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By Leader of majority
Hon Stan Jones, MP
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Executive Summary
of
H.E. The President's Report
on
International Obligations to the
National Assembly

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF H.E. THE PRESIDENT'S REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS SUBMITTED TO THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCTION

The report on international obligations is anchored in article 132 (1) (c) (iii) of the Constitution which mandates the President to submit a report for debate to the National Assembly on the progress made in fulfilling the international obligations of the Republic.

It is the first time in the history of our nation, that a report is being submitted on the accomplishments made in fulfilling international obligations in order for the citizens to appreciate the need and purpose of international treaties, and to understand that they are part of international community. Treaties provide a framework that enables States to tackle the arising challenges at both national and international levels through sharing of knowledge and expertise. For example, piracy, drug trafficking and terrorism are global security challenges that affect not only Kenya but the international community as a whole and require cooperative action at the international level.

Globalisation has intensified the world's interdependence in areas such as technological innovation, international trade and development. Transnationalism and security challenges have also necessitated us to enter into treaties for purposes of cooperation and advancement of our interests. Treaties however, place obligations that Kenya must fulfill while guarding our State Sovereignty.

Public participation as you all know is one of our national values, and it is important to ensure that it is observed in the procedure of ratification of treaties.

Traditionally, Kenya values and enjoys excellent relations with the international community, and will continue to enhance its partnership with all countries of goodwill on the basis of mutual interest and reciprocity.

Kenya has made the promotion and protection of International Human Rights rules as part of its national values and is committed to seeking durable peace for southern Sudan, Somalia, DRC and Burundi. This is in recognition that peace, security and respect for human rights in the region is a prerequisite for trade and investment which will in turn contribute to our national economic growth.

Negotiations on the AU – EU Economic Partnerships Agreements (EPAs) are currently ongoing in Nairobi and are progressing on well. There is full representation from the EAC. We expect a favourable outcome that will promote economic development and improve the quality of life of Kenyans.

Kenya is firmly committed to regional and international cooperation in its efforts to prevent conflicts and restore peace in the region and for all persons.

Kenya has ratified over twenty eight (28) multilateral treaties; over one hundred and eight (108) Conventions; over nineteen (19) Protocols; over six (6) Charters and is party to a number of strategies and Plans of Action.

PROCESS

In considering an appropriate reporting format, various models were considered. These include the UN treaty series model, South Africa and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Trade of the Government of New Zealand. The UN treaty series focus on thematic areas, and accordingly has classified its collection of treaties into categories such as human rights, environment whereas the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Trade of the Government of New Zealand model takes into account the following in considering whether to be a party to any treaty:

- a) National interest analysis;
- b) Obligations created to Government;
- c) Reporting Mechanism;
- d) Challenges faced in the implementation; and
- e) Recommendations.

Our report combines aspects from both systems. The report consists of three parts namely:

- a) **Introduction**-This section gives the definition of treaties, focuses on the historical background of Kenya's treaty practice, the understanding of international obligations, necessity of treaties, legal framework on Treaty Making and Ratification i.e. the Treaty Making and Ratification Act 45 of 2012 and Kenya's policy on ratification; It spells out the impending establishment of the office of registrar of treaties under the Ministry of Foreign Affairs;
- b) **The Narrative**- This part explains the content of treaties. Specifically, it highlights the dates Kenya signed and ratified/acceded to respective treaties; objectives and relevance, advantages and disadvantages and the implications of ratifying each treaty. The treaties are grouped into

the following thematic areas: Constitutive Documents such as the Charter of the UN, Constitutive Act of the AU and EAC Charter, Diplomatic Privileges and Immunities, Defence and Security, Human Rights, Trade and Investment, Intellectual Property Rights, Education, Science and Technology, Health, Transport, Law of the Sea and Fisheries, Environment, Forestry and Agriculture, ICT and Radio Regulations, Corruption, Labour, Social Security and Employment, Sports, Arts and Culture and Lands, Housing & Urban Development; and

- c) **Annex** – consisting of treaties Kenya is party to, divided into multilateral, regional and sub-regional categories. Essentially, the matrix summarizes the information contained in the narrative.

The report still has a few gaps that only line ministries can provide. Missing details include dates of signing and ratification of treaties, objectives and relevance, advantages and disadvantages and implications.

SALIENT ISSUES ON THE TREATIES

Some of the Treaties require submission of reports. Kenya has complied with requirement.

We have done this with regard to some of them.

1. The United Nations Convention Against Corruption;
2. The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR);
3. The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR);
4. The UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC)

INSTITUTIONAL GAPS

This report has been prepared against a back drop of no office for registrar of treaties as provided for in Law. The greatest need is that of strengthened coordination with regard to both treaty making, implementation and reporting to ensure consistency in what ministries speak about international obligations.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Standing Committee

There is need to establish a multi-agency standing committee to monitor and oversee the implementation of the Treaties and fulfillment of reporting obligations. The Committee will also examine and consider all reports submitted by Kenya and make suggestions and recommendations.

Meetings of the Committee

The Committee will be responsible for compiling the report on treaties obligations to ensure that the report conclusively reports on Kenya's treaty obligations. The Standing Committee will meet regularly to prepare this important report to ensure that Kenyan's are aware of our international commitments and fulfillment of obligations. The Committee will also receive and respond to any concerns arising out of treaty obligations and commitment

Reviewing of Treaties and Recommendations

The Committee will also be responsible for reviewing all conventions, treaties and agreements to ensure that they are necessary and of benefits to the people of Kenya and may recommend reviewing and/or withdrawal to the Attorney General where fulfillment of obligations appears to prejudice Kenya's interest. The Committee may also propose ratification of a treaty if it is found to be in Kenya's best interests.

Training and Capacity Building

The Committee will undergo the necessary training to ensure capacity building and be prepared to answer any questions in relation to Kenya's Treaty obligations.

Composition

The Registrar of Treaties will be the chairperson of the Committee which will be composed of technical public officers from key ministries and government agencies.

LIST OF TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS

1. The UN Charter was signed in San Francisco, United States on 26th June, 1945 and entered into force on 24th October, 1945.
2. The Statute of the International Court of Justice signed on 26th June, 1945 in San Francisco and entered into force on 24th October, 1945 as it is annexed to the UN Charter.
3. The Organization of African Union Charter was signed in 1963 by Kenya as one of the 33 founding members and later in 2002 when the African Union succeeded the OAU.
4. The Treaty establishing the East African Community signed on 30th November, 1999 in Arusha.
5. Inter-governmental Authority on Development was launched in 1996.
6. Treaty establishing the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa signed in Kampala on 5th November, 1993 and ratified on 8th December, 1994.
7. 1946 Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations adopted on 13th February, 1946 in New York and ratified on 1st July, 1965.
8. 1948 Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies adopted on 21st November, 1947 in New York and ratified on 1st July, 1965.
9. 1961 Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations adopted on 18th April, 1961 in Vienna and entered into force on 24th April, 1964. Kenya ratified the same on 17th January, 1967.
10. 1963 Vienna Convention on Consular Relations adopted on 24th April, 1963 in Vienna, entered into force on 19th March 1967 and acceded to on 1st July, 1965.
11. General Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the OAU adopted on 25th October, 1965 in Accra, entered into force on 25th October, 1965 and ratified on 17th January, 1967.
12. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and use of chemical weapons and on their destruction (Chemical Weapons Convention) adopted on 18th September, 1997, entered into force on 1st March 1999 and ratified on 23rd January, 2001.
13. Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty ratified on 30th November, 2000.
14. Protocol for the Prohibition of the use of asphyxiating, poisonous or other gases and of bacteriological methods of warfare entered into force on 8th February, 1928 and ratified on 6th July, 1970.

15. Treaty on the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons entered into force on 5th March, 1970 and acceded to on 11th June, 1970.
16. Protocol relating to the Establishment of Peace and Security Council of the African Union ratified on 19th December, 2003 and entered into force on 26th December, 2003.
17. African Nuclear Weapon Free Zone Treaty (Treaty of Pelindaba) ratified on 9th January, 2001.
18. Geneva Conventions (Convention 1 to IV and Additional Protocols 1 and II) adopted on 12th August, 1949, entered into force on 21st October, 1950 and acceded to on 20th September, 1966. The Additional Protocols were adopted in 1977, entered into force on 7th December, 1978 and acceded to on 23rd February, 1999.
19. UN Optional Protocol on involvement of children in armed conflict adopted in 25th May, 2000, entered into force on 12th February, 2002 and ratified on 28th January, 2001.
20. OAU Convention on the Prevention and Combating of Terrorism
21. International Convention against taking of hostages adopted on 17th December, 1979, entered into force on 3rd June, 1983 and acceded to on 8th December, 1981.
22. International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings adopted on 15th December, 1997, entered into force on 23rd May, 2001 and acceded to on 4th December, 2001.
23. International convention for the suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism adopted on 14th September, 2005 and entered into force on 7th July, 2007.
24. International Convention for the suppression of the Financing of Terrorism adopted on 9th December, 1999, entered into force on 10th April, 2000 and acceded to 4th December, 2001.
25. EAPCCO Agreement on Combating Terrorism.
26. Biological and Toxin Weapon Convention (BTWC) acceded to on 7th January, 1976
27. African Union Strategy for Enhancing Border Management in Africa (2012)
28. Protocol on the Establishment of a Conflict Early Warning and Response Mechanism for IGAD member states
29. Protocol On Combating Drug Trafficking In The East African Region
30. EAC Protocol On Foreign Policy Coordination
31. Chemical Weapons Convention 1997 (CWC) adopted on 26th April, 1997.

32. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) adopted on 16th December, 1966, entered into force on 23rd March, 1976 and acceded to on 1st May, 1972.
33. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) adopted on 16th December, 1966, entered into force on 3rd January, 1976 and acceded to on 1st May, 1972.
34. The International Convention on the Elimination of All Racial Forms Discrimination adopted on 7th March, 1966 in New York, entered into force on 4th January, 1969 and acceded to on 13th October, 2001.
35. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CAT) adopted on 10th December, 1984, entered into force on 26th June, 1987 and acceded to on 21st February, 1997.
36. International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid adopted on 26th November, 1973, entered into force on 11th November, 1976 and acceded to on 1st May, 1974.
37. International Convention against Apartheid in Sports adopted on 10th December, 1985, entered into force on 3rd April, 1988 and acceded to on 16th May, 1986.
38. United Nations Convention on the rights of the child adopted on 29th November, 1989, entered into force on 2nd September, 1990 and acceded to on 30th July, 1990.
39. The 1951 UN Convention on the Status of Refugees adopted on 28th July, 1951, entered into force on 12th April, 1954 and acceded to on 16th May, 1966; Protocol adopted on 31st¹ January, 1967, entered into force on 4th October 1967 and acceded to on 13th November, 1981.
40. United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006 adopted on 13th December, 2006, entered into force on 2nd September, 1990 and acceded to on 30th July, 1990.
41. United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for Treatment of Prisoners (UNSMR)
42. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women adopted on 18th December, 1985, entered into force on 3rd September, 1981 and acceded to on 9th March, 1984.
43. OAU Convention governing the specific aspects of refugee problems in Africa adopted on 10th September, 1969, entered into force on 20th June, 1974 and ratified on 4th February, 1993.
44. African Youth Charter adopted on July 2nd 2006 and ratified on 23rd January, 2014

45. The African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child (ACRWC) and Africa Fit For Children (AFFC) Declaration adopted in 1990 and entered into force in 1999.
46. The African Charter on Prisoners' Rights
47. The Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC) adopted on 17th July, 1998, entered into force on 1st July, 2002 and ratified on 15th March, 2005.
48. Treaty Establishing the World Trade Organization (The Marrakech Agreement) adopted 1st January, 1995.
49. Doha-Development Agenda Round and Bali Package (2001-2013) launched in 2001.
50. Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs)
51. World Trade Organization Technical Barriers To Trade (Wto/ Tbt) Agreement-National Enquiry Point
52. WTO Trade Related Investment Measures (TRIMS) adopted in 1994 and entered into force in 1995.
53. The WTO Dispute Settlement System
54. Constitution Of The United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO) ratified on 13th November, 1981 and became a member on 10th June, 1985.
55. WTO/SPS/OIE including sub regional office adopted on 4th May, 1998.
56. The Office International des Epizooties (OIE) adopted on 25th January, 1924.
57. Cotonou Partnership Agreement adopted in June 2000, entered into force in 2003 and subsequently revised in 2005 and 2010 respectively.
58. The Metre Convention adopted on 20th May, 1875.
59. Codex Alimentarius Commissions established in November 1961.
60. African Accreditation Cooperation (AFRAC) founded in 2009.
61. International Accreditation Forum (IAF) established in November 2000.
62. International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) first started as a conference in 1977 became a formal cooperation in 1996 and on 2nd November, 2000 members signed a mutual recognition agreement.
63. International Measurement Confederation (IMEKO) founded in 1958.
64. International Organization for Standardization (ISO) formed on 23rd February, 1947.
65. International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) formed on 26th June, 1906.
66. International Bureau of Weights and Measures (*Bureau international des poids et mesures, BIPM*) founded on 20th May, 1875.

67. African Electrotechnical Standardization Commission (AFSEC) established on 28th February, 2008.
68. The African Organization for Standardization (ARSO) established in 1977.
69. Asia Pacific Metrology Programme (APMP) established in 1977 and membership broadened outside the Commonwealth in 1980.
70. Conference of Africa Union Ministers of Industry (CAMI) inaugurated in 1971.
71. Intra-Africa Metrology System (AFRIMETS) established in March 2006.
72. South African Development Community Co-Operation In Measurement Traceability (SADCMET)
73. East African Accreditation Board (EAAB) established in 2007.
74. East Africa Community- Standardization Quality Assurance Metrology And Testing Act (SQMT ACT)
75. World Council for Credit Unions (WOCCU) founded on 1st January, 1971.
76. International Cooperative Alliance (ICA) founded in 1895.
77. African Confederation of Cooperative Saving Association (ACCOSCA) formed in 1968.
78. Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization adopted on 14th July, 1967.
79. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property adopted on 20th March, 1883.
80. Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Madrid 1891 adopted on 14th April, 1891.
81. Patent Cooperation Treaty Washington 1970 adopted on 19th June, 1970.
82. Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademarks adopted on 27th March, 2006.
83. Berne Convention adopted on 9th September, 1886 and entered into force on 5th December, 1887.
84. Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) negotiated in the 1986-1994 Uruguay Rounds.
85. Lusaka Agreement (1976) And Harare Protocol (1982)
86. Statutes of International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (ICGEB) Acceded to in July 2010 In Italy.
87. Protocol On The Establishment Of The East African Science And Technology Commission adopted on 18th April, 2007

88. Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of states in the Exploration and use of Outer Space including the moon and outer celestial bodies (Outer Space Treaty) ratified in 1967.
89. Convention on Internal liability for Damage caused by Space objects ratified in 1972.
90. Agreement governing the activities of states on the Moon and other celestial Bodies acceded to in 1984.
91. African Charter on Statistics adopted on 3rd February, 2009.
92. Strategy for the Harmonization of Statistics in Africa (SHASA).
93. League of Nations, Conference of Parties World Health Organization 1948.
94. The United Nations Conventions on Illicit Drug Control adopted on 20th December, 1988, entered into force on 11th November, 1990 and acceded to on 19th October, 1992.
95. The Convention on Psychotropic 21, 1971 adopted on 21st February, 1971, entered into force on 16th August, 1976 and ratified on 18th October, 2000.
96. The Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs (1961) adopted on 8th August, 1975, entered into force on 8th August, 1975 and ratified on 8th February, 1973.
97. The UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances, 1988 adopted on 8th August, 1975, entered into force on 8th August, 1975 and acceded to on 9th February, 1973.
98. WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control 2003
99. Convention on International Civil Aviation adopted on 7th December, 1944, entered into force on 4th April, 1947 and Kenya ratified on 1st May, 1964.
100. Convention on The Unification of Certain Rules of International Carriage by Air, (1999 Montreal Convention) adopted on 28th May, 1999, entered into force on 4th November, 2003 and ratified on 7th January, 2002.
101. Convention on the Marking of Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection adopted on 1st March, 1991, entered into force on 21st June, 1998 and ratified on 21st October, 2002.
102. Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment (Cape Town Convention) and the Protocol to the Convention on International Interests in Mobile Equipment on Matters Specific to Aircraft Equipment adopted on 16th November, 2001, entered into force on 1st March, 2006 and ratified on 13th October, 2006.

103. Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation (Montreal Convention) adopted on 23rd September, 1971, entered into force on 26th January, 1976 and ratified on 1st November, 1977.
104. Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports serving International Civil Aviation Supplementary to the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation ratified on 5th October, 1995 and entered into force on 4th November, 1995.
105. Convention on Damage Caused by Foreign Aircraft to Third Parties on the Surface adopted on 7th October, 1952, entered into force on 4th February, 1958 ratified on 5th July, 1999.
106. Protocol on the Establishment of the East African Community Civil Aviation Safety and Security Oversight Agency (CASSOA) adopted on 18th April, 2007.
107. Convention on the International Maritime Organization (IMO Convention) As Amended established in 1948, entered into force in 1959 and signatory since 22nd August, 1973.
108. International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974, as amended (SOLAS 1974) adopted in 1974 and ratified on 21st October, 1999.
109. International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL) adopted on 2nd November 1973, entered into force on 2nd October, 1983 and ratified in 1997 and the Protocol in 2007.
110. International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch-Keeping for Seafarers, 1978, as amended (STCW 1978) adopted on 7th July, 1978, entered into force on 28th April, 1984.
111. International Convention on Load Lines, 1966 (LL 1966) adopted on 5th April, 1966, entered into force on 21st July, 1968 and acceded to in 1975.
112. International Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships, 1969 (TONNAGE 1969) adopted in 1969 and acceded to in 1993.
113. Convention on the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions At Sea, 1972 (COLREGS) adopted on 20th October, 1972, entered into force on 15th July, 1977 and acceded to in 1992.
114. International Convention for Safe Containers, 1972, as amended adopted on 2nd December, 1972, entered into force on 6th September, 1977.
115. International Convention on Maritime Search and Rescue (SAR) adopted on 27th April, 1979 and entered into force on 22nd June, 1985.

116. Convention on Facilitation of International Maritime Traffic, 1965, as amended (FAL 1965) adopted on 9th April, 1965, entered into force on 5th March, 1967 and acceded to in 1976.
117. Protocol of 1992 to amend the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969 (CLC PROT 1992) adopted on 27th November, 1992, entered into force on 30th May, 1996.
118. Convention on the International Mobile Satellite Organization, as amended (IMSO C 1976)/INMARSAT C 76 /INMARSAT OA 76 adopted on 3rd September, 1976 and entered into force on 16th July, 1979.
119. Protocol of 1992 to amend the International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage, 1971 (FUND PROT 1992) adopted on 27th November, 1992 and entered into force on 30th May, 1996.
120. Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime Navigation, Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Fixed Platforms located on the Continental Shelf entered into force in 10th March, 1988, entered into force on 1st March, 1992 and acceded to in 2002.
121. International Convention on Salvage, 1989 (SALVAGE 1989) adopted on 28th April, 1989, entered into force on 14th July, 1996 and acceded to in 1993.
122. International Convention on Oil Pollution Preparedness, Response and Co-Operation, 1990, as amended (OPRC 1990) adopted on 30th November, 1990 and entered into force on 13th May, 1995.
123. International Convention for the Control and Management of Ships' Ballast Water and Sediments, 2004 adopted on 23rd February, 2004 and entered into force 12 months after ratification by 30 States.
124. 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea adopted on 10th December, 1982, entered into force on 16th November, 1994 and ratified on March 1989.
125. United Nations Fish Stock Agreement (UNFSA) for straddling and Highly Migratory Fish 1995 adopted between 4th December, 1995 and 4th December, 1996, entered into force on 11th December, 2001 and ratified in 2004.
126. UN 1993 FAO Compliance Agreement, 1993 adopted on 24th November, 1993 and entered into force on 24th April, 2003.
127. Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries 1995 (CCRF) Of FAO adopted in 1995.

128. International Convention for Regulation of Whaling 1946 adopted on 2nd December, 1946 and entered into force on 10th November, 1948.
129. The World Conservation Union (IUCN) founded in October 1948.
130. Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) Agreement adopted in November 1993 and entered into force on 24th March, 1996.
131. South West Indian Fisheries Commission Convention (SWIOFC) adopted in 2004.
132. Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission/ UNESCO's (UNESCO-IOC).
133. Western Indian Ocean Marine Science Association (WIOMSA).
134. Port State Measures Agreement (PSMA) Against Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing (IUU) 2009 adopted in 2009.
135. The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa Fisheries Strategy (COMESAFS).
136. Lake Victoria Fisheries Organization (LVFO) Convention of 1994 adopted on 30th June, 1994, entered into force on 24th May, 1996 and amended on 12th December, 1998.
137. The Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change adopted on 11th December, 1997 and entered into force on 16th February, 2005.
138. The 2010 Nile Basin Cooperative Framework Agreement (CFA).
139. Protocol For The Sustainable Development Of Lake Victoria Basin
140. Food And Agriculture Organization (FAO)
141. Convention On Sustainable Development
142. Cartagena Protocol on Bio-Safety adopted on 15th May, 2000, entered into force on 15th September, 2003 and Ratified in 2013.
143. International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) established in 1977.
144. International Treaty On Plant Genetic Resources For Food And Agriculture (ITPGRFA)
145. International Coffee Agreement
146. International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)
147. International Union For The Protection Of New Varieties Of Plants (UPOV)
148. International Grains Agreement
149. WTO Agreement On The Application Of Sanitary And Phytosanitary Measures
150. Agreement Of The World Organization For Animal Health (OIE)
151. Treaty Establishing The Common Fund For Commodities

152. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Seed Schemes, Fruits and Vegetables Schemes and Forestry Seed Schemes.
153. International Seed Testing Association (ISTA)
154. The 1968 African Convention On The Conservation Of Natural Resources
155. Convention On The African Migratory Locust
156. Phyto-sanitary Convention For Africa
157. Convention On The Establishment Of The African Centre For Fertilizer Development
158. International Telecommunications Union
159. African Telecommunications Union
160. Universal Postal Union
161. Pan African Postal Union (PAPU)
162. United Nations Convention Against Corruption (UNCAC)
163. African Convention On Preventing And Combating Corruption
164. Forced Labour Convention 29 Of 1930
165. Right To Organize And Collective Bargaining Convention 98 Of 1949
166. Equal Remuneration Convention 100, 1951
167. Minimum Age Convention 138 Of 1973
168. Worst Forms of Child Labour Convention 182 1999.
169. Labour Inspection Convention 81 Of 1947
170. Inspection (Agriculture) Convention, 129 Of 1969
171. Tripartite Consultation (International Labour Standards) Convention, 1976
172. Unemployment Convention 2 Of 1919
173. Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921.
174. Weekly Rest (Industry) Convention, 1921.
175. Medical Examination Of Young Persons (Sea) Convention, 1921)
176. Young Persons (Sea) Convention, 1921
177. Workmen's Compensation (ACCIDENTS) Convention, 1925
178. Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery Convention, 1928
179. Marking Of Weight (Packages Transported By Vessels) Convention, 1929.
180. Protection Against Accidents (Dockers) Convention (Revised), 1932
181. Convention Concerning Statistics Of Wages And Hours Of Work, 1938
182. Employment Service Convention, 1948
183. Night Work (Women) Convention (Revised), 1948
184. Labour Clauses (Public Contracts) Convention, 1949
185. Migration For Employment Convention 97 Of 1949

186. Minimum Wage Fixing Machinery (Agriculture) Convention
187. Minimum Age (Fishermen) Convention, 1959
188. Equality of Treatment (Social Security) Convention, 1962 (NO. 118)
189. Minimum Wage Fixing Convention, 1970
190. Holidays with Pay Convention (Revised), 1970 (NO. 132)
191. Prevention Of Accidents (Seafarers) Convention, 1970
192. Dock Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971
193. Paid Educational Leave Convention, 1974
194. Rural Workers' Organizations' Convention, 1975
195. Human Resources Development Convention, 1975
196. Migrant Workers (Supplementary Provisions) Convention 143 Of 1975
197. Nursing Personnel Convention, 1977
198. Optional Protocol on the Sale of Children Child Prostitution and Child Pornography signed on 8th September, 2008 but yet to ratify.
199. International Plan Of Action On Ageing Adopted In 1982 In Vienna, Austria During The First World Assembly On Ageing
200. World Fit for Children (WFFC) - A Special Declaration by World Leaders at a UN General Assembly in 2002.
201. International Convention Against Doping In Sport
202. The 2003 UNESCO Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage ratified on 24th October, 2007.
203. The UNESCO 2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of Diversity of Cultural Expressions ratified on 24th October, 2007.
204. UN-HABITAT
205. Declaration On The African Union Border Programme (AUBP)