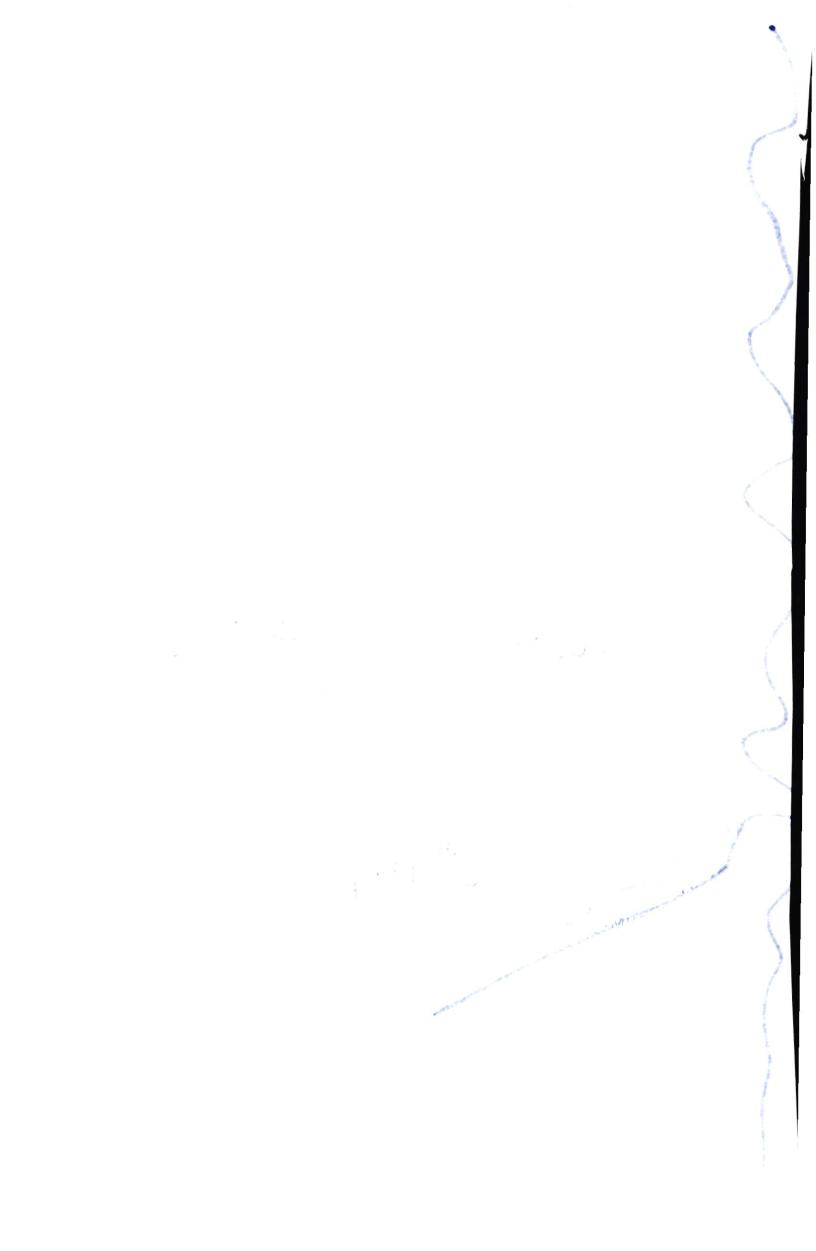


An Act of Parliament to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally between the national and county governments in 2016/17 financial year, and for connected purposes



....

THE DIVISION OF REVENUE ACT, 2016

No. of 2016

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Section

- 1-Short title.
- 2-Interpretation.
- 3-Object and purpose of this Act.
- 4-Allocations to national and county governments.
- 5–Variation in revenue.
- 6-Resolution of disputes and payment of wasteful expenditure.

SCHEDULE-EQUITABLE SHARE OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY BETWEEN THE NATIONAL AND COUNTY GOVERNMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016/17

THE DIVISION OF REVENUE ACT, 2016

No.

2 Division of Revenue

AN ACT of Parliament to provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally between the national and county governments in 2016/17 financial year, and for connected purposes

ENACTED by the Parliament of Kenya, as follows-

Short utle This Act may be cited as the Division of Revenue 1. Act, 2016.

Interpretation 2. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires -

"Cabinet Secretary" means the Cabinet Secretary for the time being responsible for matters relating to finance;

"conditional allocations" for the purposes of this Act, additional resources allocated means to county governments from revenue raised nationally;

"revenue" has the meaning assigned to it under section 2 of the Commission on Revenue Allocation Act, 2011,

"State organ" has the meaning assigned to it under Article 260 of the Constitution; and

"wasteful expenditure" has the meaning assigned to it under section 2 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

3. The object and purpose of this Act is to provide for-

- (a) the equitable division of revenue raised nationally between the national and county levels of government for the financial year 2016/17 in 203(2) accordance with Article of the Constitution:
- (b) conditional allocations to county governments in accordance with Articles 202(2) and 187(2) of the Constitution.

4. The revenue raised by the national government in respect of the financial year 2016/17 shall be divided among the national and county governments as set out in the Schedule to this Act

national and county governments

Variation in 5. (1) If the actual revenue raised nationally in a revenue

2016

No. 16 of 2011

No. 18 of 2012

Object and purpose of this Act

Allocations to

Division of Revenue

3

financial year falls short of the expected revenue set out in the Schedule, the shortfall shall be borne by the national government, to the extent of the threshold prescribed in the Regulations by the Cabinet Secretary.

(2) If the actual revenue raised nationally in respect of the 2016/17 financial year exceeds the anticipated revenue set out in the Schedule, the excess accrues to the national government, and may be used to reduce borrowing or pay debts as part of its share of revenue raised nationally.

6. (1) Any State organ involved in an intergovernmental dispute regarding any provision of this Act or any division of revenue matter or allocation shall, in accordance with Article 189 of the Constitution, and before approaching a court to resolve such dispute, make every effort to settle the dispute with the other State organ concerned, including exhausting all alternative mechanisms provided for resolving disputes in relevant legislation.

(2) If a court is satisfied that a State organ, in an attempt to resolve a dispute, has not exhausted all the mechanisms for alternative dispute resolutions as contemplated in section 35 of the Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012 and refers the dispute back for the reason that the State organ has not complied with subsection (1), the expenditure incurred by that State organ in approaching the court shall be regarded as wasteful expenditure.

(3) The costs in respect of such wasteful expenditure referred to in subsection (2) shall, in accordance with a prescribed procedure, be recovered without delay from the state officer(s) who caused the State Organ not to comply with the requirements of subsection (1).

Resolution of disputes and payment of wasteful expenditure

No. 2 of 2012

2016

No.

Division of Revenue

4

SCHEDULE

ALLOCATION OF REVENUE RAISED NATIONALLY BETWEEN THE NATIONAL AND COUNTY GOVERNMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016/17

Type/ level of allocation	Amount in Kshs.	% of FY 2013/14 audited revenue (K sh. 935,653 millions*)
A. National Government Revenue Share	1,099,899,000,000	
<i>O/w:</i>		
1. Free maternal healthcare.	4,121,029,353	
2. Leasing of medical equipment.	4,500,000,000	
3. Compensation for use fees foregone.	900,000,000	
4. Level 5 Hospitals.	4,000,000,000	
5. Special purpose grant supporting access to		
emergency medical services.	200,000,000	
6. Allocation from Fuel Levy Fund (15%).	4,306,807,629	
7. Conditional allocations (loans and grants)	3,870,679,737	
8. Equalisation Fund	6,000,000,000	0.64 %
B. County Equitable Share	280,300,000,000	
Add Conditional Allocation	21,897,516,719	
O/w:		
1. Free maternal healthcare.	4,121,029,353	
2. Leasing of medical equipment.	4,500,000,000	30.0 %
3. Compensation for use fees foregone.	900,000,000	
4. Level 5 Hospitals.	4,000,000,000	
5. Special purpose grants supporting access		
to emergency medical services.	200,000,000	
6. Allocation from Fuel Levy Fund (15%).	4,306,807,629	
7. Conditional allocations (loans and grants)	3,870,679,737	
Total County Allocation	302,197,516,719	32.3 %
Total Sharable Revenue	1,380,199,000,000	

* based on 2013/14 audited revenues as approved by the National Assembly

No.

2016

Division of Revenue

2016

5

No.

I certify that this printed impression is a true copy of the Bill approved by the National Assembly on the 30th March, 2016, and the Senate on 28th April, 2016.

Clerk of the National Assembly

Speaker of the National Assembly

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NAIROBI



Χ.