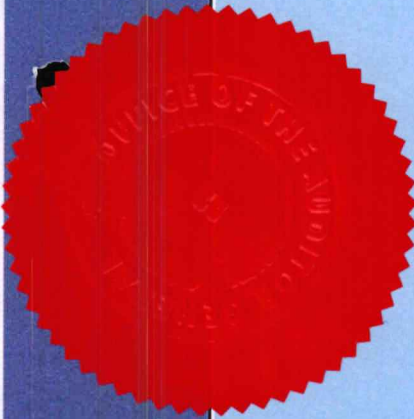
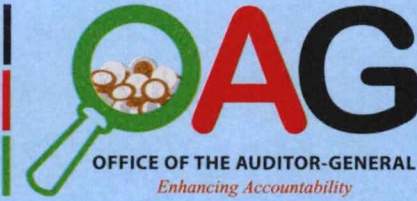


REPUBLIC OF KENYA



**REPORT**

**OF**

**THE AUDITOR-GENERAL**

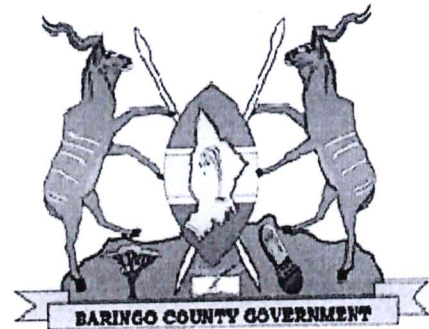
**ON**

**BARINGO COUNTY ASSEMBLY CATERING  
AND HEALTH SERVICES SCHEME FUND**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
30 JUNE, 2025**

PAPERS LAID	
DATE	02/12/2025
TABLED BY	S.M.L
COMMITTEE	-
CLERK AT THE TABLE	Cheng





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**BARINGO COUNTY ASSEMBLY  
CATERING AND HEALTH SERVICES SCHEME FUND**

**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2025**

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Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

***Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund***  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**Table of Contents**

1. Acronyms and Definition of Key Terms	ii
2. Key Entity Information and Management	iii
3. Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Committee.	vi
4. Management Team	ix
5. Fund Chairperson's Report	x
6. Report of The Fund Administrator	xi
7. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund's Predetermined Objectives	xii
8. Corporate Governance Statement	xiii
9. Management Discussion and Analysis	xiv
10. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting	xv
11. Report of The Trustees	xvi
12. Statement of Management's Responsibilities	xvii
13. Report of the Auditor General on the Financial Statements of Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund.	xviii
14. Statement of Financial Performance for the Year Ended 30 June 2025	1
15. Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2025	2
16. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the Year Ended 30 June 2025	3
17. Statement of Cash Flows for The Year Ended 30 June 2025	4
18. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts for the Period Ended 30 June 2025	5
19. Notes to the Financial Statements	6
20. Annexes	22

**1. Acronyms and Definition of Key Terms**

**A. Acronyms**

BOM	Board of Management
ICPAK	Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
PFM	Public Finance Management
PSASB	Public Sector Accounting Standards Board
Kshs	Kenya Shillings

**B. Definition of Key Terms**

**Fiduciary Management-** Members of Management directly entrusted with the responsibility of financial resources of the organization.

**Comparative Year-** Means the prior period.

## **2. Key Entity Information and Management**

### **a) Background information**

Section 116 of Public Finance Management Act of 2012 gives powers to County Executive member for finance to establish other Public funds which necessitated the establishment of Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Regulation of 2017. The fund is wholly owned by the Baringo County Assembly and is domiciled in Kenya.

The key objectives of the Fund include:

- (i) Purchase equipment for the improvement of the catering facility
- (ii) Provide quality catering services to the members of County Assembly and the staff hence enhancing their welfare
- (iii) Provide privacy to the member to enable them to deliver on their mandate of representation, legislation and oversight.

### **b) Principal Activities**

To provide for the purchase of catering equipment, managing and administration of the restaurant activities and for matters related or incidental thereto.

### **c) Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Committee members**

Ref	Name	Position
1	Hon. JerutoKiptala	Chairperson
2	Hon. Miriam Katurkana	Vice chairperson
3	Hon. Ernest Tarus	Member
4	Hon. Solomon Kuria	Member
5	Hon. Vincent Kemboi	Member
6	Hon. SymonKiplagat	Member
7	Hon. Caroline Lesaaya	Member
8	Hon. Peter Akimat	Member
9	Ms. JepkemoiChemase	Fund Administrator
10	Mr. Amos Kiprop	Ex- officio Member
11	Mr. David Bargoutio	Ex-officio Member

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**d) Key Management team**

Ref	Name	Position
1	MsJepkemoiChemase	Fund administrator
2	CPA. Alfred Keitany	Director, Finance and Accounting Services
3	Mr. David Bargoutio	Senior Hospitality Officer

**e) Fiduciary Oversight Arrangement**

SN	Position	Name
1	Internal Auditor	CPA CarolyneKoech
2	County Public Accounts & Investments Committee	1.Hon. SialoKimiring- Chairperson 2.Hon. Clement Lomaringoria- Vice Chairperson 3. Hon. AyubKeitany – Member 4. Hon. Kennedy Kiprono – Member 5. Hon. LoiceKipseba– Member 6. Hon. Makal Solomon – Member 7. Hon. LinahChebet – Member

**f) Registered Offices**

P.O. Box 159-30400,  
County Assembly Building,  
Kabarnet-Iten Road,

**g) Fund Contacts**

Telephone: (254) 053-22115  
E-mail: [baringocountyassembly@gmail.com](mailto:baringocountyassembly@gmail.com)  
Website: [www.baringoassembly.go.ke](http://www.baringoassembly.go.ke)

**h) Fund Bankers**

Kenya Commercial Bank  
Kabarnet Branch  
P.O. Box 175-30400  
Kabarnet  
Account number 1219723320

**i) Independent Auditors**

The Auditor General  
Office of the Auditor General  
Anniversary Towers, University Way  
P.O. Box 30084  
GPO 00100  
Nairobi, Kenya.

**j) Principal Legal Adviser**





The Attorney General  
State Law Office  
Harambee Avenue  
P.O. Box 40112  
City Square 00200  
Nairobi, Kenya

**k) County Assembly Attorney**

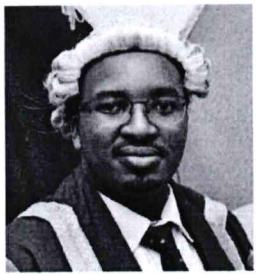



Baringo County Assembly  
P.O. Box 159-30400  
Kabarnet, Kenya.

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**


**3. Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Committee.**

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
 <p>1. Hon. Jeruto Kiptala</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1988            Key Qualifications: Bachelors degree in procurement            Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly            Chairperson</p>
 <p>2. Hon. Miriam Katurkana</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1982            Key Qualification: Diploma in Human Resource            Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly            Member</p>
 <p>3. Hon. Ernest Tarus</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1977            Key Qualifications: Degree Bachelors of Commerce            Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly            Member</p>
 <p>4. Hon. Solomon Kuria</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1982            Key Qualifications: Diploma in Banking and Finance            Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly            Member</p>


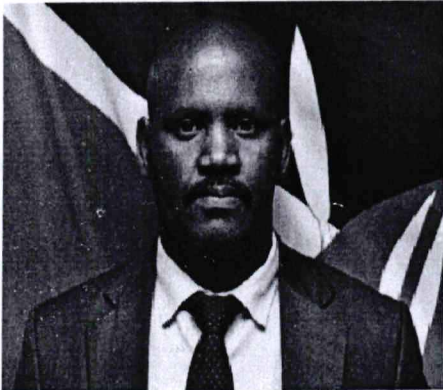

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

 <p>5. Hon. Vincent Kemboi</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1987 Key Qualifications: Bachelors of Law (LLB) Work experience : Currently the Speaker, Baringo County Assembly Member</p>
 <p>6. Hon. Symon Kiplagat</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1988 Key Qualifications: Bachelors in Business Administration Finance option. Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly Member</p>
 <p>7. Hon. Caroline Lesaaya</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1982 Key Qualification: Diploma in Human Resource Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly Member</p>
 <p>8. Hon. Peter Akimat</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1997 Key Qualifications: Bachelor environmental science Work experience : Currently the Member, Baringo County Assembly Member</p>

***Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund***  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

	<p>Year of Birth: 1976          Key Qualifications: Masters in Business Administration (Human Resource Management Option)          Bachelors of Education          Work experience: Clerk to County Assembly May 2022 to date.          Deputy Clerk Administration 2013 to May 2022</p>
<p>9. Jepkemoi Chemase</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1982          Key Qualifications: Degree Bachelors of Applied Science          Work experience: Currently Principal Sergeant at Arms, Baringo County Assembly.</p>
<p>10. Amos Kiprop</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 19 June 1973          Key Qualifications: Higher Diploma in Business management. Diploma Food and Beverage Management.          Work experience: Senior Hospitality Officer, Baringo County Assembly.</p>
<p>11. David Bargoutio</p>	

**4. Management Team**

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
 <p>1. Ms. Jepkemoi Chemase Clerk to County Assembly</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 1976                      Key Qualifications: Bachelor of Education                      Masters in Business Administration (Human Resource Management Option)                      Work experience:                      Employee of the Teachers Service Commission: 1998 to 2013                      Deputy Clerk- Administration, Baringo County Assembly: 2013 to 2022                      Currently Clerk to the County Assembly. (Fund administrator)</p>
 <p>.2. CPA Alfred Keitany Director Finance and Accounting Services</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 12/01/1983                      Key Qualifications: MBA-Finance from Catholic University of East Africa ,BBM Accounting Option from Moi University and CPA (K)                      Work experience: Principal Accountant Ministry of Health (NASCO), and currently Director Finance and Accounting Services Baringo County Assembly.</p>
 <p>3. David Bargoutio Senior hospitality officer</p>	<p>Year of Birth: 19/06/1973                      Key Qualifications: Advanced diploma in business management                      Diploma in Food and beverage management                      Work experience: Manager Freedom hotel Southern Sudan                      Currently Senior Hospitality Officer, Baringo County Assembly.</p>

***Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund***  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**5. Fund Chairperson's Report**

The membership of the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund is composed of 8 Honorable members of County Assembly and 3 ex-officio members who are mandated with the management and operation of the Fund. During the year under review there were no changes in the funds key management team.

The committee's operations are guided by the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Regulations of 2017 and other relevant laws. The Catering and Health Services committee shall be constituted by a session of the County Assembly whose membership shall conform to the constitution. The meetings of the committee shall be convened by the chairperson or in the absence of the chairperson, by a member designated by the chairperson and shall be convened at such a times as may be necessary for the discharge of committee functions.

The Fund became operational in November 2017 with an injection of initial Capital of Kshs. 300,000 that was used for purchase of food and drinks for the members' restaurant and the bar. The Fund has realised a surplus of Kshs. 739,018 for the period and accumulated reserves of Ksh3,642,915.

Based on the performance of the Fund in terms of incomes and expenditure trends, during the financial year, the fund intends to undertake the following:

- Increasing the purchase of foods and drinks or other goods for supply for the members' restaurant and the bar in the County Assembly;
- Purchasing equipment for improvement of the catering facility.

To be able to enhance efficient and effective operation of the fund, the management requests for an additional budgetary allocation.

In conclusion, the Fund has served its major purpose to offer the members quality Catering services, privacy, safety and has saved them time to discharge their mandate of Oversight, Representation and Legislation and is entirely indebted to the Baringo County Assembly Management for the noble course.

Name HON. JERUO KIPTEL Signature  Date 12/11/2025

Chairperson of the Board/Fund

## **6. Report of The Fund Administrator**

The membership of the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund is composed of 8 honourable members of County Assembly and 3 ex-officio members who are mandated with the management and operation of the Fund.

The committee's operations are guided by the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Regulations of 2017 and other relevant laws. The objective and purpose of the fund is to provide quality catering services to the members and staff of the County Assembly. The Fund's key management is composed of three members that is, the fund administrator, catering manager and the director finance and accounting services.

The Fund became operational in November 2017 with an injection of initial capital of Ksh. 300,000 that was used for purchase of food and drinks for the members' restaurant. Further, the fund generated an income of Ksh 5,358,616 compared to 5,458,820 in the prior year. The cost of sales was Ksh 4,608,146 compared to Ksh 4,860,377 in the prior year and expenditure of Ksh 11,452 compared to Ksh 11,638 in the prior year. The fund realised a surplus of Ksh 739,018 for the period under review compared to Ksh 586,805 in the financial year 2023/2024.

Based on the performance of the Fund in terms of incomes and expenditure trends, during the financial year, the fund intends to undertake the following:

- Increasing the purchase of foods and drinks or other goods for supply for the members' restaurant in the County Assembly;
- Purchasing equipment for improvement of the catering facility.

To be able to enhance efficient and effective operation of the fund, the management requests for an additional budgetary allocation.

In conclusion, the Fund has served its major purpose to offer the members quality catering services, privacy, safety and has saved them time to discharge their mandate of oversight, representation and legislation and is entirely indebted to the Baringo County Assembly management for the noble course.

***Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025***

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**7. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund’s Predetermined Objectives**

**Introduction**

Section 164 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting officer when preparing financial statements of each County Government entity Government entities in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the county government entity’s performance against predetermined objectives.

The key objectives of the Fund as per the Regulation are to:

- a) Purchase equipment for the improvement of the catering facility*
- b) Provide quality catering services to the members of County Assembly and the staff hence enhancing their welfare*
- c) Provide privacy to the member to enable them to deliver on their mandate of representation, legislation and oversight.*

**Progress on attainment of Strategic development objectives**

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

<b>Program</b>	<b>Objective</b>	<b>Outcome</b>	<b>Indicator</b>	<b>Performance</b>
Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund	To provide quality catering services to members and staff	Improved welfare of members and staff to deliver on the Assembly mandate of legislation, oversight and representation	% of Members and staff provided with quality catering services	95% of Members and staff provided with quality catering services

## **8. Corporate Governance Statement**

The county executive committee member for finance shall designate a person responsible for administration of the fund in accordance with section 116 (2) of the Public Finance Management Act 2012 with approval of County Assembly. The Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Act of 2015 and regulation shall guide the procurement of goods and services.

During the year ended 30 June 2025 the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund held 44 sittings. The process of appointment is laid out in the fund regulation that is the committee shall elect the chairperson amongst themselves in addition to the constituted members, there shall be three ex-officio members namely, the clerk to the Assembly, the catering manager and the sergeant at arms. The recruitment of staff is done by the Baringo County Assembly Service Board.

### **The roles**

The committee shall ensure that all the expenditure incurred and the profits realized therein shall be used in:

Purchasing of food, drinks or other goods for supply to the members restaurant and bar in the county assembly.

Purchasing equipment or improvement of the catering facility.

The committee shall ensure that the monies accrued from the restaurant are used in a manner as deemed just and fit.

The committee allowance is determined based on Salaries and Remuneration Commission Circular. The annual financial statements of the fund are subject to the Auditor General.

## **9. Management Discussion and Analysis**

The Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund became operational in November 2017 with an injection of initial capital of Ksh. 300,000. During the year under review the fund generated sales of Ksh 5,358,616 made cost of sales of Ksh 4,608,146 and incurred expenditure of Ksh 11,452.

The fund realised a surplus of Ksh 739,018 for the year ended 30 June 2025. The entity's operations are in compliance with the Assembly's Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Regulation 2017 and other relevant laws.

The officer administering the Fund shall ensure that the accounts for the Fund and the annual financial statements relating to those accounts comply with the accounting standards prescribed and published by the Accounting Standards Board from time to time.

There are currently no ongoing or potential court cases and no default reported in relation to the fund. The fund is not planning to undertake a major investment project but is optimizing on the available resources and investment already made. There is currently no major financial improbity as reported by internal audit/Board committee and external auditors.

## **10. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting**

### **1. Environmental performance**

The County Assembly continues to provide leadership in environmental stewardship through approval/enactment of policies and legislations which provide a legislative framework to co-ordinate and finance climate change response through adaptation and mitigation measures within the County. Such policies/legislations include the Baringo County Climate Change Act, 2022, Baringo County Climate Change Policy 2021 as well as Baringo County Climate Change Regulation 2023.

### **2. Employee welfare**

The County Assembly subscribes to the Public Service Commission Human Resource Policies and Procedures Manual for the Public Service, 2016 which stipulates that recruitment will be undertaken on the basis of fair competition and merit; representation of Kenya's diverse communities; adequate and equal opportunities to all gender, youth, members of all ethnic groups, persons with disabilities and minorities.

The aforementioned Manual also provides for guidelines and standards for the prevention and protection of officers against accidents and occupational hazards arising at the work place. It also provides for guidelines, procedures and modalities for the administration and payment of compensation for work related injuries and accidents contracted during and outside the course of work.

The Assembly offers at least one training per year for each staff member as guided in the Staff Training Policy. Staff performance appraisal is carried out at the end of each financial year. The overall objective of the appraisal system is to manage and improve performance in the Assembly by enabling a higher level of staff participation and involvement in planning, delivery and evaluation of work performance.

### **3. Market place practices-**

The County Assembly maintains good business practices by promoting competitive bidding when sourcing for goods, services and works. It also treats its own suppliers responsibly by honouring contracts and respecting payment practices.

### **4. Community Engagements**

The County Assembly engages the community through public participation fora when making or implementing any public policy decisions so as to give effect to the principles of public participation as provided for in Articles 10(2), 118, 196, 201(a) and 232(1)(d) of the Constitution and to promote transparency and accountability in decision making.

***Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund***  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

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**11. Report of The Trustees**

The Trustees submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 which show the state of the Fund affairs.

**Principal activities**

To provide for the purchase of catering equipment, managing and administration of the restaurant activities and for matters related or incidental thereto.

**Results**

The results of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2025 are set out on page 1 to 5.

**Trustees**

The members of the Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Committee who served during the period under review are shown on page vi to ix.

**Auditors**

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Fund in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015.

By Order of the Board

JERUO KIPKALLA .....

**Chair of the Board/Fund Administration Committee**

Date: 12/11/2025 .....

## **12. Statement of Management's Responsibilities**

Section 167 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a County Public Fund established by Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund shall prepare financial statements for the Fund in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Administrator of the Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Fund's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2025. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Fund; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Fund; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Administrator of the Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund accepts responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund. The Administrator of the Fund is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2025, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date. The Administrator further confirms the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

In preparing the financial statements, the Administrator of the Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund has assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

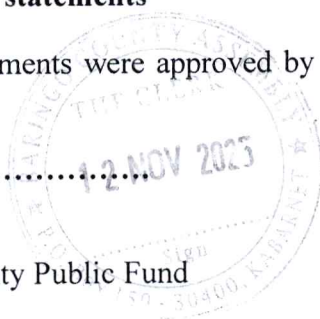
Nothing has come to the attention of the Administrator to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

### **Approval of the financial statements**

The Fund's financial statements were approved by the Board on 12/11 2025 and signed on its behalf by:



Administrator of the County Public Fund



# REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000  
Email: info@oagkenya.go.ke  
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



**HEADQUARTERS**  
Anniversary Towers  
Monrovia Street  
P.O Box 30084-00100  
NAIROBI

## **REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON BARINGO COUNTY ASSEMBLY CATERING AND HEALTH SERVICES SCHEME FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2025**

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### **PREAMBLE**

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements;
- B. Report on the Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure the Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose; and,
- C. Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, risk management environment and internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An Unmodified Opinion is issued when the Auditor-General concludes that the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The Report on Financial Statements should be read together with the Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in the Use of Public Resources, and the Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management, and Governance.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012, and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

### **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund set out on pages 1 to 22, which comprise of

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*Report of the Auditor-General on Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund for the year ended 30 June, 2025*

the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2025 and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund as at 30 June, 2025 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management (Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund) Regulations, 2017 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

### **Basis for Opinion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

### **Other Information**

The Fund Committee and Management team are responsible for the Other Information set out on page iii to xvii which comprise of Key Entity Information and Management, Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Committee, Management Team, Fund Chairman's Report, Report of the Fund Administrator, Statement of Performance Against the County Assembly Fund's Predetermined Objectives, Corporate Governance Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Environmental and Sustainability Reporting, Report of the Trustees, Statement of Management's Responsibilities. The Other Information does not include the financial statements and my audit report thereon.

In connection with my audit on the Fund's financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is

or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My Opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

### **Conclusion**

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Conclusion on the Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

### **Basis for Conclusion**

#### **Failure to Reporting of Contract Awards in the Public Procurement Information Portal (PPIP)**

The statement of financial performance reflects cost of sales of an amount of Kshs.4,608,146 which includes of an amount of Kshs.4,594,661 in respect of purchases and as disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements. However, review of supporting documents including sampled payment vouchers totalling to Kshs.4,123,457 were in respect of purchases of food stuff whose tenders and contracts were not reported in Public Procurement Information Portal (PPIP). This is contrary to Regulation 60 of the Public Procurement and Disposal Regulations 2020 requires that all contract awards shall be reported by the procuring entity through the e-procurement system to the Authority and the Authority shall upload the information in the State portal accordingly.

In the circumstances, Management is in breach of Law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 3000 and ISSAI 4000. The standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

# REPORT ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

## **Conclusion**

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

## **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk Management and overall governance were operating effectively in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

## **Responsibilities of the Management and those Charged with Governance**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using concern basis of accounting basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply with the authorities which govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's, financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

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*Report of the Auditor-General on Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund for the year ended 30 June, 2025*


## **Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit**

My responsibility is to conduct an audit of the financial statements in accordance with Article 229(4) of the Constitution, Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). The standards require that, in conducting the audit, I obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In conducting the audit, Article 229(6) of the Constitution also requires that I express a conclusion on whether or not in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way. In addition, I consider the entity's control environment in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 (1) (a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

Further, I am required to submit the audit report in accordance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Detailed description of my responsibilities for the audit is located at the Office of the Auditor-General's website at: <https://www.oagkenya.go.ke/auditor-generals-responsibilities-for-audit/>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

  
FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS  
**AUDITOR-GENERAL**

**Nairobi**

**20 November, 2025**

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*Report of the Auditor-General on Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund for the year ended 30 June, 2025*

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund  
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**14. Statement of Financial Performance for the Year Ended 30 June 2025**

Description	Note	FY2024/2025	FY2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Revenue From Exchange Transactions</b>			
Sale of goods	6	5,358,616	5,458,820
<b>Total Revenue</b>		<b>5,358,616</b>	<b>5,458,820</b>
<b>Less:</b>			
Cost of Sales	7	4,608,146	4,860,377
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>750,470</b>	<b>598,443</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Use of goods and services	8	11,452	11,638
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>11,452</b>	<b>11,638</b>
<b>Surplus/(Deficit) for the Period</b>		<b>739,018</b>	<b>586,805</b>

*(The notes set out on pages 17 to 21 form an integral part of these Financial Statements)*

.....  
 Name: Jepkemoi Chemase  
 Administrator of the Fund



.....  
 Name: CPA Alfred Keitany  
 Director Finance & Accounting Services  
 ICPAK Member Number: 17968



**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**15. Statement of Financial Position Asat 30 June 2025**

Description	Note	FY2024/2025	FY2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	1,667,668	2,563,444
Inventories	10	30,232	43,717
Accounts Receivables	11	1,945,015	728,935
<b>Total current assets (A)</b>		<b>3,642,915</b>	<b>3,336,096</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Trade and Other Payables from Exchange Transactions	12	-	432,199
<b>Total current liabilities (B)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>432,199</b>
<b>Net Assets (A-B)</b>		<b>3,642,915</b>	<b>2,903,897</b>
<b>Represented By:</b>			
Revolving Fund		300,000	300,000
Reserves		-	-
Accumulated Surplus		3,342,915	2,603,897
<b>Net Assets</b>		<b>3,642,915</b>	<b>2,903,897</b>

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 13/11/2025 and signed by:

.....  
 Name: Jepkemoi Chemase  
 Administrator of the Fund



.....  
 Name: CPA Alfred Keitany  
 Director Finance & Accounting Services  
 ICPAK Member Number: 17968



**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**16. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the Year Ended 30 June 2025**

Description	Revolving Fund	Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total
		Kshs	Kshs	
<b>Balance As At 1 July 2023</b>	<b>300,000</b>	-	<b>2,017,092</b>	<b>2,317,092</b>
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	-	-	586,805	586,805
<b>Balance As At 30 June 2024</b>	<b>300,000</b>	-	<b>2,603,897</b>	<b>2,903,897</b>
<b>Balance As At 1 July 2024</b>	<b>300,000</b>	-	<b>2,603,897</b>	<b>2,903,897</b>
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period		-	739,018	739,018
<b>Balance As At 30 June 2025</b>	<b>300,000</b>	-	<b>3,342,915</b>	<b>3,642,915</b>

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**17. Statement of Cash Flows for The Year Ended 30 June 2025**

Description	Note	FY2024/2025	FY2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
<b>Receipts</b>			
Sales	6	3,413,601	4,729,885
Debtors recovered	13	728,935	423,655
<b>Total receipts</b>		<b>4,142,536</b>	<b>5,153,540</b>
<b>Payments</b>			
Purchases	14	5,026,860	4,791,070
Use of goods and services	8	11,452	11,638
<b>Total Payments</b>		<b>5,038,312</b>	<b>4,802,708</b>
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>		<b>(895,776)</b>	<b>350,832</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		-	-
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>		-	-
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>		-	-
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash &amp; cash equivalents</b>		<b>(895,776)</b>	<b>350,832</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		<b>2,563,444</b>	2,212,612
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June</b>		<b>1,667,668</b>	<b>2,563,444</b>

*(PSASB has prescribed the direct method of cash flow preparation/ presentation for all entities under the IPSAS accrual basis of accounting.)*

**Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025**

**18. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts for the Period Ended 30 June 2025**

Description	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% Utilization
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
	<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>C=(a+b)</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>e=(c-d)</b>	<b>f=d/c*100</b>
<b>Receipts</b>						
Sale of foodstuffs	5,460,000	-	5,460,000	5,358,616	101,384	<b>98%</b>
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>5,460,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,460,000</b>	<b>5,358,616</b>	<b>101,384</b>	<b>98%</b>
<b>Cost of sales</b>						
Cost of sales	4,651,000	-	4,651,000	4,608,146	42,854	<b>99%</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,651,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,651,000</b>	<b>4,608,146</b>	<b>42,854</b>	<b>99%</b>
Gross profit	809,000	-	809,000	<b>750,470</b>	58,530	<b>92%</b>
<b>Expenditure</b>						
Use of goods and services	12,000	-	12,000	11,452	548	<b>95%</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>11,452</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>95%</b>
<b>Surplus For the Period</b>	<b>797,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>797,000</b>	<b>739,018</b>	<b>57,982</b>	<b>93%</b>

**Budget notes**

1. Provide below a commentary on significant underutilization (below 90% of utilization) and any overutilization (IPSAS 24.14)
2. Provide an explanation of changes between original and final budget indicating whether the difference is due to reallocations or other causes. (IPSAS 24.29)

## 19. Notes to the Financial Statements

### Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. General Information

Section 116 of Public Finance Management Act of 2012 gives powers to County Executive member for finance to establish other Public funds which necessitated the establishment of Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund Regulation of 2017. The fund is wholly owned by the Baringo County Assembly and is domiciled in Kenya. The Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund became operational in November 2017 with an injection of initial capital of Ksh. 300,000 appropriated by the County Assembly

#### 2. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The Fund's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The financial statements are presented in Kenya shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Fund. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis.

#### 3. Adoption of new and revised standards

*(i) New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2025*

There were no new and amended standards issued in the financial year.

*(ii) New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2025.*

Standard	Effective date and impact
IPSAS 43: Leases	<b><i>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</i></b> The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cashflows of an Entity. The new standard requires entities to recognise, measure and present information on right of use assets and lease liabilities.
IPSAS 44: Non- Current Assets Held for	<b><i>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</i></b> The Standard requires, Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be measured

Sale and Discontinued Operations	<p>at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and the depreciation of such assets to cease and:</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be presented separately in the statement of financial position and the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance.</p>
IPSAS 45: Property Plant and Equipment	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</b></p> <p>The standard supersedes IPSAS 17 on Property, Plant and Equipment. IPSAS 45 has additional guidance/ new guidance for heritage assets, infrastructure assets and measurement. Heritage assets were previously excluded from the scope of IPSAS 17 in IPSAS 45, heritage assets that satisfy the definition of PPE shall be recognised as assets if they meet the criteria in the standard. IPSAS 45 has additional application guidance for infrastructure assets, implementation guidance and illustrative examples. The standard has clarified existing principles e.g. valuation of land over or under the infrastructure assets, under- maintenance of assets and distinguishing significant parts of infrastructure assets.</p>
IPSAS 46: Measurement	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2025</b></p> <p>The objective of this standard was to improve measurement guidance across IPSAS by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Providing further detailed guidance on the implementation of commonly used measurement bases and the circumstances under which they should be used.</li> <li>ii. Clarifying transaction costs guidance to enhance consistency across IPSAS.</li> <li>iii. Amending where appropriate guidance across IPSAS related to measurement at recognition, subsequent measurement and measurement related disclosures.</li> </ul> <p>The standard also introduces a public sector specific measurement bases called the current operational value.</p>
IPSAS 47: Revenue	<p><b>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2026</b></p> <p>This standard supersedes IPSAS 9- Revenue from exchange transactions, IPSAS 11 Construction contracts and IPSAS 23 Revenue from non-exchange transactions. This standard brings all the guidance of accounting for revenue under one standard. The objective of the standard is to establish the principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow arising from revenue transactions.</p>

<p>IPSAS 48: Transfer Expenses</p>	<p><i>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2026</i></p> <p>The objective of the standard is to establish the principles that a transfer provider shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of expenses and cash flow arising from transfer expense transactions. This is a new standard for public sector entities geared to provide guidance to entities that provide transfers on accounting for such transfers.</p>
<p>IPSAS 49: Retirement Benefit Plans</p>	<p><i>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2026</i></p> <p>The objective is to prescribe the accounting and reporting requirements for the public sector retirement benefit plans which provide retirement to public sector employees and other eligible participants. The standard sets the financial statements that should be presented by a retirement benefit plan.</p>
<p>IPSAS 50: Exploration For &amp; Evaluation of Mineral Resources</p>	<p><i>Applicable 1<sup>st</sup> January 2027</i></p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to specify the financial reporting for the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources. The Standard requires:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Limited improvements to existing accounting practices for exploration and evaluation expenditures.</li> <li>ii. Entities that recognize exploration and evaluation assets to assess such assets for impairment in accordance with this Standard and measure any impairment in accordance with IPSAS 26.</li> <li>iii. Disclosures that identify and explain the amounts in the entity's financial statements arising from the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources and help users of those financial statements understand the amount, timing and certainty of future cash flows from any exploration and evaluation assets recognized.</li> </ul>

**(i) Early adoption of standards**

The Entity did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in the financial year.

#### **4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

##### **a) Revenue recognition**

###### **i. Revenue from non-exchange transactions**

###### **Transfers from other government entities**

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the entity and can be measured reliably.

###### **ii. Revenue from exchange transactions**

###### **Interest income**

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

###### **Dividends**

Dividends or similar distributions must be recognized when the shareholder's or the Entity's right to receive payments is established.

###### **Rental income**

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and included in revenue.

##### **b) Budget information**

The original budget for FY 2024-25 was approved by the County Assembly on 27/07/2024. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. The additional appropriations are added to the original budget by the entity upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget. The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial cash flows has been presented.

### **c) Property, plant and equipment**

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

#### **a) Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

#### **b) Investment property**

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the replacement cost of components of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day maintenance of an investment property. Investment property acquired through a non-exchange transaction is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition. Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the surplus or deficit in the period of de-recognition.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **c) Financial instruments**

IPSAS 41 addresses the classification, measurement and de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities, introduces new rules for hedge accounting and a new impairment model for financial assets. A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. At initial recognition, the entity measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through surplus or deficit, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

#### **Financial assets**

##### **Classification of financial assets**

The entity classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through net assets/ equity or fair value through surplus and deficit on the basis of both the entity's management model for financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. A financial asset is measured at amortized cost when the financial asset is held within a management model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. A financial asset is measured at fair value through net assets/ equity if it is held within the management model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset shall be measured at fair value through surplus or deficit unless it is measured at amortized cost or fair value through net assets/ equity unless an entity has made irrevocable election at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments.

##### **Subsequent measurement**

Based on the business model and the cash flow characteristics, the entity classifies its financial assets into amortized cost or fair value categories for financial instruments. Movements in fair value are presented in either surplus or deficit or through net assets/ equity subject to certain criteria being met.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **Amortized cost**

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at fair value through surplus or deficit, are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on an instrument that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is de-recognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

### **Fair value through net assets/ equity**

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through net assets/ equity. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through net assets, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in surplus/deficit. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

### **Fair value through surplus or deficit**

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through net assets/ equity are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit. A business model where the entity manages financial assets with the objective of realizing cash flows through solely the sale of the assets would result in a fair value through surplus or deficit model.

### **Trade and other receivables**

Trade and other receivables are recognized at fair values less allowances for any uncollectible amounts. Trade and other receivables are assessed for impairment on a continuing basis. An estimate is made of doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end.

### **Impairment**

The entity assesses, on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit loss ('ECL') associated with its financial assets carried at amortized cost and fair value through net assets/equity. The entity recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **Financial liabilities**

#### **Classification**

The entity classifies its liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities measured through profit or loss.

#### **d) Inventories**

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution. Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

#### **e) Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

## **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### **f) Contingent liabilities**

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

### **Contingent assets**

The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

### **g) Nature and purpose of reserves**

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirement.

### **h) Changes in accounting policies and estimates**

The Entity recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

### **i) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

### **j) Related parties**

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

### **k) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes

of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

#### **l) Comparative figures**

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

#### **5. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

State all judgements, estimates and assumptions made e.g.

#### **a) Estimates and assumptions –**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140.

#### **b) Useful lives and residual values**

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

#### **c) Provisions**

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

**Notes to the Financial Statements Continued**

**6. Sale of goods**

Description	FY2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Cash sales	3,413,601	4,729,885
Credit sales	1,945,015	728,935
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,358,616</b>	<b>5,458,820</b>

**7. Cost of sales**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Opening stock	43,717	60,709
Add: Purchases	4,594,661	4,843,385
Less: Closing	(30,232)	(43, 717)
<b>Cost of sales</b>	<b>4,608,146</b>	<b>4,860,377</b>

**8. Use of goods and services**

Description	FY 2024-2025	FY 2023-2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Bank charges	11,452	11,638
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,452</b>	<b>11,638</b>

**9. Cash and cash equivalents**

Description	FY2024/2025	FY2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Cash and cash equivalents	1,667,668	2,563,444
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,667,668</b>	<b>2,563,444</b>

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

Description	Account number	FY2024/2025	FY2023/2024
		Kshs	Kshs
Kenya Commercial Bank	1219723320	1,667,668	2,563,444
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,667,668</b>	<b>2,563,444</b>

**10. Inventories**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Inventories	30,232	43,717
<b>Total</b>	<b>30,232</b>	<b>43,717</b>

**11. Accounts Receivables**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Accounts Receivables	1,945,015	728,935
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,945,015</b>	<b>728,935</b>

**12. Trade and other payables**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs.	Kshs.
Trade payables	-	432,199
<b>Total Trade payables</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>432,199</b>

**13. Debtors Recovered**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs.	Kshs.
Debtors recovered	728,935	423,655
<b>Total</b>	<b>728,935</b>	<b>423,655</b>

**14. Purchases**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Cash Purchases	5,026,860	4,791,070
Less: Payable beginning FY 24-25	(432,199)	(379,884)
Add: Payable ending FY 24-25	-	432.199
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,594,661</b>	<b>4.843.385</b>

**15. Cash generated from operations.**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
<b>Surplus/ (Deficit) For the Year</b>	<b>739,018</b>	<b>586,805</b>
<b>Adjusted For:</b>		
Increase In Inventory	13,485	16,992
Increase In Receivables	(1,216,080)	(305,280)
Increase In Payables	(432,199)	52,315
<b>Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities</b>	<b>(895,776)</b>	<b>350,832</b>

**16. Related party balances**

**a) Nature of related party relationships**

Entities and other parties related to the Fund include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The fund/scheme is related to the following entities:

- a) The County Government;
- b) The Parent County Government Ministry;
- c) Key management;
- d) Board of Trustees;

**b) Related party transactions**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers From Related Parties'	-	-
Transfers To Related Parties	-	-

**c) Key management remuneration**

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Board Of Trustees	-	-
Key Management Compensation	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Scheme Fund does not pay any remuneration for its key management and Boards of Trustees as this is paid for by Baringo County Assembly and reported in separate set of financial statements.

## 17. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The Fund does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The Fund's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

### a) Credit risk

The Fund has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments. Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the entity's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

Description	Total amount Kshs	Fully performing Kshs	Past due Kshs	Impaired Kshs
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions	1,945,015	1,945,015	-	-
Bank Balances	1,667,668	1,667,668	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,612,683</b>	<b>3,612,683</b>	-	-
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>				
Receivables From Exchange Transactions	728,935	728,935	-	-
Bank Balances	2,563,444	2,563,444	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,292,379</b>	<b>3,292,379</b>	-	-

*(NB: The totals column should tie to the individual elements of credit risk disclosed in the entity's statement of financial position)*

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the entity has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts.

The board of trustees sets the Fund's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

**b) Liquidity risk management**

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Fund Administrator, who has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The entity manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

The table below represents cash flows payable by the Fund under non-derivative financial liabilities by their remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Description	Less than 1 month	Between 1-3 months	Over 5 months	Total
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>				
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>				
Trade Payables	432,199	-	-	432,199
<b>Total</b>	<b>432,199</b>	-	-	<b>432,199</b>

**c) Market risk**

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the entity's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Fund's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day-to-day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the entity's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the entity's financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. The entity's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the Fund's deposits.

**Management of interest rate risk**

To manage the interest rate risk, management has endeavored to bank with institutions that offer favourable interest rates.

**d) Capital risk management.**

The objective of the Fund's capital risk management is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. The entity capital structure comprises of the following funds:

Description	FY 2024/2025	FY 2023/2024
	Kshs	Kshs
Revolving fund	300,000	300,000
Accumulated surplus	3,342,915	2,603,897
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,642,915</b>	<b>2,903,897</b>
Total borrowings	-	-
Less: cash and bank balances	(1,667,668)	(2,563,444)
Net debt/(excess cash and cash equivalents)	(1,667,668)	(2,563,444 )
<b>Gearing</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**18. Events after the reporting period**

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

**19. Ultimate and Holding Entity**

**20.** The Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Fund is a County Public Fund established by the Baringo County Assembly Catering and Health Services Scheme Regulations of 2017.

**21. Currency**

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs)

**20. Annexes**

**Annex I: Progress on Follow Up Of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations**

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
1.	Inaccurate statements of cash flow	The details of cashflow has been corrected and presented in the financial statements	Resolved	N/A
2.	Unsupported inventories	The detail analysis of the inventories has been supported and disclosed in the financial statements.	Resolved	N/A

**Guidance Notes:**

- (i) Use the same reference numbers as contained in the external audit report.
- (ii) Obtain the "Issue/Observation" and "management comments", required above, from final external audit report that is signed by Management.
- (iii) Before approving the report, discuss the timeframe with the appointed Focal Point persons within your Fund responsible for implementation of each issue.
- (iv) Indicate the status of "Resolved" or "Not Resolved" by the date of submitting this report to National Treasury.

Fund Administrator

Date.....