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# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ACEPA	African Centre for Parliamentary Affairs
CBM	Christian Blind Mission
KEDIPA	Kenya Disability Parliamentary Association
KHPC	Kenya Housing and Population Census
KNAD	Kenya National Association for the Deaf
NDI	National Democratic Institute
NYS	National Youth Service
NDF	Nairobi Disability Forum
NGEC	National Gender and Equality Commission
NONDO	Northern Nomadic Disabled Persons Organization
ODP	Open Door Programme
SEC	Special Employment Credit
UNCRPD	United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.
UDPK	United Disabled Persons of Kenya
WHO	World Health Organization

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## LIST OF ANNEXURES

- 1. Report Adoption Schedule
- 2. Committee Minutes
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- 4 Letters inviting stakeholders to meetings with the Committee
- 5 Stakeholders' submissions

#### CHAIRPERSON'S FOREWORD

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This report contains proceedings of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection on its consideration of the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023). The Bill underwent First Reading in the National Assembly on 28<sup>th</sup> February 2024 and was thereafter committed to the Departmental Committee on Social Protection for consideration and reporting to the House pursuant to the provision of Standing Order 127(1).

The Bill contains seven Parts comprised of 86 clauses and two schedules. The Bill seeks to give effect to Article 54 of the Constitution, restructure the National Council for Persons with Disabilities, provide for its functions and powers, provide for the institutional framework for protecting, promoting and monitoring the rights of persons with disabilities, to provide for incentives and reliefs and for connected purposes. The Bill repeals the Persons with Disabilities Act, 2003.

Following placement of advertisements in the print media on 8<sup>th</sup> March 2024 seeking public and stakeholder views on the Bill pursuant to Article 118(1)(b) of the Constitution and Standing Order 127(3), the Departmental Committee on Social Protection received memoranda from the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection (State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs), the National Council for Persons with Disabilities, the Kenya Disability Parliamentary Association (KEDIPA) and the Nairobi Disability Forum.

The Committee also invited stakeholders vide letter Reference No. NA/DCC/SP/BILL/2024/091 dated 11<sup>th</sup> June 2024, as well letter Reference No. NA/DDC/SP/CORR/2024/122 dated 20<sup>th</sup> November, 2024 for stakeholders' engagement meetings on the Bill which was held in several meetings venues within the precincts of Parliament on 15<sup>th</sup> August, 2024 and 29<sup>th</sup> November, 2024. The Mover of the Bill, Sen. Crystal Asige, additionally made presentations before the Committee and provided written submissions on the Bill.

The Committee is grateful to the Offices of the Speaker and the Clerk of the National Assembly for the logistical and technical support accorded to it during its sittings. The Committee further wishes to thank the Mover of the Bill, Sen. Crystal Asige and all stakeholders who made their respective submissions on the Bill. Finally, I wish to express my appreciation to the Honourable Members of the Committee and the Committee Secretariat who made valuable input during consideration of the Bill and production of this report.

On behalf of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection and pursuant to provisions of Standing Order 199(6), it is my pleasant privilege and honour to present to this House the Report of the Committee on its consideration of The Persons with Disabilities Bill (*Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023*).

I thus wish to table this Report on **The Persons with Disabilities Bill** (*Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023*) in this Honourable House, with the recommendation that the Bill be **approved with amendments** as reported by the Committee, which are contained in the Schedule of Amendments of this Report.

The Hon. Alice Wambui Ng'ang'a, CBS, M.P. Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Social Protection

### PART ONE

### 1 PREFACE

## **1.1 ESTABLISHMENT OF THE COMMITTEE**

- 1. The Departmental Committee on Social Protection is one of the twenty Departmental Committees of the National Assembly established under Standing Order 216 whose mandate pursuant to the Standing Order 216 (5) is as follows:
  - 1. To investigate, inquire into, and report on all matters relating to the mandate, management, activities, administration, operations and estimates of the assigned ministries and departments;
  - 11. To study the programme and policy objectives of Ministries and departments and the effectiveness of their implementation,
  - 111. On a quarterly basis, monitor and report on the implementation of the national budget in respect of its mandate;
  - *v.* To study and review all the legislation referred to it;
  - v. To study, assess and analyse the relative success of the Ministries and departments as measured by the results obtained as compared with their stated objectives;
  - vi To investigate and inquire into all matters relating to the assigned Ministries and departments as they may deem necessary, and as may be referred to them by the House;
  - vii. To vet and report on all appointments where the Constitution or any law requires the National Assembly to approve, except those under Standing Order 204 (Committee on appointments),
  - viii. To examine treaties, agreements and conventions;
  - ix. To make reports and recommendations to the House as often as possible, including recommendation of proposed legislation,
  - x. To consider reports of Commissions and Independent Offices submitted to the House pursuant to the provisions of Article 254 of the Constitution; and
  - xi To examine any questions raised by Members on a matter within its mandate.

### **1.2 MANDATE OF THE COMMITTEE**

- 2. In accordance with the Second Schedule to the Standing Orders, the Committee is mandated to consider, social welfare and security, pension matters, gender affairs, equality and affirmative action, affairs of children, youth, persons with disability and senior citizens
- 3. In executing its mandate, the Committee oversees the following State departments and Commission,
  - i The State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizen Affairs
  - n The State Department for Gender and Affirmative Action
  - in The State Department for Youth Affairs and Creative Economy
  - iv The State Department for Public Service (NYS)
  - v. The National Gender and Equality Commission (NGEC)

#### **1.3 COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP**

4. The Departmental Committee on Social Protection was constituted by the House on 27<sup>th</sup> October 2022 and comprises of the following Honourable Members:

Chairperson Hon. Alice Wambui Ng'ang'a, CBS, MP Thika Town Constituency <u>UDA Party</u>

Vice-Chairperson Hon. Hillary Kiplang'at Koskei, MP Kipkelion West Constituency <u>UDA Party</u>

Hon. (Dr.) James Wambura Nyikal, MP Seme Constituency **ODM Party** 

Hon. Timothy Wanyonyi Wetangula, MP Westlands Constituency

## **ODM Party**

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Hon. (Dr.) Lilian Achieng Gogo, MP Rangwe Constituency <u>ODM Party</u>

Hon. Mark Ogolla Nyamita, MP Uriri Constituency **ODM Party** 

Hon. Edith Vethi Nyenze, MP Kitui West Constituency **WDM-K PARTY** 

Hon. Betty Njeri Maina, MP Murang'a County <u>UDA PARTY</u>

Hon. Michael Wambugu Wainaina, MP Othaya Constituency <u>UDA Party</u>

# Hon. Sulekha Hulbale Harun, MP Nominated Member <u>UDM Party</u>

Hon. Amina Abdullahi Dika, MP Tana River County <u>KANU PARTY</u>

Hon. Hussein Abdi Barre, MP Tarbaj Constituency <u>UDA Party</u>

Hon. Susan Nduyo Ngugi, MP Tharaka Nithi County <u>TSP PARTY</u>

Hon. Agnes Mantaine Pareiyo, MP Narok North Constituency JUBILEE PARTY

Hon. Linet Chepkorir, MP Bomet County <u>UDA PARTY</u>

## **1.4 COMMITTEE SECRETARIAT**

5. The Committee is facilitated by the following Parliamentary staff

Mr. Finlay Muriukı Lead Clerk/ Head of Secretariat

Mr Ahmednoor Hassan Clerk Assistant III Ms Jemimah Waigwa Legal Counsel

Mr. Adan Ahmed Abdi Fiscal Analyst II Ms Grace Maneno Research Officer III

Mr Benjamın Ochutsi Hansard Officer III

Mr. Derrick Kathurima Media Relations Officer Ms Naomi Onsomu Public Communications Officer

Mr Cosmas Akhonya Audio Recording Officer

Ms Eva Kaare Serjeant-at-Arms Ms. Fiona Musili Research Officer

### PART TWO

# <u>2. BACKGROUND OF LEGISLATIONS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES IN KENYA</u> 2.1 INTRODUCTION

6. During implementation of the Persons with Disabilities Act (No. 14 of 2003) following its enactment in 2003, gaps were observed including the lack of express provision of the obligations of the County Governments to the rights and welfare of persons with disabilities. The Persons with Disabilities Bill, 2023 (Senate Bills No. 7 of 2023) thus seeks to address this and other gaps in order to align the law to Article 54 of the Constitution.

## 2.2 SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

- 7. According to World Health Organization (WHO), at least 1.3 billion people in the world, live with a disability forming the world's largest Minority group at 16% of the global population. The 2019 Kenya Housing and Population Census estimated that there are 0.9 million persons living with disabilities, which translates to 2.2% of Kenya's population. The majority of the disabled population, who make up 66% of the disabled population live in the rural areas. Children between the ages of 0-14 years constitute the highest number of people with disabilities at 43.4% while those above the age of 55 make up 6.7%.
- 8. In Kenya, the rights and fundamental freedoms of the persons with disabilities are provided for under the Constitution, the Persons with Disabilities Act, 2003, and the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.
- 9. Despite the progress made so far, the country currently has no legal framework in place that sets out obligations of the County Governments with regards to persons with disabilities. The proposed Bill is cognizant of the devolved government and has set out functions of both the national and county governments in regards to Persons with Disabilities.

### 2.3 COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

### Ghana

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- 10. In Ghana, the rights of persons with disabilities are promoted and protected under the Persons with Disability Act (Act 715), which was enacted in 2006. The Act provides for rights such as education, employment, accessibility, and social welfare for persons with disabilities. As well as the establishment of a National Council of Persons with Disabilities.
- 11. The main function of the Council as provided in the Act, is to propose and evolve policies and strategies to enable persons with disability enter and participate in the mainstream of the national developments process.
- 12. The Act also provides for employment rights and opportunities for persons with disabilities. This includes provisions on access to public buildings, transportation, and information. The Act seeks to ensure the needs of the Persons with Disabilities are taken into account in designing, construction and operation of the transportation network, including importation of non-conventional vehicles and parking for Persons with Disabilities.

13. There are notable similarities between the proposed Bill and Ghana's Act 715 which include the establishment of the National Council for Persons with Disabilities and some of the functions and the right to free medical care and treatment. On the contrary, the proposed Bill provides for tax incentives to encourage employers to participate in the inclusion of PWDs, while the Ghana's Act does not.

## Singapore

- 14. The Constitution of the Republic of Singapore, the Enabling Masterplan and the UNCRPD (in full) form the legal structure that underpins the rights and freedoms for persons with disabilities in Singapore.
- 15. The Enabling Masterplan, which outlines Singapore's strategies and initiatives for disability rights and inclusion, defines Persons with disability as "those whose prospects of securing, retaining places and advancing in education and training institutions, employment and recreation as equal members of the community are substantially reduced as a result of physical, sensory, intellectual and developmental impairments".
- 16. Article 12 of the Constitution of the Republic of Singapore states that "all persons are equal before the law and entitled to the equal protection of the law". Further, Singapore ratified the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD) in 2013.
- 17. Some of the initiatives by the Singapore Government to ensure disability mainstreaming include
  - i. Special Employment Credit (SEC) offered as an incentive for companies to hire Singaporean workers with disabilities.
  - ii. The Code on Accessibility in the Built Environment 2013 is a set of guidelines and requirements for improving accessibility in Singapore. The Code only applies to buildings that are constructed after the Code came into effect. There is no legislation to ensure older buildings are accessible.
  - iii. Schemes that provide funding support to companies to make their workplace and buildings more accessible to persons with disabilities. The two schemes are as follows
    - a) Open Door Programme (ODP) provides up to 90% subsidy of workplace modification.
    - b) Accessibility Fund subsidises up to 80% of the construction cost of basic accessibility features such as ramps, lifts, accessible toilets and signage.
- 18. Singapore has been able to formulate programmes to implement the provisions of its Constitution which ensure that the Persons with Disabilities are catered for by ensuring accessibility, funding and support to companies that make their workplaces accessible to Workers with Disabilities.
- 19. Similar to the proposals in the proposed Bill, Singapore offers employment incentives and wage offsets for employers of Persons with Disabilities, as well as subsidies of the cost of construction of accessibility features.

### Australia

20. Australia's Disability Discrimination Act of 1992 prohibits discrimination against Persons with Disabilities in various aspects of public life including employment, education, access to goods and services, renting or buying a house and accessing public places. The Act covers people who have temporary and permanent disabilities; physical, intellectual, sensory, neurological, learning and

psychosocial disabilities, diseases or illnesses, physical disfigurement, medical conditions and workrelated injuries.

21. To ensure disability mainstreaming, Australia has various accessibility standards and regulations, including-

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- i) the Disability (Access to Premises Buildings) Standards 2010, which specify requirements for accessible building design;
- ii) the Disability Standards for Accessible Public Transport 2002 to ensure accessibility in public transportation;
- iii)the Disability Discrimination Act 1992, together with the Disability Standards for Education 2005 to promote inclusive education. The educational institutions are required to provide reasonable adjustments and support for students with disabilities.

### PART THREE

# 3 OVERVIEW OF THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 7 OF 2023)

### 3.1 INTRODUCTION

- 22. The Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) is a Bill sponsored by Sen. Crystal Asige that was forwarded to the National Assembly for consideration having been passed by the Senate.
- 23. The Bill seeks to give effect to Article 54 of the Constitution, restructure the National Council for Persons with Disabilities, provide for the Council's functions and powers, provide for the institutional framework for protecting, promoting and monitoring the rights of persons with disabilities, to provide for incentives and reliefs and for connected purposes. The Bill repeals the Persons with Disabilities Act, 2003.
- 24. The Bill is divided into seven Parts comprised of 86 clauses and two schedules. The following are the key highlights of the Bill:

### Part 1-Preliminary Provisions

25. Part 1 of the Bill provides for the preliminary provisions which are the short title, definition of terms as used in the Bill and the guiding values and principles.

#### Part 2- Obligations of the National and County Governments

26. Part 2 of the Bill prescribes the obligations of the national and county governments. Clause 4 provides that the national government shall be responsible for among other things developing policies on the protection and promotion of the welfare of persons with disabilities. Clause 5 provides for the obligations of every county government which is to implement the national policies for the protection and promotion of the welfare of persons with disabilities.

## Part 3- Rights of Persons with Disabilities

27. Part 3 of the Bill provides for the rights of persons with disabilities which are:

- a) Clause 6-Right to equality and non-discrimination;
- b) Clause 7-Right to legal capacity;
- c) Clause 8-Right to marry and form a family;
- d) Clause 9-Right to privacy;
- e) Clause 10-Rights of women with disabilities;
- f) Clause 11-Rights of children with disabilities;
- g) Clause 12-Rights of youth with disabilities;
- h) Clause 13-Rights of older members of society;
- i) Clause 14-Right to documents of registration and identification;
- j) Clause 15-Right to physical and mental integrity;
- k) Clause 16-Right to human dignity;
- 1) Clause 17-Right to be protected from abuse, exploitation and violence;

- m) Clause 18-Protection and safety of persons with disabilities in situations of risk and humanitarian emergencies;
- n) Clause 19-Specific measures for persons with disabilities;
- o) Clause 20-Right to education;
- p) Clause 21-Right to work and employment for persons with disabilities;
- q) Clause 22-No dismissal of employee with disability;
- r) Clause 23-Incentives for private employers who engages a person with disability as an employee. The employer shall enjoy a deduction from taxable income of 25% of the total amount paid as salaries for such employees and where they have modified physical structures to provide reasonable accommodation for employees with disabilities, the employer shall be entitled to additional deductions of 50% of the direct costs of the improvements.
- s) Clause 24-Right to health. Persons with disabilities shall be entitled to free medical care and treatment in public health institutions;
- t) Clause 26-Right of access to ICT services;
- u) Clause 27- Access to financial and banking services;
- v) Clause 28-Acess to justice;
- w) Clause 29-Right to take part on an equal basis with others in sports, recreation, leisure and cultural activities;
- x) Clause 30-Right to a barrier free and disability friendly environment to enable them to have access to buildings, roads and other social amenities and assistive devices;
- y) Clause 32-Civic and political rights for persons with disabilities;
- z) Clause 33- Right to independent living.
- 28. This Part also provides for the enforcement of the rights specified in the Bill through application to the High Court.

#### Part IV-Establishment of the National Council of Persons with Disabilities.

- 29. Part IV of the Bill provides for the establishment of the National Council of Persons with Disabilities, its functions and powers.
- 30. Clause 37 provides that the functions of the Council shall include to advise on formulation and development of policy and advise on, and enforce accessibility, reasonable accommodation and non-discrimination for persons with disabilities.
- 31. Clause 40 of the Bill provides for the composition of the Council which shall consist of:
  - a. Chairperson draw from organizations of persons with disabilities who shall be appointed by the President;
  - b. Principal Secretary responsible for matters relating to disabilities;
  - c. Principal Secretary for finance;
  - d. One person nominated by Council of Governors;
  - e. Three persons nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities representing different categories of disabilities appointed by the Cabinet Secretary;
  - f. Two persons nominated by the organization of persons with disabilities, one of whom shall be from organizations of parents and guardians of persons with mental disabilities who cannot represent themselves, appointed by the Cabinet Secretary; and

g. The Executive Director of the Council.

32. This Part further provides for the powers of the Council; qualifications for appointment of the chairperson and members of the Council; the funds of the Council and the tenure of the Members of the Council which shall be five years renewable once.

### Part V-Reliefs and Incentives

33. Part V of the Bill provides for reliefs and incentives for persons with disabilities which are:

- a. Clause 55-All persons with disabilities who are in receipt of income may apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from income tax;
- b. Clause 56- A parent or guardian of a person certified with severe disability and incapable of catering of their basic need may apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for a tax exemption of Kshs 150, 000.
- c. Additionally, the Cabinet Secretary on social protection may on application of a parent or guardian who is indigent and is responsible for the care of a person certified with severe disability, grant a long-term social assistance monthly cash transfer of not less than Kshs. 10, 000 in accordance with the Social Assistance Act.
- d. Clause 57-Any donations to organizations dealing with persons with disabilities shall be allowed deductions in computing taxable income.
- e. Local manufacturers of assistive devices may also be provided with incentives on raw materials, inputs and imported capital equipment.
- f. Clause 58 of the Bill provides that the Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to cooperatives and other lending institutions may develop guidelines to ensure persons with disabilities have equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other form of financial credit.
- g. Clause 59 provides for exemption from taxable income of employers of persons with disabilities.
- h. Clause 60 provides for exemption from postal charges for materials and devices used by persons with disabilities.

### Part VI-Offences and Penalties

34. Part VI of the Bill provides for the following offences among others:

- a. Clause 61 creates the offence against discrimination of persons with disabilities.
- b. Clause 62 prescribes the offence against abuse, exploitation or violence of person with disabilities.
- c. Clause 63 creates the offence against concealment of persons with disabilities.
- d. Clause 64 provides for the offence against perpetrating harmful practices against persons with disabilities which is punishable with life imprisonment.
- e. Clause 65 provides for the offence against denial of food and fluids of persons with disabilities.
- f. Clause 66 creates the offence against the degrading treatment of persons with disabilities.
- g. Clause 67 provides for the offence against negligence by medical practitioners and care givers.
- h. Clause 70 provides for the offence against torture and cruel treatment of persons with disabilities.

#### Part VII-Miscellaneous

35. Part VII of the Bill provides for miscellaneous provisions which include provisions on protection of roads users with disabilities; obligations and incentives of owners of public service transport;

provisions against denial or admission into premises; and establishment of disability mainstreaming units in all government ministries and county public offices.

36. This Part also provides for the general penalty, regulations making authority of the Council, repeal, transitional and saving provisions.

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37. The First Schedule provides for the conduct of business and affairs of the Council and the Second Schedule provides for access to public buildings.

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### PART FOUR

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## 4 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION/STAKEHOLDERS CONSULTATION

Following the call for memoranda from the public through placement of adverts in the print media on 8<sup>th</sup> March 2024 and vide a letters reference numbers REF: NA/DC-SP/BILL/2024/091 REF and NA/DC-SP/BILL/2024/091 inviting stakeholders for meetings, the Committee received memoranda from the following stakeholders:

- i. The Ministry of Labour and Social Protection (State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs);
- ii. The National Council for Persons with Disabilities (NCPWD) in conjunction with Light for the World, Sightsavers and Christian Blind Mission (CBM) International;
- iii. Democracy and Legal Aid Centre through Ms. Emily Muriguh the Chief Executive Officer in conjunction with Nairobi Waldorf School;
- iv. African Centre for Parliamentary Affairs (ACEPA)
- v. The Mover of the Bill, Sen. Crystal Asige, and
- vi. The Nairobi Disability Forum composed of;
  - a) Kenya National Association for the Deaf (KNAD)
    - b) Action for Children With Disabilities
    - c) Kenya Union of the Blind
    - d)Kenya Association of the Intellectually Handicap
    - e) Sight of Relief Organization
    - f) United Disabled Persons of Kenya (UDPK)
    - g) Youth on the Move Kenya
    - h)Northern Nomadic Disabled Persons Organization (NONDO)
    - i) National Democratic Institute (NDI)
- 38. The Committee held a meeting with the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizen Affairs as well as the National Council for Persons with Disabilities (NCPWD) from 19<sup>th</sup> April to 21<sup>st</sup> April 2024, and again on 29<sup>th</sup> November 2024; and with the Nairobi Disability Forum, the Kenya Parliamentarians Disability Forum and Hon. Crystal Asige on 15<sup>th</sup> August 2024. The analysis of the submissions made by the stakeholders are contained hereunder.

### 4.1 Submissions by the Stakeholders

39. In their written and oral submissions in response to the advertisement and the Committee's invitation, the stakeholders submitted as follows:

#### Long Title

## Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

The long title be amended to read "AN ACT of parliament to give effect to the provisions of Constitution relating to persons with disabilities; to re-establish the National Council for Persons with Disabilities and to provide for its functions and powers; to provide for the institutional framework for protecting, promoting and monitoring the rights of persons with disabilities; and for connected purposes".

### **Observations**

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The long title of the Bill as it is presently is clear and more specific that it seeks to give effect to the provisions of Article 54 of the Constitution on persons with disabilities. The proposed amendments are already captured in the long title of the Bill.

#### 40. Clause 2 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 2 to add "assistive technologies" and define "Assistive Technology as an umbrella term for assistive products and their related systems and services." There are some clauses in the Bill that will require to be complement by assistive technology rather than assistive devices.

Further, remove the word "illness" and add "or" after the word "impairment" in the definition of the term disability and add "Affirmative Action" to the interpretation part to have the same meaning as prescribed in Article 260 of the Constitution.

#### **Observations**

The Bill as it is, applies the use of the term assistive devices. The inclusion of the term assistive technologies would broaden the use to other aspects not contained in the Bill such as supply chain, training and services in assistive devices ecosystem hence creating ambiguity. Additionally, the deletion of the word illness in the definition of the term disability is not proper as it negates the meaning of the term disability. Additionally, the term affirmative action is already defined in Article 260 of the Constitution.

#### 41. Clause 3 of the Bill

## Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Amend clause 3 to delete the phrase "in the conduct of their private affairs" as the principle of independence is as broad for persons with disabilities as it is for non-disabled persons, and it should not be limited only to conduct of the private affairs of persons with disabilities.

#### **Observations**

Clause 3(a) defines the principle for respect for inherent dignity and individual autonomy in a broad manner and includes and is not limited to independence in the conduct of private affairs.

#### 42. Clause 4 of the Bill

## Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 4(a) to read that the national government shall, in consultation with county governments, Organizations of and for Persons with Disabilities, the National Council for Persons with Disabilities and other stakeholders, develop and implement policies and laws on the protection and promotion of welfare of persons with disability.

In paragraph (b) replace "assistive devices" with "Assistive Technology"

Add the words 'and inclusion' after the word "Integration" in paragraph (e)

Delete the words "by implementing preferential procurement for" and replace with the word "from" in paragraph (h).

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In paragraph (i) insert the word 'compulsory' between the words 'free' and 'basic' and in the interpretation part define what the word 'social amenities' mean.

In paragraph (j) delete the word "specifically" and insert a new sub section 4 (q) to read "Ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions"

#### Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Replace the word "welfare" with the word "rights" and in paragraph (e) replace the word "integration" with the word "inclusion".

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

In clause 4(i) insert the word 'compulsory' between the words 'free' and 'basic'; and define the word 'social amenities' or replace the expression "social amenities" with the expression "public places". Further, in clause 4(j) delete the word "specifically"; and merge paragraph (j) and (k).

#### **Observations**

Clause 4(a) defines expressly the exclusive obligation of the national government to develop policies on the protection and promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities. Article 10 of the Constitution compels all public officers whenever they make policies to ensure the participation of the people including consultations with the relevant stakeholders.

Reference to preferential treatment in procurement seeks to create clarity on the nature pf affirmative actions in procurement of goods and services to be implemented.

Paragraphs (j) and (k) cannot be merged as one is dealing with allocation of resources for training and the other for programmes. The use of the word "specifically" is a qualifier and meant to create clarity. The use of the word "integration in paragraph (e) aligns with the provisions of Article 54(1) (b) however there may need to include the word inclusion to align with the Basic Education Act. The term 'social amenities' has an ordinary meaning and may not require further elucidation.

There is need to amend clause 4 to make reference to free and compulsory education in paragraph (i) to create clarity; and replace the word "welfare" with the word "rights" in paragraph (a) to align with the provisions of Article 54. Further, there is need to amend to provide for the general obligation to ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions.

#### 43. Clause 5 of the Bill

# Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Replace the word "welfare" with the word "rights".

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

In clause 5(1) (b) delete the word 'specifically' and amend clause 5(4) to provide that the representative is a person with a disability who resides within the respective county.

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 5(1)(b) to delete the word "specifically"; Insert the word 'compulsory' between the words 'free' and 'basic' in paragraph (c); In the interpretation part define what the word 'social amenities' mean; add the word "accessible" after the word "disseminate" in paragraph (d); delete the words "by implementing preferential procurement for" and replace with the word" from" in paragraph (f).

Further, insert a new sub section 4(1)(h) to read "Ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions; in clause 5(2) add the words "responsible for issues dealing with disability" after the word "member" to assign responsibility to a specific line entity; delete the word "Governor" and replace with the word "Government" as the head of the County is the Governor (by using county government this is implied) the CEM can also extend the advisory services across county structures.

Additionally, amend clause 5(3) to include the word "public officer in charge of disability issues...." after the word "Officer" to assign direct responsibility and ensure that a person who is knowledgeable on issues of disabilities is designated; in sub-clause (4)(a) delete the words "a person who represents" and replace with: "Two persons with diverse disabilities, who reside within the respective county" to ensure realization of 5% constitutional threshold as well as ensure the representatives are local persons with disabilities; and amend sub-clause (4)(d) to delete 'exceeding' and replace it with 'less than' as the term "exceeding" is limiting inclusion of and does not contemplate expansion of County structures.

#### **Observations**

The Committee noted its observations in clause 4 on similar amendments. In respect of the proposed amendments to sub-clause (1)(d), the Committee noted that Access to Information Act governs issues of access to information and paragraph (d) deals with issues of dissemination of information. Further, in respect of the proposed amendment to sub-clause (2), the Committee observed that the use of the word "Government" is ambiguous and would imply both the executive and legislative arm of a county government. The proposed amendment to clause 4(d) would also fail to put a cap on the maximum number of persons who may be appointed to the county executive committee. The proposed amendments to clause 5(3) are administrative in nature and fall within the appointing powers of the CEC. The Committee agreed with the proposed amendment to sub-clause (4)(a) save for the increase to two persons would create an even number in terms of composition of the Committee and create paralysis in decision making.

#### 44. Clause 6 of the Bill

Submission by the National Council of Persons with Disabilities

Replace clause 6(1)(a) with the words "equal before and under the law and are entitled without any discrimination to the equal protection and equal benefit of the law" as the current phrasing is unclear and cumbersome. The proposed phrasing covers the four relevant elements of equality

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### **Observations**

Clause 6(1)(a) should be aligned with the provisions of Article 27(1) of the Constitution on equality and freedom from discrimination.

### 45. Clause 7 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Define "support services". In the interpretation section-there was consensus not to list the support services in order to delineate the types and extend of the envisioned support services that a person with disabilities might need in the process of decision making.

### Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Delete the word "services" as the word limits support only to services. The proposal guarantees persons with disabilities all the support they may require to exercise legal capacity, be that services or other measures.

Further, insert the following new sub-clause (2A):

"Relevant government bodies shall, in consultation with the Council, ensure that measures relating to the exercise of legal capacity respect the rights, will and preferences of the person, are free of conflict of interest and undue influence, are proportional and tailored to the person's circumstances, apply for the shortest time possible and are subject to regular review by a competent, independent and impartial authority or judicial body." The provision will ensure that those who provide support to a person with disability conform strictly to the rights, will and preferences of the person with disability

### **Observations**

The Committee observed that the support services envisaged under clause 7(2) are in relation to exercise by persons with disabilities of their right to legal capacity and to define it would limit its application. Further, the deletion of the word services would create ambiguity on the nature of the support to be extended to person with disabilities. Additionally, Part III of the Bill only defines the various rights of persons with disabilities and the proposed new sub clause (2A) deals with the question of the manner of implementation of the right.

#### 46. Clause 8 of the Bill

## Submission by the State Department for Social Protection

Clause 6(1) of the National Assembly Bill provides for free and full consent.

### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Delete the word "sexuality" and replace with the word "sexual" in clause 8(2) to align with Constitution and other legal frameworks regarding sexual and reproductive health.

## Submission by the Association of Social Work Educators

Amend clause 8(1) to provide for the right to marry by persons with intellectual capacity. Once, this is provided for, amend to qualify the meaning of "consent" so as to take into account consent by persons with intellectual capacity. Amend 8(2) to read "... sexual and reproductive health".

### **Observations**.

Clause 8 of the Bill aligns with the provisions of Article 45 of the Constitution which recognises the right of every adult to marry a person of the opposite sex, based on the free consent of the parties. The Committee agreed with the proposal to delete the word sexuality and replace with "sexual".

### 47. Clause 9 of the Bill

### Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend clause 9 to provide for exceptions to take care of PWDs who may require the assistance of another person such as a care giver or an interpreter which may be interpreted as a violation of the right to privacy if such person's accesses information relating to the PWD. This is to ensure that PWDs are not impeded in receiving services such as healthcare and the PWD require the assistance of another person to receive such services.

### **Observations**

Clause 9 of the Bill deals with the right to privacy as envisaged under Article 31 of the Constitution and does not limit provision of assistance to a person with disabilities by a care giver.

#### 48. Clause 11 of the Bill

### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In clause 11 (1) (f) add the words "and inclusive" after the word "quality" to address the need for consistency in complying with the CRPD on inclusive education.

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposal for amendment as it aligns with the Basic Education Act.

#### 49. Clause 12 of the Bill

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend 12(2)(e) to include the word "political" to further provide for the right to political participation by youth with disability in line with Articles 38, 54 and 100 of the Constitution.

## Submission by National Council for Persons with Disabilities

#### Replace sub-clause 12(2) with the following:

"The National and County Governments and other state agencies shall, subject to standards established by and in consultation with the Council, take policy, legislative, administrative and other measures to ensure that the rights of youth with disabilities are fully respected, including by—". The

Report of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection on its consideration of the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) Page 21 of 70 primary obligation to provide services to all persons, whether disabled or not, lies with the government through its various line ministries/departments. It is the government that makes laws and policies.

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### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In paragraph (e): Add the word "and political ..." to promote participation of person with disabilities in all spheres of life including in governance and political landscapes as espoused in Article 38 and 54, 100 of Constitution.

#### **Observations**

The Committee noted that paragraph (e) deals with issues of economic opportunities such as employment and insertion of the word political would create ambiguity. In any event, the Committee noted that Article 55(b) already obligates the State to take measures to ensure that the youth have opportunities to participate in political spheres of life. Additionally, sub-clause (1) aligns with the functions of the Council under clause 37.

### 50. Clause 13 of the Bill

## Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aid Centre

Amend 13(a) by inserting the words 'for themselves and their care givers' after the word 'Programs'.

#### **Observations**

The matter of care givers is beyond the scope of the Bill as published.

#### 51. Clause 14 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Sen. Asige

Replace the word "card" with the ward "document". The use of the "card" is limiting. There could be other forms of identification, including electronic identification.

#### Submission by Nairobi Disability Forum

Delete the word 'Card' and substitute with "document" as the Card' is limiting. There are other forms of identification as systems change.

#### **Observations**

Clause 14 makes reference to "a disability identification card and **any other document of registration or identification** free of charge" and this shall allow the use of any other form of identification including electronic identification as may be appropriate.

#### 52. New clause 15A of the Bill

# Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Insert the following new clause:

"Every person with disability has the inherent right to life and integrity, and that right shall be respected and protected." Violations of the right to life of persons with disabilities continues to happen, for example, with the killing of persons with albinism, and the law should cover this.

#### **Observations**

Article 26 of the Constitution guarantees the right to life of every person. Clauses 64 and 70 of the Bill addresses the issues of ritual killings or other harmful practices against persons with disabilities.

#### 53. Clause 18 of the Bill.

## Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Define "situations of risk" in the interpretation section – There was consensus not to list the situations of risk.

#### **Observations**

Clause 18 of the Bill provides that persons with disabilities have the right to protection in situations of risk, including situations of armed conflict, humanitarian emergencies and the occurrence of natural disasters. The clause is exhaustive and open ended and hence there is no need to define the situations of risk in clause 2.

#### 54. Clause 20 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In clause 20(6): add the word "tertiary" after the word "secondary" as the right to education under Article 43 and Article 53 of constitution is across board; Amend clause 20(8) (c) by adding the word "trained" after the words "retention of" as the aspect having been trained is critical component in prison of quality and inclusive education; and in sub-clause (9) add "curriculum" after the word "adaptable" and replace the word "intellectual" with "Neurodiverse". The examination processed from the curricula which needs to be adopted inline learners and trainees with disabilities sector policy and Basic Education Act. Neurodiverse is an umbrella term encompassing intellectual and other developmental disabilities.

#### Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aide Centre

In clause 20(8): replace with 'The Ministry of Education in consultation with the Council shall ensure that-

In clause 20(8c): replace with 'The Ministry responsible for education in consultation with the Council formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through-

## Submission by the National Council of Persons with Disabilities

Replace chapeau with the following:

"Relevant Government establishments shall, subject to the standards established by and in consultation with the Council, ensure that—

Replace the word "adoptive" with the word "adaptive".

Replace sub-clause with the following: "Relevant agencies of National and County Governments shall, in consultation with the Council, work to make provisions for an integrated system of special and nonformal schools and institutions, especially for the deaf, the blind, the deaf blind and those with developmental disabilities to cater for skills development and self- reliance, and establishment of braille and recorded libraries for persons with visual disabilities."

### Submission by Sen. Asige

THAT Clause 20 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new subclause immediately after subclause (15)—

(16) Accessibility audit shall be offered as a discipline or a course of study at technical and vocational training institutions and institutions of higher learning

### **Observations**

Pursuant to section 30 of the Basic Education Act, primary and secondary education is compulsory and hence the inclusion of tertiary education may not be in line with the Act. The proposed amendments to subclause (9) creates ambiguity and the use of the word neurodiverse is a technical term that would require further definition. The Council plays an advisory role in terms of advising the relevant government agencies on matters relating to persons with disabilities. As such, it is the role of the relevant government agencies to work in consultation with the Council to make provisions for an integrated system of special and non-formal schools and institutions. On the proposed new sub-clause (16), it is the role of the relevant government agencies and institutions responsible for curriculum development to structure appropriate courses and programmes of study. The Committee agreed with the proposal on reference to the word adaptive.

#### 55. Clause 21 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aid Centre

In clause 21(2)(a) add the word employment' after the proviso.

## Submission by the National Council of Persons with Disabilities

In clause 21(2)(a) insert the phrase "Where an employer has at least 20 employees," before the word "reserve" to ensure undue burden is not placed on employers with few staff. Further, in clause 21(5)(e) by deleting the word "solely". Use of the word "solely" effectively allows employers to discriminate employees on the ground of disability when it is accompanied by another ground.

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposals for amendments.

### 56. Clause 24 of the Bill

### Submission by Sen. Asige

THAT clause 24 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new sub-clause immediately after sub-clause (7)—

(7A) The national and county governments shall ensure that health institutions have-

(a) designated disability desks that are accessible to persons with disabilities for provision of health services specific to persons with disabilities;

(b) medical health practitioners who are trained on health matters relating to persons with disabilities for provision of health services specific to persons with disabilities; and;

(c) medical practitioners that are trained in sign language interpretation for provision of health services to deaf persons

### Submission by the National Council of Persons with Disabilities

In clause 24(5) insert the phrase "habilitation and rehabilitation services" after the word "treatment". The services are as essential for a disabled person as medical treatment. Habilitation enables a disabled person to gain new skills, abilities and knowledge. Rehabilitation rebuilds the skills, abilities or knowledge that a person may have lost as a result of a disability. Delete the proviso in sub-clause (9) as it is redundant and should be regulated in laws that apply to all persons.

### Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aid Centre

In clause 24(5) add "rehabilitation services" after the word 'treatment.

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In clause 24(3)(3) add "accessibility" before the word "information" to guarantee access to information on equal basis.

#### **Observations**

The Committee observed that persons with disabilities have the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health, including health-related habilitation and rehabilitation services, without discrimination on the basis of disability. Further, the Committee noted that under clause 67(6) the Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to health is obligated to, within three months of the date of commencement of the Act, develop or review guidelines on medical practice so as to bring them into conformity with the provisions of the Act. Additionally, clause 24(7) requires the national and county governments to ensure that all health institutions have an adequate number of Kenyan Sign language interpreters in their institutional structures. The Access to Information Act governs matters relating to accessibility of information. Clause 24(3)(3) simply restates the right to information. The Committee noted the proposed amendments to clause 24(5) in already covered in sub-clause (1). The proposed amendment to clause 24(9) should be retained as it is inter-linked with clause 67(4) which deals with negligence of medical practitioners.

#### 57. Clause 25 of the Bill

Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Clause 25(e) be amended by inserting the words "putting in place mechanisms for" immediately before the phrase "prompt attendance by medical personnel...." There is need for clarity as to processes and structures for delivering health services to persons with disabilities

### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments.

### 58. Clause 26 of the Bill

## Submissions by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 26(2) to insert the words "forms of" immediately before "communication and devices" to take cognizance of existence of different modes of communication not tied to devices and gadgets

In sub-clause (7), delete "Media Council of Kenya" and substitute therefore with "Communication Authority of Kenya". The Communication Authority of Kenya is the regulator of all communication in Kenya, including media houses.

In sub-clause (8), delete 'sub-title' and replace with "closed captioning" and add the word "appropriate" before the word "Kenya Sign". Closed captioning is used specifically for Deaf viewers who cannot hear. This will ensure the size and other accessibility criteria of the inset are met.

In sub-clause (9), insert "Deaf studies" immediately after "Kenya Sign Language". Deaf studies is an area of scholarly work that has been neglected and needs to be mainstreamed.

## Submissions by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Replace sub-clause (1) with the following:

"Every person with disability has the right to freedom of expression and opinion, including the freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas, and the right to access information, on an equal basis with others, in a timely manner and without additional cost." This is to avoid the confusing phrasing in the provision and to distinguish clearly between freedom of expression and access to information.

Further, replace the sub-clause (2) with the following:

"Every person with disability has the right to access information using accessible formats and communication technology, including Kenyan Sign Language, Braille, tactile communication, large print, accessible multimedia, and written, audio, plain-language, human-reader and augmentative and alternative modes, means and formats of communication." The right as stated in the Bill is convoluted. The aim here is to assert the right of persons with disabilities to access information using accessible formats and communication technologies. Also, reference to "talking software" is a mischaracterisation.

In sub-clause (7), insert the phrase "in consultation with the Council" after the word "shall". In light of the Council's role as the regulator for disability standards. Additionally, in sub-clause (10) delete the word "public". This sub-clause should apply both to public and private entities. At the

same time, sanctions for the whole clause should be graduated, from a warning, to limited suspension and in due course to permanent suspension.

#### Submissions by Sen. Asige

In clause 26(7), replace "Media Council of Kenya" with "Communication Authority of Kenya". The Communication Authority of Kenya is the regulator. Further, replace 'sub-title' with "closed captioning" in 26(8). Closed captioning is the universal trend and there is need to be in conformity.

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments save for the proposed amendment to redefine sub-clause (2). The Committee noted that sub-clause (4) is intended to ensure the right to access to information is realised. Further, it is the role of the Council in consultation with the relevant government agencies to determine the appropriate curriculum and common courses for persons with disabilities.

#### 59. Clause 27 of the Bill

#### Submissions by National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Insert the following new sub-clause immediately after sub-clause (1):

"(2) The Governor of the Central Bank of Kenya and other relevant financial authorities, in consultation with the Council, shall make regulations to ensure that persons with disabilities have access to financial services, equipment and platforms on an equal basis with others, including through the provision of reasonable accommodation and other support.

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The provision addresses instances where individuals have been denied financial services such as bank accounts on account of disability, or where banks and other vendors have deployed inaccessible financial platforms such as touch ATMs (automatic teller machines) OR PDQ (Process Data Quickly) Machines.

#### **Observations**

The proposed amendment is not in accordance with the provisions of Article 94(6) of the Constitution on regulatory making power.

### 60. Clause 28 of the Bill

#### Submissions by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 28(1) to delete the word 'age appropriate' and replace with "reasonable". The use of the term age appropriate is discriminatory and limiting.

#### Submissions by Sen. Asige

In clause 28(3)(b) replace Kenya Sign language with Kenyan Sign Language to align with the language of the Constitution.

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments to sub-clause (3). The Committee noted that reference to age-appropriate accommodation in sub-clause (1) is intended to ensure that the rights of children with disabilities in the justice system are upheld.

#### 61. Clause 29 of the Bill

Amend clause 29(4) replace to replace Kenya Sign language with Kenyan Sign Language

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments."

### 62. Clause 33 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aid Centre

Amend clause 33(2): rephrase it as "subject to subsection (1) the government shall provide the necessary resources to support independent living of persons with disabilities in the community.

#### **Observations**

The proposed amendment is feasible but contains an element of ambiguity.

#### 63. New clauses

## Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Amend clause 33(2) on right to independent living by replacing sub-clause (2) with the following subclause:

"Subject to subsection (1), the Government shall provide the necessary resources to support independent living of persons with disabilities in the community." This is an obligation of the state, not that of the employer.

Insert the following new clause 33A:

"The Government shall, in relation to its various housing construction programmes, and in consultation with the Council, avail housing for acquisition by persons with disabilities on an affirmative basis and on subsidised terms. This provision will make the right to housing for persons with disabilities operational.

In clause 35(3) replace the sub-clause with the following:

"Organizations of and for persons with disabilities may within twelve months of formation, apply to the Council, in the prescribed manner, for registration" to streamline with the rest of the Bill. Further, delete sub-clause (4).

### 64. Clause 34 of the Bill

## Submission by the Democracy and Legal Aid Centre

Amend clause 34(1) and (2): replace 'high court' with a court of law.

#### **Observations**

The proposed amendment is feasible.

#### 65. Submission by Sen. Asige

#### New clause 35A

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after Clause 35— Council to register accessibility auditor professionals.

35A. (1) The Council shall register accessibility audit professionals.

(2) The accessibility audit professionals shall carry out periodic accessibility audits to ensure that persons with disabilities access, on an equal basis with others, the physical environment, transportation, information and communications, including information and communications technologies and systems, and other facilities and services open or provided to the public, both in urban and in rural areas.

(3) The Council shall prescribe the requirements for registration of accessibility audit professionals.

(4) The Council shall prescribe the manner and subject matter of courses pertaining to training and continuing professional.

#### **Observations**

In respect of the proposed amendment to clause 33, the Committee observed that it is the role of employers to provide special allowances to persons with disabilities. Clause 35(3) seeks to create clarity on the threshold for registration and sub-clause (4) seeks to create clarity that the Council shall not deny a person with disability who is not registered from accessing any of the services set out under the part. Further, the Committee observed that clause 37 of the Bill already provides for the role of the Council to consult with the relevant government agencies to ensure the provision of suitable and affordable housing for persons with disabilities. The proposed amendment on regulation of accessibility audit professionals expands the scope of the Bill to matters that are not provided for contrary to Standing Order 133.

#### 66. Clause 37

#### Submissions by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In clause 37, add "National" and "County" after the word "relevant" The idea is to make sure the council services are accessible throughout the country. In paragraph (d)(i): add the word "accessible" before the word "information". To ensure right to access information on an equal basis and in paragraph (d) (e): Insert the wordings "in collaboration with organizations of persons with disabilities conduct...." at the begging of the statement.

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend to provide that services provided by the Council are easily accessible throughout the country.

#### Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

In paragraph (a), substitute the word "enforce" with the word "regulate" and in paragraph (b)(i), for Council to play advisory role Further, review (viii), (ix) and (xi)

### **Observations**

Clause 37 of the Bill creates clarity on the role of the Council and hence the amendments may not be necessary

### 67. Clause 40 of the Bill

### Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

In clause 40(1)(e)(ii) delete the word "mental" The aim of the provision is to ensure the Council's membership includes the parents of persons with severe disabilities Persons with mental disabilities can sit and have sat on the Council on their own behalf and do not need to be represented by their parents

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Clause 40(e)(1) be amended to read "with disabilities" to ensure the appointees are persons with disabilities In clause 40(e)(i) delete the words "parents and guardians" and replace with "Caregivers. Delete the term "mental disabilities" with "neuro-diverse disabilities" Parents or guardians do not automatically equate to be a caregiver The term "mental disability" is decapricated

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### **Observations**

Clause 40(1)(e) of the Bill seeks to provide for appointment by the Cabinet Secretary of three persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities; and two persons nominated by organizations for persons with disabilities, one of whom shall be from organizations of parents and guardians of persons with mental disabilities who cannot represent themselves The clause seeks to ensure inclusivity in the composition of the Council by allowing the representation of persons with disabilities in the membership of the Council including persons with mental disabilities. Further, parents or guardians are the legally recognized persons with parental responsibility The use of the term neuro-diverse disabilities may have different interpretation.

#### 68. Clause 50 of the Bill

#### Submissions by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 50(1) and insert new clause 50(1)(c) to read "upon request by an individual or any member of the public" to provide opportunity for members of public to report and require investigation where necessary. In sub-clause (3) add "or a member of public" after the word "regulatory body"

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend clause 50(3) to provide for requests by members of the public There may be instances where members of the public including PWDs may request for the undertaking of investigation on an issue touching of PWDs.

#### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments.

#### 69. Clause 55 of the Bill

## Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Clause 55 (3); add the words "and permanently exempted from paying income tax". Addressed the requirement for regular renewal of tax exemption certificate

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

THAT Clause 55 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new sub-clause immediately after sub-clause (3)—

A person with a permanent disability shall be issued with a tax exemption certificate which shall permanently exempt the person from paying income tax in future tax assessments without need for application of a new tax exemption certificate.

By inserting the following new sub-clauses immediately after sub-clause (6) — (6A) A person with disability shall be entitled to exemption of stamp duty payable on purchase of property.

(6B) A person with disability shall apply to the Cabinet Secretary responsible for finance for exemption of stamp duty on purchase of property.

#### **Observations**

Clause 55(3) of the Bill already provides that if an assessment demonstrates that an individual has a permanent disability, that person will be exempt from future assessments. The Committee noted that exemption for stamp duty may have money Bill implications.

### 70. Clause 56 of the Bill

## Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Insert the phrase "or primary caregiver" after the word "guardian" each time the word appears in the sub-clause. Delete the phrase "an income tax exemption of Kshs 150,000=" and replace it with the phrase "a partial or full income tax exemption". Insert the phrase "or primary caregiver" after the word "guardian" each time the word appears in the sub-clause. Delete the phrase "of not less than 10,000/=" and replace it with the phrase "a partial or full income tax exemption".

### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Define the term "severe disability" and delete the words "parent or guardian" and replace with "caregiver". Add the words "not less than" before the amount of Ksh 150,000/

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

Delete the term "severe" on severe disability. In clause 56(1) remove the capping of 150,000/.

#### **Observations**

Parents or guardians are the legally recognized persons with parental responsibility. Deletion of the term severe would create ambiguity and in any event the social protection assistance is to be provided to persons who have been certified as having severe disability. The Committee agreed with the proposal to delete reference to figures and provide for the amount as shall be prescribed by the Cabinet Secretary.

### 71. Clause 57 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

In clause 57(2) add the words" and providers of assistive technologies, medicine, other daily disability related medication and support by diverse person with diverse disabilities" after manufactures. Medication required to treat neuro-diverse illnesses have doubled in price which has put a strain on the quality of life for the people with neuro-diverse disabilities. Access to health is a right under Article 43 of the Constitution.

#### Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend 57 (2) to include medicine as well as other commodities such as sunscreen lotions required for daily support by PWDS.

THAT clause 57 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new sub-clauses immediately after sub-clause (2) —

- (3) An insurer which provides subsidized insurance products to persons with disabilities, learning institutions or resource centers for persons with disabilities shall be entitled to deductions on taxable income as the Cabinet Secretary for finance may determine.
- (4) An insurer may apply to the Cabinet Secretary responsible for finance for deductions on taxable income

### **Observations**

The Committee noted that the proposed amendments may have money Bill implications.

#### 72. Clause 60 of the Bill

#### Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 60 to insert a new clause (d) to read "easy to read and other adapted materials for use by a person with disability". Accessible formats for various categories of disabilities.

#### **Observations**

Clause 60 already provides for exemption of braille, printed or recorded literature, including any materials in tactile format.

## 73. Clauses on Offences: Clauses 62, 64, 65 and 66 of the Bill Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 62 (1) to align it with the penal code and other relevant acts of Parliament. Further, amend clause 64 to harmonize with clause 62.

### Submission by Sen. Asige

THAT Cause 62 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "one million" and substituting therefor the words "two million".

THAT Clause 65 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

THAT Clause 66 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after Clause 66-

Begging and receiving alms 66A.

A person who causes, procures, encourages or solicits a child or an adult with disabilities to engage in begging or receiving alms commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five million shillings or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or to both.

## **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments to enhance the offences and create the offence against begging and receiving alms.

## 74. Clause 67 of the Bill

## Submission by the Nairobi Disability Forum

Amend clause 67(1) to add the word "including sexual and reproductive health..." after the words" health care".

## **Observations**

Clause 67 applies to provision of health care and other services to persons with disabilities and this include sexual and reproductive health care.

## 75. Clause 69 of the Bill

## Submission by Sen. Asige

Amend to capture the refund of other monetary and non-monetary benefits such as tax exemptions fraudulently obtained as well as other benefits obtained from KRA.

## **Observations**

Clause 69 already creates an offence for any person who knowingly gives false information to the Council for the purpose of acquiring any right or privilege due to persons so registered.

## 76. Clause 72 of the Bill

## Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

Replace paragraph(a) with the following:

"Equipping pedestrian crossings with appropriate and accessible traffic control signals".

Report of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection on its consideration of the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) Page 33 of 70 Insert the following new paragraph:

(c) Ensuring that bus-stops are barrier-free".

## **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments to paragraph (c). In respect of the proposed amendment to paragraph (a) the Committee noted that paragraph (a) as presently contained in the Bill creates clarity on the traffic control signals.

## 77. Clause 73 of the Bill

## Submission by Sen. Asige

THAT clause 73 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new sub-clauses immediately after sub-clause (5) —

(6)A registered owner of public transport who subsidizes the cost of use of public transport by persons with disabilities shall be entitled to deductions on taxable income as the Cabinet Secretary for finance may determine.

(7) A registered owner of public transport may apply to the Cabinet Secretary responsible for finance for deductions on taxable income.

(8) A person with disability may upon certification by a medical practitioner operate a public service vehicle in accordance with the requirements of the relevant laws

### **Observations**

The Committee noted that exemption for deductions may have money Bill implications.

### 78. Clause 74 of the Bill

### Submission by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

In sub-clause (1), delete the word "only" after the word "disability" and in sub-clause (2), delete the word "alone" after the word "disability".

### **Observations**

The Committee agreed with the proposed amendments to delete reference to the word "alone" appearing in sub-clauses (1) and (2).

## General submissions by the National Council for Persons with Disabilities

- 79. The Council proposed that the language in the Bill be changed to ensure that wherever the phrases "persons with disability", "children with disability" or "women with disability" appear, they be replaced with the phrase "persons with disabilities", "children with disabilities" or "women with disabilities" as appropriate. The Committee noted that this could be affected at that the time of preparation of the Vellum by the Senate.
- 80. The Bill seeks to replace the Persons with Disabilities Act (No. 14 of 2003) which has been Kenya's flagship law on disability for the past two decades.
- 81. Four significant events have taken place in the last two decades which have made the Act an anachronism.

- 82. First, in 2008, Kenya became party to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006) (CRPD) which established transformative norms and standards on the rights of persons with disabilities. Second, in 2010, the Constitution of Kenya was promulgated, including specific and robust provisions covering the rights of persons with disabilities. Then, in 2015, the Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities issued its initial concluding observations to Kenya, making multiple recommendations on how Kenya should ensure the rights of persons with disabilities. Finally, in 2022, Kenya ratified the Protocol to the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities in Africa (2018) (Disability Rights Protocol), which affirms and contextualises the rights of persons with disabilities on the continent.
- 83. In the meantime, during the past decade, disability stakeholders have made over 40 unsuccessful attempts to enact new disability legislation. They have doggedly discussed multiple draft bills, and lobbied and badgered the executive and parliament repeatedly to table bills for replacing the Act. On bills), they have lapsed for want of priority.
- 84. However, in 2022, the predecessor to the Committee, oversaw the Persons with Disabilities Bill (2022), which was sponsored by the Government, through its first and second readings. The Council indeed made written and oral submissions before that Committee.
- 85. The Council, therefore, welcomes the fact that this Bill F as already been adopted by the Senate, and that this, therefore, is the most opportune moment to f inalise new legislation to address matters of disability in Kenya.
- 86. The Council also welcomes the fact that the tabled Bill takes account of many proposals which disability stakeholders have made over the years.
- 87. The suggestions for amendments made in this memorandum are guided by the following key
- a. That the enacted law on disability must r spect the letter and spirit of the Constitution which establishes a clear framework for the exerc se of human rights by persons with disabilities as well as their full participation in all spheres of light ic, including political, social and economic fields.
- b. That while flagship legislation from persons with disabilities is necessary, all national legislation should mainstreaming.
- c. That the enacted law must abide and be guided by the rights approach to disability encapsulated in the CRPD.
- d. That the law must be anchored on the social model of disability which recognises that it is society that disables the individual by failing to address physical, social and economic barriers.
- e. That the language and terms of art used in the law must abide by minimum standards of accepted usages, thereby ensuring effective communication and avoiding repetition, ableism and stigmatisation.
- f. That some of the provisions in Act No. 14 remain revolutionary in their service to persons with disabilities, and that there are many elements in that Act which must be retained in the new law.
- g. That the functions assigned to the Council in the new disability legislation should empower it as a regulatory body as distinct from an implementation/executing body. In other words, it is the core business of the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Health, respectively, to ensure/implement the right to education and the right to health for persons with disabilities: that is their core business. The core business of the Council should be to provide requisite disability-specific advice and standards.

Calmissions	by the	African	Centre f	or.	Parliamentary	y Affairs	(ACEPA)
Submissions	ny rne	Antican	Centre I	<b>U</b> J.	A tex Antenne .		

Submissions by the African Centre for Parliamentary Affairs (ACEPA)         Title and clause in the       Current gaps /misrepresentation in the       Proposed gender responsive recommendations					
Title and clause in the bill	Current gaps /misrepresentation in the bill	Proposed genaer response e e			
Articles 8-11 highlights the rights of women, children, youth and <i>elder</i> persons with	Article 8 – women with disabilities; Article 9: children with disabilities; Article 10 Youth with Disabilities and Article 11 older members of society with disabilities	Include an Article with the rights of men with disabilities; this is missing in the entire document and would result in marginalization old men with disabilities			
disabilities Article 15 (3); protection from abuse, exploitation and violence	Any offence committed though abuse, exploitation and violence on a person with disability shall attract a fine of Ksh. 50,000 and an imprisonment term not exceeding one year or both	Any offence committed though abuse, exploitation and violence on a person with disability shall attract a fine of Ksh. 500,000 and an imprisonment term not exceeding three years or both			
Article 16 (6) Protection and safety of persons with disabilities in situations of risk and humanitarian emergencies	For purposes of this section, situations of risk include fires, floods, earthquakes, epidemics, cattle rustling, ethnic conflicts and terrorism.	The section <b>should include Draught and</b> <b>pandemics as</b> situation of risk and humanitarian emergencies			
Article 18, (8c)		$\sqrt{V}$ hat is this restrictive environment? The $c^{\alpha}$ is need to adjust the language			
Article 18 (9)	Adaptable education framework and examination framework	Include adaptable examination and the curriculum			
disability	Such an employee may, if required by the nature of disability, be	Such an employee may, if required by the nature of disability, be deployed to another post with the same pay scale and service and if it is not possible to adjust the employee against any post, the employee may be kept on a supernumerary post until a suitable post is available or <b>he/she</b> attains the age of retirement, whichever is earlier.			
Article 27 Article 36 (j) Powers of the Council Powers of the council	Open and operate such accounts as are necessary for the funds of the council with a bank or financial institution licensed to conduct banking business under the Banking Act to be approved by the National Treasury which shall be operated				

Title and clause in the		Proposed gender responsive recommendations
bill	bill and maintained in the manner as	
	may be prescribed by the national treasury under the PFM Act 2012	
Article 38 Composition of the council	The council shall consist of the following: d. The following appointed by the cabinet secretary:	There is need to ensure gender equality in the appointment and nomination of the council composition. In instances where the Principal Secretary in
(1)Composition of the council (a,b,c and d)	<ul> <li>(i) Four persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities</li> <li>(ii) Two persons nominated</li> </ul>	
	(ii) Two persons noniniaced	<ul> <li>d. The following appointed by the Cabinet Secretary</li> <li>(i) Four persons (two males, two female) representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of</li> </ul>
		persons with disabilities (ii) Two persons (one male and one female) nominated by organizations for persons with disabilities, one of whom shall be from organizations of parents with mental disabilities
Article 52 Annual reports	a. Provide information regarding activities and plan, of the council	Include part c. Through the cabinet secretary prepare
2. The annual report shall:	during the year and such additional information or other materials as the cabinet secretary may request in writing b. Outline measures taken by it towards the realization of the values	
	and principles pf the public service in accordance with article 10 and 232 of the constitution	
Article 54 Incentives (2)	The Cabinet secretary responsible for finance may in consultation with the council and subject to the income Tax Act and any other law, provide incentives to local manufacturers of assistive devices used by persons with disabilities on raw materials, inputs and imported capital equipment	The Cabinet secretary responsible for finance may in consultation with the council and subject to the income Tax Act and any other law, provide incentives to local manufacturers and local retail outlets providing assistive devices used by persons with disabilities on raw materials, inputs and imported capital equipment and imported assistive devices and mobility aids The Cabinet secretary responsible and

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Title and clause in the	ha Comment and a line is the	
bill	he Current gaps /misrepresentation in the bill	he Proposed gender responsive recommendations
		Ministry of health and the National Health Fund, ensure access to health services including insurance cover to support affordable assistive devices
Article 2 Interpretations	There is no 'efinition of basic education and so 'al amenities	some categories of disabilities are not left out when it comes to education and to
		give clear instruction on what basic education entails. Social amenities should be defined to include Schools, health care facilities, parks and gardens, electricity water,
Article 3- Guiding	Some entities may argue they are	sanitation, toilet facilities, solid waste management, transportation, entertainment options
values and principles Introduction part	not listed in what is providea.	the clause for all entities not listed to be captured.
	Not limited to all is not included	
		to read: In promoting and protecting the rights of persons with disability under this Act or any other law, every state organ, state office, public officer and all persons including incorporated and unincorporated business associations, civil society and organizations of and for
Article 5 –	It's the County government	persons with disability not limited to. Add another clause that every county
Obligation of County governments	mandate to provide early childhood education, some learners with disabilities more so those on the	should have early intervention centers for learners with autism and related developmental disabilities.
	autism spectrum disorder and other related developmental disabilities are left out of education since there are no early intervention centers to cater for their education needs at the tender age.	
	The responsibility of providing education in Kenya remains with the ministry of education. (8) The council in consultation with relevant government	Amend for ministry of education to be the lead The ministry of education in consultation with the council and other relevant government establishments shall ensure that—
rticle 20,8 (c)	The ministry of education	

Title and clause in the bill	Current gaps /misrepresentation in the bill	Proposed gender responsive recommendations
	formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through— in consultation with the Council has been omitted the council being the National body for persons with disabilities it should work closely with the ministry.	The ministry of education in consultation with the Council formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through—
Article 21 - Right to work and employment for Persons with Disabilities Article 20,7	<ul> <li>(7) For purpose of this section "reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment includes— not limited to is not included</li> </ul>	but not limited to should be inserted after the word includes since there many more grounds a person with disability can be discriminated. To read: (7) For purpose of this section "reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment includes the following but not limited to-
Article 35- Registration of Persons with Disabilities, organizations and institutions. Article 35 (3)	<ul> <li>(3) Organizations for Persons with Disabilities and any integrated organization with at least seventy per cent persons with disabilities may within twelve months of formation, apply to the Council, in the prescribed manner, for registration.</li> <li>Organizations of persons with disabilities are not included</li> </ul>	Organizations of persons with disabilities should be included since they are defined in Part I Article 2 on interpretations. To read: 3) Organizations of and for Persons with Disabilities and any integrated organization with at least seventy per cent persons with disabilities may within twelve months of formation, apply to the Council, in the prescribed manner, for registration.
	Registration being done at 5 years. Registration should start early.	Amend by introducing a clause on registration for some disabilities should be at birth. e.g. Physical persons born without arms, cases of extreme Cerebral palsy.
Article 73 - Denial of admission into premises. Article 73 (1)	<ul> <li>(1) No person shall, on the ground of disability</li> <li>alone, deny a person with disability—</li> <li>The word alone should be removed.</li> </ul>	Disability should not be a ground for discrimination. To read:

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Title and clause in the bill	Current gaps /misrepresentation in the bill	Proposed gender responsive recommendations

- 1. Consider individual disabilities: discrimination, violence and abuse.
- 2. Consider neurodiversity disabilities: give more specific definitions for each mental disability.
- 3. Explore mechanisms in which persons with disabilities can get an enabling environment for them to work from wherever they are.

# Submissions by the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens

- 88. The Ministry began the process of repealing the Persons with Disabilities Act (Cap 133) Laws of Kenya, in 2017 and on 14<sup>th</sup> August 2018, the Cabinet approved a Government Sponsored Repeal Bill through Cabinet Memorandum No. CAB (16)70, for submission to Parliament.
- 89. The proposal to repeal the Persons with Disabilities Act (Cap 133) is informed by many developments key among them is the promulgation of the Constitution of Kenya 2010; Vision 2030; Ratification by Kenya of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD) 2007 and 2008 respectively. The review has also benefited from the recent initiatives of the African Union disability agenda and the East Africa Community (EAC) Disability Policy.
- 90. The Government sponsored Persons with Disabilities Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bills No. 61 of 2021) was passed by the National Assembly on 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 and the Bill was transmitted to the Senate for consideration by the Senate. Regrettably, the 12<sup>th</sup> Parliament adjourned *sine die* before the enactment of the Repeal Bill and as a consequence, the Bill lapsed in the Senate in the last Parliament.
- 91. The Ministry again resubmitted the Government Sponsored Persons with Disabilities (Repeal) Bill, 2021 to the Hon. Attorney General to cause the lapsed Bill republished in the National Assembly. The Government sponsored Bill was Persons with Disabilities Bill,2023(National Assembly Bill No. 26 of 2023) (hereinafter "the National Assembly Bill") was received in the National Assembly on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2023.
- 92. The National Assembly Bill was vigorously subjected to public participation by the Ministry as per the Constitution of Kenya, 2010 and the views of the stakeholders consolidated in the final Bill. The consultations with stakeholders involved; the National Treasury & Economic Planning, the Commission for Implementation of the Constitution, the Kenya National Commission on Human Rights, the National Gender and Equality Commission, Office of the Attorney General & Department of Justice, Government Ministries and Departments, Organizations of and for persons with disabilities, parents' support groups and other stakeholders.
- 93. The Senate Bill No.7 of 2023 is a replica of the Government-sponsored National Assembly Bill No.26 of 2023 but drastically alters the tax reliefs and incentives negotiated and approved by the Cabinet, National Treasury & Economic Planning and Hon. Attorney General thereby rendering the Persons

with Disabilities, 2023 (Senate Bills No. 7 of 2023) a money Bill, contrary to the letter and spirit of Article 109 (5) of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.

STATE DEPARTMENT FOR SOCIAL PROTECTION'S COMPARISON BETWEEN THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL No. 26 of 2023) AND THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE BILL No. 7 of 2023)

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
RIGHTS OF PERSON S WITH DISABIL ITIES	<ul> <li>5(3) Persons with disabilities have equal right to own or inherit property, to control their own financial affairs and to have equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other forms of financial credit.</li> <li>6. (1) Every person with disability who is of marriageable age has the right to marry and form a family on the basis of free and of full consent.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7 (3) Every person with disability has a right to own and inherit property, to control their own financial affairs and to have access to savings and loan facilities, mortgages and other forms of financial credit on an equal basis with others.</li> <li>8.(1) Every adult person with disability has the right to marry a person of the opposite sex and form a family based on free consent.</li> </ul>	The Senate Bill provides that persons with disabilities not only have access loan facilities, mortgages, and other forms of financial credit but they can also engage in Financial saving activities. The National Assembly Bill provides for free and full consent.
	9. Every child with disability has the right and freedom on an equal basis with other children in respect to - (d) age-appropriate assistance to realize his or her rights.	<ul> <li>11. (1) Every child with disability has the right and freedom on an equal basis with other children in respect to-</li> <li>(d) age and gender appropriate assistance to realize his or her rights;</li> <li>(e.) living with his or her family for as long as is necessary;</li> <li>accessing quality education;</li> <li>(g) accessing appropriate health care services; and protection from abuse,</li> </ul>	The Senate Bill 11(1) (d), (e), (f), (g), (h) provides more in regards to the rights and freedoms of a child with disability.

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BUL	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL 10. (1) Every young person with a disability is entitled to enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other youth.	<ul> <li>exploitation and harmful practices.</li> <li>11 (2) In all actions concerning children with disabilities, the best interest of the child shall be the primary consideration and shall be of paramount importance.</li> <li>12. (1) Every person with disability who is a youth is entitled to enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other youth.</li> </ul>	Clause 11 (2) of the Senate Bill provides that the best interest of a child with disability should be considered first in all actions related to them. Clause 12(1) of Senate bill places more emphasis on youth who are persons with disabilities It highlights the rights of young people with disabilities specifically, ensuring they Receive equal treatment and opportunities as their non-disabled peers.
	12. (1) Every person with disability has a right to be issued with a certificate of birth, national identification card, passport and any other document of registration or identification.	14.(1) Every person with disability has a right to be issued with a certificate of birth, national identification card, passport, disability identification card and any other document of registration or identification free of charge.	The Senate Bill provides that the issuance of the documents should be free of charge.
	<ul> <li>18. (1) Every person with disability has a right to admission to an institution of learning and access to an inclusive, quality and free primary and secondary education on an equal basis with others.</li> <li>18 (5) Every Child with</li> </ul>	20.(1) Every person with disability has a right to admission to any institution of learning and access to an inclusive, quality education on an equal basis with others.	The National Assembly Bill provides that persons with disabilities should get free primary and secondary education.

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
	disability has the right to	disability has the right to	education
	free and compulsory	free and compulsory basic	
	education.	education.	
	18 (8) The Council in	20(8) The Council in	There is a difference in
	consultation with relevant	consultation with relevant	wording between Clause
	Government	Government establishments	18(8) (c) (ii) of the National
	establishments shall ensure	shall ensure that-	Assembly Bill and
	that	(c) the Ministry cesponsible	Clause $20(8)$ (c)(ii) of the
	(c) (ii) development of a	for education fcrmulates	Senate Bill.
	least restrictive	strategies to implement	
	environment by adaptation	inclusive education	
	and structural adjustments	through-	
	of all educational	(ii)adaptation and structural	
	institutions to the needs of	adjustments of all	
	persons with disabilities.	educational institutions to	
	1	the needs of persons with	
		disabilities.	
	18(8)(c) (v) promotion of		The difference between
	the use of appropriate	(v) promotion of the use of	adoptive technologies under
	augmentative and	appropriate augmentative	the National Assembly Bill
	alternative modes, means	and alternative modes,	and adaptive technologies
	and formats of	means and formats of	under the Senate Bill.
	communication,	communication, adaptive	
	adoptive technologies,	technologies, including	
	including Braille and Kenya	Braille and Kenya Sign	
	Sign Language; and	Language; and	
	0 0 0 /	0 0 1	Difference in wording
	50°	(vi) introduction of Kenyan	between Clause 18(8) (c)(vi)
		Sign language courses in all	of the National Assembly Bill
		learning and training	and Clause 20(8)(vi) of the
	18(8)(c)(vi) introduction of	institutions.	Senate Bill.
	Kenya sign language		
	in all training	-	
	interpretation courses		
	institutions.		
	19(5)(e) Without limiting	20 (10) Each learner with	The Senate Bill Clause
	the generality of subsection	disability including an	20(10) provides for an
		intellectual disability has a	addition to include the
	(2)	right to be assessed and be	intellectually disabled
	(c), the following may	0	learners for assessment
	constitute acts of	placed in an appropriate	

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILLdiscrimination—(e) favoring an employeewithout disability over aqualified employee withdisability with respect topromotion, trainingopportunities, study andscholarship grants, solelyon account of the latter'sDisability.19(5)(f)re-assigning or transferring aqualified employee withdisability from a task orposition the employee isable to perform to onewhich heorshecannot perform because ofhis or her disability;	learning institution in accordance with the outcome of the assessment. 21(5) Without limiting the generality of subs.ction (2)(c), the follow ing may constitute acts of discrimination- (e)favoring an employee without disability over an employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarsnip grants, solely on account of the latter's disability;	and placement in the appropriate learning institutions. The National Assembly Bill under Clause 19(5) (2) (e adds: over a qualified employee with disability
		(f) re-assigning or transferring an employee with disability from a task or position the employee is able to perform to one which he or she cannot perform because of his or her disability;	The National Assembly Bill adds: a qualified employee with disability
	19(7) (c) (iii) For purpose of this paragraph (5) (a) " reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment includes—	21(7) For purpose of this section "reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment include: (iii) not making reasonable accommodation;	The National Assembly Bill provides an addition; discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental limitations of an employee

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL (c) discrimination includes (iii)not making reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental		with disabilities.
	limitations of an employee with disabilities; 20. No person with disability shall be dismissed or suffer any reduction in rank solely on the grounds of disability, acquiring any disability, or any consequences thereof: 21(1) A private employer who engages a person with a disability with the required skills or qualifications either as a regular employee, apprentice or learner shall be entitled to apply for a deduction from its taxable income equivalent to	23(1) A private employer who engages a person with a disability either as a regular employee, apprentice or learner shall be entitled to apply for a defluction from its taxable income equivalent to twenty- five percent of the total amount paid as salary and wages to such employee:	Addition of "Solely" under the National Assembly Bill The National Assembly Bill adds a person with disabilities "with the required skills or qualifications"
	twenty-five percent of the total amount paid as salary and wages to such employee;		The National Assembly Bill requires all health institutions to have a
	22(5) Every national or referral health institution shall employ at least two Kenya sign language interpreters with gender consideration in their institutional structure;	24(7) The national and county governments shall ensure that all health institutions have an adequate number of Kenyar Sign language interpreters in their institutional structures.	minimum of two sign language interpreters of opposite gender while the Senate Bill mandates the national and county governments to ensure the health institutions have

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
			enough sign language interpreters
	23(2) Every person with disability has a right to information, communications technologies and systems which Includes talking software, Braille materials, hearing aids and other communication devices.	24(8) Every person with a disability has the right to access health care on the basis of free and informed consent.	The Senate Bill provides further that PWDs have the right to medical care based on free and informed consent. 23(2) of the National Assembly Bill to be placed under the section "Access to Information and Communication Technology Services"
	24(2) It shall be the obligation of public institutions to provide information intended for the general public, including through the internet, to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities.	26(3) Public and private institutions shall provide information intended for the general public, including through the internet, to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities.	The Senate Bill adds "Public and Private institutions"
	24(3) Public institutions shall accept and facilitate the Use of Kenya sign language, Braille, augmentative and alternative communication, and all other accessible	26(4) Public and private institutions shall accept and facilitate the use of Kenya sign language, Braille, augmentative and alternative communication,	The Senate Bill adds "public and private institutions"

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
	means and usable formats of communication to accommodate the needs of persons with disabilities;	and all other accessible means and usable formats of communication to accommodate the needs of persons with disabilities;	
	24(4) All public television and radio stations and telephone service providers shall provide information and services in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of persons with disabilities.	26(5) All public and private media enterprises and telephone service providers shall provide information and services in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of persons with disabilities.	The Senate Bill provides for "public and private media".
		26(7) The Media Council of Kenya shall develop regulations on maintenance of low levels of risk to persons who have photosensitive epilepsy by television broadcasters.	The Senate Bill introduces a new section which require the Media Council of Kenya to develop regulations in regard to persons with disabilities who have photosensitive epilepsy
		27.Institutions that provide financial services, including online services and mobile money, shall ensure that their services, equipment and platforms are available to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies.	The Senate Bill introduces a new section: "Access to financial and banking services"
	26(4) Every public and	29 (2) Every person with disability shall be entitled	The Senate Bill adds 29 (2)

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL private institution with	to the use of recreational or	under the sports, recreation,
	sporting, recreation, leisure	sports facilities owned or	leisure and culture section.
	and cultural activities for	operated by the national	Tensure and curtare section.
	their employees shall	and county governments	
	ensure that such sporting,	during social, sporting or	
	recreational, Leisure and	recreational activities, free	
	cultural activities are	of charge.	
	sensitive to the needs of	or charge.	The Senate Bill adds;
			accessible and sensitive to
	persons with disabilities.	29(5) Every public and	the needs of persons with
	disabilities.		disabilities.
		private institution with	uisabilities.
		sporting, recreation, leisure and cultural activities for	
		their employees shall	
		ensure that such sporting, recreational, leisure and	
		cultural activities are	
		accessible and sensitive to	
		the needs of persons with	
		disabilities.	The Senate Bill provides for
		disabilities.	a right to personal
			mobility and the use of
		30 (4) Every person with	assistive devices whereas th
		disability has a right to	national assembly bill
		personal mobility and the	provides for the right to free
		use of assistive devices of	movement with his or her
		his or her choice, including	assistive devices.
	27(4) Every person with	assistance by guide animals,	assistive devices.
	27(4) Every person with disability has the right to	and no person with	
	free movement with his or	disability shall be denied	The Senate Bill provides for
	her assistive devices and	access to any public place	an additional clause under
	services including guide	because of the nature of his	31(6).
	animals and no person with	or her assistive devices.	
	disability shall be denied	or ner abbistive acvices.	The Senate Bill provides for
	access to any public place		a special allowance while the
	because of the nature of his	31.(6) The Council shall	National Assembly Bill
	or her assistive devices and	consult and collaborate	provides for the hardship
	services	with the county	allowance.
		governments and other	
		government regulatory	
		agencies in exercise of its	

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		functions under this section.	
	30(2) Subject to subsection		
	(1), an employer may	33. (2) Subject to subsection	
	provide hardship allowance	(1), an employer may	
	to or for a family of a	provide special allowance to	
	person with disability.	a person with disability.	
ESTABLI	34.(1) The headquarters of	37(a)(xvi) Advise bodies	The Senate Bill has
SHMEN	the Council shall be in	that manage disaster and	omitted Clause 34 of the
Т,	Nairobi.	humanitarian crisis on	National Assembly Bill
POWERS	(2) The Council shall	disability issues to enable	on Headquarters of the
AND	establish its offices and	them to put in modalities	Council
FUNCTI	decentralize its services to	for accessible disaster and	
ONS OF	such other parts of the	humanitarian crisis	The Senate Bill has adde
THE	country as it considers	management.	Clause 37(a)(xvi)
NATION	necessary in accordance	g	
AL	with article $6(3)$ of the	37(c) Advice on systematic	Clause 35(c) of the
COUNCI	Constitution.	collection, analysis and use	National Assembly Bill-
LFOR	(3) The Council shall be the	of national statistics and	Facilitate systematic
PERSON	successor in title to the	disaggregated data on	collection, analysis and
S WITH	National Council for	issues relating to persons	use of national statistics
DISABIL	Person with Disabilities	with disabilities.	and disaggregated
ITIES		with disabilities.	data on issues
TTES	existing immediately before the commencement of this	10(d) One person	relating to persons with
		40(d) One person	disabilities.
	Act and upon such	nominated by the Council	While 37(c) of the Senat
	commencement the	of county governors.	Bill
	transitional provisions set		
	out in section 8 shall apply	40(e)(i) three persons	Advice on systematic
		representing different	collection, analysis and use of national statistics
	35(c)Facilitate systematic	categories of disabilities,	
	collection, analysis and use	nominated by organizations	and disaggregated data
	of national statistics and	of persons with disabilities.	on issues relating to
	disaggregated data on		persons with
	issues relating to persons	45(4) The Executive	disabilities.
	with disabilities.	Director shall hold office	
		for a term of five years'	The Senate bill has adde
	38(d) the following	renewable once	Clause 40(d) One person
	appointed by the cabinet		nominated by the Counc
	secretary-		of county governors.
	(i) four persons		
	representing different		Section 38(d)(i) of the
	categories of disabilities,		National Assembly

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL nominated by Organizations of persons with disabilities. 43(4) The Executive Director shall hold office for a term of three years' renewable once		Bill provides that the following appointed by the cabinet secretary- (i) four persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities. While Clause 40(e)(i) of the Senate Bill provides that the following appointed by the cabinet secretary- (i) three persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by persons with disabilities.Clause 43(4) of the National Assembly Bill provides that - the Executive Director shall hold office for a term of three years' renewable once.While Clause 45(4) of the 
OFFENC	61(2) Any person who	61(1)(2)(k) reasonable	renewable once. Clause 61(2) under the
ES AND PENALT IES	contravenes subsection (I) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not	accommodation	National Assembly Bill provides for a penalty if one is found guilty by a court of law for concealment of persons with disabilities

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
	exceeding one year or to both.		The Senate Bill provides for an additional Clause $61(1)(2)(k)$ .
	<ul> <li>64(4)A person not being a doctor or medical practitioner, who causes a disability to another person or who through negligence or deliberately worsens the disability of another person, commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten million shillings or to imprisonment for a term of five years of both.</li> <li>64(8) The medical practice guidelines shall be revised to harmonize them with the provisions of this Act.</li> </ul>	64(1) The national and county governments shall take such measures as it considers necessary to eliminate harmful practices committed against a person with disability, including witchcraft, abandonment, concealment, ritual killings or the association of disability with omens. 64(2) A person who perpetrates a harmful practice against a person with disability commits an offense and shall be liable, on conviction, to life imprisonment. 64(3) A person who willfully aids, abets or is an accessory to an offence in subsection (2), commits an offence and shall be liable,	<ul> <li>Clause 64(4) is an addition to the National Assembly Bill.</li> <li>Clause 64(8) is an addition to the National assembly Bill.</li> <li>Clause 64 is a new addition to the Senate Bill.</li> </ul>

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		Secretary responsible for matters relating to health shall, within three months of the date of commencement of this Act, develop or review guidelines on medical practice so as to bring them into conformity with the provisions of this Act.	The Senate Bill provides for Clause 67(6) as an addition
		70. A person who causes harm or death of a person with disability through torture, cruel treatment, ritual killings or other harmful practices commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to life imprisonment	Clause 70 in regards to torture and cruel treatment is also a new addition to the senate bill
MISCEL LANEOU S	74.Every Government agency putting up residential Commercial buildings shall reserve at least five percent of the said residential and commercial buildings for acquisition by persons with disabilities and the terms and conditions at such acquisition to persons with disabilities shall include interest free and longer periods of repayment	<ul> <li>79. The National and county governments shall put in public place such measures to facilitate the participation of persons with disability in cultural, social and economic life and in public affairs, in particular those affecting them through- targeted public participation; and</li> <li>offering information in accessible form.</li> <li>80. (1) The national and county governments shall</li> </ul>	The National Assembly Bill provides Clause 74 in regards to housing which is not provided for under the senate bill. The Senate Bill introduces a Clause on public participation. The Senate Bill, Clause 80(1) introduces the aspect of consultation between the National and

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		powers under this Act on	
		the basis of consultation	Clause 80(2) Senate Bill
		and cooperation.	requires NCPWD in
			carrying out its mandate
		(2) The Council shall, in	to consult the Council of
		carrying out its functions	Governors in issues
		under this Act, consult the	affecting the
		council of county governors	functions and powers of
		on any matter that affects	county governments.
		the functions and powers of	
		county governments.	
RELATI	58(1) Each County may	4. The national government	The National Assembly Bill
ONSHIP	establish policy or enact	shall-	sets out the
BETWE	county legislation to	(a)develop policies on the	relationship between the
EN	establish an institutional	protection and promotion of	national government and the
Т	framework for ensuring	the welfare of persons with	county government while the
HE	inclusive and effective	disability;	Senate Bill sets out
NATION	initiation and		obligations of the national
AL	implementation of the	undertake investigations,	government and the county
GOVER	county's functions,	surveys and research into	government.
NMENT	pursuant to Article 186 of	the causes and nature of	
AND	the Constitution, in	disabilities and	
COUNT	relation to persons with disabilities resident in the	development of new	
Y		assistive devices;	
GOVER	county (2) Council offices at	(c) put in place measures for the prevention of	
NMENT		disabilities and	
ON	County level shall implement the function	rehabilitation of persons	
MATTE	of the Council as	with disability;	
RS	directed by the Council	with disubility,	
DISABIL	and shall for that	(d) provide facilities and	
ITY	purpose, where	infrastructure for the	
	applicable-	training of professionals in	
	(a) Liaise with other	the rehabilitation and	
	relevant county offices	habilitation of persons with	
	of the national	disability;	
	government.	(e)promote the integration	
	Liaise with any relevant	of persons with disability in	
	county institutional	schools;	
	framework established	(f) promote the inclusion of	
	pursuant to sub-clause	persons with disability in	

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL(1) of this section(3) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, policies or legislation referred to in 	the public service and put in place measures to ensure that at least five per centum of the employment positions are filled by persons with disability; (g) prescribe minimum standards and guidelines to be adhered to by public transport vehicles, communication service companies and infrastructure developers to facilitate reasonable access by persons with disability; (h) adopt affirmative action measures in procurement of national government goods and services by implementing preferential procurement for persons or entities managed by persons with disability; (i) ensure access to free basic education and other social amenities to every child with a disability; promote affirmative action to ensure that learners with disabilities are enrolled in all levels of learning institutions; provide capacity building, funding and technical assistance to the county governments on all matters relating to persons with disabilities; consult county	

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		relating to persons with	
		disabilities that affect the	
		functions and powers of	
		county governments; and	
		develop programmes for	
		caregivers of persons with	
		disabilities on specialized	
		training, counseling and	
		economic development.	
		5.(1) Every county	
		government shall-	
		implement national policies	
		for the protection and	
		promotion of the welfare of	
		persons with disability;	
		(b) allocate adequate	
		resources to	
		programmes specifically	
		targeting persons with	
		disability;	
		(c) ensure access to free	
		pre-primary education	
		and other social	
		amenities to every child	
		with disability;	
		(d) coordinate and	
		disseminate information	
		on government	
		sponsored and non-	
		government sponsored	
		programmes targeting	
		persons with disability	
		within the respective	
		counties;	
		(e) promote the inclusion of	
		persons with disability	

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		in the county public	
		service by putting in	
		place measures to ensure	
		that at least five per	
		centum of the	
		employment positions	
		are filled by persons	
		with disability; and	
		(f) adopt affirmative action	
		in procurement of	
		county government	
		goods and services by	
		implementing	
		preferential procurement	
		for individuals or	
		entities established or	
		managed by persons	
		with disability.	
		(2) In ensuring that a	
		county government	
		meet its obligations	
		under subsection (1), the	
		county executive	
		committee member in	
		each county shall-	
		(a)advise the respective	
		county governor on the	
		appropriate measures and	
		interventions to be put in	
		place for the protection of	
		persons with disability in	
		the county;	
		(b)develop mechanisms for	
		the identification of persons	
		with disability residing in	
		the county;	

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PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		(c) liaise with the Council to	
		maintain a database of	
		persons with disability	
		residing within the	
		respective county	
		containing the following	
		information regarding the	
		persons with disability-	
		(i)the name, age and place	
		of residence of the person;	
		(ii)the type of disability of	
		the person;	
		(iii) the education level of	
		the person;	
		(iv)the health needs of the	
		person;	
		(v)the employment status of	
		the person;	
		(vi)any interventions made	
		in relation to the person;	
		and	
		(vii)any other information	
		that the county executive	
		committee member may	
		consider necessary;	
		(d)monitor and evaluate the	
		progress by the county in	
		ensuring the realization of	
		the rights of persons with	
		disabilities under Article	
		54(1) of the Constitution;	
		(e) formulate and	
		implement programmes	
		aimed at promoting the	
		socio-economic	
		development, including	
		participation in cultural life,	
		recreation and sports, by	

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		persons with disability in	
		the county;	
		(f)coordinate the	
		implementation of	
		programmes developed by	
		the Council and the	
		Authority relating to	
		persons with disability in	
		the county; and	
		(g)prepare and publish	
		reports containing	
		statistical or other	
		information relating to	
		programmes and effect of	
		the programmes carried out	
		by the county in relation to	
		persons with disability.	
		(3) The county executive	
		committee member may, for	
		the effective performance of	
		the functions under	
		subsection (2), designate a	
		public officer within the	
		county public service or	
		constitute a committee to	
		perform such functions as	
		the county executive	
		member may determine.	
		(4) Where the county	
		executive member	
		constitutes a committee	
		under subsection (3), the	
		committee shall consist of-	
		a (a) person who represents	
		persons with disability in	
		the county;	
		(b)two public officers	

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		serving in the respective	
		county public service;	
		(c)two members of the	
		public with knowledge or	
		experience on matters	
		relating to the welfare,	
		rehabilitation and the	
		management persons with	
		disability and belong to a	
		related group or	
		organization; and	
		(d) such other persons, not exceeding two, as the	
		county executive committee	
		member shall consider	
		necessary for the	
		performance of the	
		functions of the committee.	
		5) In constituting a	
		committee under	
		subsection (4), the county	
		executive committee	
		member shall ensure that	
		not more than two thirds	
		of its members shall be of	
		the same gender.	
		(6) The respective county	
		government shall enact	
		county specific	
		legislation to provide	
		for-	
		(a) procedure for	
		nomination and	
		appointment of the	
		members of the	
		committee;	
		(b) such further	
		qualifications for	
		appointment to the	

Report of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection on its consideration of the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) Page 59 of 70

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
	BILL		
		committee as may be	
		considered appropriate;	
		(c) the term of appointment;	
		(d) the criteria and	
		procedure for removal of	
		a member from the	
		committee; and	
		(e) such other matters as	
		the county government	
		shall consider necessary.	

SPECIFIC COMMENTS BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR SOCIAL PROTECTION AND SENIOR CITIZENS AFFAIRS

- 94. Under Part II of the Senate Bill on the relationship between the national government and county government on matters disability, there is a proposal to impose obligations to the Counties whereas matters on persons with disabilities under the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection are not a devolved function but rights and privileges that cut across all levels of government. Additionally, many County governments have developed County-specific legislation on how best to deliver services to persons with disabilities and hence imposing additional obligations on them will go against the spirit of the Constitution of Kenya,2010.
- 95. The Senate Bill in Clauses 55-59 (Part V of the Bill) provides reliefs and incentives open to all persons with disabilities who are in receipt of an income to apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from income tax and any other levies on such income whereas the National Assembly Bill in Part IV on reliefs and incentives, provides for exemption from tax relief for persons with disabilities who are in employment to apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from income tax on employment income and sets out other Materials, articles, and equipment, including motor vehicles specially designed for use by persons with disabilities, exempt from import duty and value added tax to the extent provided under the tax laws under Clause 53 in the Bill.
- 96. Clause 55 in the National Assembly Bill provides that the Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to credit unions, co-operatives and other lending institutions may on the advice of the Council, from time to time, ensure access to credit by persons with disabilities. The Senate Bill under Clause 57 expands that scope further, to the development of guidelines by the Cabinet Secretary to ensure the equal right of persons with disabilities in having equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other forms of financial credit, inextricably in a private Member's Bill in the Senate, contrary to Article 109 (5) of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.

- 97. Part V of this Senate Bill contains provisions dealing with-(a) taxes; (b) the imposition of charges on a public fund or the variation or repeal of any of those charges; (c) the appropriation, receipt, custody, investment or issue of public money; (d) the raising or guaranteeing of any loan or its repayment; or (e) matters incidental to any of those matters. This therefore clearly indicates that the Senate Bill 2023 is a Money Bill within the meaning of Article 114 of the Constitution of Kenya 2010 as it provides for reliefs and incentives. Article 109(5) of the Constitution of Kenya provides that a Money Bill may be introduced only in the National Assembly in accordance with Article 114.
- 98. Clause 45(4) of the Senate Bill provides that the Executive Director shall hold office for a term of five years renewable once. This is in contravention of the Mwongozo Code of Governance for State Corporations which limits the tenure to a cumulative term of 6 years or two terms of 3 years each.
- 99. It is noted that the Senate Bill, since submission to Parliament, has been passed by the Senate and referred to the National Assembly for consideration wherein it underwent the first reading on 28<sup>th</sup> February 2024. The National Assembly Bill on the other hand is yet to undergo the first reading despite submission to Parliament on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2023.
- 100. It is our considered view that the proposals in the Senate Bill are constructive. In the circumstances, the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizen Affairs, taking into consideration our submissions, will have no objection to a merger of the two Bills for adoption by the National government.

#### **Committee Observations**

- 101. The Committee considered all submissions made by the different stakeholders at length. Further, the Committee undertook an analysis of the National Assembly and the Senate Bills and noted that they were largely similar in content save for the following areas for harmonization:
  - a. Amend clause 8 to provide for the requirement for free and full consent in respect of the right to marry;
  - b. The Senate Bill provides for free and compulsory pre-primary, primary education and secondary education.
  - c. There is need to provide for the headquarters of the Council as contained in the National Assembly Bill.
  - d. The term of the Executive Director as spelt out in clause 45(4) should be aligned with the Mwongozo guidelines.
  - e. Clause 63 of the Senate Bill should be amended to spell out a penalty against the offence of concealment of persons with disabilities;
  - f. There is need to provide a clause on housing as proposed by clause 74 of the National Assembly Bill in the Senate Bill.
  - g. The Committee noted the Ministry' comments as contained in the matrix including to clauses 11, 12, 14, 18, 20, 21, 24, 26, 29, 31, 37 and 40. However, the Committee was of the view that the clauses did not warrant any amendments to include the proposals in the National Assembly Bill, as the Senate Bill had either similar or additional provisions on the same.

- h. The Senate Bill in clauses 4, 5 and 80 spell out the obligations and the relationship between the national and county governments.
- i. Article 20 of the Constitution provides that the Bill of Rights applies to all and binds all State organs and all persons and hence the county governments have a role to play in ensuring the realisation of the rights of persons with disabilities as provided for in Article 54 of the Constitution.
- j. Both the Senate and the National Assembly Bills provide for reliefs and incentives. Further, the Committee noted that the reliefs and incentives were only accessible upon application and determination by the relevant Cabinet Secretaries as guided by the law.
- k. The Committee additionally noted the concerns relating to the application of Article 109(5) of the Constitution on money Bill provisions but were guided by the decision of the Court of Appeal in Civil Appeal No. E084 of 2021 on the manner of consideration of Bills concerning county governments.

#### PART FIVE

# 5 COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS

SIGNED: .....

102. Pursuant to Standing Order 127, the Committee recommends that the National Assembly <u>APPROVES</u> the Persons With Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) with amendments as proposed in the Schedule of Amendments under Part Six of this Report.

02-12-2024

... DATE.....

HON. ALICE WAMBUI NG'ANG'A, CBS, M.P. (CHAIRPERSON, DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION)

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY PAPERS LAID		
DATE:	0 2 DEC 2024	DAY. MONDAY
TABLED BY:	HON. ALICE AGANGA, MP CHAIRPERSON DEPT. COMMO ON SOLIAL PROTECTION	
CLERK-AT THE-TABLE:	ESTHER NE.NTO	

Report of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection on its consideration of the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) Page 63 of 70

# PART SIX

## **7 SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENTS**

103. The Committee proposed the following amendments to be considered by the House in the Committee Stage:

## **CLAUSE 4**

THAT clause 4 of the Bill be amended-

- (a) in paragraph (a) by deleting the word "welfare" and substituting therefor the word "rights";
- (b)in paragraph (e) by inserting the words " inclusion and " and immediately after the words "promote the ";
- (c) in paragraph (i) by inserting the words "and compulsory" immediately after the word "free";
- (d)by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (p)-

"(q)ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions".

#### **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to obligate the national government to develop policies on the protection and promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities.
- 2. The amendments seek to obligate the national government to promote the inclusion and integration of persons with disabilities in schools.
- 3. Further, the amendments are necessary to align the Bill with Article 53 of the Constitution which provides that children have a right to free and compulsory basic education.
- 4. The amendments further seek to provide for the general obligation of the national government to ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions.

## CLAUSE 5

THAT clause 5 of the Bill be amended—

(a) in sub-clause (1)-

- (i) in paragraph (a) by deleting the word "welfare" and substituting therefor the word "rights";
- (ii) in paragraph (c) by inserting the words "and compulsory" immediately after the word "free";
- (iii) by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (f)—
   "(g)ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and
   interventions".
- (b) in sub-clause (2), by inserting the words "responsible for matters relating to persons with disabilities" immediately after the words "committee member" appearing in the opening statement; and
- (c)in sub-clause (4) by deleting paragraph (a) and substituting therefor the following new paragraph—

(a)a person with disabilities, who reside within the respective county;

### **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to obligate the county governments to develop policies on the protection and promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities.
- 2. Further, the amendments are necessary to align the Bill with Article 53 of the Constitution which provides that children have a right to free and compulsory basic education which includes pre-primary education.
- 3. The amendments further seek to provide for the general obligation of the county governments to ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions.
- 4. The amendments also create clarity that the officer in charge of implementing the obligations of a county government is the CEC responsible for matters relating to persons with disabilities.
- 5. Additionally, the amendments provide clarity that the membership of the committee established in each county shall comprise of among other persons, a person with disabilities, who reside within the respective county. This shall ensure that persons with disabilities participate in making decisions on matters affecting them.

### CLAUSE 6

**THAT** clause 6(1) of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "protection, benefit" appearing in paragraph (a) and substitute therefor the words "equal protection, equal benefit".

### **Justifications**

The amendment is necessary to align clause 6 with the provisions of Article 27(1) of the Constitution on equality and freedom from discrimination.

## CLAUSE 8

THAT clause 8 of the Bill be amended —

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the words "on free consent" and "on free and full consent";
- (b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the word "sexuality" and substituting therefor the word "sexual".

#### **Justifications**

The amendments seek to ensure that the exercise of the right to marry is based on free and full consent of the parties. The amendment also seeks to delete the word sexuality and replace with "sexual" to make reference to the correct terminology as employed in other statutes which is sexual and reproductive health.

#### CLAUSE 11

**THAT** clause 11 of the Bill be amended by inserting the word "and inclusive" immediately after the word "quality".

# **Justifications**

The amendments seek to align the Bill with the provisions of the Basic Education Act which recognizes the right of every child to access quality and inclusive education.

# CLAUSE 20

**THAT** clause 20(8) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "adoptive" appearing in paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the word "adaptive".

# **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to make reference to the correct terminology which is adaptive technologies.
- 2. This shall ensure that the Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments shall guarantee that learning institutions provide individualized support measures, appropriate equipment, assistive devices and adaptive technologies that maximize academic and social development, consistent with the goal of full inclusion of students with disabilities.

# CLAUSE 21

THAT clause 21 of the Bill be amended—

(a) in sub-clause (2) by inserting the words "where an employer has at least 20 employees,"

immediately before the word "reserve"; and

(b) in sub-clause (5)(e) by deleting the word "solely".

# **Justifications**

- 1. The amendment seeks\_to ensure that undue burden is not placed on employers with few staff. In this regard, the requirement that compels employers to reserve at least five per cent direct employment opportunities for persons with disabilities to secure employment, shall only apply to an employer who has at least 20 employees.
- 2. Further, the amendment deletes the word solely which as used in sub-clause (5) would in effect allow employers to discriminate employees on the ground of disability when it is accompanied by another ground.

# CLAUSE 25

**THAT** clause 25(e) of the Bill be amended by inserting the words "putting in place mechanisms for" immediately before the words "prompt attendance".

# **Justifications**

The amendment creates clarity as to processes and structures for delivering health services to persons with disabilities and compels national and county governments to put in place mechanisms that shall ensure prompt attendance by medical personnel to persons with disabilities.

# CLAUSE 26

THAT clause 26 of the Bill be amended –

- (a) by deleting sub-clause (1) and substituting therefor the following new sub-clause -
  - (1) Every person with disability has the right to freedom of expression and opinion, including the freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas, and the right to access information, on an equal basis with others, in a timely manner and without additional cost";

- (b) in sub-clause (2) by inserting the words "forms of" immediately after the words "and other";
- (c) in sub-clause (7) by deleting the words "Media Council of Kenya" and substituting therefor the words "Communication Authority of Kenya in consultation with the Council";
- (d) in sub-clause (8) by deleting the words "sub-titles" and substituting therefor the words "closed captioning"; and
- (e) in sub-clause (10) by inserting the words "and private" immediately after the word "public".

#### **Justifications**

- 1. The amendment creates clarity on the right of access to information and communication technology services by persons with disabilities.
- 2. Additionally, the amendments obligate the Communication Authority of Kenya which is the regulator to develop regulations on maintenance of low levels of risk to persons who have photosensitive epilepsy by television broadcasters.
- 3. Further, the amendments seek to compel all television stations to provide close-captioning in their newscasts and also obligate public and private institutions to comply with the provisions of clause 26.

#### CLAUSE 28

**THAT** clause 28(3) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "Kenya" appearing in paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the word "Kenyan".

#### **Justifications**

The amendment aligns clause 28 of the Bill with Article 7 of the Constitution which recognises the use of the Kenyan sign language.

#### CLAUSE 29

**THAT** clause 29(4) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "Kenya" and substituting therefor the word "Kenyan".

#### **Justifications**

The amendment aligns clause 29 of the Bill with Article 7 of the Constitution which recognises the use of the Kenyan sign language.

#### NEW CLAUSE

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 36-

Headquarters and other	36A.(1) The headquarters of the Council shall be in Nairobi.
offices of the Council.	

(2) The Council shall establish its offices and decentralize its services to such other parts of the country as it considers necessary in accordance with Article 6(3) of the Constitution.

# **Justifications**

The amendment seeks to provide for the headquarters of the Council which shall be in Nairobi. Further, the amendment empowers the Council to establish its offices and decentralize its services to ensure access by persons with disabilities throughout Kenya.

## CLAUSE 45

**THAT** clause 45(4) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "five" and substituting therefor the word "three".

### **Justifications**

The amendment seeks to align the term of office of the Executive Director of the Council with the Mwongozo guidelines which is a term of three years, renewable once.

### CLAUSE 50

THAT clause 50 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by inserting the words "upon request by a member of the public or" immediately before the words "where it considers" appearing in paragraph (a);
- (b) in sub-clause (3) by inserting the words "or a member of the public" immediately after the words "regulatory body".

## **Justifications**

The Bill as it is provides that the Council may conduct an inquiry or a sectoral investigation where it considers it necessary or desirable for the purpose of carrying out its functions; upon receiving a direction by the Cabinet Secretary in writing or at the request of a regulatory body. The amendment seeks to also permit members of the public including PWDs to make request for the undertaking of investigation on an issue touching of PWDs by the Council.

## CLAUSE 56

THAT clause 56 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the expression "of Kshs. 150,000/=" and substituting therefor the words "of such amount as may be prescribed by the Cabinet Secretary"; and
- (b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the words "of not less than Kshs. 10,000/=" and substituting therefor the words "such amount as may be prescribed by the Cabinet Secretary".

#### **Justifications**

Clause 56 provides for exemptions from income tax and provision of social assistance to parents or guardians of children with severe disabilities. To allow flexibility and variation for increase of the amounts such parents or guardians may be entitled to, the clause should not specify the amounts. The the figures should be prescribed in regulations so that where need arises for such amounts to be increased, there may be no need to go through the rigorous processes of amending statutes.

#### CLAUSE 62

**THAT** clause 62 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "one million" and substituting therefor the words "two million".

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against abuse of persons with disabilities.

## CLAUSE 63

THAT clause 63 of the Bill be amended-

- (a) by renumbering the existing clause as sub-clause (1);
- (b) by inserting the following new sub-clause immediately after sub-clause (1)—
  - (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one year or to both.

#### **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to create a penalty of the offence against concealment of persons with disabilities.

### CLAUSE 65

**THAT** clause 65 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

#### **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against denial of food and fluids of persons with disabilities.

#### CLAUSE 66

**THAT** clause 66 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

#### **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against degrading treatment of persons with disabilities

#### NEW CLAUSE

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 66-

Begging and	66A. A person who causes, procures, encourages or solicits a child or an
receiving alms	adult with disabilities to engage in begging or receiving alms commits
	an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five
	million shillings or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or
	to both.

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to create the offence against using persons with disabilities for begging and receiving alms which has become rampant over the years.

# CLAUSE 72

**THAT** clause 72 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b)—

(c) ensuring that bus-stops are barrier-free".

# **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to ensure access by persons with disabilities of public transport by obligating the National and County Governments to make public roads and highways under their respective mandates accessible to persons with disabilities by inter alia ensuring that bus-stops are barrier-free.

## NEW CLAUSE

THAT the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 73-

Housing.	73A. Every Government agency putting up residential and commercial
	buildings shall reserve at least five percent of the said residential and
	commercial buildings for acquisition by persons with disabilities and the
	terms and conditions at such acquisition to persons with disabilities
	shall include interest free and longer periods of repayment.

## **Justifications**

The new clause as proposed seek to ensure that persons with disabilities realise the right to housing by compelling every Government agency putting up residential and commercial buildings to reserve at least five percent of the said residential and commercial buildings for acquisition by persons with disabilities and the terms and conditions at such acquisition to persons with disabilities shall include interest free and longer periods of repayment.

## CLAUSE 74

THAT clause 74 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the word "alone" appearing in the opening statement; and
- (b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the word "alone".

## **Justifications**

Clause 74 of the Bill provides that no person shall, on the ground of disability alone, deny a person with disability admission into any premises to which members of the public are ordinarily admitted. The use of the word "alone" in clause 74 imply that where the exist another ground, a person with disabilities may be discriminated, hence the proposal to delete the word.

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# THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

# THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT-THIRD SESSION-2024

# DIRECTORATE OF DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEES

# DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION

MINUTES OF THE 67<sup>TH</sup> SITTING OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION HELD ON MONDAY, 2<sup>ND</sup> DECEMBER 2024 IN BUNGE TOWER, 5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, COMMITTEE ROOM 1722, AT 10.00AM

### PRESENT

- 1. Hon. Alice Wambui Ng'ang'a, C.B.S M.P.
- 2. Hon. Hilary Kiplang'at Koskei, M.P
- 3. Hon. Edith Nyenze, M.P
- 4. Hon. Betty Njeri Maina, M.P
- 5. Hon. Susan Ngugi, M.P
- 6. Hon. Michael Wambugu, M.P
- 7. Hon. Mark Ogolla Nyamita, M.P
- 8. Hon. Agnes Pareyio, M.P
- 9. Hon. Suleka Hulbale Harun, M.P

# **APOLOGIES**

- 1. Hon. (Dr.) James Nyikal, M.P
- 2. Hon. Wetangula Timothy Wanyonyi, M.P
- 3. Hon. (Dr.) Lilian Gogo, M.P
- 4. Hon. Amina Abdullahi Dika, M.P
- 5. Hon. Barre Hussein Abdi, M.P
- 6. Hon. Linet Chepkorir, M.P

# COMMITTEE SECRETARIAT

Mr. Finlay Muriuki
 Mr. Ahmednoor Hassan
 Ms. Jemimah Waigwa
 Committee Lead Clerk
 Clerk Assistant III
 Senior Legal Counsel

- Chairperson

- Vice Chairperson

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- 4. Ms. Naomi Onsomu -Protocol Officer
- 5. Ms. Eva Kaare

-Serjeant-at-Arms

6. Ms. Ruth Keere -Intern, Audio Services

# AGENDA

- 1. Prayers
- 2. Preliminaries/Introductions
  - a. Adoption of the Agenda
  - b. Remarks by the Chairperson.
- 3. Confirmation of Minutes/ Matters Arising
- 4. Consideration and Adoption of Committee Report on The Persons With Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023)
- 5. Any Other Business
- 6. Adjournment / Date of the Next Meeting

# MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/389: PRAYERS/PRELIMINARIES

The Chairperson called the meeting to order with a word of prayer at 10:25 a.m.

# MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/390: ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA

The agenda of the meeting was adopted having been proposed by Hon. Agnes Pareyio, M.P. and seconded by Hon. Michael Wambugu, M.P.

# MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/391: CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES

Minutes of the 63<sup>rd</sup> Meeting were confirmed as a true reflection of the proceedings having been proposed by Hon. Susan Ngugi Nduyo, M.P. and seconded by Hon. Michael Wambugu, M.P.

Minutes of the 64<sup>th</sup> Meeting were confirmed as a true reflection of the proceedings having been proposed by Hon. Mark Nyamita, M.P. and seconded by Hon. Agnes Pareyio, M.P.

Minutes of the 65<sup>th</sup> Meeting were confirmed as a true reflection of the proceedings having been proposed by Hon. Edith Nyenze, M.P. and seconded by Hon. Suleka Hulbale, M.P.

Minutes of the 66<sup>th</sup> Meeting were confirmed as a true reflection of the proceedings having been proposed by Hon. Suleka Hulbale, M.P. and seconded by Hon. Betty Njeri Maina, M.P.

## MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/392: CONSIDERATION AND ADOPTION OF THE REPORT ON COMMITTEE REPORT ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE NO. 7 OF 2023)

The Committee, through the guidance of the Committee Secretariat, considered the Draft Report on the Breastfeeding Mothers Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 8 of 2024) as follows:

## **Committee Observations**

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The Committee considered all submissions made by the different stakeholders at length. Further, the Committee undertook an analysis of the National Assembly and the Senate Bills and noted that they were largely similar in content save for the following areas for harmonization:

- 1) Amend clause 8 to provide for the requirement for free and full consent in respect of the right to marry;
- 2) The Senate Bill provides for free and compulsory pre-primary, primary education and secondary education.
- 3) There is need to provide for the headquarters of the Council as contained in the National Assembly Bill.
- 4) The term of the Executive Director as spelt out in clause 45(4) should be aligned with the Mwongozo guidelines.
- 5) Clause 63 of the Senate Bill should be amended to spell out a penalty against the offence of concealment of persons with disabilities;
- 6) There is need to provide a clause on housing as proposed by clause 74 of the National Assembly Bill in the Senate Bill.
- 7) The Committee noted the Ministry' comments as contained in the matrix including to clauses 11, 12, 14, 18, 20, 21, 24, 26, 29, 31, 37 and 40. However, the Committee was of the view that the clauses did not warrant any amendments to include the proposals in the National Assembly Bill, as the Senate Bill had either similar or additional provisions on the same.
- 8) The Senate Bill in clauses 4, 5 and 80 spell out the obligations and the relationship between the national and county governments.
- 9) Article 20 of the Constitution provides that the Bill of Rights applies to all and binds all State organs and all persons and hence the county governments have a role to play in ensuring the realisation of the rights of persons with disabilities as provided for in Article 54 of the Constitution.
- 10) Both the Senate and the National Assembly Bills provide for reliefs and incentives. Further, the Committee noted that the reliefs and incentives were

only accessible upon application and determination by the relevant Cabinet Secretaries as guided by the law. 4

11) The Committee additionally noted the concerns relating to the application of Article 109(5) of the Constitution on money Bill provisions but were guided by the decision of the Court of Appeal in Civil Appeal No. E084 of 2021 on the manner of consideration of Bills concerning county governments.

Subsequently, the Committee proposed the following amendments to be considered by the House in the Committee Stage:

## **CLAUSE 4**

THAT clause 4 of the Bill be amended-

- (a) in paragraph (a) by deleting the word "welfare" and substituting therefor the word "rights";
- (b) in paragraph (e) by inserting the words " inclusion and " and immediately after the words "promote the ";
- (c) in paragraph (i) by inserting the words "and compulsory" immediately after the word "free";
- (d) by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (p)—
  - "(q)ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions".

## **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to obligate the national government to develop policies on the protection and promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities.
- 2. The amendments seek to obligate the national government to promote the inclusion and integration of persons with disabilities in schools.
- 3. Further, the amendments are necessary to align the Bill with Article 53 of the Constitution which provides that children have a right to free and compulsory basic education.
- 4. The amendments further seek to provide for the general obligation of the national government to ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions.

## CLAUSE 5

**THAT** clause 5 of the Bill be amended—

(a) in sub-clause (1)—

- (i) in paragraph (a) by deleting the word "welfare" and substituting therefor the word "rights";
- (ii) in paragraph (c) by inserting the words "and compulsory" immediately after the word "free";
- (iii) by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (f)---

"(g)ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions".

- (b) in sub-clause (2), by inserting the words "responsible for matters relating to persons with disabilities" immediately after the words "committee member" appearing in the opening statement; and
- (c) in sub-clause (4) by deleting paragraph (a) and substituting therefor the following new paragraph—
  - (a)a person with disabilities, who reside within the respective county;

## **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to obligate the county governments to develop policies on the protection and promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities.
- 2. Further, the amendments are necessary to align the Bill with Article 53 of the Constitution which provides that children have a right to free and compulsory basic education which includes pre-primary education.
- 3. The amendments further seek to provide for the general obligation of the county governments to ensure inclusion of persons with disabilities in all mainstream programs and interventions.
- 4. The amendments also create clarity that the officer in charge of implementing the obligations of a county government is the CEC responsible for matters relating to persons with disabilities.
- 5. Additionally, the amendments provide clarity that the membership of the committee established in each county shall comprise of among other persons, a person with disabilities, who reside within the respective county. This shall ensure that persons with disabilities participate in making decisions on matters affecting them.

## CLAUSE 6

**THAT** clause 6(1) of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "protection, benefit" appearing in paragraph (a) and substitute therefor the words "equal protection, equal benefit".

## **Justifications**

The amendment is necessary to align clause 6 with the provisions of Article 27(1) of the Constitution on equality and freedom from discrimination.

## **CLAUSE 8**

THAT clause 8 of the Bill be amended —

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the words "on free consent" and "on free and full consent";
- (b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the word "sexuality" and substituting therefor the word "sexual".

#### **Justifications**

The amendments seek to ensure that the exercise of the right to marry is based on free and full consent of the parties. The amendment also seeks to delete the word sexuality and replace with "sexual" to make reference to the correct terminology as employed in other statutes which is sexual and reproductive health.

#### CLAUSE 11

**THAT** clause 11 of the Bill be amended by inserting the word "and inclusive" immediately after the word "quality".

## **Justifications**

The amendments seek to align the Bill with the provisions of the Basic Education Act which recognizes the right of every child to access quality and inclusive education.

## CLAUSE 20

**THAT** clause 20(8) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "adoptive" appearing in paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the word "adaptive".

### **Justifications**

- 1. The amendments seek to make reference to the correct terminology which is adaptive technologies.
- 2. This shall ensure that the Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments shall guarantee that learning institutions

provide individualized support measures, appropriate equipment, assistive devices and adaptive technologies that maximize academic and social development, consistent with the goal of full inclusion of students with disabilities.

## CLAUSE 21

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THAT clause 21 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (2) by inserting the words "where an employer has at least 20 employees," immediately before the word "reserve"; and
- (b) in sub-clause (5)(e) by deleting the word "solely".

### **Justifications**

- 1. The amendment seeks\_to ensure that undue burden is not placed on employers with few staff. In this regard, the requirement that compels employers to reserve at least five per cent direct employment opportunities for persons with disabilities to secure employment, shall only apply to an employer who has at least 20 employees.
- 2. Further, the amendment deletes the word solely which as used in subclause (5) would in effect allow employers to discriminate employees on the ground of disability when it is accompanied by another ground.

#### CLAUSE 25

**THAT** clause 25(e) of the Bill be amended by inserting the words "putting in place mechanisms for" immediately before the words "prompt attendance".

## **Justifications**

The amendment creates clarity as to processes and structures for delivering health services to persons with disabilities and compels national and county governments to put in place mechanisms that shall ensure prompt attendance by medical personnel to persons with disabilities.

### CLAUSE 26

THAT clause 26 of the Bill be amended -

- (a) by deleting sub-clause (1) and substituting therefor the following new subclause –
  - (1) Every person with disability has the right to freedom of expression and opinion, including the freedom to seek, receive and impart information and

ideas, and the right to access information, on an equal basis with others, in a timely manner and without additional cost";

- (b) in sub-clause (2) by inserting the words "forms of" immediately after the words "and other";
- (c) in sub-clause (7) by deleting the words "Media Council of Kenya" and substituting therefor the words "Communication Authority of Kenya in consultation with the Council";
- (d) in sub-clause (8) by deleting the words "sub-titles" and substituting therefor the words "closed captioning"; and
- (e) in sub-clause (10) by inserting the words "and private" immediately after the word "public".

## **Justifications**

- 1. The amendment creates clarity on the right of access to information and communication technology services by persons with disabilities.
- 2. Additionally, the amendments obligate the Communication Authority of Kenya which is the regulator to develop regulations on maintenance of low levels of risk to persons who have photosensitive epilepsy by television broadcasters.
- 3. Further, the amendments seek to compel all television stations to provide close-captioning in their newscasts and also obligate public and private institutions to comply with the provisions of clause 26.

## CLAUSE 28

**THAT** clause 28(3) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "Kenya" appearing in paragraph (b) and substituting therefor the word "Kenyan".

## **Justifications**

The amendment aligns clause 28 of the Bill with Article 7 of the Constitution which recognises the use of the Kenyan sign language.

## CLAUSE 29

**THAT** clause 29(4) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "Kenya" and substituting therefor the word "Kenyan".

## **Justifications**

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The amendment aligns clause 29 of the Bill with Article 7 of the Constitution which recognises the use of the Kenyan sign language.

## NEW CLAUSE

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**THAT** the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 36—

Headquarters 36A.(1) The headquarters of the Council shall be in Nairobi.
offices of the Council.
(2) The Council shall establish its offices and decentralize its services to such other parts of the country as it considers necessary in accordance with Article 6(3) of the Constitution.

#### **Justifications**

The amendment seeks to provide for the headquarters of the Council which shall be in Nairobi. Further, the amendment empowers the Council to establish its offices and decentralize its services to ensure access by persons with disabilities throughout Kenya.

## CLAUSE 45

**THAT** clause 45(4) of the Bill be amended by deleting the word "five" and substituting therefor the word "three".

#### **Justifications**

The amendment seeks to align the term of office of the Executive Director of the Council with the Mwongozo guidelines which is a term of three years, renewable once.

#### CLAUSE 50

THAT clause 50 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by inserting the words "upon request by a member of the public or" immediately before the words "where it considers" appearing in paragraph (a);
- (b) in sub-clause (3) by inserting the words "or a member of the public" immediately after the words "regulatory body".

## **Justifications**

The Bill as it is provides that the Council may conduct an inquiry or a sectoral investigation where it considers it necessary or desirable for the purpose of carrying out its functions; upon receiving a direction by the Cabinet Secretary in writing or at the request of a regulatory body. The amendment seeks to also permit members of the public including PWDs to make request for the undertaking of investigation on an issue touching of PWDs by the Council.

## CLAUSE 56

THAT clause 56 of the Bill be amended—

- (a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the expression "of Kshs. 150,000/=" and substituting therefor the words "of such amount as may be prescribed by the Cabinet Secretary"; and
- (b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the words "of not less than Kshs. 10,000/=" and substituting therefor the words "such amount as may be prescribed by the Cabinet Secretary".

### **Justifications**

Clause 56 provides for exemptions from income tax and provision of social assistance to parents or guardians of children with severe disabilities. To allow flexibility and variation for increase of the amounts such parents or guardians may be entitled to, the clause should not specify the amounts. The the figures should be prescribed in regulations so that where need arises for such amounts to be increased, there may be no need to go through the rigorous processes of amending statutes.

## CLAUSE 62

**THAT** clause 62 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "one million" and substituting therefor the words "two million".

### **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against abuse of persons with disabilities.

## CLAUSE 63

THAT clause 63 of the Bill be amended—

(a) by renumbering the existing clause as sub-clause (1);

- (b) by inserting the following new sub-clause immediately after sub-clause (1)-
  - (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one year or to both.

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to create a penalty of the offence against concealment of persons with disabilities.

## CLAUSE 65

**THAT** clause 65 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against denial of food and fluids of persons with disabilities.

## CLAUSE 66

**THAT** clause 66 of the Bill be amended by deleting the words "two hundred thousand shillings" and substituting therefore the words "two million shillings".

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to enhance the penalty of the offence against degrading treatment of persons with disabilities

## NEW CLAUSE

**THAT** the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 66—

Begging	<b>66A.</b> A person who causes, procures, encourages or
and	solicits a child or an adult with disabilities to engage in
receiving	begging or receiving alms commits an offence and shall
alms	on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five million
	shillings or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five
	years, or to both.

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to create the offence against using persons with disabilities for begging and receiving alms which has become rampant over the years.

## CLAUSE 72

**THAT** clause 72 of the Bill be amended by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b)—

(c) ensuring that bus-stops are barrier-free".

## **Justifications**

The proposed amendment seeks to ensure access by persons with disabilities of public transport by obligating the National and County Governments to make public roads and highways under their respective mandates accessible to persons with disabilities by inter alia ensuring that bus-stops are barrier-free.

## NEW CLAUSE

**THAT** the Bill be amended by inserting the following new clause immediately after clause 73—

Housing.	73A. Every Government agency putting up residential
	and commercial buildings shall reserve at least five
	percent of the said residential and commercial buildings
	for acquisition by persons with disabilities and the terms
	and conditions at such acquisition to persons with
	disabilities shall include interest free and longer periods
	of repayment.

## **Justifications**

The new clause as proposed seek to ensure that persons with disabilities realise the right to housing by compelling every Government agency putting up residential and commercial buildings to reserve at least five percent of the said residential and commercial buildings for acquisition by persons with disabilities and the terms and conditions at such acquisition to persons with disabilities shall include interest free and longer periods of repayment.

## CLAUSE 74

THAT clause 74 of the Bill be amended—

(a) in sub-clause (1) by deleting the word "alone" appearing in the opening statement; and

(b) in sub-clause (2) by deleting the word "alone".

## **Justifications**

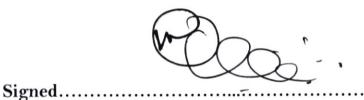
Clause 74 of the Bill provides that no person shall, on the ground of disability alone, deny a person with disability admission into any premises to which members of the public are ordinarily admitted. The use of the word "alone" in clause 74 imply that where the exist another ground, a person with disabilities may be discriminated, hence the proposal to delete the word.

## MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/393: ANY OTHER BUSINESS

No other business was considered.

## MIN. NO. NA/DC-SP/2024/394: ADJOURNMENT/DATE OF THE NEXT MEETING

The meeting was adjourned at 11.30am. The next meeting will be held on Wednesday, 4<sup>th</sup> December 2024 at 12.00noon.



02.12.2024

Date.....

HON. ALICE WAMBUI NGÁNGÁ, C.B.S, M.P.

(Chairperson)



## THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT – THIRD SESSION - 2024

## DIRECTORATE OF DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEES DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION

ADOPTION SCHEDULE: REPORT ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 7 of 2023)

DATE: 2<sup>ND</sup> December, 2024

NO.	NAME	SIGNATURE
1.	Hon. Alice Wambui Ng'ang'a, CBS, MP. – Chairperson	meree :
2.	Hon. Kosgei Hilary Kiplangat, MP. – Vice Chairperson	K Dungot
3.	Hon. Wetangula Timothy Wanyonyi, MP.	
4.	Hon. (Dr.) James Wambura Nyikal, MP.	
5.	Hon. Pareyio, Agnes Mantaine, MP.	Parey10
6.	Hon. Nyenze Edith Vethi, MP.	ENMONT
7.	Hon. (Dr.) Gogo Lilian Achieng', MP.	
8.	Hon. Maina Betty Njeri, MP.	Quinting
9.	Hon. Mark Ogolla Nyamita, MP.	
10.	Hon. Linet Chepkorir, MP.	
11.	Hon. Suleka Hulbale Harun, MP.	1SALA-
12.	Hon. Wainaina Michael, Wambugu, MP.	GUANA'
13.	Hon. Barre Hussein Abdi, MP.	
14.	Hon. Nduyo Susan Ngugi, MP.	Self
15.	Hon. Abdullahi Amina Dika, MP.	10



#### **REPUBLIC OF KENYA** THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT- THIRD SESSION (2024) THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

#### IN THE MATTER OF ARTICLE 118(1) (b) OF THE CONSTITUTION

#### AND

#### IN THE MATTER OF CONSIDERATION BY THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF-

- 1. THE UNIVERSITIES (AMENDMENT) (NO. 5) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 79 OF 2023); 2. THE PUBLIC AUDIT (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 3 OF 2024;
- 3 THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORAL AND BOUNDARIES COMMISSION (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY
- BILL NO. 10 OF 20241: 4.THE AGRICULTURAL AND LIVESTOCK EXTENSION SERVICES BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 12 OF 2022); 5.THE MUNG BEANS BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 13 OF 2022);
- 6. THE START-UP BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 14 OF 2022);
- 7.THE LEARNERS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 4 OF 2023); 8.THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 7 OF 2023; AND
- 9. THE KENYAN SIGN LANGUAGE BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 9 OF 2023);

#### INVITATION TO SUBMIT MEMORANDA

WHEREAS, Article 118(1) (b) of the Constitution requires Parliament to facilitate public participation and involvement in the legislative and other business of Parliament and its Committees and Standing Order 127(3) of the National Assembly Standing Orders requires House Committees considering Bills to facilitate public participation;

AND WHEREAS the Universities (Amendment) (No. 5) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 79 of 2023); the Public Audit (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 3 of 2024); the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 10 of 2024); the Agricultural and Livestock Extension Services Bill (Senate Bill No. 12 of 2022); the Mung Beans Bill (Senate Bill No. 13 of 2022); the Start-up Bill (Senate Bill No. 14 of 2022); the Learners with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 4 of 2023); the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023); and the Kenyan Sign Language Bill (Senate Bill No. 9 of 2023) have been read a First Time and referred to the relevant Departmental Committees for consideration and reporting to the House;

#### IT IS NOTIFIED THAT:

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- The Universities (Amendment) (No. 5) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 79 of 2023) is a Bill sponsored by Hon. Benjamin Gathiru, MP, that seeks to amend the Universities Act, 2012 to limit universities from offering certificate and diploma course
- The Public Audit (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 3 of 2024) is a Bill sponsored by the Lead 2. The Public Audit (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 3 of 2024) is a Bill sponsored by the Leader of the Majority Party, Hon. Kimani Ichung'wah, EGH, MP, The purpose of the Bill is to amend the Public Audit Act, 2015 to align it with the Constitution as per the decision rendered in <u>Transparency International (TI Kenya) v Attorney</u> <u>General & 2 others</u> [2018] eKLR declaring sections 4(2), 8, 12, 17(1), 18, 27, 40, 42, and 70 of the Public Audit Act 2015 unconstitutional. The Bill further seeks to update the provisions of the Public Audit Act, 2015 to enhance efficiency in the performance of the Auditor's duties.
- The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 10 of 2024) is a Bill co-sponsored by the Leader of the Majority Party, Hon. Kimani Ichung'wah, EGH, MP, and the Leader of the Minority Party, the Hon. Opiyo Wandayi, EGH, MP that seeks to give effect to some of the recommendations and views of the public that were submitted during the recent national dialogue discourse facilitated by the National Dialogue Committee (NADCO). The Bill seeks to—
  - (a) amend the First Schedule to the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission Act, 2011 to increase the membership of the selection panel from seven to nine to accommodate a wide spectrum of stakeholders and interest groups
  - (b) amend section 6 of the Act to include additional professional gualifications for appointment as a member of the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (c) amend section 10 of the Act to provide that the secretary of the IEBC shall hold office for a term of three years that
  - is renewable once: (d)replace the current Fifth Schedule to the Act to provide for the procedure for delimitation of boundaries in an
  - updated Schedule; and (e) delete obsolete provisions and make consequential amendments intended to align the Act to the decision of the
- court in <u>Katiba Institute & 3 Others v Attorney-General & 2 Others</u> (2018) eKLR.
   The Agricultural and Livestock Extension Services Bill (Senate Bill No. 12 of 2022) is a Bill sponsored by Sen.
- Maureen Tabitha Mutinda, MP that seeks to provide for agricultural and livestock extension services; and to establish the Agricultural and Livestock Extension Service. The Mung Beans Bill (Senate Bill No. 13 of 2022) is a Bill sponsored by Sen. Enoch Kilo Wambua, MP that seeks to
- The Start-up Bill (Senate Bill No. 14 of 2022) is a Bill sponsored by Sen. Crystal Asige, MP. The Bill seeks to establish a framework to encourage growth and sustainable technological development, entrepreneurship, employment; create a favourable environment for innovation; and attract Kenyan talent and capital.
   The Learners with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 4 of 2023) is a Bill co-sponsored by Sen. Margaret Kamar, MP
- and Sen. Crystal Asige, MP that seeks to provide a legal framework for the actualization of the right to education for learners with disabilities at all levels of education.
- The Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) is a Bill sponsored by Sen. Crystal Asige, MP that seeks to provide the institutional framework for protecting, promoting and monitoring the rights of persons with disabilities and to provide incentives and reliefs that give effect to Article 54 of the Constitution.
   The Kenyan Sign Language Bill (Senate Bill No. 9 of 2023) is a Bill is sponsored by Sen. Crystal Asige, MP that a seek stop to the the transmission of transmission of the transmission of transmission of the transmission of transmission of
- seeks to give effect to Article 7 (3)(b) of the Constitution on the promotion and development of the use of Kenyan Sign Language. The Bill provides for the inclusion of sign language in the education curriculum and the use of sign language in legal proceedings

NOW THEREFORE, in compliance with Article 118(1) (b) of the Constitution and Standing Order 127(3) the Clerk of the National Assembly hereby invites the public and stakeholders to submit memoranda on the Bills to the respective Departmental Committees listed below

NO.	BILL	COMMITTEE
1.	The Universities (Amendment) (No. 5) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 79 of	Education
	2023)	
2.	The Public Audit (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 3 of 2024)	Finance and National Planning
3.	The Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (Amendment) Bill (Na-	Justice and Legal Affairs
	tional Assembly Bill No. 10 of 2024)	
4.	The Agricultural and Livestock Extension Services Bill (Senate Bill No. 12 of 2022)	Agriculture and Livestock
5.	The Mung Beans Bill (Senate Bill No. 13 of 2022)	Agriculture and Livestock
6.	The Start-up Bill (Senate Bill No. 14 of 2022)	Trade, Industry and Co-operatives
7.	The Learners with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 4 of 2023)	Education
8.	The Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023)	Social Protection
9.	The Kenyan Sign Language Bill (Senate Bill No. 9 of 2023)	Sports and Culture
L		-porte and carriero

The memoranda may be forwarded to the Clerk of the National Assembly, P.O. Box 41842-00100, Nairobi; handdelivered to the Office of the Clerk, Main Parliament Buildings, Nairobi; or emailed to cna@parliament.go.ke to be received on or before Thursday, 21" March 2024 at 5.00 p.m.

Copies of the Bills are available at the National Assembly Table Office, Main Parliament Buildings and on: www.parliament.go.ke/the-national-assembly/house-business/bills

> S. NJOROGE, CBS CLERK OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

> > 8th March 2024



#### THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OFFICE OF THE CLERK

P. O. Box 41842-00100 Nairobi, Kenya Main Parliament Buildings Telephone: +254202848000 ext. 3300 Email: <u>cna@parliament.go.ke</u> www.parliament.go.ke/the-national-assembly

When replying, please quote:

#### REF: NA/DDC/SP/CORR/2024/122

20th November, 2024

#### REF: NA/DDC/SI/CONN/202 1122

Mr. Joseph Mogosi Motari, MBS Principal Secretary State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affair Ministry of Labour and Social Protection Social Security House, Bishops Road NAIROBI

## Dear Mr Molari

## RE: INVITATION TO A MEETING WITH THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION FOR SUBMISSION OF MEMORANDA ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL, 2023

The Departmental Committee on Social Protection is established under National Assembly Standing Order 216 which mandates it to amongst others "study and review all legislation referred to it".

The Persons with Disabilities Bill, 2023 (Senate Bill No. 7 of 2023) is a Bill sponsored by Sen. Crystal Asige, MP and has been forwarded to the National Assembly for consideration having been passed by the Senate. The Bill seeks to give effect to Article 54 of the Constitution, restructure the National Council for Persons with Disabilities; provide for its functions and powers; provide for the institutional framework for protecting, promoting and monitoring the rights of persons with disabilities; and to provide for incentives and reliefs and for connected purposes. In order to achieve the aforementioned objectives, the Bill seeks to repeal the Persons with Disabilities Act, 2003.

Article 118(1)(b) of the Constitution requires Parliament to facilitate public participation and involvement in the legislative and other business of Parliament and its Committees. Further, Standing Order 127(3) of the National Assembly Standing Orders requires House Committees considering Bills to facilitate public participation.

To this end therefore, you are hereby invited to make and present your submissions on the Bili (copy enclosed herewith) on Wednesday, 27<sup>th</sup> November 2024 in Committee Room 12, Main Parliament Buildings from 9.00am.

Softcopies of the submission are to be emailed to the Office of the Clerk of the National Assembly through <u>cna@parliament.go.ke</u> and copied to the undersigned officers, while twenty (20) hardcopies are to be presented during the Meeting.

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The officers overseeing this activity are Mr. Finlay Muriuki who may be contacted on Tel. No. 0722 687468 or email: <u>finlay.muriuki@parliament.go.ke</u> or Mr. Ahmednoor Hassan, on Tel. No. 0748 993663 or email: <u>ahmednoor.hassan@parliament.go.ke</u>.

Yours

## JEREMIAH W. NDOMBI, MBS For: CLERK OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Copy to:

Dr. Alfred Mutua, EGH Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Labour and Social Protection Social Security House Bishops Road NAIROBI



### THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY **OFFICE OF THE CLERK**

P. O. Box 41842-00100 Nairobi, Kenya Main Parliament Buildings

Telephone: +254202848000 ext. 3300 Email: cna@parliament.go.ke www.parliament.go.ke/the-national-assembly

When replying, please quote:

#### REF: NA/DDC/SP/CORR/2024/122

20th November, 2024

Mr. Joseph Mogosi Motari, MBS Principal Secretary State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affair Ministry of Labour and Social Protection Social Security House, Bishops Road NAIROBI

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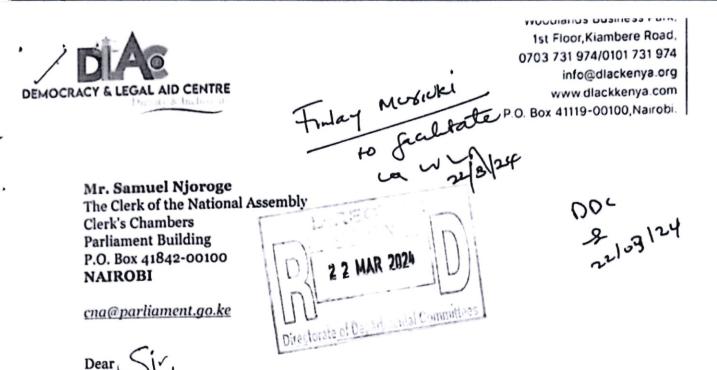
The officers overseeing this activity are Mr. Finlay Muriuki who may be contacted on Tel. No. 0722 687468 or email: <u>finlay.muriuki@parliament.go.ke</u> or Mr. Ahmednoor Hassan, on Tel. No. 0748 993663 or email: <u>ahmednoor.hassan@parliament.go.ke</u>.

Yours

## JEREMIAH W. NDOMBI, MBS For: CLERK OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Copy to:

Dr. Alfred Mutua, EGH Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Labour and Social Protection Social Security House Bishops Road NAIROBI



## JOINT SUBMISSION OF THE MEMORANDA ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITY BILL, 2024 (SENATE BILL NO 7 OF 2024)

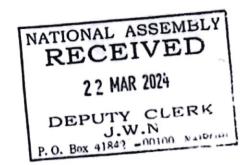
Reference is made to your call for the submission of memoranda on the Persons with Disabilities Bill 2024.

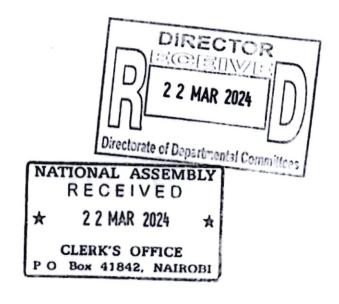
We hereby submit a joint memorandum submitted in response to the National Assembly from the;

- The Democracy and Legal Aid Centre: A Non Governmental Organization that promotes the rule of law by protecting human rights and advancing democracy by providing accessible legal aid and education.
- Nairobi Waldorf School is a multicultural school following the Waldorf curriculum: Waldorf curriculum advocates for total education of a whole person, while considering individual differences and diversities. The school stands for inclusion and provide equal opportunities and access to education for all.

Yours sincerely,

Emily Muriguh <u>EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/CEO</u> <u>DEMOCRACY & LEGAL AID CENTRE</u>







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NO.	CLAUSE	PROVISION	PROPOSED AMENDMENT	JUSTIFICATION
	PART III	RIGHTS OF PERSON	S WITH DISABILITIES	Constant Street Street
1.	Clause 13	Older members of society with disabilities Older members of society who have disabilities have the right to enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with others including the right to— (a) access social protection programs; (b) exercise their legal capacity and that appropriate measures and safeguards are put in place to provide them with the support they may require to exercise their legal capacity; and (c) Access inclusive services.	inserting after the word "Programs" the following <b>"for</b> <b>themselves and their care</b> <b>givers</b> " b. Amend clause 11(c) by deleting the same without replacement.	with disability are in constant need

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	the Bill does not interpret the term
	Our joint opinion is that the the provision as is maybe unrealistic in the current settings but
	caregiving services is practical if the caregivers can benefit from the social protection programs as
	proposed in Clause (a). This is because a higher population of the older persons
	live in the rural set up of which the inclusive services may not be constantly available there but
	a caregiver who is benefiting from a stipend will take care of the vulnerable older

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				person at a personal level.
2.	Clause 20 Right to Education.	<ul> <li>(8) The Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments shall ensure that—</li> <li>(c) The ministry responsible for education formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through</li> </ul>	Amend by re-writing sub clause (8) as follows: The Ministry of Education in consultation with the Council shall ensure that – Amend by re-phrasing subclause 8(c) as follows: The Ministry responsible for education in consultation with the Council formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through-	The principle is that responsibility of providing education remains with the Ministry of Education. The principle is that responsibility of providing education remains with the Ministry of Education.
3.	Clause 21 Right to work and employment for persons with disabilities	<ul> <li>(1) Every employer shall</li> <li>(a) reserve at least five percent direct employment for persons with disabilities to secure employment.</li> </ul>	Amend subclause (2)(a) by inserting after the word 'employment "the following proviso "The requirement is applicable to employers with at least 20 employees"	This proposal takes into account the fact that the requirement for reservation of 5% may be difficult for smaller sized employers to meet.

4.	Clause 24 Right to Health	(5) Persons with disabilities shall be entitled to free medical care and treatment in public health institutions.	Amend by adding after the word 'treatment' the following 'rehabilitation services'	Rehabilitation is critically important to persons with disability as it seeks help people gain new life skills.
5.	Clause 33 Right to Independent living.	(2) Subject to subsection (1), an employer may provide special allowance to a person with disability.	Amend by re-phrasing subclause (2) as follows: Subject to subsection (1) the government shall provide the necessary resources to support independent living of persons with disabilities in the community.	It is the Governments duty to provide necessary resources as proposed in this memoranda.
6.	Clause 34 Enforcement of Rights	(1) Subject to sub-section (2) if any person alleges that any of the provisions of this Act has been, is being, or is likely to be contravened in relation to a person with disabilities, then without prejudice to any other action with respect to the same matter which is lawfully available, that person may apply to the High Court for redress.	Amend clause 34(1) and (2) by substituting the phrase "High Court" with "a Court of law".	All courts have specific jurisdictions and so a contravention will be referred to the relevant court.

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**REPUBLIC OF KENYA** 

## MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND SOCIAL PROTECTION STATE DEPARTMENT FOR SOCIAL PROTECTION AND SENIOR CITIZEN AFFAIRS OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL SECRETARY

Telephone: Nairobi +254(0)2729800 Fax: 2726222 Email:<u>ps@socialprotection.go.ke</u> When replying please quote Social Security House, Bishops Road P.O. BOX 40326 - 00100 NAIROBI KENYA

Ref: ML&SP/SP/37/5

26th November, 2024

The Clerk of the National Assembly Parliament Buildings, P.O Box 41842-00100

NAIROBI

copy by e-mail: <u>cna@parliament.go.ke</u> /

finlay.muriuki@parliament.go.ke / ahmednoor.hassan@parliament.go.ke

Attn: Jeremiah W. Ndombi, MBS

## RE: INVITATION TO A MEETING WITH THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL PROTECTION FOR SUBMISSION OF MEMORANDA ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES BILL, 2023

Reference is made to your letter dated 20<sup>th</sup> November 2024 under Ref.NA/DDC/SP/CORR/2024/122 regarding the above subject matter.

Attached is our written submission to the Persons with Disabilities Bill (Senate Bill No.7 of 2023) for your attention.

Joseph M. Mòtari, MBS <u>PRINCIPAL SECRETARY</u>

Copy to: Dr. Alfred N. Mutua, EGH Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Labour and Social Protection NAIROBI



# MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND SOCIAL PROTECTION

# STATE DEPARTMENT FOR SOCIAL PROTECTION & SENIOR CITIZEN AFFAIRS

The following is the position of the State Department for Social and Senior Citizen Affairs on the Persons with Disabilities Bill,2023 (Senate Bill No.7 of 2023) (hereinafter "the Senate Bill") as sponsored by Senator Crystal Asige, MP.

We respond as thus:

#### A. BACKGROUND

- The Ministry began the process of repealing the Persons with Disabilities Act (Cap 133) Laws of Kenya, in 2017 and on 14<sup>th</sup> August 2018, the Cabinet approved a Government Sponsored Repeal Bill through Cabinet Memorandum No. CAB (16)70, for submission to Parliament.
- 2. The proposal to repeal the Persons with Disabilities Act (Cap 133) is informed by many developments key among them is the promulgation of the Constitution of Kenya 2010; Vision 2030; Ratification by Kenya of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD) 2007 and 2008 respectively. The review has also benefited from the recent initiatives of the African Union disability agenda and the East Africa Community (EAC) Disability Policy.
- 3. The Government sponsored Persons with Disabilities Bill, 2021 (National Assembly Bills No. 61 of 2021) was passed by the National Assembly on 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 and the Bill was transmitted to the Senate for consideration by the Senate. Regrettably, the 12<sup>th</sup> Parliament adjourned *sine die* before the enactment of the Repeal Bill and as a consequence, the Bill lapsed in the Senate in the last Parliament.
- 4. The Ministry again resubmitted the Government Sponsored Persons with Disabilities (Repeal) Bill, 2021 to the Hon. Attorney General to cause the lapsed Bill republished in the National Assembly. The Government sponsored Bill was Persons with Disabilities Bill,2023(National Assembly Bill No. 26 of 2023)

(hereinafter "the National Assembly Bill") was received in the National Assembly on 26th June 2023.

- 5. The National Assembly Bill was vigorously subjected to public participation by the Ministry as per the Constitution of Kenya, 2010 and the views of the stakeholders consolidated in the final Bill. The consultations with stakeholders involved; the National Treasury & Economic Planning, the Commission for Implementation of the Constitution, the Kenya National Commission on Human Rights, the National Gender and Equality Commission, Office of the Attorney General & Department of Justice, Government Ministries and Departments, Organizations of and for persons with disabilities, parents' support groups and other stakeholders.
- 6. The Senate Bill No.7 of 2023 is a replica of the Government sponsored National Assembly Bill No.26 of 2023 but drastically alters the tax reliefs and incentives negotiated and approved by the Cabinet, National Treasury & Economic Planning and Hon. Attorney General thereby rendering the Persons with Disabilities, 2023 (Senate Bills No. 7 of 2023) a money Bill, contrary to the letter and spirit of Article 109 (5) of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.

## B. COMPARISON BETWEEN THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL No. 26 of 2023 AND THE SENATE BILL No. 7 of 2023

PART	NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL	SENATE BILL	COMMENTS
RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES	5(3) Persons with disabilities have equal right to own or inherit property, to control their own financial affairs and to have equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other forms of financial credit.	to savings and loan facilities, mortgages and	The Senate Bill provides that persons with disabilities not only have access to loan facilities, mortgages, and other forms of financial credit but they can also engage in <b>Financial saving</b> activities.
	disability who is of marriageable age has the	to marry a person of the opposite sex and form a	The National Assembly Bill provides for <b>free and</b> <b>full consent</b> .

<ul> <li>9. Every child with disability has the rightand freedom on an equal basis with other children in respect to -</li> <li>(d) age-appropriate assistance to realize his or her rights.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>11. (1) Every child with disability has the right and freedom on an equal basis with other children in respect to-</li> <li>(d) age and gender appropriate assistance to realize his or her rights;</li> <li>(e.) living with his or her family for as long as is necessary;</li> <li>(f) accessing quality education;</li> <li>(g) accessing appropriate health careservices; and protection from abuse, exploitation and harmful practices.</li> </ul>	The Senate bill 11(1) (d), (e), (f), (g), (h) provides more in regards to the rights and freedoms of a child with disability.
	11 (2) In all actions concerning children with disabilities, the bestinterest of the child shall be the primary consideration and shall be of paramount importance.	Clause 11 (2) of th Senate Bill provide that the best interest of a child with disabilit should be considere first in all action related to them.
10. (1) Every young person with a disability is entitled to enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis withother youth.	12. (1) Every person with disability who is a youth is entitled to enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other youth.	Clause 12(1) of Senat bill places more emphasis on youth who are persons with disabilities It highlights the rights of young people with disabilities specifically, ensuring they Receive equal Treatment and opportunities as thei non-disabled peers.
12. (1) Every person with disability has aright to be issued with acertificate of	14.(1) Every person with disabilityhas a right to be issued with a certificate of	The Senate Bi provides that th issuance of th

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birth, national identification card, passport and any other document of registration oridentification.	identification card, passport, disability	documents should be free of charge.
18. (1) Every person with disability has aright to admission to an institution of learning and access toan inclusive, qualityand free primary and secondary education on an equal basis with others.	20.(1) Every person with disability has a right to admission to any institution of learning and access to an inclusive, quality education on an equal basis with others.	The National Bill provides that persons with disabilities should get <b>free</b> primary and secondary education.
18 (5) Every Child with disability has the right to free and compulsory education.	20(5) Every child with a disability has the right to free and compulsory basic education.	The Senate Bill added basic education
<ul> <li>18 (8) The Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments shall ensure that— <ul> <li>(c) (ii) development of a least restrictive environment by adaptation and structural adjustments of all educational institutions to the needs of persons withdisabilities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>18(8) (c) (v) promotion of the use of appropriate</li> </ul>	20(8) The Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments shall ensure that- (c) the Ministry responsible for education formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through- (ii)adaptation and structural adjustments of all educational institutions to the needs of persons with disabilities.	There is a difference in wording between Clause 18(8) (c) (ii) of the National Assembly Bill and Clause 20(8) (c)(ii) of the Senate Bill.
of the use of appropriate augmentative and alternative modes,means and formats of communication, <b>adoptive</b> technologies, including Braille and Kenya Sign Language; and	(v) promotion of the use of appropriate augmentative and alternative modes, means and formats of communication, <b>adaptive</b> technologies, including Braille and Kenya Sign Language;	The difference between adoptive technologies under the National Assembly Bill and adaptive technologies under the Senate Bill.

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and 18(8)(c)(vi) introduction of Kenyaign language interpretation courses institutions. 19(5)(c) Without limiting the generality of subsection (2) (c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination— (c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination— (c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination— (c) favoring an employee without disability over a qualified employee with disability. 19(5)(c) re-assigning or transferring a qualified employee with disability from atask or position the employee with disability for her disability; (c) favoring an employee with disability for account of the latter's disability out an employee with disability for her disability; (c) favoring an employee with disability for her disability; (c) favoring an employee with disability with respect to perform because of his or her disability; (c) favoring an employee with disability with respect to portunities, study and scholarship grants, soley on account of the latter's disability over an employee with disability with respect to portunities, study and scholarship grants, soley on account of the latter's disability over an employee with disability with respect to portonit on, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, soley on account of the latter's disability; (fre-assigning or transferring a employee with disability form a tasko position the employee is also perform to one which ball the perform to one which disability over an employee the disability form a tasko position the employee is disability over an employee form to one which he or she cannot			
<ul> <li>20 (10) Each learner with disability of subsection (2)</li> <li>(c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination— <ul> <li>(e) favoring an employee with disability ver a qualified employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's Disability.</li> <li>19(5)(f) re-assigning or transferring a qualified employee with disability if from atask or position the employee is able to perform to one whichhe or she cannot perform because of his or her disability;</li> <li>(f) favoring an employee</li> <li>(e) favoring an employee is able to perform because of his or her disability;</li> <li>(f) favoring an employee with disability with respect to perform because of his or her disability;</li> <li>(f) favoring an employee with disability with respect to perform to one whichhe or she cannot perform because of his or her disability;</li> <li>(f) favoring an employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's disability;</li> <li>(f) favoring an employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's disability;</li> <li>(f) fre-assigning or transferring an employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's disability;</li> </ul></li></ul>	of Kenyasign language in all training interpretation courses	(vi) introduction of Kenyan Sign language courses in all learning	betweenClause 18 (8) (c)(vi) of theNational Assembly Bill and Clause 20(8)(vi) of the Senate Bill.
	the generality of subsection (2) (c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination— (e) favoring an employee without disability over a qualified employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's Disability. 19(5)(f) re-assigning or transferring a qualified employee with disability from atask or position the employee is able to perform to one whichhe or she cannot perform because of his	disability including an intellectual disability has a right to be assessed and be placed in an appropriate learning institution in accordance with the outcome of the assessment. 21(5) Without limiting the generality of subsection (2)(c), the following may constitute acts of discrimination- (e) favoring an employee without disability over an employee with disability with respect to promotion, training opportunities, study and scholarship grants, solely on account of the latter's disability; (f)re-assigning or transferring an employee with disability from a taskor position the employee is able to perform to one	The Senate Bill Clause 20(10) provides for an addition to include the intellectually disabled learners for assessment and placement in the appropriate learning institutions. The National Assembly Bill under Clause 19(5) (2) (e) adds: over a qualified employee with disability The National Assembly Bill adds: a qualified employee with

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19(7)(c)(iii)Forpurpose of this paragraph (5) (a) " reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment includes— (c) discrimination includes (iii)not making reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental limitations of an employee with disabilities;	perform because of his or herdisability; 21(7) For purpose of this section "reasonable accommodation" for purposes of employment include: (iii) not making reasonable accommodation;	The National Assembly Bill provides an addition; discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental limitations of an employee with disabilities.
20. No person with disability shall be dismissed or suffer any reduction in rank <b>solely</b> on the grounds of disability, acquiring any disability, or any consequences thereof:		Addition of "Solely" under the National Assembly Bill
21(1) A private employer who engages a person with a disability with the required skills or qualifications either as a regular employee, apprentice or learner shall be entitled to apply for a deduction from its taxable income equivalent to twenty-five percent of the total amount paid as salary and wages to such employee;	23(1) A private employer who engages a person with a disability either as a regular employee, apprentice or learner shall be entitled to apply for a deduction from its taxable income equivalent to twenty- five percent of the total amount paid as salary and wages to such employee:	The National Assembly Bill adds a Persons With Disabilities "with the required skills or qualifications"
22(5) Every national or referral health institution shall employ at least two Kenya sign language interpreters with gender consideration in their institutionalstructure;	24(7) The national and county governments shall ensure that all health institutions have an adequate number of Kenyan Sign language interpreters in their institutional structures.	The National Assembly B i11 requires all health institutions to have a minimum of twosign language interpreters of opposite gender while the Senate Bill mandates thenational and county governments to ensure the health institutions have

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		l sign
		enough sign language interpreters
23(2) Every person with disability has aright to information, communications technologies and systems which Includes talking software, Braille materials, hearing aids and other communication devices.	24(8) Every person with a disability has the right to access health care on the basis of free and informed consent.	The Senate Bill provides further that PWDs have the right to medical care based on free and informed consent. 23(2) of the National Assembly Bill to be placed under the section "Access to Information and Communication Technology Services"
24(2) It shall be the obligation of public institutions to provide information intended for the general public, including through the internet, to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities.	26(3) Public and private institutions shall provide information intended for the general public, including through the internet, to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of disabilities.	The Senate Bill adds "Public and Private institutions"
shall accept and facilitate	26(4) Public and private institutions shall accept and facilitate the use of Kenya sign language, Braille, augmentative and alternative communication, and all other accessible means and usable formats of communication to accommodate the needs of persons with disabilities;	The Senate Bill adds "public and private institutions"
24(4) All public television and radio stations and telephone service		provides for "public and private

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providers shall provide information and services in accessible formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of persons with disabilities.	formats and technologies appropriate to different kinds of persons with	
	26(7) The Media Council of Kenya shall develop regulations on maintenance of low levels of risk to persons who have photosensitive epilepsy by television broadcasters.	The Senate Bill introduces a new section which require the Media Council of Kenya to develop regulations in regard to persons with disabilities who have photosensitive epilepsy
	27.Institutions that provide financial services, including online services and mobile money, shall ensure that their services, equipment and platforms are available to persons with disabilities in accessible formats and technologies.	The Senate Bill introduces a new section: "Access to financial and banking services"
26(4) Every public and private institution with sporting, recreation, leisure and cultural activities for their employees shall ensure that such sporting, recreational, Leisure and cultural activities are sensitive to the needs of persons with disabilities.	29 (2) Every person with disability shall be entitled to the use of recreational or sports facilities owned or operated by the national and county governments during social, sporting or recreational activities, free of charge.	The Senate Bill adds 29 (2) under the sports, recreation, leisure and culture section.
	29(5)Every public and private institution with sporting, recreation, leisure and cultural activities for their employees shall ensure that such sporting, recreational, leisure and cultural activities are accessible and sensitive to	The Senate Billadds; accessible and sensitive to the needs of persons with disabilities.

		the needs of persons with disabilities.	
	27(4) Every person with disability has the right to free movement with his or her assistive devices and services including guide animals and no person with disability shall be denied accessto any public place because of the nature of his or her assistive devices and services	30 (4) Every person with disability has a right to personal mobility and the use of assistive devices of his or her choice, including assistance byguide animals, and no person with disability shall be denied access to any public place because of the nature of his or her assistive devices.	The Senate Bill provides for a right to personal mobility and theuse of assistive devices whereasthe national assembly bill provides for the right to free movement with his or her assistive devices.
	30(2) Subject to subsection (1), an employer may provide hardship allowance to or for a family of a person with disability	<ul> <li>31.(6) The Council shall consult and collaborate with the county governments and other government regulatory agencies in exercise of its functions under this section.</li> <li>33. (2) Subject to subsection (1), an employer may provide special allowance to a person with disability.</li> </ul>	The Senate Bill provides for an additional clause under 31(6). The Senate Bill provides for a <b>special allowance</b> while the National Assembly Billprovides for <b>the hardship</b> <b>allowance</b> .
ESTABLISHMENT, POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES	<ul> <li>34.(1) The headquarters of the Council shall be in Nairobi.</li> <li>(2) The Council shall establish its offices and decentralize its services to such other parts of the country asit considers necessaryin accordance with article 6(3) of the Constitution.</li> <li>(3) The Council shall be the successor in title to the National Council for Person</li> </ul>		The Senate Bill has omitted Clause 34 of the National Assembly Bill on Headquarters of the Council The Senate Bill has added Clause 37(a)(xvi) Clause 35(c) of the NationalAssembly Bill-Facilitate systematic collection, analysis and use of national statisticsand

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<ul> <li>with Disabilities</li> <li>existing immediately</li> <li>before the</li> <li>commencement of</li> <li>this Act and upon</li> <li>suchcommencement</li> <li>thetransitional</li> <li>provisionsset out in</li> <li>section 8 shall apply</li> <li><b>35(c)</b>Facilitate systematic</li> <li>collection, analysis and</li> <li>use of national statistics</li> <li>and disaggregated data on</li> <li>issues relating to persons</li> <li>with disabilities.</li> <li><b>38(d)</b> the following</li> <li>appointed by the cabinet</li> <li>secretary-</li> <li>(i) four persons</li> <li>representing different</li> <li>categories of disabilities,</li> <li>nominated by</li> <li>Organizations ofpersons</li> <li>with disabilities.</li> <li><b>43(4)</b> The Executive</li> <li>Director shall hold office</li> <li>for a term of three years'</li> <li>renewable once</li> </ul>	for a term of five years' renewable once	disaggregated data on issues relating to persons with disabilities. While 37(c) of the Senate Bill - Advice on systematic collection, analysis and use of national statistics and disaggregated data on issues relating to persons with disabilities. The Senate bill has added Clause 40(d) One person nominated by the Council of county governors. Section 38(d)(i) of the National Assembly Billprovides that the following appointed by the cabinet secretary- (i) four persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities. While Clause40(e)(i) of the Sme Bill provides that the following appointed by the cabinet secretary- (i) three persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by organizations of persons with disabilities, While Clause40(e)(i) of the Sme Bill provides that the following appointed by the cabinet secretary- (i) three persons representing different categories of disabilities, nominated by persons with disabilities, nominated by persons with disabilities, nominated by

			Clause <b>43(4)</b> of <b>t</b> e National Assembly Billprovides that - the Executive Director shall hold officefor a term of <b>three</b> years' renewable once. While Clause <b>45(4)</b> of the Senate bill provides that the Executive Director shall holdoffice for a term of <b>five</b> years' renewable once.
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES	61(2) Any person who contravenes subsection (I)commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fin e no t exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one year or to both.	61(1)(2)(k) reasonable accommodation	Clause 61(2) under the National Assembly Bill provides for a penalty if one is found guilty by a court of law for concealment of persons with disabilities The Senate Bill provides for an additional Clause 61(1)(2)(k).
	<ul> <li>64(4)A person notbeing <ul> <li>a doctor or medical</li> <li>practitioner, who causes a</li> <li>disability to another</li> <li>person or who through</li> <li>negligence or</li> <li>deliberately worsens the</li> <li>disability of another</li> <li>person, commits an</li> <li>offenceand is liable on</li> <li>conviction to a finenot</li> <li>exceeding tenmillion</li> <li>shillings or to</li> <li>imprisonment for a</li> <li>term of five years of</li> <li>both.</li> </ul> </li> <li>64(8) The medical practice</li> <li>guidelines shall be revised</li> <li>to harmonize them with</li> <li>the provisions of this Act.</li> </ul>		Clause 64(4) is an addition to the National Assembly Bill. Clause 64(8) is an addition to the

National assembly Bill.
64(1) The national and county governments shall take such measures as it considers necessary to eliminate harmful practices committed against a person with disability, including witchcraft, abandonment, concealment, ritual killings or the association of disability with omens. 64(2) A person who perpetrates a harmful practice against a person with disability commits an offense and shall be liable, on conviction, to life imprisonment. 64(3) A person who willfully aids, abets or is an accessory to an offencein subsection (2), commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to life imprisonment.
67(6) The Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating tohealth shall, within three months of the date of commencement of this Act, develop or review guidelines onmedical practice so as to bring theminto conformity with the provisions of this Act.
70. A person who causes harm or death of a person with disability through torture, cruel treatment, ritual killings or other Clause 70 in regards to tortureand cruel treatment is also a new addition to the

		harmful practices commits an offence and shall be liable, on conviction, to life imprisonment	senate bill
MISCELLANEOUS	74.Every Government agency putting up residential Commercial buildingsshall reserve at leastfive percent of the saidresidential and commercial buildingsfor acquisition by persons with disabilities and the terms and conditionsat such acquisition to persons with disabilities shall include interest free and longer periods of repayment	<ul> <li>imprisonment</li> <li>79. The National and county governments shall put in Public place such measures to facilitate the participation of persons with disability in cultural, social andeconomic life and in public affairs, in particular those affecting themthrough- <ul> <li>(a) targeted public participation; and</li> <li>(b) offering information in accessible form.</li> </ul> </li> <li>80. (1) The national and county governments shall perform their functions and powers under this Act on the basis of consultation and cooperation.</li> <li>(2) The Council shall, in carrying out its functions under this Act, consult the council of county governments of consult the council of county governors on any matter</li> </ul>	the Council o Governors in issue
DELATIONCUID		that affects the functions and powers of county governments.	of count governments.
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AND COUNTY GOVERNMENT ON MATTERS DISABILITY	58(1) Each County may establish policy or enact county legislation to establishan institutional framework for ensuring inclusive and effective initiation and implementation of the county's functions,	<ul> <li>4. The finational government shall-</li> <li>(a) develop policies on the protection and promotion of the welfare of persons with disability;</li> <li>(b) undertake investigations, surveys</li> </ul>	The National Assembly Bill sets out the relationshi between the national government and the county government while the Senate Bill sets out obligation of the national

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pursuant toArticle 186 of	and research into the	government	and
the Constitution, in	causes and nature of	the	county
relation to persons with	disabilities and	government.	
disabilities resident in the	development of new		
county	assistive devices;		
(2) Council offices at	(c.) put in place measures		
County level shall	for the prevention of		
implement the	disabilities and		
function of the	rehabilitation of persons		
Council as directed	with disability;		
bythe Council and			
shall for that	(d) provide facilities and		
purpose, where	infrastructure for the training		
applicable-	of professionals in the		
(a) Liaise withother	rehabilitation and habilitation of persons with		
relevantcounty	disability;		
offices of the	(e)promote the integration		
national	of persons with disability in		
government.	schools;		
Liaise with any	(f) promote the inclusion of		
relevant county	persons with disability in the		
institutional framework	public service and put in place		
established pursuant	measures to ensure that at		
to sub-clause(1)	least five per centum of the		
of this section	employment positions are		
) Without prejudiceto the	filled by persons with disability;		
generality of the			
foregoing, policies or	(g) prescribe minimum		
legislation referred to in	standards and guidelines to		
sub-section(1)shall-	be adhered to by public		
(a) Ensure the full	transport vehicles,		
inclusion and	communication service		
participation of	companies and		
participation of persons	infrastructure developers		
with disabilities	to facilitate reasonable		
and their	access by persons with		
representative	disability;		
organizations in			
decision-making	(h) adopt affirmative		
processes at	action measures in		
the county	procurement of national		
level;	government goods and		
(b) Take accountof	services by implementing		
the	preferential procurement		
functions of	for persons or entities		
county governments as	managed by persons with		
set out			
under the	disability;		
fourth schedule to the	(i) ensure access to free		
Constitution;	basic education and other		

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	Ensure that	social amenities to every	
	any standardsset	child with a disability;	
	are not less	CG	
	advantageous to	m) promote affirmative	
	personswith	action to ensure that	
	disabilities than	learners with	
	standardsset by	disabilitiesare enrolled	
	national	in all levels of	
	legislation; and	learning institutions;	
(a)	Consider the areas of overlap	n) marida capacity	
	in the functions	n) provide capacity	
	of the	building, fundingand technical assistance to	
	Council and		
	those of the	the county	
	county	governments on all	
	government and	matters relating to persons with	
	establish		
	necessary	disabilities;	
	frameworks for	<ul> <li>consult county</li> </ul>	
	partnershipand	governments on any	
	collaboration	matter relating to	
	between relevant county	persons with	
	and national	disabilities that affect	
	agencies.	the functions and	
	8	powers of county	
		governments; and	
		8	
		p) develop programmes	
		for caregivers of	
		persons with	
		disabilities on	
		specialized training,	
		counseling and	
		economic	
		development.	
		5 (1) 5	
		5.(1)Every county	
		government shall- (a) implement national	
		(a) implement national policies for the	
		protection and	
		promotion of the	
		welfare of persons	
		with disability;	
		b)allocate adequate	
		resources to programmes	
		specifically targeting	

persons with disability;	
c) ensure access to free pre- primaryeducation and other social amenitiesto every child with disability;	
d) coordinate and disseminate information on government sponsored and non- government sponsored programmes targeting persons with disability within the respective counties;	
e) promote the inclusion of personswith disability in the county public service by putting in place measuresto ensure that at least five per centumof the employment positions are filled by persons with disability; and	
f) adopt affirmative action in procurement of county government goods and services by implementingpreferential procurement for individuals or entities established ormanaged by persons with disability.	
In ensuring that a county government meet its obligations under subsection (1), the county executive committee member in each county shall-	
(a) advise the respective county governor on the	

<ul> <li>appropriate measures</li> <li>and interventions to be</li> <li>putin place for the</li> <li>protection of persons</li> <li>with disability in the</li> <li>county;</li> <li>(b) develop</li> <li>mechanisms for the</li> <li>identification of persons</li> <li>with disability residing in</li> <li>the county;</li> </ul>
liaise with the Council to maintain a database of persons with disability residing within the respective county containing the following information regarding the persons with disability-
<ul><li>(i) the name, age and place of residence of the person;</li><li>ii) the type of disability</li></ul>
of the person; iii) the education level of theperson; (iv) the health needs of
the person; v)the employment status of the person;
<ul> <li>vi) any interventions made in relation to the person; and</li> <li>vii) any other</li> </ul>
information that the county executive committee member may consider necessary;

(d) monitor and
evaluate theprogress by
the county in ensuring
the realization of the
rights of persons with
disabilities underArticle
54(1) of the Constitution;
(e) formulate and
implementprogrammes
aimed at promoting the
socio-economic
development,
including participation in
cultural life, recreation
and sports, by persons
with disability in the
county;
coordinate the
implementation of
programmes developed by
the Council and the
Authority relating to
persons with disability in
the county; and
(g) prepare and publish
reportscontaining
statistical or other
information relating to
programmes and effect
of the programmes
carriedout by the county
in relation to persons
with disability.
(3) The county
executive committee
member may, for the
effective performance of
the functions under
subsection (2), designate
a public officer within
thecounty public service
or constitute acommittee
to perform such
functionsas the county

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	executive member may
	determine.
	(4) Where the county
	executivemember
	constitutes a committee
	under subsection (3), the
	committee shall consist
	of-
	(a) a person who
	represents persons with
	disability in the county;
	(b) two multic officers
	(b) two public officers
	serving in therespective
	county public service;
	(c) two members of the
	public with knowledge or
	experience on matters
	relating to the welfare,
	rehabilitationand the
	management persons
	with disability and belong
	to a related group or
	organization; and
	organization, and
	(d) such other persons,
	not exceeding two, as the
	county executive
	committee member shall
	consider necessary for
	the performance of the
	functions of the
	committee.
	(5)In constituting a
	committee under
	subsection (4), the county
	executive committee
	member shall ensure that
	not more than two thirds
	of its members shall be of
	the same gender.
	(6) The respective county
	(6) The respective county
	government shall enact
	countyspecific legislation

to provide for-
(a) procedure for nomination and appointment of the members of the committee;
(b) such further qualifications for appointment to the committee as may be considered appropriate;
(c) the term of appointment;
<ul> <li>(d) the criteria and procedure for removal of a member from the committee; and</li> <li>(c) such other matters as the county government shall considernecessary.</li> </ul>

## C. SPECIFIC COMMENTS

- 1. Under Part II of the Senate Bill on the relationship between the national government and county government on matters disability, there is a proposal to impose obligations to the Counties whereas matters on persons with disabilities under the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection are not a devolved function but rights and privileges that cut across all levels of government. Additionally, many County governments have developed County-specific legislation on how best to deliver services to persons with disabilities and hence imposing additional obligations on them will go against the spirit of the Constitution of Kenya,2010.
- 2. The Senate Bill in Clauses 55-59 (Part V of the Bill) provides reliefs and incentives open to all persons with disabilities who are in receipt of an income to apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from income tax and any other levies on such income whereas the National Assembly Bill in Part IV on reliefs and incentives, provides for exemption from tax relief for persons with disabilities who are in employment to apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from tax relief for persons with disabilities who are in employment to apply to the Cabinet Secretary for finance for exemption from

income tax on employment income and sets out other Materials, articles, and equipment, including motor vehicles specially designed for use by persons with disabilities, exempt from import duty and value added tax to the extent provided under the tax laws under Clause 53 in the Bill.

- 3. Clause 55 in the National Assembly Bill provides that the Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to credit unions, co-operatives and other lending institutions may on the advice of the Council, from time to time, ensure access to credit by persons with disabilities. The Senate Bill under Clause 57 expands that scope further, to the development of guidelines by the Cabinet Secretary to ensure the equal right of persons with disabilities in having equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other forms of financial credit, inextricably in a private Member's Bill in the Senate, contrary to Article 109 (5) of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.
- 4. Part V of this Senate Bill contains provisions dealing with--(a) taxes; (b) the imposition of charges on a public fund or the variation or repeal of any of those charges; (c) the appropriation, receipt, custody, investment or issue of public money; (d) the raising or guaranteeing of any loan or its repayment; or (e) matters incidental to any of those matters. This therefore clearly indicates that the Senate Bill 2023 is a Money Bill within the meaning of Article 114 of the Constitution of Kenya 2010 as it provides for reliefs and incentives. Article 109(5) of the Constitution of Kenya provides that a Money Bill may be introduced only in the National Assembly in accordance with Article 114.
- 5. Clause 45(4) of the Senate Bill provides that the Executive Director shall hold office for a term of five years renewable once. This is in contravention of the Mwongozo Code of Governance for State Corporations which limits the tenure to a cumulative term of 6 years or two terms of 3 years each.

#### **D. CONCLUSION**

6. It is noted that the Senate Bill, since submission to Parliament, has been passed by the Senate and referred to the National Assembly for consideration wherein it underwent the first reading on 28<sup>th</sup> February 2024. The National Assembly Bill on the other hand is yet to undergo the first reading despite submission to Parliament on 26<sup>th</sup> June 2023.

7. It is our considered view that the proposals in the Senate Bill are constructive. In the circumstances, the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizen Affairs, taking into consideration our submissions, will have no objection to a merger of the two Bills for adoption by the National government.

Submissions By \$

Joseph M. Motari, MBS PRINCIPAL SECRETARY

# NATIONAL DISABILITY FORUM

C/O United Disabled Persons of Kenya, APDK Orthopedic Workshop, Opposite ABC Place, Off Waiyaki Way P.O Box13941-00800, NAIROBI, Kenya |Tel: +254717141122|Email: <u>udpk@udpkenya.or.ke</u> and Black Albinism 07 99339372 Email akasujalan@gmail.com

21<sup>st</sup> March 2024

Our Ref: NDF-C./PWD/BILLS/MEMO. 3/2024

Mr. Samuel Njoroge, CBS Clerk of the National Assembly Parliament Buildings, Parliament Road NAIROBI.

#### ADVANCE COPY VIA EMAIL: cna@parliament.go.ke

## MEMORANDA ON PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (SENATE BILLS, NO. 7 OF 2023)

Forwarded herewith for onward transmission to the relevant committees, please find the subject memoranda on:

- a) Kenya Sign Language (Senate Bills, No. 9 of 2023);
- b) Persons with Disabilities (Senate Bills, No. 7 of 2023); and
- c) Learners with disabilities (Senate Bills, No. 4 of 2023).

In addition to the foregoing, we making a formal request for:

a) Invitation to make oral submissions before the relevant committees;

- b) Invitation to be present in the Speaker's Gallery on the days of tabling of the reports of the various committees;
- c) Fast tracking of debate and approval of the Bills; and
- d) An opportunity to engage with the Chairs, Vice Chairs and not more than three members of the relevant committees at our invitation.

The National Disability Forum is a network of Organizations of and for Persons with Disabilities (OPDs) with active presence in the counties. Its mandate is to act as a space for generating knowledge on issues affecting OPDs and their constituencies and applying this knowledge to influence disability inclusion in the management of public affairs in Kenya.

In addition to this advisory, we are proposing to partner with the State Department for Social Protection in developing a uniform checklist against which all sectoral legislation will be assessed by the department for compliance with Disability Inclusion principles.

We would be grateful if the State Department indicated its willingness to partner with us in the development of the aforementioned Disability Inclusion Legislation Checklist.

Yours sincerely,

## FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE NATIONAL DISABILITY FORUM

John Wambua

Bommingbyo

**Caucus Convenor** 

United Disabled persons of Kenya

National Disability Caucus Participants in the Memoranda development included

- United Disabled Persons of Kenya
- Sight of Relief;
- Kiambu Disability Network;
- University and college students with Special Needs Association of Kenya;
- Women Challenged to challenge; Action for Children with Disability; Kenyan
- Paraplegic Organization (KPO); Kenya National Deaf Association; Deaf
- Empowerment Kenya;
- Stammering Association of Kenya;
- Andy speaks;
- Down Syndrome Society of Kenya;
- Black Albinism;
- Caucus on Disability Rights Advocacy (CDRA);
- Differently Talented Society of Kenya (DTSK);
- Kenya Union for the Blind (KUB);
- Bunge la Disability;
- Championing for Inclusive Communities (CIC K);
- Mzalendo Trust;
- Kenya Association of the Intellectually Handicapped (KAIH);
- ARIVI;
- Integrated Langata Disability Group,
- KEDIPA

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Table 1 MEMORANDA ON PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (	(SENATE BILLS, NO. 7 OF 2023)
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GENERAL OBSERVATIONS & CONCERNS:		
SECTION	RECOMMENDATION	REASON (S)
4.The national government shall— (a) develop policies on the protection	Reframe 4 (a) as follows: 4 a) The national government shall, in consultation with	Need for wider consultations with primary stakeholders for co-creation and ownership
<ul> <li>and promotion of the welfare of persons</li> <li>with disability;</li> <li>.</li> <li>(b) undertake investigations, surveys and</li> </ul>	county governments, Organizations of and for Persons with Disabilities, the National Council for Persons with Disabilities and other stakeholders, develop and implement policies and laws on the protection and promotion of welfare of persons with disability.	
research into the causes and nature of disabilities and development of new	Delete 'integration' and replace with 'inclusion'	Inclusion is the normative and operative term used in the disability discourse.
assistive devices; (c) put in place measures for the	i) Insert the word 'compulsory' between the words 'free' and 'basic' and define the word 'social amenities'	The right to education is guaranteed under Article 43 of the Constitution. It cannot be discretionary. The state has a duty to compel access to education
prevention of disabilities and rehabilitation of persons with disability; (h) adopt affirmative action measures in	j) Delete the word "specifically" and also consider a framing that that include the need for consultations between the county and national government when	for all children. The term "specifically" is redundant and the
procurement of national government goods and services by implementing	<ul><li>programming for persons with disability</li><li>k) Merge j and k to read:</li></ul>	Constitution contemplates consultations between the two levels of government under Article 6 (2)
preferential procurement for persons or entities managed by persons with		Repetitive

disability;	Allocate adequate resources to programmes, trainings	
	and support services for persons with disabilities	
(i) ensure access to free basic education		
and other social amenities to every child	m) Delete 'affirmative' and replace it with inclusive	
with a disability;		Inclusion is the normative and operative term used
	Ensure the phrase consultation with county governments	in the disability discourse.
(j) allocate adequate resources to	in implementing a, b, c, d, e, I and m	No of features in consultations between the
programmes specifically targeting		Need for consistency in consultations between the
persons with disabilities;	1 a) insert 'and county' after the word 'national'	two levels of government
(k) allocate adequate resources for	b) delete the word 'specifically'	The term "specifically" is redundant
training on persons with disabilities;	by delete the nord specifically	The term specifically is reduited in
training on persons with disabilities,	c) Insert the word 'compulsory' between the words 'free'	
(1) ensure equity in the distribution of	and 'basic'. Define the word 'social amenities' in c	
resources to all categories of disabilities;		The right to education is guaranteed under Article
and	d) insert the word 'accessible' after information.	43 of the Constitution. It cannot be discretionary.
		The state has a duty to compel access to education
(m) promote affirmative action to ensure	f) Replace 'preferential' with affirmative action	for all children.
that learners with disabilities are enrolled	Consider a framing on mechanisms for ensuring	The term (Defense tick) evenes to discrimination
in all levels of learning institutions.	implementation of the obligations of national and county	The term 'Preferential' suggests discrimination
	governments	
	Sovermients	
Obligations of County Governments:	2) Reframe to read:	
5(1) Every county government shall—	In ensuring that a county government meets its	
	obligations under subsection (1), the county executive	Need for consistency in consultations between the
(a) implement national policies for the	committee member responsible for issues dealing with	two levels of government as contemplated in
protection an d promotion of the welfare	disability in each county shall—'	Article 6 (2) of the Constitution and to avoid
		Article 6 (2) of the constitution and to avoid

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of persons with disability;	b) In consultation with the National government, develop	duplication of data
	mechanisms for the identification of persons with	
(b) allocate adequate resources to	disability residing in the county.	
programmes specifically targeting		
persons with disability;	c) <b>Delete 2 (c)</b>	
(c) ensure access to free pre-primary	2 (d) Defining his incerting the following immediately ofter	
education and other social amenities to	2 (d) Reframe by inserting the following immediately after	
	the phrase "rights of Persons with Disabilities under	Superfluous. The matter already addressed under
every child with disability;	Article 54 (1)":	Section 4
(d) co-ordinate and disseminate	And shall put in place appropriate mechanisms to	
information on government sponsored	monitor, evaluate and report on progress	
and non-government sponsored	monitor, evaluate and report on progress	
programmes targeting persons with	e) Reframe by inserting:	This will ensure that implementation of
disability within the respective counties;		programmes targeting PWDs are tracked
disability within the respective counties,	In consultation with persons with disabilities	
(f) adopt affirmative action in	organizations	
procurement of county government		This complies to constitutional requirement of
goods and services by implementing	3) Reframe to include:	effective public participation
preferential procurement for individuals	nublic officer conversant with disability matters	
or entities established or managed by	public officer conversant with disability matters	
persons with disability.	Section 5 (4): a) Delete 'who represents', to read: "Two	
	persons with disability, both of who shall be residents of	This will avoid mismatch of skill sets and ensure
(2) In ensuring that a county government	that county.	that a person who is knowledgeable on issues of
meets its obligations under subsection		disabilities is appointed
		It is important to have affective representation of
(1), the county executive committee		It is important to have effective representation of
member in each county shall—(b)		PWDs by persons known to them and understand
develop mechanisms for the		their unique challenges in addition to being readily
identification of persons with disability		available for consultations with local PWDs

residing in the county;	Section 5 (4) ( d)Delete 'exceeding' and replace it with	The term "exceeding" is limiting inclusion of PWDs
	'less than'	and does not contemplate expansion of County
(c) establish a database of persons with		structures
disability residing within the respective		
county containing the following		
information regarding the persons with	Sections 6(2) and 7(2): Reframe to include social	
disability—	protection measures which cover non-disabled persons	As framed, it leaves room for misinterpretation by
		non PWDs.
<ul><li>(i) the name, age and place of residence</li></ul>	Section 8 (1), (2), (3) Introduce sub-section 3 (a) – the	
of the person ;	above applies to PWDs with proven capacity. To have	
	capacity to take care of themselves, to economically,	
<li>(ii) the type of disability of the person;</li>	social, provide Free consent of both parties provided the	
	person with disability has capacity to consent.	
(iii) the education level of the person;	Define/interpretation of capacity – the individual's ability	
(iv) the health needs of the person;	to understand relevant information, weigh options, and	
(iv) the health heeds of the person,	communicate their decisions effectively particularly	
(v) the employment status of the person;	regarding important matters such as consent and handling	
(.,	significant decisions pertaining to their life, health and	
(vi) any interventions made in relation to	legal affairs.	
the person; and (vii) any other	-	
information that the county executive	Section 9: (1) (2) Reframe to provide that sub sections 1	
committee member may consider	and 2 shall apply except in response to a lawful order	
necessary ;	issued by a court order or other lawful request by any	There are no clear established reporting
	regulatory agency or government authority and	mechanism regarding the SGV
(d) monitor and evaluate the progress by	caregivers.	
the county in ensuring the realization of		This is intended to avoid impunity
the rights of persons with disabilities	Section 10 : insert h to read "proper appropriate and	
under Article 54(1) of the Constitution;	accessible reporting mechanisms to sexual gender based	
	violence"	
(5) In constituting a committee under		
subsection (4), the county executive		

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committee member shall ensure that not	Section 10: Insert 'except where capacity has not been	This addresses the issue of capacity
more than two thirds of its members	proven' immediately before "every woman"	
shall be of the same gender.		
5	Section 11 (1): Reframe clause (c) to remove the risk of	
Section 25: (e) prompt attendance by	self-harm and risk to others and align with the Children's	Addresses the potential of a child harming self or
medical personnel to persons with	Act.	others
disabilities.		
	Section 11 (1) (f) Reframe to read "quality and inclusive	Addresses the need for consistency in complying
	education not just quality education	with the CRPD on inclusive education
Section 26: (1) Every person with	Section 12 (e): Reframe to read:	Conforms with the right of PWDs to participate in
disability has the right t o access		public life and management of public affairs (Article
information, communication and other	"Social, economic and political"	38 and 54, 100)
services including the freedom of		
expression and opinion, the freedom to	Section 14 (1): Delete 'Card' and substitute therefore	'Card' is limiting. There are other forms of
seek, receive and impart information and	"disability identification document"	identification
ideas, electronic and emergency services		
open or provided to the public on an		
equal basis with others in a timely	Section16: Consider framing and interpretation of the	There is need for clarity on the understanding of
manner and without additional cost and	term 'human dignity'	'Human Dignity"
through all forms of communication of		Human Dignity
his or her choice.		Is broad and takes into account the fact that there
		natural and human-made disasters
(2) Every person with disability has a	Section 18 (6): Reframe to include 'civil unrest'	
right to information, communication		Speaks to right to education under Article 43 and
technologies and systems which includes	Section 20 (5) and (6): merge clause 5 and 6 to read	Article 53
talking software, Braille materials,	'Every child with disability has the right to, and shall not	
hearing aids and other communication	be excluded from free and compulsory early childhood,	
devices.	basic, primary, secondary, tertiary or university	
	education based on their disability'	
(4) Public institutions shall accept and		

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facilitate the use of Kenya sign language,	Section 20 (8): Reframe to include " consultations with	Speaks to effective public participation
Braille, augmentative and alternative	relevant government and non-governmental	
communication, and all other accessible	establishments"	
m e a n s and usable formats of		
communication to accommodate the	Section 20 (8) (c): Reframe to include "retention of	Retention of special education teachers is
needs of persons with disabilities;	TRAINED special education teachers"	necessary for retention of learners with various
		categories of disabilities as well as their transition
(7) The Media Council of Kenya shall		
develop regulations on maintenance of		The need for clarity as to processes and structures
low levels of risk to persons who have	Section 25 (e) Insert "Put in place mechanisms for"	for delivering health services to PWDs
photosensitive epilepsy by television	immediately before the phrase "prompt attendance by	This takes cognizance of existence of different
broadcasters.	medical personnel"	modes of communication not tied to devices and
	Casting 20 (2) leaves (forma off) insue distants have	
(8) All television stations shall provide a	Section 26 (2) Insert "forms of" immediately before	gadgets
Kenya sign language inset, sub- titles in	"communication and devices"	Disability is not homogenous and there is need to
newscasts, and educational programs,		be conscious of this fact so as not to leave anyone
and in all programs covering events of		out and be inclusive
national and international significance.	Section 26 (3) insert, 'taking into account the various	
	categories in disability' immediately before the phrase	
(9) All public institutions of higher	'appropriate to different kinds of disabilities' and	
learning shall have a common course in	deleting the latter phrase	The Communication Authority of Kenya is the
Kenya sign language.		regulator of all communication in Kenya, including
	Section 26 (7) delete "Media Council of Kenya" and	media houses
28 (1) Every person with disability has a	substitute therefore "Communication Authority of	
right to effective access to justice on an	Kenya"	Closed captioning is the universal trend and there is
equal basis with others, including		need to be in conformity
through the provision of procedural and	Section 26 (8) Replace 'sub-title' with 'and or closed	
age appropriate accommodations, in	captioning	There is need to conform with universally accepted
order to facilitate their effective role as		standards and practice
direct and indirect participants, including	Re-number Section 26 as 8 (a) and insert a new Section	
as witnesses, in all legal proceedings, at	26 (8) (b) the National Council for Persons with	

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investigative and other preliminary	Disabilities shall, in consultation with the Communication	
stages.	of Authority of Kenya, determine the appropriate insert	
	size (30% of the entire screen) that is appropriate to all	
28(3)(b): the provision, to persons with	categories of disabilities.	
disabilities who attend court, of free		
Kenya sign language interpreters, Braille		
services, other communication formats		
and technologies accessible to persons	Section 26 (9) Insert "Deaf studies" immediately after	Deaf studies is an area of scholarly work that has
with disabilities, physical guide assistance	"Kenya Sign Language".	been neglected and needs to be mainstreamed
and intermediaries.		been neglected and needs to be mainstreamed
29(3) A person with disability shall be	Section 28 (1) Delete 'age appropriate' and replace with	
entitled, on a n equal basis with others,	'reasonable accommodation to persons with disabilities'	Age appropriate is limiting and discriminatory
to recognition and support of his or her	reasonable accommodation to persons with asabilities	
specific cultural and linguistic identity,	Section 28(3)(b) Replace Kenya Sign language with	
including Kenya sign language and Deaf	Kenyan Sign Language	
culture	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Need for consistency in framing
	Section 29(3) Replace Kenya Sign Language with Kenyan	Same as above
	Sign Language	
	Section 37: Reframe to ensure the functions of the	
	Council are devolved to all the counties.	Aligns with the objects of Devolution as set out in
		Article 175 of the Constitution
	Section 37 (d)(i): Reframe to read "provide with	Takes into account the various categories of PWDs
	accessible information"	and different formats through which they access
		information

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Section 37 (d) (e): Reframe to provide for inclusion of OPDs in providing intensive public awareness and education on the rights of persons and disabilities.	Speaks to inclusion and effective public participation
Section 40: Reframe to provide for a requirement that the appointees should be Persons with Disabilities and persons with vast knowledge on issues as long as PWDs shall be in the majority. In addition, the provision should	The Appointment process is not clear
indicate that process should be transparent and done in consultation with organizations of persons with disabilities	
Section 40 (e)(ii): Reframe to replace the term "mental disabilities" with "neuro-diverse disabilities"	The term "mental disability" is derogatory
Section 48 (3): Reframe to provide that the seconded public officers are persons with disability.	
Section 50(1): Reframe to provide that the Council should conduct investigation or inquiry when an individual or members of the public file a complaint	
Section 50(3): Reframe to include request of a regulatory body and the members of the public	
There is need to define "Incentives" as used under this part	

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Section 55 (1): Reframe to define "income" as 'substantial gainful activity / earning' Section 55 (3): Reframe to include medicine required to sustain the lives of PWDs	
Section 56 (1): Remove the term "severe" and replace it with "support needs" then define "support needs" Section 56 (2): Review the amount of 10,000 in the context of social protection	Medication required to treat neuro-diverse illnesses have doubled in price which has put a strain on the quality of life for the people with neuro-diverse disabilities. Access to health is a right under Article 43 of the Constitution
Section 57 (2): Reframe to include medicine, other daily disability related medication and support by diverse persons with disabilities	
Section 58: Delete "time to time" Section 60: Insert a new clause (d) Easy to read and other adapted materials for use by a person with disability	
Section 62 (1): There is need to align this with the penal code and other relevant acts of Parliament Section 64: Harmonize with 62 on the penalty	The phrase time to time negates the need for predictability, consistency and sustainability
Section 67 (1): Reframe to include "providing health care including and not limited to sexual and reproductive health"	

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	Section 67 (2): Include definition of "impairment" and "disability" Section 68: Reframe to include "Technology based violence" Section 69 (b): Reframe to include "monetary or any other benefits wrongfully obtainedshall be returned to the council or other holding institution"	
	Section 77 (1): Reframe to include "County officers" Section 80: Reframe to include "in all other spheres of life" (refer to the COK 2010) adopt Article 196 for county government	
	Section 80: Move to Part 2 under obligations	
Section 6(2) and 7(2): 6(2) Pursuant to subsection (1), specific measures,		
including support services which are necessary to accelerate or achieve equality and eliminate discrimination		
against persons with disabilities shall not		

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be considered discrimination 7(2): Persons with disabilities are entitled to such support services as they may require in exercising their right to legal capacity	
<ul> <li>Sec 8 (1,2,3):</li> <li>8. (1) Every adult person with a disability has the right to form a family . to marry a person of the opposite sex and formal family based on free consent .</li> <li>(2) Every person with a disability has the right to control his or her sexuality and reproductive health.</li> <li>(3) No person with disability shall be separated from his or her child on the ground of disability.</li> </ul>	
Sec 9 (3) – introduce this exception 9. (1) Every person with disability has a	

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right to privacy and shall not be	
subjected to arbitrary interference and	
intrusion with his or her privacy, family,	
home or correspondence or other types	
of communication. (2) Every public or	
private institution shall protect	
confidential information relating to	
personal health and habilitation and	
rehabilitation services for persons with	
disabilities with dignity and such	
information shall not be shared without	
express authority of the person with	
disability concerned.	
Sec 10	
From the many with all the life to the state of the	
Every woman with disability has the right to enjoyment of her human rights and	
fundamental freedoms without	
discrimination on an equal basis with others, including the right to— (a)	
participate in social, economic and	
political decision-making and other	
related activities;	
(b) protectionfromsexual andgender-	
basedviolence;	
(c) be provided with habilitation,	

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rehabilitation and psychosocial support against sexual and gender based violence; (d) sexual and reproductive health services; (e) retaining control of her fertility; (f) keep her child and not be deprived of her child grounds of disability; and (g) full development, advancement em po w erm ent .	
Sec 11 (1) (1) Every child with disability has the right and freedom on an equal basis with other children respect (a) a name and registration immediately after birth; (b) evolving capacities, identities and enjoy af ul I and decent life, in conditions	
<ul> <li>which promote and ensure dignity,self- reliance,and independence;</li> <li>(c) freedom to express hisor her views on all matters affecting him or her;</li> </ul>	

<ul> <li>(d) age gender appropriate assistance to realize his or her rights;</li> <li>(e) living with his or her family for as long as is necessary;</li> <li>(f) accessing quality education;</li> <li>(g) accessing appropriate services;and</li> </ul>	
(h) protection from abuse, exploitation and harmful practices.	
Sec 12 (e): developing programmes to overcome social and economic isolation, and removing systemic barriers in the labor market for youth with disabilities,	
Sec 14 (1). Every person with disability has a right to be issued with a certificate of birth, national identification card, passport, disability identification card and any other document of registration or identification.	
Sec 16: Every person with disability has a	

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right to human dignity and the right for that dignity to be respected and protected and in particular not to be referred to by demeaning, embarrassing, derogatory and any other term that may be considered as lowering his or her human dignity.	
Sec 18 (6): For purposes of this section, situations of risk include fire, floods, earthquakes, epidemics, cattle rustling, ethnic conflicts and terrori sm.	
Sec 20 sub sec 5 and 6: (5) Every child with disability has the right to free and compulsory basic education. (6) Children with disabilities shall not be excluded from free and compulsory early childhood, primary or secondary education,on the basis of disability.	
Sec 20 sub sec 8: The Council in consultation with relevant Government establishments	

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Sec 20 sub sec 8-c: the Ministry responsible for education formulates strategies to implement inclusive education through— (i) enforcement of recruitment and retention of special education teachers in all schools and institutions;	
Section 37: Functions of the Council	
(d) provide— (i) information and	
technical assistance to institutions,	
associations and organizations concerned	
with the rights, habilitation and	
rehabilitation of persons with disabilities,	
and (ii) advise on the relative priorities to	
be given t o the implementation of	
national and international human rights	
instruments on persons with disabilities,	
(e) intensive public awareness and	
education on the rights of persons with	
disabilities;	
Section 40: Composition of the Council	
(3) Persons Appointed under subsection	
(1) (d) shall be from organizations that	
have been in existence for at least three	

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(e) the following appointed by the
 Cabinet Secretary— (i) three persons
 representing different categories of
 disabilities, nominated by organizations
 of persons with disabilities;

 ii) two persons nominated by organizations for persons with disabilities, one of whom shall be from organizations of parents and guardians of persons with mental disabilities who cannot represent themselves;

(3) TheNational and County Governments may,upon request by the Council second to the Council such number of public officers as may be necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Council.

50(1) The Council may conduct an inquiry sectoral investigation — (a) where it considers it necessary or desirable for the purpose of carrying out its functions; and (b) upon receiving a direction by the Cabinet Secretary in writing, requiring it to conduct an inquiry or a sectoral investigation into a matter specified in

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the direction	
(3) At the request of a regulatory body,	
the Council may conduct an inquiry into	
any matter affecting persons with	
disabilities and provide a report within a	
reasonable period	
PART V - RELIEFS AND INCENTIVES	
(3) Materials, articles and equipment,	
including motor vehicles for use by	
persons with disabilities, shall b e exempt	
from import duty and value added tax to	
the e x t e n t provided under the tax	
laws.	
56. (1) Any donations, bequest, subsidy	
or fi nancial aid which may be made to	
institutions or organizations involved in	
the programmesof personswith	
disabilities and registered with the	
Council for the purposes of this section	
shall, subject to the provision of Income	
Tax Act and an y other law, and on	
recommendation by the Council, be	

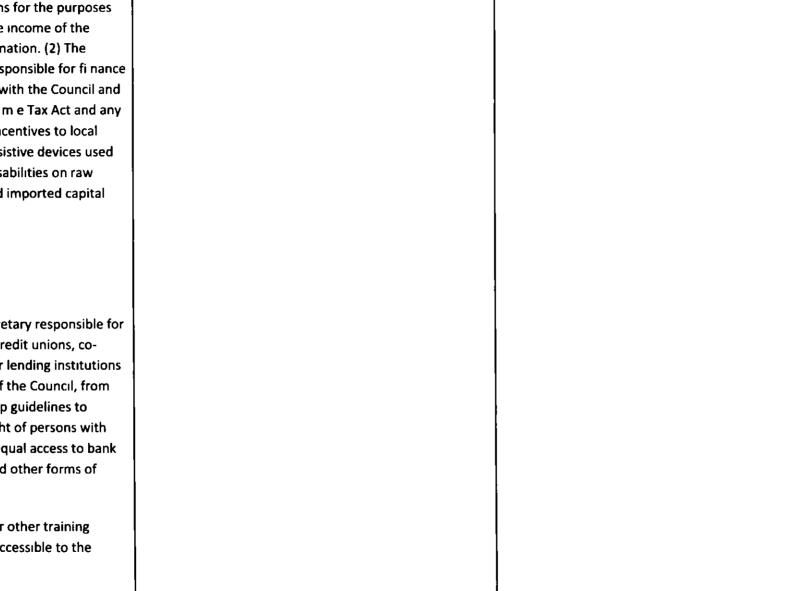
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allowed as deductions for the purposes of computing taxable income of the person giving the donation. (2) The Cabinet Secretary responsible for finance may in consultation with the Council and subject to the I n c o m e Tax Act and any other law, provide incentives to local manufacturers of assistive devices used by persons with disabilities on raw materials, inputs and imported capital equipment

58: The Cabinet Secretary responsible for matters relating to credit unions, cooperatives and other lending institutions may on the advice of the Council, from time to time, develop guidelines to ensure the equal right of persons with disabilities to have equal access to bank loans, mortgages and other forms of financial credit.

60(d) educational or other training services, generally accessible to the public;



62 (1) A parent, guardian, next of kin or a person i n charge of the institution of persons with disabilities shall not knowingly conceal such a person in such a manner as to deny any such a person the opportunities and services available under thisAct or any other law.

64 Any person who knowingly denies food or fluids to a person with disability who is under his or her care or responsibility or aids or abets in such denial commits a n offense and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

67. (1) A health professional shall not discriminate against persons with disabilities in the observance of ethical guidelines on informed consent and confidentiality while providing health care and other services to persons with disabilities.

 Without prejudice to subsection (1), every health care professional shall when making impairment-specific interventions, take special care to

provide complete information to persons	
with disabilities through accessible	
modes, methods and formats.	
(9, (1) No porcon shall publish circulate	
68: (1) No person shall publish, circulate	
or display, or cause or permit to be	
published, circulated or displayed, any	
publication that lowers or demeans the	
dignity of a person with disability or	
which amounts to discrimination. (2) For	
the purposes of subsection (1), "	
advertisement" includes all forms of	
publicity— (a) in newspapers, internet,	
television or radio; (b) by displaying	
notices, signs, labels, shows cards o r	
goods; (c) by the circulation of samples,	
catalogs price lists, leaflets, handbills or	
any other form of circular; Offensive	
Publicatio ns. and (d) by exhibition of	
pictures, models, photographs, films or	
any other form of exhibition. (3) Any	
person who contravenes subsection (1)	

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commits an offense and shall on	
conviction be liable t o imprisonment for	
a term not exceeding six months or t o a	
fine not exceeding one million or to both	
such fine and imprisonment.	
69. Any person who (b) fraudulently	
avails or attempts to avail or confers or	
attempt to confer any benefit meant for	
persons with disabilities on a person not	
entitled to such benefit	
entitled to such benefit	
77(1) All government ministries,	
departments. Agencies and county public	
offices shall establish a Disability	
Mainstreaming Unit for the purpose of —	
80: TheDirector of Public Prosecutions	
may, pursuant Appointment of to the	
provisions of the Criminal Procedure	
Code, appoint a public prosecutor for	
purposes of this Act.	
(1) Any person found guilty of an offense	
under General penalty, this Act shall be	
liable to a fine not exceeding five	
hundred thousand shillings or	
imprisonment for a term not exceeding	

