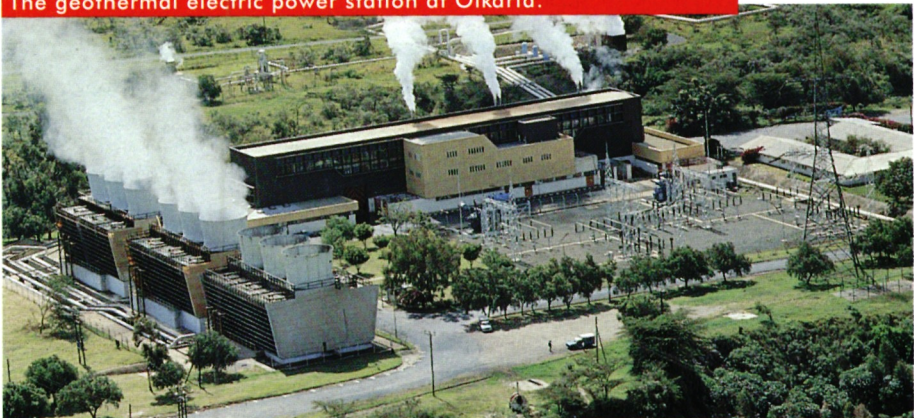


- The KANU Government will expand financial instruments traded in the NSE.
- The KANU Government will convert the NSSF into an autonomous Pensions Fund.
- The KANU Government will establish a Pensions Regulatory Authority to supervise the pensions sector.
- The KANU Government will continue strictly to enforce prudent banking regulations.
- The KANU Government will establish a Central Depository System to promote a secondary market for debt instruments.

sector is to meet the growing demand for long-term finance and venture capital by industrialists, we need to develop long-term financing systems, suitable for industrial enterprises.

The KANU Government will, in this regard, widen the financial instruments traded in the Nairobi Stock Exchange (NSE); amend the National Social Security Fund (NSSF) Act to convert it into an autonomous Pensions Fund; establish a Pensions Regulatory Authority which will be responsible for guiding and regulating

The geothermal electric power station at Olkaria.





the development and management of the pensions sector; and continue strictly to enforce prudent banking regulations in order to consolidate the soundness of the banking system. In addition, the KANU Government will restructure development financial institutions and allow them to raise funds independently. It will also establish a Central Depository System to facilitate the development of a secondary market for debt financial instruments. The liquidity of financial instruments will thus be enhanced and this in turn will encourage more domestic savings. The establishment of more venture capital funds will also be actively welcomed and guided.

The Physical Infrastructure

The KANU Government has heavily invested in infrastructure. Most of the basic facilities necessary for the attainment of economic "take-off" are already in place. However, the maintenance of these facilities presents a formidable challenge.

Energy

Petroleum fuel and electricity are the major sources of commercial energy. The KANU Government is committed to a continuous review of this sector to ensure that enough energy is available to support industrialization.



- The KANU Government has initiated a five-year least-cost energy sector programme to expand the country's electricity generation capacity.
- The KANU Government's Rural Electrification Programme has already greatly improved the quality of life in many rural areas and will be expanded to cover the whole country.
- The KANU Government has invested in a programme to ensure an adequate supply of kerosene and cooking gas.
- The KANU Government will facilitate intensified oil exploration to minimize reliance on imported petroleum.
- The KANU Government will strongly support the development of alternative sources of energy such as solar, wind and biomass.

Transport Infrastructure

The transport sector plays a crucial role in the country's socio-economic development and integration.



- The KANU Government will ensure the improvement of the infrastructure of transport and communications to achieve efficiency on a sustainable basis.
- The KANU Government will ensure that the national road system is expanded and properly maintained at all times.
- The KANU Government will actively encourage private sector participation in the development and management of roads.
- The KANU Government will mount a countrywide road safety improvement programme to minimize the carnage and economic losses on our roads.
- The KANU Government will take appropriate steps to improve the railway services.
- The KANU Government is committed to modernizing and improving Airport facilities and strengthening other relevant institutions.
- The KANU Government will continue to improve marine transport.
- The KANU Government will co-operate with neighbouring countries to improve marine services at the regional level.



Posts and Telecommunications

The KANU Government has made tremendous strides in the provision of both postal and telecommunication services to the people through the Kenya Posts and Telecommunications Corporation (KPTC). To modernize and transform the services offered by the KPTC, the KANU Government has embarked on restructuring the KPTC into three separate entities, Posts, Telecommunications and a regulatory authority. We will encourage private sector participation in the new Telecommunications company.

Water and Sanitation

The KANU Government is committed to ensuring that all citizens have access to safe drinking water within reasonable distance of their homes in both urban and rural areas. We have developed a Water Master Plan to manage the development of our national water resources. As part of this plan, a programme has been designed for sewerage disposal systems in the urban and rural sectors. Programmes and projects aimed at providing water for domestic, livestock and irrigation purposes have also been initiated in the Arid and Semi-Arid Lands to improve the quality of life of the vulnerable people of those areas.



- The KANU Government will ensure that water schemes that are stalled are completed and efficiently managed.

Providing Quality Education for All

KANU's guiding philosophy on education has always been that every Kenyan has a right to basic education. KANU Governments have ceaselessly mobilized funds both locally and externally to finance the development of education and human resources. Budgetary resources allocated to education have risen from 17 per cent in 1963 to 25 per cent in 1996. Through the joint efforts of the



- The KANU Government will develop a comprehensive Education Master Plan and will also appoint an Education Commission to review the current 8-4-4 system of education.
- The KANU Government is committed to the provision of quality education to all Kenyans.
- The KANU Government is committed to ensuring that our education remains relevant to the economic needs of the country.
- KANU is fully committed to ensuring adequate funding of our education sector.
- KANU is greatly heartened by the enduring support and participation of the communities and the private sector in the development of educational facilities.

Government, the local communities, the private sector, the NGOs and donors, Kenya has developed the necessary educational infrastructure to meet the manpower requirements of our economy.

Primary school enrolment rose from 893,000 in 1963 to 5,544,998 in 1995. The number of primary school teachers rose from 176,360 in 1992 to 181,975 in 1995. Secondary school enrolment rose from 30,000 in 1963 to 632,000 in 1995 while the number of secondary school teachers increased from 36,560 in 1992 to 41,485 in 1995. University enrolment rose from 571 in 1963 to 40,748 in 1995. We now need to strengthen and consolidate these gains for maximum benefits to our people.

The KANU Government has embarked on a major exercise to develop a comprehensive Education Master Plan. As part of this programme the KANU Government will appoint an Education Commission to review the current 8-4-4 system of education to ensure that it meets the challenges of the 21st century.



Early Childhood Development

- KANU supports early childhood education to give our children the best possible start in life.
- The KANU Government will strengthen the early childhood teacher training programme.
- The KANU Government will actively support all agencies that offer early childhood education.



Primary Education

- The KANU Government is committed to the improvement of the quality of primary education.
- The KANU Government will pay special attention to the provision of adequate learning materials.
- The KANU Government will continue to support the particular needs of children from the arid and semi-arid areas.

Secondary Education

The KANU Government has aggressively developed secondary education. Efforts to promote the participation of girls in secondary education



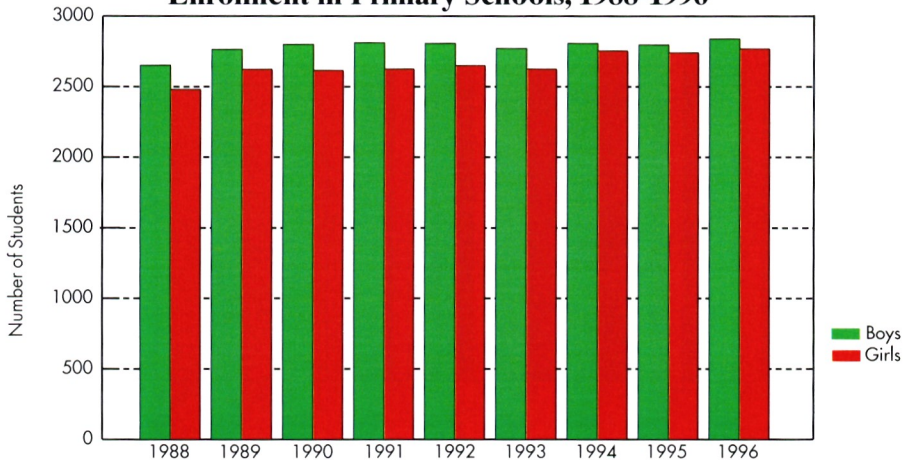
University Education

The KANU Government has pursued a

- The KANU Government re-affirms its strong support for community efforts in improving secondary education.
- The KANU Government re-affirms its support to poor families in their determined efforts to educate their children.

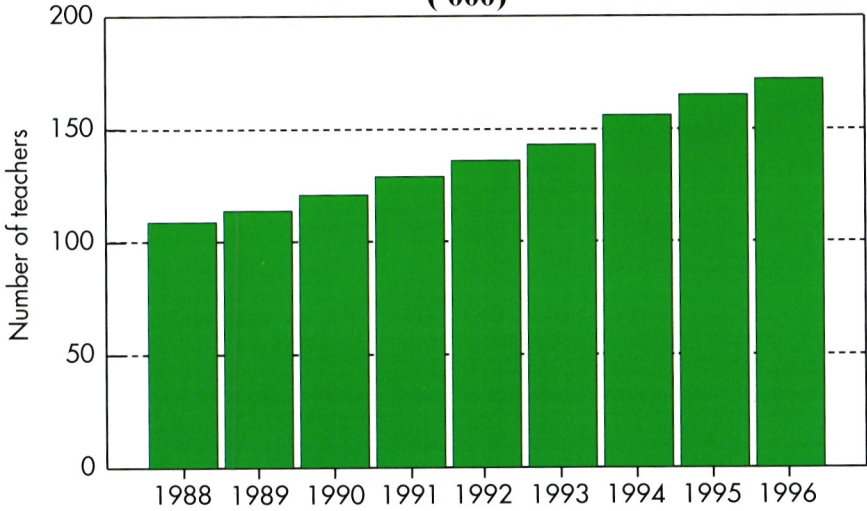
comprehensive programme for the expansion of university education. We now have five fully fledged public universities and one university college. The private sector has complemented the efforts of the public sector in providing university education to Wananchi. Three private universities now have Charters.

Enrolment in Primary Schools, 1988-1996

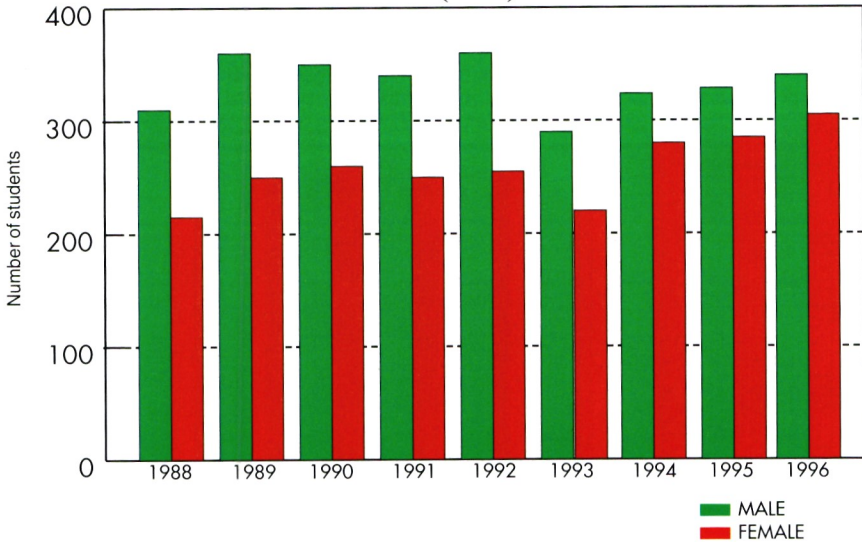




Primary School Trained Teachers, 1988-1996 ('000)

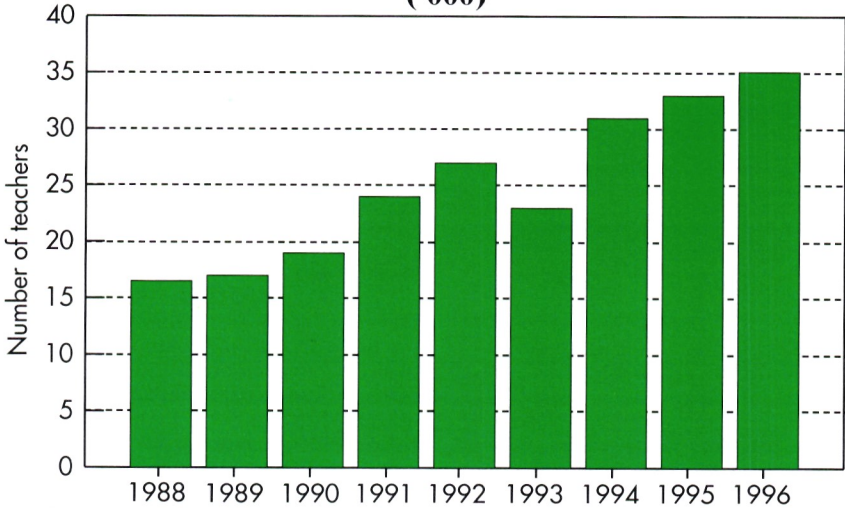


Enrolment in Secondary Schools by Sex, 1988-1996 ('000)





Secondary School Trained Teachers, 1988-1996 ('000)



- The KANU Government reaffirms its commitment to expanding science and technology programmes at university level.

- The KANU Government is committed to ensuring adequate funding for university education.
- The KANU Government will increase the Higher Education Loans Board's capitalization in order to support more students from needy families.



- The KANU Government sees the development of technical and vocational training facilities as a matter of the highest priority.

- The KANU Government will ensure that skills training is relevant to the needs of industry.
- The KANU Government reaffirms its commitment to ever closer involvement of industry in the design and implementation of skills training programmes.

Technical and Vocational Training

As a result of the strong support given by the KANU Government, Kenya has an elaborate technical and vocational training system. Many institutions offering such training have been developed to meet the need for more middle-level skilled labour and technicians.

As we prepare to transform Kenya into a newly industrialized country with a

technical culture, we will need even more and better training facilities.

Special Education

Since independence the KANU Government has paid special attention to education of the disadvantaged. The KANU Government has established the Kenya Institute of Special Education to produce specially trained teachers for the various disabilities. In addition, the KANU Government has supported the development of a Kenyan Sign Language as



- The KANU Government will continue to support disabled persons and to integrate them into the economy.

- The KANU Government will provide more counselling to parents and the wider society to ensure greater appreciation and respect for disabled persons.
- The KANU Government greatly appreciates the dedicated work of all agencies supporting the disabled.
- The KANU Government will ensure maximum support for the development of the Kenyan Sign Language.
- The KANU Government will ensure that the interests of disabled persons are considered in the development of infrastructure and buildings.

a medium of communication for deaf persons.



Teacher Education

- We are conscious of the urgent need to improve leadership and management at all educational levels.

- The KANU Government will ensure that our teacher training programmes are constantly reviewed to make them relevant to the changing requirements of society.
- The KANU Government will continue to invest in teacher training and pay special attention to the teaching of sciences, mathematics and those languages which have experienced shortages of teachers in the past.
- The KANU Government will continue to mount skills upgrading in-service courses for all serving teachers.

Adult and Continuing Lifelong Education

In the new Information Age we must learn to learn throughout life. The KANU



- KANU will continue to support programmes designed to eradicate illiteracy and to impart skills our workers in order to improve productivity.

- KANU is committed to supporting adult and continuing education programmes.
- KANU is determined to expand opportunities for lifelong and continuing education at university level for all citizens.

Government remains committed to the provision of adult and continuing education to all citizens to eradicate illiteracy and to inculcate knowledge, skills and positive attitudes towards work. In this context the KANU Government has developed a number of adult and continuing education programmes, including literacy and post-literacy courses.

Research and Development

The KANU Government recognizes that relevant Research and Development (R&D) is vital for the success of our industrialization strategy. The KANU Government will therefore expand R&D, particularly in the areas of the sciences and industrial activities.



- The KANU Government will continue to support research as a means to industrial development.

- The KANU Government will ensure adequate funding for research programmes and will press for increased budgetary allocations to our eight research institutions.
- The KANU Government will continue to collaborate with international research institutions.
- The KANU Government will support public universities in their efforts to mount post-graduate programmes in scientific and technical studies.



KANU strongly supports increased expenditure on research.



A research scientist inspects a tsetse fly trap in Masailand.



Moi International Airport, Mombasa after rehabilitation.





Promoting Investment and Entrepreneurship Markets Development

The KANU Government will continue to vigorously promote exports and thus increase our share of external markets. Future export promotion activities will emphasize production of non-traditional export products, and adding value to primary products. The KANU Government promises to strengthen trade and investment offices in our missions abroad; regularly review import duties on raw materials and finished products; implement the institutional and legal framework required to foster international and regional trade; establish anti-dumping legislation; and strenuously support regional and international trading blocs of which Kenya is a member.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- promoting domestic, regional and international trade.
- promoting non-traditional export products and adding value to our primary products.
- enacting anti-dumping legislation.

Investment Promotion

The KANU Government recognizes that it is competing with the rest of the world for the vital foreign investment needed to bring about our industrial transformation. KANU will actively seek direct private foreign investment to supplement local capacity through the upgrading, restructuring and strengthening of the Investment Promotion Centre (IPC); consolidating existing legislation relating to investment into one legal document or Investment Code; supporting the development of new industrial estates by the private sector; and providing incentives to industries utilizing local raw materials. We must eliminate all unnecessary red tape. We must urgently reduce licensing times from four weeks to four days.

Development of Entrepreneurship

KANU recognizes that to break the cycle of under-employment and unemployment, we need to develop an enterprise culture, particularly in our youth. We must encourage our people to seize business opportunities and we must improve the business skills of those already engaged in entrepreneurial activities in the Jua Kali and small-scale business sector.

The KANU Government has designed an Entrepreneurship Education Programme (EEP) that has now been introduced in most of our middle-level training institutions such as the National Polytechnics. In addition to the EEP, the KANU Government has established 16 Small Business Centres in middle-level technical training institutions, which are providing a critical service to

"KANU recognizes that to break the cycle of under-employment and unemployment, we need to develop an enterprise culture, particularly in our youth."

small business entrepreneurs who need training but who cannot afford the high costs as well as the sheer length of the courses offered by the more formal institutions.

A post-graduate degree training programme has started at the Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology to produce qualified local trainers.



- The KANU Government has designed a special skills development programme for the Jua Kali Sector.
- The KANU Government is committed to the development of an enterprise culture in our youth.
- The KANU Government will continue to develop business training programmes for our Jua Kali and small-scale entrepreneurs.



KANU believes in the earliest possible education in science and technology.

Information Support

KANU recognizes that for rapid industrialization to take place we need an

"International business and trade over the first decade of the 21st century will be totally transformed by the Internet. We must not be left behind".

appropriate information support system. For this reason the KANU Government has invested significantly in our information

support infrastructure. Our telecommunications system has now been developed to link us with information networks anywhere in the world.

International business and trade over the first decade of the 21st century will be totally transformed by the Internet. We must not be left behind.

The KANU Government has also invested in the development of Information Technology (IT) manpower and infrastructure. The KANU Government has



- The KANU Government will review the Industrial Court Act to make it more responsive to changing economic conditions.
- The KANU Government will help workers to form buy-out groups for businesses from which the Government is divesting.
- The KANU Government will establish a special fund to assist indigenous Kenyans to participate fully in the ownership of our economy.
- The KANU Government will establish a Skill Development Fund to offer training facilities for workers, including those declared redundant.
- The KANU Government will continue to encourage dialogue between the Federation of Kenya Employers and the Central Organization of Trade Unions to ensure that our industrial regime remains stable.



KANU encourages all our citizens to respect and support the disadvantaged.

established training facilities at University level, National Polytechnics and middle colleges as well as encouraging and promoting private sector involvement in the provision of training and the supply of the necessary equipment. The KANU Government will restructure, upgrade and adequately equip the Central Bureau of Statistics to ensure efficiency in the collection, processing, storage and dissemination of information.

Industrial Relations

The KANU Government recognizes the importance of industrial peace for the promotion of economic development in general and industrialization in particular.

While existing labour laws have served us well, there is need to review them in order to improve labour relations. The KANU Government will take steps to improve the welfare of workers.

Given the vital role the Industrial Court will have to play in our industrialization process, the KANU Government will ensure that the Court is more responsive to the interests of workers and employers alike. Partnership not confrontation must be the theme of our industrialization.

The KANU Government will help workers to form buy-out groups for businesses from which the Government is divesting. Education campaigns will be carried out to ensure that workers understand how they can participate in the Nairobi Stock Exchange to acquire a stake in various industries. The KANU Government will also establish a Skill Development Fund out of contributions levied from employers. The Fund will offer workers, including those declared redundant, facilities for retraining and counselling to enable them to be transferred to, or recruited for, other jobs.



Electricity is transforming life in our rural areas.

Efficient Management of Local Authorities

KANU recognises the important role played by Local Authorities in supporting the economic and social development of our country. They provide basic services to our people, such as water, garbage collection, road development and maintenance, security lighting, health, education and housing. The efficiency of these services gives appropriate signals to both existing and potential investors in their decisions to locate industries in a particular local authority's area of jurisdiction. However, local authorities throughout Kenya have not met the expectations of Kenyans.

Infrastructural facilities in most Local Authorities have deteriorated to the point where major investments are required to restore them to their designed capacity. To address this problem, the KANU

Government has put in place a major Urban Infrastructure project to rehabilitate roads and sewage systems. The first phase of this project covers 26 towns.

To improve the finances and management of Local Authorities, the KANU Government will review the existing tax structure to identify taxes that could be left to the Local Authorities to collect and use to finance their operations. The KANU Government will initiate reforms aimed at improving financial management, including accounting and audit systems, asset valuation, budget systems and reforming the Local Government Loans Authority.

The KANU Government will review the Local Government Act in order to give Local Authorities more autonomy to



Our President has encouraged and helped many of our communities to bu



KEY POINTS

- The KANU Government will initiate reforms to improve the financial management of Local Authorities and to enhance their professional and technical capabilities.
- The KANU Government will review the current tax structure to enhance the financial ability of Local Authorities.
- The KANU Government will review the Local Government Act to give Local Authorities more autonomy.
- The KANU Government will examine the possibility of the Auditor General (Corporations) auditing Local Authorities' accounts to ensure that the public receives value for money.
- The KANU Government will spearhead the development of the privatisation of garbage collection and disposal.
- The KANU Government will urgently review the management of Nairobi City with a view to recommending an appropriate management structure, including the possible subdivision of the city into boroughs.
- The KANU Government will elevate Mombasa, Kisumu, Nakuru and Eldoret to cities.
- The KANU Government will dedicate 5% of income tax collections into a Local Authority Transfer Fund. This will ensure adequate funding for Local Authorities.

manage their affairs efficiently and effectively. For accountability purposes, the KANU Government will examine the possibility of the Auditor General (Corporations) auditing local authority accounts.

Lack of respectable urban housing remains a major concern of KANU. In this regard, the KANU Government will encourage Local Authorities to initiate programmes to construct decent and affordable houses to reduce slums in our urban areas.

The KANU Government is committed to implement other reforms to improve public services delivery. These include privatisation of the maintenance of infrastructure and garbage collection and disposal; subdivision of Nairobi City into several boroughs; and the elevation of Mombasa, Kisumu, Nakuru and Eldoret to city status. In addition, the KANU Government will establish mechanisms for ensuring that Local Authorities are adequately funded. These will include revenue sharing between Central and Local Governments.



id Nyayo Wards.



Tea is our largest earner of foreign exchange.

Projects for Industrial Expansion

Strengthening Our Agricultural Base

To ensure the rapid transformation of our economy, the KANU Government believes we must urgently expand our agricultural activities in areas with potential for further development. The KANU Government will expand agricultural production to ensure the provision of adequate food for our people; create on-farm employment; supply raw materials for our agro- industries; and earn foreign exchange for our economy.

The KANU Government recognizes that to achieve these objectives farmers must attain higher yields; adopt better and appropriate farming practices; increase agricultural production in the Arid and

“Since agriculture remains the mainstay of our economy, we must ensure that this sector becomes the launching-pad for our industrialisation.”

Semi-Arid Lands; facilitate more use of farm inputs; expand the area under irrigation; and improve soil and water conservation. In pursuance of these goals, the KANU Government has liberalised

seed production and marketing. It has also freed marketing of agricultural products (including grains, coffee, tea, cotton and dairy products) and the marketing of agricultural inputs.

The KANU Government's liberalisation programme has resulted in significant improvements in the production, processing and marketing of produce. There is more private sector participation now than ever before in seed production and marketing, coffee milling, the importation and marketing of agricultural inputs, and the processing of dairy products.

To ensure greater growth of the agricultural sector the KANU Government has committed itself to increased funding of agricultural research; strengthening and ensuring the comprehensive provision of extension services; providing better rural infrastructure; developing small-scale farmers' managed irrigation schemes; ensuring disease, pest and vector control; and strengthening farmers' organisations, particularly the co-operatives.

Guaranteeing Food Security for Our People

Since independence, the KANU Government has pursued a policy aimed at guaranteeing food security for our people. The KANU Government has ensured the provision of basic food requirements even in times of extreme drought. The KANU Government commits itself to ensuring that sufficient food will be available through the intensification of our agricultural production.

Maize

In 1992 KANU promised to reform and liberalize the cereals sector. The cereals sector is now fully liberalised. Today farmers and the private sector can deal with cereals without any restrictions.

To ensure increased production and



- Funding of research and extension services.
- Transfer of appropriate production technologies on-farm.
- Improvement of the necessary rural infrastructure.
- Development of high-yielding and drought-resistant varieties.
- Strengthening farmers' organizations.



KANU has totally liberalised the coffee industry.

higher returns to farmers, the KANU Government will continue to support the cereals sector .

Wheat

The KANU Government recognises that it has been difficult to attain self-sufficiency in wheat. However, through research and improved extension support, we have increased wheat production.



The KANU Government will:

- ensure increased wheat production by supporting research on higher yielding varieties.
- ensure development of disease, pest and drought-resistant varieties.
- improve research and extension services.

Sugar

In 1992, KANU promised to restructure the sugar industry to improve its productivity and benefits to farmers. We are happy to report significant progress. Restructuring and expansion have been completed in Mumias, Chemelil and SONY. These are now ready for privatisation.

As a result of these measures sugar

production has increased from 303,000 metric tonnes in 1994 to over 390,000 metric tonnes in 1996 and is expected to be higher in 1997.

“The KANU Government re-affirms its commitment to a complete revival of the sugar industry and the expansion of the processing capacity to meet local needs and generate a surplus for export.”

The KANU Government promises to construct two new sugar factories in Busia (Western Province) and Sikawa in Transmara District (Rift Valley Province). The problem of overgrown cane in the two areas will then be overcome.

The KANU Government re-affirms its commitment to a complete revival of the sugar industry and the expansion of the processing capacity to meet local needs and generate a surplus for export. In pursuing this policy, KANU is convinced that the sugar industry will play an important role in the industrialization of Kenya and the creation of rural employment for our people. In addition to these noble goals the improvement of the operations of this industry will ensure higher on-farm incomes for the cane growers.



Towards this end the KANU Government will:

- continue with the rehabilitation of the sugar industry.

- support the development of additional sugar factories.
- promote sugar growing in new areas with potential for the crop.
- continue with its sugar industry privatization programme.
- ensure that in the privatization of the public sugar factories, cane growers purchase substantial shares.
- ensure that where farmers are not able to purchase the shares the Government holds such shares in trust.
- establish a Sugar Research Foundation.
- ensure that the sugar industry is managed by the stakeholders.

To achieve further growth The KANU Government will support and facilitate the revival of the industry in all areas with sugar production potential.

Rice

The KANU Government continues to



To enhance rice production, the KANU Government will support and facilitate:

- the rehabilitation of old irrigation schemes, such as those in the Coast Province.
- opening up new rice-growing areas in Nyanza, Coast, Central and Rift Valley Provinces.
- more research on rice.
- involvement of beneficiaries in the management of small-scale irrigation schemes.

support further increases in the production of rice through the promotion of rainfed rice production in Nyanza and Coast Province; and increased irrigated rice production, for example, in the Kano Plains, Bunyala and Mwea.

Traditional Food Crops

The KANU Government will continue to promote the development of traditional food crops as a means of ensuring food security. Crops such as sorghum, cassava, millet, yams, arrowroots and sweet potatoes, as well as traditional vegetables, will receive increased support.



- The KANU Government will continue to support the promotion and development of traditional food crops.

Coffee

The KANU Government has since 1996 fully liberalized the coffee industry thus fulfilling its promise of 1992. Having handed over the management of the industry to farmers, the KANU Government wishes to re-affirm its commitment to supporting this important industry in its future development.

The KANU Government will work with the stakeholders in the coffee industry to ensure improved productivity, particularly in the smallholder sector. We shall also maintain our dialogue with stakeholders to ensure that quality improves and that there is enough processing capacity to add value to our coffee. In addition, the KANU Government will continue to support and finance coffee research and extension services.

Tea

In 1992 KANU promised our tea farmers that it would expand the existing processing capacity. The KANU Government has expanded the capacity of existing tea factories and constructed five (5) new factories at Ngere (Thika District), Kiru (Murang'a District), Kapkatet (Kericho District), Mudete (Vihiga District) and Mununga (Kirinyaga District) thus



There are excellent opportunities for increasing fish exports.



The KANU Government has initiated programmes to improve local breeds.

making a total of 45 smallholder tea factories. The KANU Government will support the construction of an additional seven (7) factories in Kisii, Nyamira, Kericho, Thika, Murang'a, Embu and Tharaka/Nithi districts to take care of increasing tea production.

The KANU Government, in 1992, promised to liberalise the smallholder tea industry. Forty five tea factories that were owned and managed by the Kenya Tea Development Authority have been sold to small-scale tea producers through the sale of shares.

The KANU Government will continue to support tea research to ensure quality production and processing.

For the purposes of industrialization the KANU Government will ensure increased capacity for processing up to the final product to add value and increase foreign exchange earnings. In support of this, we shall ensure that more tea is packaged in Kenya for export.

Pyrethrum

In the early 1990s our pyrethrum industry went through a difficult period. Farmers were not paid on time. In the last four years the KANU Government has taken appropriate corrective action to address all the problems facing the industry. Today farmers are receiving maximum



The KANU Government will:

- continue to improve pyrethrum processing capacity and ensure value adding.
- ensure further improvement of production per hectare.
- support further research to raise pyrethrin content.
- ensure increased production of high quality planting materials.
- enhance farmer education for better management of the crop.



KEY POINTS

The KANU Government will:-

- expand and rehabilitate existing small-scale irrigation schemes in areas with potential for expansion.
- establish new small-scale farmer-managed irrigation schemes in Makueni, Machakos, Mbeere, Tharaka/Nithi, Nyambene, Meru, Embu and Kirinyaga districts.
- fund more research work on horticultural crop
- develop the necessary infrastructure such as cooling facilities at the Jomo Kenyatta International Airport, in Nairobi, Nkubu in Meru, Yatta and Machakos in Machakos district, Kibwezi in Makueni, and Sagana and Mwea in Kirinyaga district.

returns for their produce. Since July 1996 payment increased by 17%.

In future, efforts will be concentrated on increasing production per unit area, increasing pyrethrin content in our produce and searching for more markets.

Horticulture

The KANU Government recognises that horticulture has become an increasingly important industry in our economy. A number of horticultural crops have become major foreign exchange earners. These include cut flowers and vegetables.

To support further development of this industry the KANU Government has waived duty on agricultural inputs such as fertilizers, agro-chemicals, machinery, materials for the construction of greenhouses and re-useable packaging materials for cut flowers.

“A number of horticultural crops have become major foreign exchange earners. These include cut flowers and vegetables.”

In addition, the KANU Government has initiated and funded the following projects: small-scale irrigation schemes such as the one at Mitunguu in the Meru District of Eastern Province; the Eastern Province Horticulture Project; and the Central Kenya Horticulture Project.

Cotton

Due to declining trends in cotton production, the KANU Government in 1992 promised to revitalise the industry. A new Cotton Act has been drafted to allow the management of the industry by cotton farmers themselves. Two new cotton varieties have been developed through research.

Oil Crops

Kenya has the potential to produce many oil crops such as sunflowers, soya beans, rape seed, simsim, macadamia, groundnuts and cashewnuts. Given the huge demand for vegetable oils, we need to



KEY POINTS

The KANU Government commits itself to the improvement and further growth of the cotton industry through:

- increased research on cotton to develop suitable varieties for the various agro-ecological zones of our country.
- a new Cotton Act to facilitate the restructuring of the industry to allow stakeholders to manage it.
- improvement of extension and other support services to farmers.
- rehabilitation of the Bura and Hola irrigation schemes.

increase local production. This will not only save our country from high import bills but also create rural employment and increase on-farm incomes, particularly in the Arid and Semi-Arid Lands where oil crops have excellent prospects.

The KANU Government has designed a programme not only to make Kenya self-sufficient in vegetable oils but also to



generate a surplus for export. This programme will be launched in 1998.

To fully exploit the existing vegetable oil processing capacity, the KANU Government has reduced duty on raw materials and raised duty on finished imported vegetable oil products. These

measures are expected greatly to encourage increased local processing of vegetable oils.

Livestock Development

In 1992, the KANU Government promised to support livestock farmers through disease and vector control programmes. Over the past four years, the KANU Government has mounted emergency vaccination programmes to minimize losses through epidemics. The KANU Government has also waived duty on all imported semens and embryos to encourage livestock breeders to improve their stock. The KANU Government has also instituted strict measures to curb entry of diseases through the importation of meat and bone meals.

The KANU Government has mounted breeding and research programmes to improve local breeds. The programmes include bull supply to our livestock farmers; development of dairy goats; poultry improvement schemes; livestock improvement through cross-breeding; piggery development; animal nutrition; and zero grazing.



The KANU Government commits itself to take further action for the promotion of oil crops by:

- establishing an Oil Crop Development Council to oversee the development of oil crops in the country.
- providing financial support to increase oil crops and agro-processing technologies.
- increasing industrial processing capacity.
- supporting farmers' organisations as a means of improving the marketing of oil crops.

KANU's policy is to ensure sustainable wildlife management.





To improve the marketing of dairy products, the KANU Government has liberalized the dairy industry. To date more than 40 private milk processing plants have been licensed, of which 39 are already operational.



In its determination to solve the marketing and other problems that currently face livestock farmers, the KANU Government will:

- make the Kenya Meat Commission operational.
- support User Associations wishing to establish slaughter-houses.
- continue to allow User Associations to utilize state-owned holding grounds.
- support and fund livestock development programmes.
- continue to support farmers' organizations.
- promote the processing of livestock products for export markets.
- continue to support livestock research.

Non-Agricultural Raw Materials

The KANU Government recognizes that Kenya is endowed with many non-agricultural raw materials that can be exploited for the development of our economy. The KANU Government will embark on a programme that takes stock of our country's raw material endowment and will map out strategies for their economic exploitation. Such materials include: forest products, fisheries, minerals and waste.

Forest Products

The KANU Government will embark on a programme to harness forest raw materials by designing tree planting schemes, improving forestry extension services,

increasing plantations and indigenous forests; providing more resources to support afforestation of the arid and semi-arid areas; and providing resources to fund forestry.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- protecting forests.
- promoting farm forestry and tree-farming.
- increasing tree plantations and indigenous forests.

Fisheries Resources

The country's fisheries resources consist of capture and culture fisheries. KANU recognizes that the fisheries sector contributes to national development in providing a source of protein and employment. The fisheries sector also offers an opportunity for increased export earnings. The KANU Government will encourage and promote local and foreign investors in order to develop the sector, particularly in fish filleting, canning and the processing of fish meal and other by-products.

KANU will protect and conserve wildlife.





The KANU Government will pay special attention to the development and strengthening of fisheries' co-operatives.



The KANU Government is committed to supporting:

- increased processing of fish.
- improvement of roads to fishing points.
- development of cold fish storage facilities.
- provision of fishery extension services.
- control of weeds and pollution in our waters.
- development of fisheries' co-operatives.

Research activities on water weeds and pollution that threaten production will be intensified.

Mineral Resources

The KANU Government recognizes the contribution of mineral resources to the economic development of our country. Increased investment in the mineral sector will promote industrialisation; provide raw materials to our industries; create more employment and support domestic

manufacturing as well as increase mineral exports.

To enhance the development of this sector, the KANU Government will ensure the provision of basic geological data and the necessary fiscal incentives. In addition, the KANU Government will review the mining laws to assist the participation of local communities in the sector.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- increasing investment in the mineral sector.
- promoting research and exploitation of mineral resources.
- encouraging private sector participation in mineral exploitation.
- reviewing the Mining Act to facilitate local community involvement.
- undertaking regional mapping and exploration to provide basic geological data.

Wildlife Resources

The KANU Government's policy objective is to ensure sustainable wildlife management to conserve the natural environment and to protect people and property from injury or damage caused by wildlife. To enhance the development and utilization of wildlife resources, the KANU Government will enforce laws on the conservation and protection of wildlife; improve and provide the necessary infrastructural facilities; review user rights for communities living near the National Parks; and support the development of industrial capacity in wildlife utilization.

"The KANU Government's policy objective is to ensure sustainable wildlife management to conserve the natural environment and to protect people and property from injury or damage caused by wildlife."





KANU admires the ingenuity, energy and hard work of young people.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- protecting wildlife resources.
- ensuring efficient management of wildlife resources.
- protecting people and property from injury or damage caused by wildlife.
- ensuring community involvement in wildlife management.

taken to ensure that waste materials such as plastics, rice husks, bagasse, sawdust and coconut shells are recycled.

The KANU Government is concerned about the discharge of industrial effluents into our water bodies and will take measures to ensure that our water resources are protected from pollution. In this context industries will be required to recycle their waste materials and to take measures to ensure the maintenance of a healthy environment.

Waste Utilisation and Management

Rapid population growth and expanding urbanization have led to increased discharge of waste. The KANU Government recognizes that given the volume of waste production, particularly in urban areas, there is need to adopt sound waste management strategies. Measures will be



The KANU Government is committed to:

- promoting the recycling of waste materials.
- promoting appropriate technologies in waste management to avoid environmental degradation

Jua Kali for Industrialization and Jobs

Since independence KANU has always been deeply concerned over the plight of unemployed Kenyans. To address this problem the KANU Government published Sessional Paper No. 2 of 1992 which formally recognised the important role of the Jua Kali and Small-Scale Enterprise Sector in enhancing wealth and employment creation. Jobs and enterprise are the only way to tackle poverty and deprivation.

"KANU believes that it is from the bedrock of Jua Kali ingenuity, energy and innovation that we will be able to reach out to our coveted goal of industrialisation in a single generation."

The sector has grown rapidly and now provides employment to millions of Kenyans who would be otherwise unemployed. Employment in the sector grew by 80 per cent from an estimated 1,240,000 persons in 1992 to 2,240,000 in 1995. The KANU Government now formally recognises the role of the sector in employment creation and as a platform for industrial growth.

The KANU Government will continue to provide more urban land to the Jua Kali sector as a means of creating security of tenure and business growth. Local authorities and other institutions that support the sector will continue to be encouraged to provide the required essential services, KANU believes that it is from the bedrock of Jua Kali ingenuity, energy and innovation that we will be able to reach out to our coveted goal of industrialisation in a single generation. The KANU Government will:



- encourage local authorities to provide land and services to Jua Kali artisans.
- support training institutions with programmes for the Jua Kali sector.
- continue to support NGOs that extend credit to Jua Kali artisans.
- continue to develop special programmes to support women in the Jua Kali and informal sector.





KANU supports women's groups establishing income-generating enterprises.

Clean and Safe Environment

We believe that a healthy environment plays a decisive role in the life and prospects of a nation. It is for this reason that the KANU Government has prepared a National Environment Action Plan which identifies major environmental concerns and the policy measures needed to ensure that our environment is clean and safe. To enhance proper management of our environment, the KANU Government has increased support to district environmental offices and established Local Environment Committees at District and Provincial levels. It also supports the growing network of Environmental Clubs to ensure greater participation of our people in the management of their environment.

The KANU Government has already established Environmental Impact Assessment Guidelines to integrate environment in development activities at all levels. To ensure countrywide appreciation of a clean and safe environment, the KANU Government will strengthen environmental education in the school curricula at all levels



The KANU Government is committed to:

- ensuring that our environment is clean and safe.
- ensuring that all areas with environmental degradation are rehabilitated. Polluters must be made to pay for their destructive activities.
- strengthening environmental education at all levels of education.
- strongly supporting the training of the manpower needed for sound environmental management.
- supporting all institutions involved in environmental protection.
- increasing resources allocated to environment offices at all levels.



KANU swill deal firmly with any pollution of our clean environment.



Mount Kenya attracts countless tourists.



Tourism for Development

To ensure that Kenya remains an attractive tourist destination, the KANU Government has introduced several projects and programmes that will continue to enhance Kenya's leverage in the world tourist market. These include the preservation of National Parks and Game Reserves in their natural state; the protection of wildlife through building electric fences in areas where serious conflicts occur between wildlife and human beings; the improvement of road networks in the National Parks; the establishment of the Kenya Wildlife Service as an autonomous national institution; the development of a Tourist Master Plan; the involvement of communities in wildlife management to reduce conflicts; the preservation of our non-wildlife tourist attractions; and the improvement of security.

The KANU Government has established a Tourism Police Unit to ensure the security of our visitors.

For increased growth of the sector, the KANU Government has established the Kenya Tourism Board to spearhead tourism marketing activities.

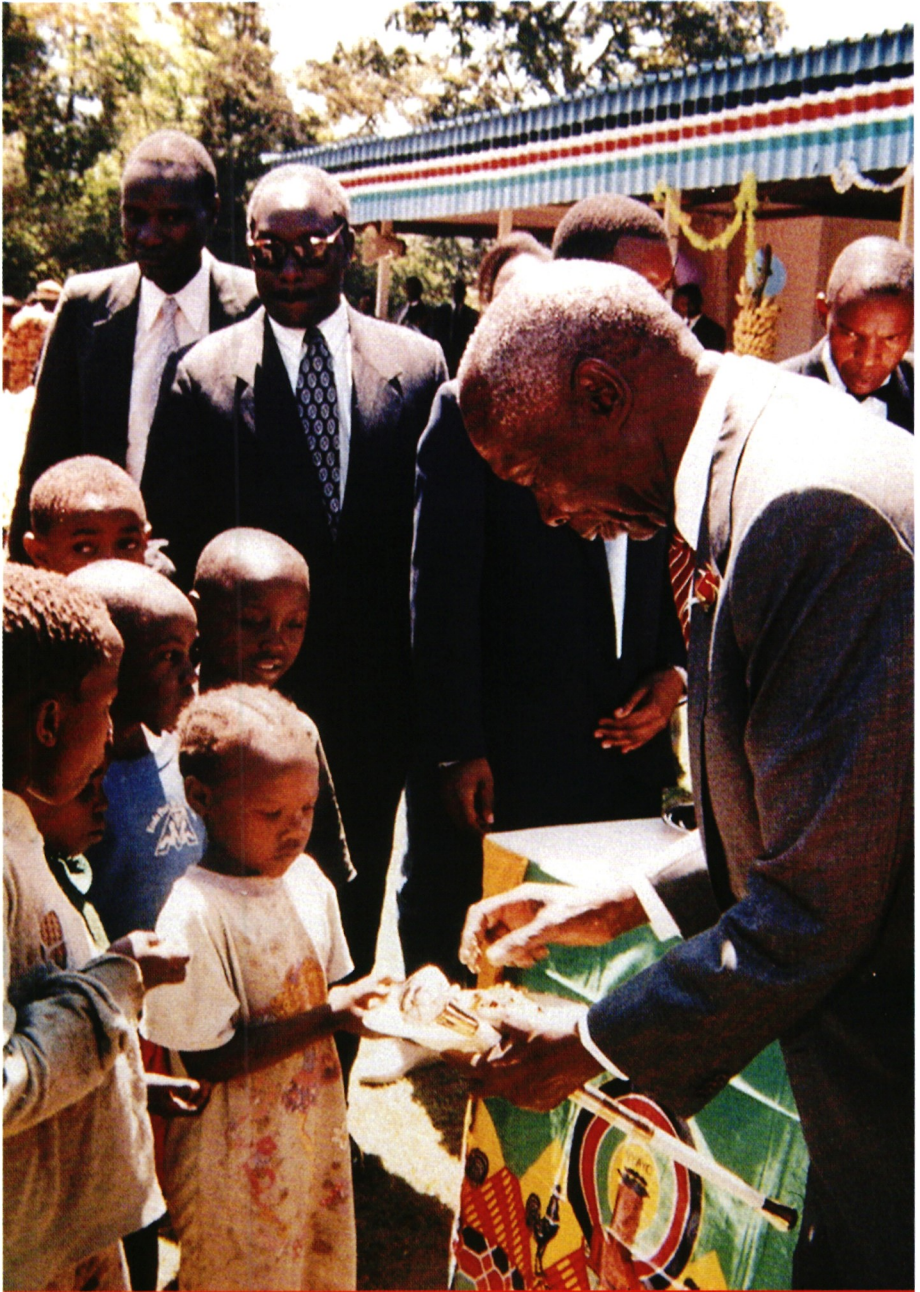


The KANU Government will:

- transform the Catering Levy into a Tourism Training and Development Levy and transfer some of its resources to the Kenya Tourism Board.
- transform the Kenya Tourism Development Corporation into an effective venture capital organisation to provide more financial support to private sector investors in the industry.
- establish Tourism Promotion Zones with active involvement and participation of local authorities and communities as a means of ensuring their support for wildlife conservation efforts.
- develop new tourist entry points and upgrade existing ones such as Malindi Airport.
- promote other types of tourist attractions in the country including museums, archaeological sites and national monuments.
- enhance security in the country.



Others are attracted to the flamingoes at Lake Nakuru.



Our President welcomes the streetchildren to his home.

Social Welfare for all Kenyans

KANU believes that the social welfare of all citizens is the most important concern for any Government. The KANU Government is committed to the sustainable management of our population; the promotion of gender equity; taking care of our youth and children; the prevention of infectious diseases; the provision of shelter to all our people; the promotion of our culture; the encouragement of sports; and the preservation of our social support systems.

Population

The KANU Government has over the years implemented and continues to stress policies aimed at reducing our high population growth rate. As a result, we have achieved remarkable success in reducing fertility, birth-rates and death-rates. However, the current population growth

rate is still high given the resources available to us. Continued emphasis will be placed on family planning service delivery to achieve greater acceptance of family planning.



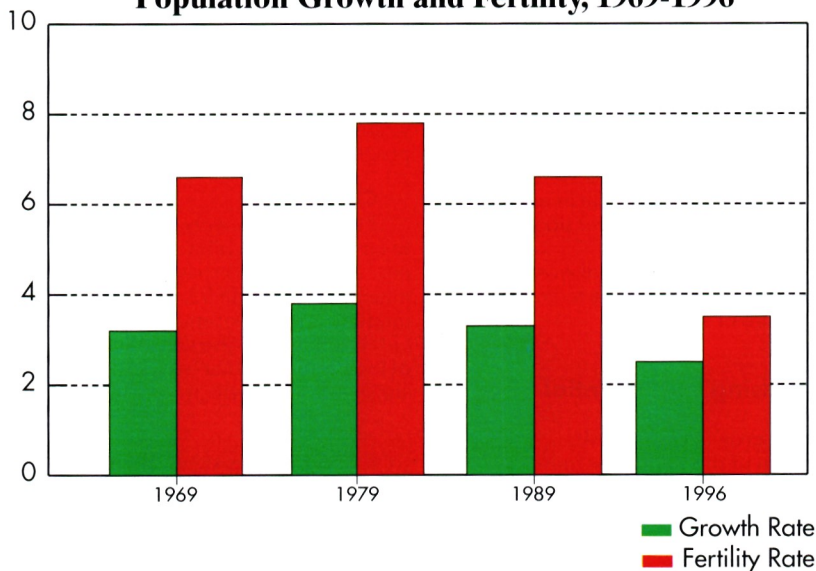
The KANU Government is committed to:

- providing improved family planning service delivery systems.
- achieving higher acceptance of family planning.
- integrating population issues into the overall development policy framework.

Creating Opportunities for Women

Women make up 51 per cent of Kenya's

Population Growth and Fertility, 1969-1996





population. A significant number of Kenyan households are headed by women. These households have been identified as being among the most vulnerable.

The KANU Government has promoted gender equity by ensuring increased education and training opportunities for women and increased access to decision-making positions at policy levels. The KANU Government will take further steps to empower women. In particular, measures will be taken to remove barriers to women's access to credit, markets and skills. The KANU Government will play an active part in mobilising resources to support viable activities being undertaken by women.



The KANU Government will:

- promote gender equity by ensuring increased education and training opportunities for women.
- continue to promote more women to senior positions.
- consolidate and harmonize laws and customary practices to secure the rights of women to land ownership and inheritance.
- mobilize resources in support of viable income-generating activities being undertaken by women.
- continue to empower women to ensure that they play a greater role in nation-building and on the political stage.
- support the various national women organizations in their drive to improve the welfare of women.

Harnessing the Potential of our Youth

KANU recognizes that in the development of this nation the most important resource is our youth. The KANU Government will harness the energies and talents of our youth and direct them into productive activities. To assist the

"KANU recognizes that in the development of this nation the most important resource is our youth."

youth, the KANU Government has developed a comprehensive Jua Kali programme to support the youth through the provision of skills, technology and business facilities.

KANU is whole-heartedly committed to continued support of the youth through the



The KANU Government will:

- continue to harness the limitless energies and talents of our young people and direct them into productive activities.
- continue to assist our youth to acquire skills for gainful direct and self-employment.
- encourage the private sector to mount more apprenticeship programmes for the youth.

Jua Kali programme and the National Youth Development Programme. The KANU Government will encourage the private sector through incentives to take more youth into their apprenticeship programmes.

Children

The KANU Government will continue to ensure that all children enjoy the necessities of life through the expansion of maternal care, child health and immunization programmes. The KANU Government will also consolidate all pieces of legislation relating to children into a single Act which will protect the rights of

"KANU recognizes that in the development of this nation the most important resource is our youth".



A tile-making project run by a women's group.

children. KANU will also make primary education mandatory for all children of school-going age.

KANU has been greatly concerned about the problem of street children. The



The KANU Government will:

- continue collaborating with local and international agencies working for the welfare of children.
- expand maternal care, child health and immunization programmes to ensure that children are immunized against all killer diseases.
- enact a law making primary education mandatory for all children of school-going age.
- strengthen the Moi Street Children Foundation and link it to NGOs and other agencies dealing with deprived and destitute children.
- restructure the Children's Department to make it more responsive to children's needs.
- support institutions and agencies dealing with children in difficult circumstances.

KANU Government has, therefore, established the Moi Street Children Foundation, to mobilize resources and coordinate activities designed to rehabilitate and support deprived and destitute children.

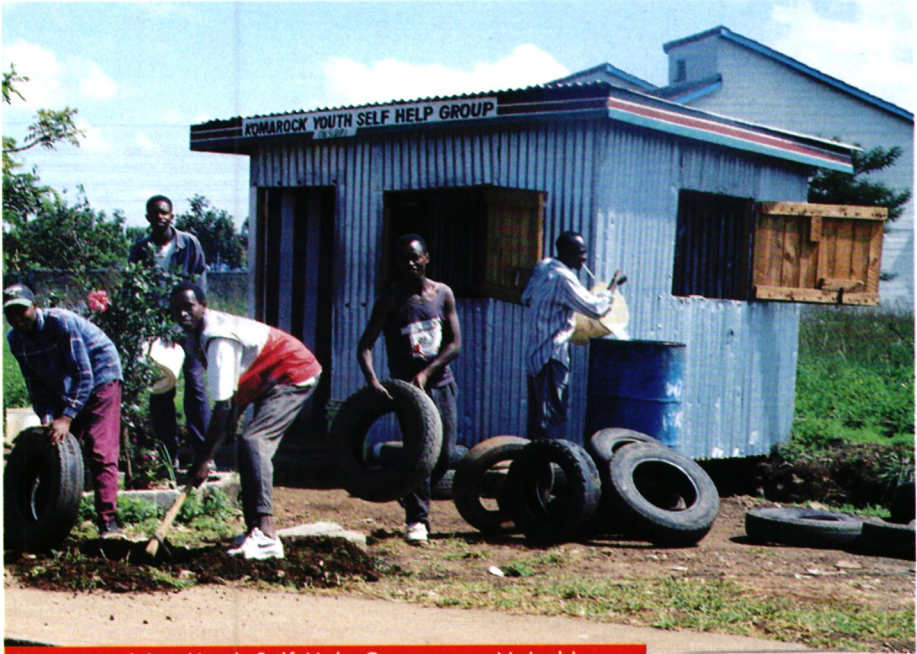
The KANU Government will promote the formation of community-based strategies for protecting children in difficult circumstances. The KANU Government will continue to support institutions and agencies that deal with such children.

Expanding our Health Facilities

KANU recognizes that good health is a pre-requisite for rapid socio-economic development. For this reason, the KANU Government has invested heavily both in the development of the necessary manpower and the infrastructure. The number of hospitals, health centres, doctors, pharmacists and nurses has increased tremendously. As a consequence life expectancy has risen, and the infant mortality rate has declined.

The KANU Government is cognizant of the need to protect Wananchi from health risks. The KANU Government will continue to ensure that sub-standard food and expired drugs are not dumped in our markets.

To improve the administration of the health sector, the management of health facilities has been decentralized and placed



An enterprising Youth Self-Help Group near Nairobi.

in the hands of the local communities. Towards this goal, the KANU Government has created District Health Management Boards which are empowered to oversee cost-sharing and ensure that health services are equitably provided and are responsive to

the health needs of Kenyans.

The KANU Government's health programmes will put emphasis on the promotion of health-care through preventive interventions. This will include the promotion of ante-natal and post-natal



The KANU Government is committed to:

- expanding the training of health personnel and the development of infrastructure.
- strengthening capacity to inspect imported food and drugs to ensure quality compliance.
- improving health care services provided to all Kenyans.
- ensuring the improvement of the National Health Insurance Fund and the rehabilitation of public health institutions .
- restructuring the NHIF into a National Health Insurance Scheme to cater for all Kenyans.
- taking firm action against anyone found engaging in unethical medical practices.
- continuous encouragement for private sector participation in the provision of health services.



care, breast-feeding, improved diet and nutrition, health education and family planning, as well as strengthening community based health-care activities.

Unethical practices in the provision of health services have adversely affected the quality of health services rendered to Wananchi. The KANU Government will take firm action against anyone found engaging in unethical practices.

The KANU Government supports initiatives to establish hospitals and other health facilities by individuals, religious organizations, other NGOs and communities. It especially commends the self-sacrifice and dedication of all those involved in assisting the disabled and the disadvantaged.

AIDS

The KANU Government is committed to slowing down and eventually halting the progression of the AIDS epidemic. The Government has therefore developed a programme aimed at the prevention of HIV/AIDS infection. This includes care for the sick, including peer education, counselling and clinical management; social support for patients and their families; strengthening the national coordination of AIDS research and control; mobilizing resources from all potential sources; and the provision of community home-based care.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- continuing all AIDS control programmes in order to slow down and eventually halt the progression of the AIDS epidemic in Kenya.
- mobilizing resources for aids research, training and control.

"The single most serious health challenge Kenya has faced since independence is the HIV/AIDS pandemic."

Shelter, Housing, and Settlement

Since independence the KANU Government has adopted strategies geared towards solving the housing problem. Many projects have been developed, especially in urban areas, with the aim of providing Kenyans with decent housing. The KANU Government is committed to ensuring that Kenyans have affordable houses both in the rural and in the urban areas. In this regard,



The KANU Government will:

- develop a Framework proposal to enhance the development of more houses.
- encourage employers to develop housing mortgage schemes for their workers.
- ensure that urban development is integrated with the provision of services.
- continue to support and collaborate with local and international agencies involved in human settlements to rehabilitate dilapidated residential infrastructure.
- continue to upgrade urban slums.
- review the squatter settlement problem to arrive at a lasting solution.

The KANU Government has prepared an action plan to put in place strategies and programmes necessary for providing adequate shelter for all Wananchi. The plan provides for upgrading slums and squatter settlements in the larger municipalities as well as rehabilitating dilapidated residential infrastructure.

The KANU Government will review and streamline procedures for the issue of title deeds and the transfer of property ownership in urban areas, including the ownership of high-rise flats.



Culture, Sports and Harambee

Culture

Life without culture has no meaning and people without a living culture have no direction. In recognition of this, the KANU Government has invested heavily in the preservation and flowering of our rich and diverse cultural heritage to strengthen our national identity and integrity.

KANU appreciates the need to develop a national ethos of honesty, hard work, integrity, discipline and patriotism; and will encourage leaders to be good role models by embracing these virtues.



The KANU Government is committed to:

- designing educational programmes for the teaching of drama, music, arts, and crafts.
- the promotion and support of institutional and non-institutional music and drama groups.
- the promotion of cultural festivals.
- the sponsorship of annual drama and music festivals.
- the further development of Kiswahili as our national language.
- the rehabilitation of the Kenya National Theatre.
- continued support of our National Museums and other cultural institutions.
- training of cultural experts.

Sports

Sports provide physical and recreational relief to all ages and all levels of society, which is good for sustained good health.

Participation in sports also plays a critical role in political and social integration as different ethnic groups come together in various sports, all for the glory of Kenya.

The KANU Government acknowledges the need to recognize and reward our world-record-breaking sportsmen and women. In this regard, the KANU Government will develop an appropriate reward system.

The KANU Government has invested substantial resources in the development of sports facilities such as the Nyayo National Stadium and the Moi International Sports Centre, Kasarani. The KANU Government will ensure that sporting facilities in our towns are rehabilitated.

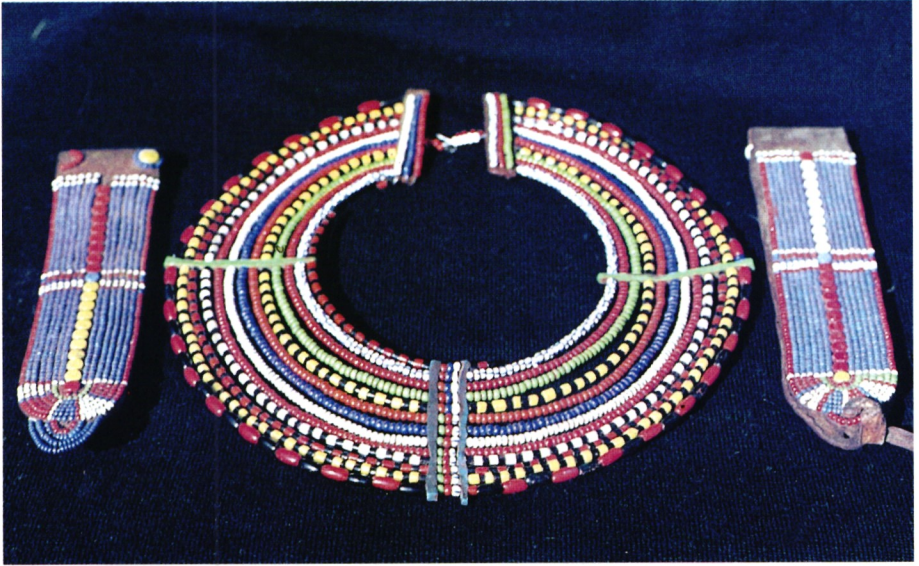
Harambee

The KANU Government recognizes that the Harambee movement has played a



The KANU Government will:

- ensure continued support to all cultural activities.
- ensure full utilization of existing sports facilities.
- continue to educate Wananchi on the importance of participating in competitive and leisure sports.
- ensure entry into closer cultural co-operation with other countries and international sporting federations.
- train more technical personnel and sports administrators.
- develop an appropriate programme to reward sportsmen and women.





remarkable role in mobilizing resources for the development of our country.

In 1992, KANU promised to continue to popularize this powerful vehicle for the

mobilization of domestic resources. KANU has kept its promise and its leaders have continued to actively participate in major Harambee drives all over the country.



The KANU Government is committed to:-

- the continued promotion of the Harambee spirit.
- ensuring that Harambee funds are utilized effectively and efficiently.
- ensuring that Harambee contributions remain voluntary.



The President at the National Youth Development Programme Harambee.

Kenya and the World

KANU recognises that with the end of the Cold War and the emergence of regional economic and trading blocs, economic factors increasingly dominate international relations. In this new world order, therefore, we must sharpen the competitiveness of our economy if we are to face effectively the challenges ahead of us.

The KANU Government reaffirms its commitment to remain an active member of the world community of nations for the good of our people. The KANU Government will continue to play its rightful role in all international and regional organisations of which Kenya is a member. In this regard,

KEY POINTS

The KANU Government is committed to:

- promoting peace at home and good neighbourliness in the region.
- a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries.
- continuing actively to support all international organisations of which Kenya is a member.
- supporting the ideals of economic co-operation and integration.



Nigeria's Super Eagles against the Harambee Stars.



President Moi lends a helping hand to President Nelson Mandela.



The three Presidents sign the Agreement for East African Co-operation.

KANU particularly is proud of the role Kenya has played in the maintenance of peace in various parts of the world.

KANU is most appreciative of the part H. E. the President has played in peace-making in the various countries of Eastern, Central and Southern Africa. We as Kenyans are proud of the exemplary

services our Armed Forces have rendered to the world community.

KANU will continue to support all peace-making initiatives and appeals to all those concerned to invest more of their time and resources in peace-making and maintenance.



KEY POINTS

- the KANU Government will support efforts towards the formation of an East African Federation.
- the KANU welcomes proposals to upgrade the East African Co-operation Agreement to the status of a Treaty.
- the KANU strongly supports all moves to greater integration within Eastern Africa especially in financial policies, control of movement, customs equalization, licences and other formats.

KANU commends the prominent part taken by H. E. the President towards the successful revival of East African Co-operation.

The KANU Government's future foreign policy will be guided recognition of the sovereignty of each state, the equality of states in international relations, and respect for the principles enshrined in the charters to which Kenya is a signatory.

East African Federation

In its Manifesto of 1963, KANU committed itself to bring the peoples of Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika and Zanzibar (Tanzania) into a closer political association in the form of an East African Federation. The need to revive this goal is now more urgent than ever before given developments elsewhere in the world. The KANU Government welcomes the East African Co-operation initiative as a solid foundation upon which a future East African Federation can be built.

The Way Forward

This Manifesto presents the issues that affect our country now and in the future. These are the issues that we in KANU consider critical in enabling our people to realise their hopes and aspirations. These are the issues that, once addressed, will enable Kenya to move confidently into the 21st century.

KANU has no illusions that the way ahead into the next millenium will either be easy or smooth.

We are fully convinced that the policies and programmes outlined here offer the best way towards transforming Kenya rapidly into a more prosperous nation.

Our policies and programmes are best suited to meet the formidable challenges that Kenya will have to overcome to achieve the status of a newly industrialized country.

We shall succeed through pursuing a common course and partnership of Party and People. In this endeavour, KANU has no time for divisive politics, discord and struggle for power.

Only KANU has the stability, the proven experience, strength, commitment and policies suitable to lead Kenya into the 21st century.

In 1992 we promised to initiate change. We kept our promise. We now promise to bring prosperity to our people. We shall keep our promise.

For your future, for your family's future, for our common future and for Kenya's future.



VOTE KANU, YOUR ONLY HOPE!!

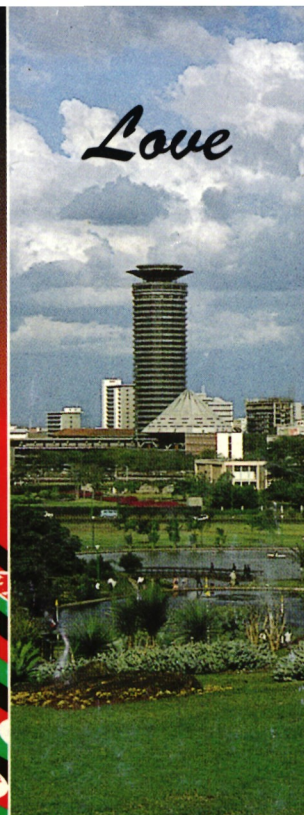




Peace



Love



Unity

