



Enhancing Accountability

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**REPORT** 

OF

05 DEC THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

HOW OWEN BATA, MP DEPUTT MAJORITI LEADER

FINLAY ON

ASSEMBLY

TOWARDS ENDING DROUGHT EMERGENCIES: ECOSYSTEM BASED ADAPTATION IN KENYA'S ARID AND SEMI-ARID RANGELANDS (IUCN GRANT NO. P02886)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023

STATE DEPARTMENT FOR LIVESTOCK



OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL P. O. Box 30084 - 00100, NAIROBI REGISTRY

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REGEIVED

PROJECT NAME: TOWARDS ENDING DROUGT EMERGENCIES

IMPLEMENTING ENTITY: MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT GRANT/CREDIT NUMBER: P02886

### ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)



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### 1. Acronyms and Glossary of Terms

CBK Central Bank of Kenya

ICPAK Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya

IMF International Monetary Fund

IPSAS International Public Sector Accounting Standards

NT National Treasury

PFM Public Finance Management.

PSASB Public Sector Accounting Standards Board

WB World Bank

Comparative FY Financial year preceding the current financial year

TWENDE Towards Ending Drought Emergencies

GOK Government of Kenya

IUCN International Union for Conservation of Natural Resources

OAG Office of the Auditor-General

CPA (K) Certified Public Accountants of Kenya

USD US Dollars

KES Kenya Shillings

PhD Doctors of Philosophy

BSC Bachelors of Science

SDA Special Deposit Account

PFS Pastoral Field School

SDL State Department for Livestock

TOT Trainer of Trainers

ESMF Environmental and Social Management Framework

### 2. Project Information and Overall Performance

### 2.1 Name and registered office

#### Name

The project's official name is Towards ending Drought Emergencies.

#### **Objective**

The key objective of the project is to reduce the cost of climate change induced **thou**ght on Kenya national economic by increasing resilience of livestock and other land use sectors in restored and effectively.

#### **Address**

The project headquarters offices are Nairobi (city), Nairobi County, Kenya. The address of its registered office is: P. O. BOX 34188-00100, Nairobi

The project covers the following counties with land scape offices in Isiolo, Kitui, Makueni(Kibwezi):

- Kitui
- Isiolo
- Marsabit
- Kajiado
- Garssa
- Makueni
- Samburu
- Tana River
- Thara Nithi
- Taita Taveta
- Meru

Contacts: The following are the project contacts

P.O. Box: 34188\_00100, Nairobi

Telephone: (254)2099167

E-mail: pslivestock@kenya.go.ke.go.ke;

Website: www.kilimo.go.ke

# Project information and overall performance (continued)

### **Project Information**

2.2 Project Information	on
Project Start Date:	1st November 2019
Project End Date:	31st December 2024
Project Manager:	The project manager is Mr. Blaise Okinyi
	The project sponsor is International Union for conservation of
Project Sponsor:	Nature (IUCN) and GOK

#### **Project Overview** 2.3

Line Ministry/State Department for Livestock	The project is under the supervision of the ministry of Agriculture and livestock Development.
Project number	P02886  The strategic goals of the project are as follows:
Strategic Goals of the Project	The strategic goals of the project and the strategic goals of th
Summary of Project Strategies for achievement of strategic goals	The project management aims to achieve the goals through the following means:  ✓ Implement priority community based rangeland restoration activities.  ✓ Implement priority actions plans for integrated land/water management in identified catchments  ✓ Install community validated strategic water source for sustainable rangeland utilization  ✓ Assist communities to formulate by laws and incorporate into county - laws and

	✓ Build capacity of local institutions to implement climate sensitive land scape management
Other important background information of the project	The project is being implemented in State Department for Livestock, National Drought Management Authority and Conservation International. The Kenya TWENDE has the National Project Coordinating unit at the project headquarters and 11 counties which are divided into three Landscapes namely Chyulu, Mid Tana and Sabarwawa.  The project will achieve its objectives by facilitating relevant line ministries and State Department to implement project activities
Areas that the project was formed to intervene	The project was formed to intervene in the following:  ✓ Component One: Climate change adapted planning for drought resilience  ✓ Component Two: Restoration of rangeland landscape for ecosystem-based adaptation  ✓ Component Three: Climate change resilient ecosystem management for investments
Project Duration	The project started on 1st November 2019 and is expected to run until 31st June 2024

Project Information and Overall Performance (Continued)

### 2.4 Bankers

The following are the bankers for the project:

- i) Central Bank of Kenya Designated Account (USD Account) No. 1000542509
- ii) Central Bank of Kenya Operational Account (KSH Account) No.1000495685

### 2.5 Independent Audit Office

The project is audited by the Office of the Auditor General (OAG)

### 2.6 Roles and Responsibilities

List the different people who are working on the project. This list would include the project manager and all the key stakeholders who will be involved with the project. Also, record their role, their positions, and their contact information

Names  Blaise P. Okinyi	designatio  n  se P. Ag Deputy  Bachelors of  Science		Responsibilities  Project Coordinator Lead Focal Liaison Person for The SDL		
	Officer	Development	TWENDE component 2		
			Project		
Caleb Kisienya	Principal Livestock	<ul> <li>Bachelors</li> </ul>	Project Desk Officer		

			2	
		Production	Agricultural	❖ Overall M & E
		Officer	Economics	❖ Focal person
			<ul> <li>Certified M&amp;E</li> </ul>	for Sabarwawa
				Land Scape
	Petronilla	Principal	■ Bachelors of	Assistant
	h W.	Livestock	Science	Project Desk
	Nduthu	Production	<ul> <li>Masters of</li> </ul>	Officer
		Officer	Science	❖ Project GARL
			■ PhD	❖ Focal Liaison
				person for
				Chyulu Land
				Scape
	James	Principal	■ Bachelors of	❖ Master Trainer
	Limbako	Livestock	science in	PSF
		Production	agriculture Bsc	
		Officer	in Agric.	
	Peter	Assistant	■ Bachelor of	<b>❖</b> Budget
	Mung'ayo	Director	Science	Monitoring
		Livestock	<ul><li>Master or</li></ul>	❖ Focal Liaison
		Production	Science	person for
		Officer		Chyulu Land
				Scape
	Beatrice	Assistant	■ Bachelor of	❖ Project
	Tuei	Director	Science	Extension and
		Livestock	<ul> <li>Master or</li> </ul>	Training Social
		Production	Science	and
		Officer	■ PhD	Environmental
				Expert
				❖ Lead county
				Liaison /Focal
- 1				

			Liaison person
			for Sabarwawa
			❖ Project
Fredrick	Assistant	<ul> <li>Bachelor of</li> </ul>	Strategist
Aloo	Director	Science	Strategist  Strategist  Lead
	Livestock	<ul> <li>Master or</li> </ul>	
	Production	Science	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	Officer		Liaison person
			❖ Sabarwawa
			Land Scape
			focal Liaison
			person
James	Assistant	<ul> <li>Bachelor of</li> </ul>	❖ Project
Muriuki	Director	Science	Extension and
17141141	Livestock	<ul><li>Master or</li></ul>	Training
	Production	Science	Liaison for
	Officer		county
			Focal Liaisor
			person for Mic
			Tana Land
			Scape
Patrick	Senior	• CPA (K)	❖ Project
Chelal	Accountant		Finance/Acco
Chelai	11000		unting
Elec	Senior	■ Diploma in	❖ Project
Edna	Clerical	Business	Finance/Acco
Mosoti	Officer	Administration	unting
	Officer	■ CPA (K)	
	Campler	■ Diploma in	❖ Project
Charles	Supply	Materials	Procurement
Anyona	Chain	Management	
	Manageme	Bachelors in	
	nt Officer	- Dacticiots III	

				Purchasing and Supplies Management	
1	Esther	Senior	•	Diploma in	Project
	Nduta	Office	п	Secretarial	Secretary
		Administra		Studies	
		tive	•	Bachelor of	
		Assistant		Business	
				Administration	
				and	
				Management	

### 2.7 Funding summary

The Project duration is five years, from 2019 to 2024 with an approved budget of USD 9,482,095, while the Government of Kenya will provide co-financing of USD 3,900,000 as CI provides co- finance of USD 1,500,000. Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock Fisheries, and Cooperatives / State Department for Livestock is implementing component 2 as highlighted in the table below: with approved budget of USD 3,459,107 while the Government of Kenya will provide co-financing of USD 3,900,000 as highlighted in the table below:

Below is the funding summary:

### Source of Funds

A. Source of Funds							
						il sir	
(i) Grant International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)	9,482,096	1,079,062,488	1,292,974	151,587,981	8,189,122	927, 14,507	
(ii) Counterp							
Government of Kenya	5,400,000	614,520,000	541,861	65,088,378.00	4,850,466	550,422	
Total	14,882,096	1,693,582,488	1,834,835	216,676,359	13,039,588	1,477,896,95	

### B. Application of Funds

Application of		ceived to date	Cumulativ	e amount paid	Unutilis	ed balance
funds	4 (30th June 2023)		to date - (30th June 2023)		to date	
					- (30th Ji	ine 2023).
	Donor	Kshs	Donor	Kshs	Donor	Kshs
1/3/	currency		currency		currenc	
					Ŋ	
	(A)	(A')	(B)	(B') !	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
(i) Grant						
International						
Union for						
Conservation of Nature (IUCN)	1,261,971	151,587,981	1,258,253	151,141,354	3,718	446,627
(i) Counterpar						
t funds					<i>1</i> .	
Government of						
Kenya		,				
	541,861	65,088,378.00	541,861	65,088,378.00	0	0
Total						

### 2.8 Summary of Overall Project Performance:

i) Budget performance against actual amounts for current year and for cumulative to-date

Component/ Sub- Component	Project Costs (I	Ksh.)	Actual Expenditure	Percentage (%)	
	GRANT	GOK	TOTAL		
Prioritize rangeland resources including water resource, are brought under restoration and safeguarded and sustainably managed for improved climate	1,079,062,488	614,520,000	1,693,582,488	215,238,905	12.71

ii) Physical progress based on outputs, outcomes, and impacts since project commencement

### Outputs,

- a) communities and county governments develop rangeland landscape management plans using appropriate climate change and landscape analysis and participatory processes
- b) Prioritized rangeland resources, including water resources, are restored, safeguarded and sustainably managed
- c) Public, private and community investments equitably support restoration activities and strengthen value chains for restored ecosystem services

#### **Outcomes:**

- a) Strengthened institutional and regulatory systems for climate-responsive planning and development
- b) Strengthened adaptive capacity and reduced exposure to climate risks

c) Strengthened awareness of climate threats and risk-reduction processes and all these leads to two main impacts which is described in the project document as;

### Project information and overall performance (continued)

- 1. Improved resilience of ecosystems and ecosystem services and
- 2. Increased resilience and enhanced livelihoods of the most vulnerable people, communities and regions
  - Value-for-money achievements,

Value for money is shown on the project document as the overall impact which is reducing the cost of climate change on Kenya's national economy by enabling pastoralists in arid and semi-arid counties to restore rangeland ecosystems and increase water security and land productivity, in order to adapt better to climate change induced drought.

- 2. The absorption rate for each year since the commencement of the project.
  - The GOK total absorption and expenditure was KSH. 64,097,551.
  - The **IUCN** total absorption was **KSH**. **151,141,354**, the exchange rate was US\$ 1 = **KES 115.8** and **120.12**.
- 3. The implementation challenges and recommended way forward.
- To Subsidiary Agreements that were Pending were successfully signed with CI and NDMA
- Funds Disbursed to Service Providers

Delays:

- Delays in disbursement of funds, especially the donor funds from IUCN to MOALFC
- Delays in signing of some service agreements with some service providers like CI.

Challenges:

- Being an election period, politics took centre stage thereby diverting focus to political activities
- Lack of clear understanding of the project by the implementing entities
- County engagement still a challenge

**Key Milestones Achieved:** 

- Community level training plan for restoration actions developed (M48), through;
  - Natural resource management institutions sensitized and their knowledge/ Skill gap identified through Capacity needs assessment across natural resource management institutions to identify knowledge and skill gaps undertaken
  - Rehabilitation and restoration activities up scaled Participatory identification of appropriate tree/grass species - SDL Field activity undertaken
  - Tot Training Workshop on Use of PRM Range Management Manual / Guideline For Rehabilitation And Restoration Of TWENDE Project Landscapes

Challenges encountered include lack of project awareness in the counties are non-inclusion of county engagement in the original project document. These were replied through touring of the project landscapes and engaging county personnel in face to face discussions.

### 1.9 Summary of Project Compliance:

1.10 The project did not have any cases of non-compliance with applicable laws are regulations, and essential external financing agreements/covenants during the year under review.

#### Introduction

Section 81 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting Officer when preparing financial statements of each National Government entity in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the national government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the project's agreement/ plan are to:

- a) Build capacity of local institutions to implement climate-sensitive landscape management implemented by SDL
- b) Implement priority community-based rangeland restoration activities implemented by KWTA;
- c) Implement priority actions plans for integrated land/water management in identified catchments implemented by ICRAF &WRA;
- d) Install community-validated strategic water sources for sustainable rangeland utilization implemented by WRA;
- e) Assist communities to formulate bylaws and incorporate into county laws; and implemented by NDMA

### Progress on attainment of strategic development objectives

For purposes of implementing and cascading the above development objectives to specific sectors, all the development objectives were made specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound (SMART) and converted into development outcomes. Attendant indicators were identified for reasons of tracking progress and performance measurement.

### 1. Community Engagements

The Principal Secretary state department for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project for Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Livestock Development and the Project for Livestock Development and Livestock Development and the Project for Livestock Development and Livestock Development Development and Livestock Development and Livestock Development and Livestock Development Developmen

### This responsibility includes;

- (i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period
- (ii) Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the project
- (iii) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud
- (iv) safeguarding the assets of the project, Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies
- (v) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances
- The Principal Secretary State Department for Livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.
- The Principal Secretary state department for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2023, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. The Principal Secretary state department for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Principal Secretary state department for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture and
Livestock Development and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought
Emergencies confirm that the Project has complied fully with applicable Government
Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received
during the financial year under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they
were intended and were properly accounted for.

### 2. Statement of Project Management responsibilities

The Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Project for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2023.

This responsibility includes

- i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period
- ii) Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the project
- Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement
- iv) Ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud
- v) | Safeguarding the assets of the project
- vi) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies
  - (vii) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances

The Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

The Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending

Drought Emergencies are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year ended tune 30, 2023, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. The Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Project Coordinator for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies confirm that the Project has complied fully with applications and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

Approval of the Project Financial Statements

The Project financial statements were approved by the Principal Secretary for the Ministry for livestock in the Ministry of Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives and the Emergencies Drought Towards Ending Coordinator for Project

2023 and signed by:

Name Mulle Principal Secretary

Name Blaise Dking,
Project Coordinator

Name Parick Chelou Project Accountant ICPAK Member No: 2/348

### REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



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Monrovia Street P.O. Box 30084-00100 NAIROBI

**Enhancing Accountability** 

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON TOWARDS ENDING DROUGHT EMERGENCIES: ECOSYSTEM BASED ADAPTATION IN KENYA'S ARID AND SEMI-ARID RANGELANDS (IUCN GRANT NO. P02886) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023 - STATE DEPARTMENT FOR LIVESTOCK

#### PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Towards Ending Drought Emergencies: Ecosystem Based Adaptation in Kenya's Arid and Semi-Arid Rangelands set out on pages 1 to 25, which comprise of the statement of financial assets as at

30 June, 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Towards Ending Drought Emergencies: Ecosystem Based Adaptation in Kenya's Arid and Semi-Arid Rangelands as at 30 June, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and Financing Agreement No. P02886 between International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN) and the Republic of Kenya.

### **Basis for Opinion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Towards Ending Drought Emergencies: Ecosystem Based Adaptation in Kenya's Arid and Semi-Arid Rangelands Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

#### **Other Matter**

### **Budgetary Control and Performance**

The statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts reflects final receipts budget and actual on comparable basis of Kshs.121,683,928 and Kshs.92,145,975 resulting to a shortfall of Kshs.29,537,953 or 24.27% of the approved budget. Similarly, the Project Management spent an amount of Kshs.104,857,947 against an approved budget of Kshs.121,683,928 resulting to an under-expenditure of Kshs.16,827,981 or 16% of the budget. In addition, Note 6 to the financial statement reflects kshs.38,232,400 in respect of transfers to other government entities. However, the approved budget was Kshs.26,279,028 thereby resulting to an over- expenditure of Kshs.11,953,372 that was not approved contrary to Regulation 44(2) Public Finance Management Act, (National Government Regulations) 2015 that states that National Government entities shall execute their approved budgets based on the annual appropriation legislation, and the approved annual cash flow plan with the exception of unforeseen and unavoidable spending dealt with through the Contingencies Fund, or supplementary estimates.

The underfunding and underperformance affected the planned activities and might impact negatively on service delivery to the public. In addition, Management was in breach of the law.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

#### Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

#### **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

#### Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to be lieve that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

#### **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources, except for the matters described in the Basis for Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I report based on my audit, that:

- I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit;
- ii. In my opinion, adequate accounting records have been kept by the project, so far as appears from the examination of those records; and,
- The Project's financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

#### Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Project or to cease operations,

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment

#### Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance. I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal controls that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from traud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Project to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

07 November, 2023

4. Statement of Receipts and Payments for the year ended 30th June 2023.

	N 0	Receipts and payments controlled		ment nade third	Receipts payme controlled			Comulative to-date (From inception)
		by the entity	FY 2	022-2023	FY 2021-2022		th ur d pa pa rti es	
		Kshs.	Ks hs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	hs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Receipts								v -
Transfer from Government entities	1	40,383,384	-	40,383,384	24,704,994.0 0	-	24,704,994.00	65,088,378.00
Proceeds from domestic and foreign grants	2	51,762,591	-	51,762,591	99,825,390	-	99,825,390	151,587,981
Total receipts		92,145,975	-	92,145,975	124,530,384	-	124,530,384	216,676,359.00
Payments					1 000 000			
Compensation n to employees	3	6,190,073.00	-	6,190,073.00	1,900,802	-	1,900,802	7,981,470
Purchase of goods and services	4	56,645,474.0 0	-	56,645,474.0 0	104,163,216	-	104,163,216	160,918,095
Acquisition of non-financial assets	5	3,790,000	-	3,790,000	4,316,940	-	4,316,940	8,106,940

	280	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity		vment made third arties	Receipts payme controlled entit	nt by th	Pa  y  m  en  ts  in  ad  e Tot  hy  th  ir  d  pa  rti	Cumulative o-date (From inception)
Transfers to other government entities	6	38,232,400	-	38,232,400	-	-	-	38,232,400
Total payments		104,857,947	-	104,857,947	110,380,958	-	110,380,958	215,238,905
Surplus/ (deficit)		-12,711,972	-	-12,711,972	13,158,599	-	13,158,599	446,627

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

Principal Secretary

Name flate Okingi Project Coordinator

Name Patrick

Project Accountant

ICPAK Member No: 🔍 🔾

### 6. Statement of Financial Assets as at 30th June 2023

Description	Note	FX 2022-2023	FY 2021-2022
		Kshs	Kshs
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash equivalents			
Bank Balances	7.A	446,627	13,158,599
Cash Balances			-
Total Cash and Cash equivalents		446,627	13,158,599
Net Assets		446,627	13,158,599
Represented By			
Fund Balance B/fwd.	8	13,158,599	-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year		(12,711,972)	13,158,599
Net Financial Position		446,627	13,158,599

Name Johathan

Principal Secretary

Name flate

Project Coordinator

Name Pat

Name POTVICK C

Project Accountant

ICPAK Member No: 213 48

### 7. Statement of Cashflow for the year ended 30th June 2023

Description	Notes	11.70(12972)(72)	TV 2021/2022
		Kshs	Kshs .
Cashflow from operating activities			
Receipts			
Receipts from Government of Kenya	1	40,383,384.00	24,704,994.00
Proceeds from Domestic and Foreign	2		

nnual Report and Financial States		51,762,591.00	99,825,390.00
Grants		92,145,975.00	124,530,384.00
Total receipts		72/257	
Payments			
Compensation of employees	3	6,190,073.20	2,891,629.00
Purchase of goods and services	4	56,645,474.00	104,163,216.00
Transfer to other Government entities	6	38,232,400.00	
		101,067,947.20	107,054,845.00
Total Payments			
Net receipts/(payments)		(8,921,972.20)	17,475,539.00
Net cash flow from operating activities		(0,122)	
Cashflow from investing activities			
Acquisition of non-financial assets	5	3,790,000.00	4,316,940.00
Net cash flows from investing activities			
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from foreign borrowings			
Net cash flow from financing activities			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(12,711,972.20)	13,158,599.00
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year	8	13,158,599.00	
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the	7	446,626.80	13,158,599.00
year			

Name MURICA

Principal Secretary

Name

Project Coordinator

Name Patri

Project Accountant

ICPAK Member No: 21348

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for year ended 30th June 2023

	a service de la service de		1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
			Final Budget		Budget Utilizatio
Receipts/Payments It m					
	1	ь	c=a+b	ä	e=e-d
Receipts					
Transfer from Government entities	78,000,000	-34,316,072	43,683,928	40,383,384	3,300,544
Proceeds from domestic and foreign grants	100,000,000	22,000,000	78,000,000	51,762,591	26,237,409
Total Receipts	178,000,000	-56,316,072	121,683,92 8	92,145,975	29,537,953
Payments					
Compensation to employees	23,000,000	-1,075,000	21,925,000	6,080,66 8	15,844,332
Purchase of goods and services	91,303,000	-24,936,600	66,366,400	56,754,879	9,611,521
Acquisition of non-financial assets	13,697,000	-6,583,500	7,113,500	3,790,00 0	3,323,500
Transfers to other government entities	50,000,000	-23,720,972	26,279,028	38,232,400	-11,953,372
Total Payments	178,000,000	-56,316,072	121,683,92 8	104,857,947	16,825,981
Surplus or Deficit				-12,711,972	

Note: The significant budget utilisation/performance differences in the last column are explained in Annex 2 to these financial statements.

Principal Secretary

Name Patrick che al

ICPAK Member No: 2124

## 9. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

## a) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting under the cash basis of accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

### b) Reporting entity

The financial statements are for Towards Ending Drought Emergencies under the State Department of Livestock. The financial statements are for the reporting entity for Towards Ending Emergencies Project as required by Section 81 of the PFM Act, 2012.

### c)Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling.

## d) Recognition of receipts

Towards Ending Drought Emergencies recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs, and the related cash has been received.

## i) Transfers from the Exchequer

Transfer from Exchequer is recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when payment instruction is issued to the bank and notified to the receiving entity.

### Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### ii) External Assistance

External assistance is monies received through grants and loans from multilateral and bilateral development partners.

#### iii) Other receipts

These include Appropriation-in-Aid and relates to receipts such as proceeds from disposal of assets and sale of tender documents. These are recognized in the financial statements at the time associated cash is received.

#### iv) Donations and grants

Grants and donations shall be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when a payment advice is received by the recipient entity or by the beneficiary. In case of grant/donation in kind, such grants are recorded upon receipt of the grant item and upon determination of the value. The date of the transaction is the value date indicated on the payment advice.

### v) Proceeds from borrowing.

Borrowing includes external loans acquired by the Project or any other debt the Project may take and will be treated on cash basis and recognized as a receipt during the year they were received.

#### vi) Undrawn external assistance

These are loans and grants at reporting date as specified in a binding agreement and relate to funding for the Project currently under development where conditions have been satisfied or their ongoing satisfaction is highly likely and the project is anticipated to continue to completion. An analysis of the Project's undrawn external assistance is shown in the funding summary.

### Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### e) Recognition of payments

The Project recognises all payments when the event occurs, and the related cash has been paid out by the Project.

### i) Compensation to employees

Salaries and Wages, Allowances, Statutory Contribution for employees are recognized in the period when the compensation is paid.

### ii) Use of goods and services

Goods and services are recognized as payments in the period when the goods/services are consumed and paid for. If not paid for during the period where goods/services are consumed, they shall be disclosed as pending bills.

### iii) Interest on borrowing

Borrowing costs that include interest are recognized as payment in the period in which they incur and paid for.

## iv) Repayment of borrowing (principal amount)

The repayment of principal amount of borrowing is recognized as payment in the period in which the repayment is made. The stock of debt is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### v) Acquisition of fixed assets

The payment on acquisition of property plant and equipment items is not capitalized. The cost of acquisition and proceeds from disposal of these items are treated as payments and receipts items respectively. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration and the fair value of the asset can be reliably established, a contra transaction is recorded as receipt and as a payment. A fixed asset register is maintained by each public entity and a summary provided for purposes of consolidation. This summary is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

### f) In-kind donations

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the Project in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the Project includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as receipts and as payments in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

### g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### h) Restriction on cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits.

#### i) Imprests and Advances

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

#### j) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is:

- a) A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- b) A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
  - i) It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or
  - ii) The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Some of contingent liabilities may arise from: litigation in progress, guarantees, indemnities. Letters of comfort/ support, insurance, Public Private Partnerships,

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. **Annex 6** of this financial statement is a register of the contingent liabilities in the year.

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#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### k) Contingent Assets

Towards Ending Drought Emergencies does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of Towards Ending Drought Emergencies in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

### 1) Pending bills

Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years. As pending bills do not involve the payment of cash in the reporting period, they recorded as 'memorandum' or 'off-balance' When the pending bills are finally settled, such payments are included in the statement of receipts and payments in the year in which the payments are made.

### m) Budget

The budget is developed on a comparable accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis (except for accounts receivable - outstanding imprest and clearance accounts and accounts payable - deposits, which are accounted for on an accrual basis), and for the same period as the financial statements. The Project's budget was approved as required by Law and National Treasury Regulations, as well as by the participating development partners, as detailed in the Government of Kenya Budget Printed Estimates for the year. The Development Projects are budgeted for under the MDAs but receive budgeted funds as transfers and account for them separately. These transfers are recognised as inter-entity transfers and are eliminated upon consolidation. A high-level assessment of the Project's actual performance against the comparable budget

for the financial year/period under review has been included in an annex to these financial statements.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### n) Third party payments

Included in the receipts and payments, are payments made on its behalf by to third parties in form of loans and grants. These payments do not constitute cash receipts and payments.

and are disclosed in the payment to third parties' column in the statement of receipts and payments.

#### o) Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates (Kenya Shillings). Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of receipts and payments.

#### p) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

#### q) Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year/period end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### r) Prior period adjustments

Prior period adjustments relate to errors and other adjustments noted arising from previous year(s). Towards Ending Drought Emergencies did not have prior year adjustments.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. Transfers from Government entities

These represent counterpart funding and other receipts from government as follows:

			Cumulative
Description		FY 2021-2022	
	Kshs	Kshs	Kelis
Counterpart funding through Ministry			
Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives			
Counterpart funds1st Half	3,271,276	4,859,265	8,130,541
Counterpart funds 2nd Half	37,112,108	19,845,729	56,957,837
Total (See Annex 3)	40,383,384	24,704,994	65,088,378.00
Other transfers from government entities			
Ministry Agriculture livestock fisheries and Cooperatives	-	-	-
Total	=	=	=
			e i e
Total	40,383,384	24,704,994	65,088,378.00

The sum of Ksh. 40,383,384 is the payments paid by the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development state department of livestock on behalf of the project for the current financial year under review.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 2. Proceeds From Domestic and Foreign Grants

During the financial period to 30 June 2023, we received grants from donors as detailed in the table below:

			FY 2022-20	)23			FY 2021- 2022	
Name of Donor	Date recei wed	Amount received in donor current		Gran ts recei ved as direc t pay ment *	Grants receive din kin d	Total amount	Total Amount	Cumulati very date
					Ksh 8	Kshs		
Grants Received from Multilateral Donors (International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)	17- May -22	430,924	51,762,591	-	-	51,762,5 91	99,825,3 90	151,587,9 81
T 1						51,762,5	99,825,3	151,587,9
Total		430,924	51,762,591	-	-	91	99,823,3	81

### 3. Compensation to Employees

Description		FY 2022-2	025	FY 2021- 2023	
	Payments made by the Entity in Cash	ts made by third	Total	Total paym ents	Cumulative to- date
-	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Basic salaries of permanent employees		-	- ·	-	-
Basic wages of temporary employees	6,190,073.00	-	6,190,073.00	1,900,802	7,981,470
Personal allowances paid as part of salary	-	-	-	-	-
Personal allowances paid as reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-
Personal allowances provided in kind	-	-	-	-	-
Pension and other social security contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory national social security schemes	-	-	-	-	
Compulsory national health insurance schemes	- 1 1 1	-	-	-	
Social benefit schemes outside government	-	-	-	-	-
Other personnel payments	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,190,073.00	_	6,190,073.00	1,900,802	7,981,470

### 4. Purchase of Goods and Services

Description	Insert Current EX			Insert Comparati FY:	
				2022 Total payme nts	amulative to-date
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Consultancy services: Technical and professional services	5,692,600	-	5,692,600	85,736,591	91,429,191
Communication, supplies and services	1,668,000	-	1,668,000	400,000	2,068,000
Domestic travel and subsistence	29,000,192	-	29,000,192	12,175,600	41,175,792
Foreign travel and subsistence	3,393,395	-	3,393,395	566,780	3,960,175
Printing, advertising, and information supplies	2,809,400	-	2,809,400	441,130	3,250,530
Training payments	9,867,850	-	9,867,850	1,908,000	11,775,850
Hospitality supplies and services	104,000	-	104,000	320,000	424,000
Specialized materials and services	-	-	-	-	-
Other operating payments	1,195,981	-	1,195,981	1,749,765	2,945,746
Routine maintenance - vehicles		-		524,000	3,438,056

Scription		Insert Curre	nt FY	Insert Comparative FY 2022	
	made in	Payments made by third parties	payments		
and other transport equipment	2,914,056.0		2,914,056		,
Total	56,645,474	=	56,645,474	104,163,216	160,808,690

### 5 Acquisition of Non-Financial Assets

					and the second s
Description					Cumulati ve to-date
	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Purchase of buildings	-	-	-		-
Construction of buildings	-	-	-	-	-
Refurbishment of buildings	-	-	-	-	-
Construction of roads	-	-	-	-	-
Construction of civil works	-	-	-	-	-
Overhaul & refurbishment of construction and civil works	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of vehicles & other transport equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Overhaul of vehicles & other transport equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of household furniture & institutional equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of office furniture & general equipment	845,000	-	845,000	-	845,000
Purchase of specialised plant, equipment	1,605,00	-	1,605,00	1,502,250	3,107,250.0
and machinery	0		0		0
Rehabilitation & renovation of plant, equipment & machinery	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of certified seeds, breeding stock	1,340,00	-	1,340,00	2,814,690	4,154,690.0
and live animals	0		0		0
Research, studies, project preparation, design & supervision	-	-	-	- -	-
Rehabilitation of civil works	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of strategic stocks	-	· -	-,	-	
Acquisition of land	-	-	-		
Acquisition of other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,790,00 <u>0</u>	=	3,790,00 <u>0</u>	4,316,940	8,106,940

## 6. Transfers to other Government Entities

		FY-2002-2023	FY 2021- 2023		
Description	Payments				Cumulativ e to-date
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers to National Government entities					
NATIONAL DROUGHT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY	6,182,400	-	6,182,400	-	6,182,400
WATER RESOURCES AUTHORITY	32,050,000	-	32,050,000	-	32,050,000
AUTHORITI					
Total	38,232,400	38,232,400	38,232,400	=	38,232,400

## Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

## 7 Cash And Cash equivalents

Description	Insert Current IV Ins 2023	eri Comparative EY 2022
		Kshs
Bank accounts (Note 6)	446,627	13,158,599
Cash in hand	-	-
Cash equivalents (short-term deposits) (Note 11C)	-	_
Total	446,627	13,158,599

7A Bank Accounts
Project Bank Accounts

Details	Insert Current FY 2023	er hiparative
Foreign Currency Accounts	Kshs	
Central Bank of Kenya [A/c No]	3,718	113,632
Kenya Commercial Bank [A/c No]	-	-
Co-operative Bank of Kenya [A/c No]	-	-
Total Foreign Currency balances	3,718	113,632
Local Currency Accounts		
Central Bank of Kenya [A/c No]	446,627	13,158,599
Kenya Commercial Bank [A/c No]	-	-
Co-operative Bank of Kenya [A/c No]	-	-
Others (specify)	-	-
Total local currency balances	446,627	13,158,599
Total bank account balances	446,627	13,158,599

#### **Special Deposit Accounts**

The balances in the Project's Special Deposit Account(s) as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2023 are not included in the Statement of Financial Assets since they are below the line items and are yet to be drawn into the Exchequer Account as a voted provision.

Below is the Special Deposit Account (SDA) movement schedule which shows the flow of funds that were voted in the year. These funds have been reported as loans/grants received in the year under the Statement of Receipts and Payments.

#### Special Deposit Accounts Movement Schedule

Description	FY 2022-2023	TY 2021-2002
	Kshs	Kshs
(i) A/C Name [A/c No1000495685]		
Opening balance	13,158,599	
Total amount deposited in the account	51,762,591	99,825,390
Total amount withdrawn (as per Statement of Receipts & Payments)	64,474,563	86,666,791
Closing balance (as per SDA bank account reconciliation attached)	446,627	13,158,599
(ii) A/c Name [A/c No1000542508]	uso	USD
Opening balance (as per the SDA reconciliation)	475,219	_
Total amount deposited in the account	-	1,874,197
Total amount withdrawn (as per Statement of Receipts & Payments)	430,924.	1,398,942
1 ayınıcıus)		36
Closing balance (as per SDA bank account reconciliation attached)	44,295	<u>475,219</u>

### 5. Fund Balance Brought Forward

Description	TEN 2/02/22/1028	FY 21211 2022
Bank accounts	13,158,599	-
Cash in hand	-	-
Total	13,158,599	-

### Other Important Disclosures

## 1. Pending Accounts Payable (See Annex 4a)

	from	Additions for the year	Paid during the year	Balance c/f For Current FY
Description	Comparative FY Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kolis
Construction of buildings	-	- ·	(-)	
Construction of civil works	2,400,000	<b>-</b> 22 2 2 2 2	(2,400,000)	-
Supply of goods	14,054,888	2,950,000	(9,019,500)	7,985,388
	7,095,457	-	(0)	7,095,457
Supply of services  Total	22,550,345	2,950,000	(11,419,500)	15,080,845

## 2. Pending Staff Payables (See Annex 4b)

	Balance b/f from	Additions for the year	Paid during the year	Balance c/f for FY 2022 2023
Description	Kshs	Keljis	Kshis	Kishs
Senior management	-	-	(-)	-
Middle management	-	589,024.80	(-)	589,024.80
Union employees	-	-	(-)	-
		-	(-)	-
Others Total	-	589,024.80	(-)	589,024.80

### Other Important Disclosures (Continued)

#### 13. Annexes

#### Annex 1: Prior Year Auditor-General's Recommendations

Anı	nex 1: Pr	ior Yea	r Auditor-General's Recommendations					
	eference  Yo. or  he  xternal  udit  Keport	Let	e / Observations from Auditor		nagement imenis		A Company of the Comp	
	1. Irre Realloc of Expend		The statement of receipts and payment reflects purchase expenditure on purch of goods and services totalling Kshs. 104,163,216 which as disclosed in Note the financial statements Includes consultancies costs amounting to Kshs. 85,736,591. Review of the payments against the budget revealed that contracted technical services and contracted professional services sub-ite had a combined approved budget of K. 12,680,000 resulting to over expenditur Kshs. 73,056,591 or 557% of the budget. Management did not provided explanation why they incurring the expenditure over and above the budge provision. In addition, no approval for thee reallocation was provided for aud review.	ems shs. e of	557% of the were incommercial service under the line item	over fre of 056,591 or the budget furred by providers the budget as per the n for the under	Not Resolved	6 Months
orte Pen Acc	nsupp ed ading counts rables	statem under payab June, 2 goods supply 7,095,4 Howe suppo include stores	iclosed in Note 12 to the financial nents on other important disclosures annex 3, the project pending accounts le amount of Kshs. 23,550,345 as at 30 2022 comprising payables for supply of amounting to Kshs. 14,054,888, y of services amounting to Kshs. 457 and civil works of Kshs. 2,400,000. ver, these payables were not reted with the relevant documents ling contracts, invoices, delivery note, received notes (S13), inspection and cance committee reports, and	Kshs 550, com paya supp good amo Kshs 14,00 supp serv	prising ables for ply of ds ounting to s. 54,888, ply of	Not Resolved	6 M	Ionths

**Towards Ending Drought Emergencies** 

011.01		a d C and a d Iuno 20 2023
ual Report and I	Hinancial	Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023
iuai ixepoi i ana	THE CALL	

	Status:	Timeframe:
	(Resolved)	Put a date when
Kshs.		
7,095,457 and		
Kshs.		
2,400,000		
has been		
provided for your review.		
	Kshs. 7,095,457 and civil works of Kshs. 2,400,000 whose files has been provided for	Kshs. 7,095,457 and civil works of Kshs. 2,400,000 whose files has been provided for

Name Jona han Principal Secretary

Name Blaise Okingi Project Coordinator

THE RESERVE

Annex 2: Variance explanations - Comparative Budget and Actual amounts for FY 2022-2023

	Final Budget	Actual on Comparate	Budge Officere	% of Utiliza
	a	b	c=a-b	d=b/a %
Receipts				
Transfer from Government entities	43,683,928	40,383,384	3,300,544	92%
Proceeds from domestic and foreign grants	78,000,000	51,762,591	26,237,409	66%
Total Receipts	121,683,928	92,145,975	29,537,953	76%
Payments				
Compensation of employees	21,925,000	6,080, 668	15,844,332	28%
Purchase of goods and services	66,366,400	56,754,879	9,611,521	86% •
Acquisition of non-financial assets	7,113,500	3,790, 000	3,323,500	53%
Transfers to other government entities	26,279,028	38,232,400	-11,953,372	0%
Total payments	121,683,928	104,857,947	16,825,981	86%

Annex 3: Reconciliation of inter-entity transfers

	Project Name: Jowards Endir Drought Emer sencies Break down o transfe is from	is the State Department of Liv	estack	
a.	Government Counterpart funding			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate the
		Various	40,383,384	
			-	
		Total	40,383,384	
В.	Direct payments			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate th
_		m. 4.1	-	
+		Total		
Ç.	Others	Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate th
+			-	
-			-	
		Total	-	
		Total (A+B+C)	40,383,384	

The above amounts have been communicated to and reconciled with the Parent Ministry/ State Department

Project Coordinator Towards Ending Drought Emergencies Livestock Development

Sign

Head of Accounting Unit Ministry of Agriculturg and

Sign-

Annex 4a: Analysis of Pending Bills

	Date		Amount	Outstandi	Outstand	
Supplier of Goods or Services	Acontratices					
				2023	2022	
		a	b	c=a-b		
Sub-Total						
Construction of civil						
works						
M/S Hallmark					2,400,000	
Cleaning					2,400,000	
Sub-Total					2,400,000	
Supply of goods					1	M/ N
Newabs Enterprises					1,605,000	
M/S Geomase					1,597,500	
Enterprises						
M/S Phybs Enterprise					1,040,000	
M/S Karcha Supplies					355,000	
M/S Prikong					520,000	
Enterprises						
M/S Ewado Enterprises					325,000	
M/S Crown Motors					5,035,388	
Group						
M/S Jevalyn Agencies					117,000	
M/S Safaricom Ltd					660,000	
M/S National oil					2,800,000	ALCHIEF II
Cooperation of Kenya					,	
M/S Crown Motors	17-Jun-22	5,035,388	-	5,035,388	5,035,388	
Group						
TOP ORIGON	05-	2,950,000	_	2,950,000		
ENTERPRISES	May-23			, ,		
Sub-Total		7,985,388	-	7,985,388	14,054,888	
Supply of services						
M/S Finetops	17-Jun-22	7,095,457	_	7,095,457	7,095,457	
Enterprises					.,,	
Sub-Total		7,095,457	-	7,095,457	7,095,457	
Grand Total		15,080,845	-	15,080,845	23,550,345	

Annex 4b: Analysis of Pending: Staff Bills

Annex 4b: Analysis of Pending:	Stall Dills						S P CO AN TO A STATE OF AN
	1				Outstand ing		
Name of Staff		Payable					
				Date			
Permanent Employees -		2 2					
Management STANLEY HUMAIYA	R		185,089.				Lack of
			80	-	185,089.80		budget
							line
VARIOUS	VARIO		280,035.		200 025 00		Lack of
	US		00	-	280,035.00		budget line
					31,500.00		Lack of
BLAISE OKINYI	P		31,500.0		31,300.00		budget
			0				line
DE A EDICE EL IEI	P		0		31,500.00		Lack of
BEATRICE TUEI	1		31,500.0	_	,		budget
			0				line
PETRONILLA NDUTHU	P				60,900.00		Lack of
1 ETRONIEL INDUITE			60,900.0	-			budget
	1		0			*	line
			589,024.		589,024.80	, a	
Sub-Total			80		,		
Permanent Employees - Others							
1. /							
2.							
Sub-Total				-			
Temporary employees							
3.							
4.							
Sub-Total							
Others (specify)							
5.							
6.							
Sub-Total			F00.004		-		
Grand Total			589,024. 80		589,024.80	×	

Annex 5: Summary of Fixed Assets Register

		*Purchases / Additions	sals in	Transfer	
Asset class					(1.51.3) 2023
					(a) = () a
Land					
Buildings and structures					
Transport equipment					
Office equipment,		845,0			
furniture and fittings		00			845,000
ICT Equipment,					
Other Machinery and	1,502	1,605			
Equipment	,520	,000			3,107,250.
Heritage and cultural assets					
	2,814	1,340			
Biological assets	,690	,000			4,154,690
Infrastructure assets					
roads, rails					
Intangible assets					
Work in Progress					
	4,316	3,790			0.104.045
Total	,940	,000			8,106,940

#### nnex 6: Other Support Documents

- i. Signed confirmations from beneficiaries in Transfers to Other Government Entities
- ii. Bank Reconciliations statement as at 30th June 2023
- iii. Board of Survey Report
- iv. Special Deposit Account(s) reconciliation statement(s)
- v. GOK IFMIS comparison Trial Balance

#### **NOTE**

GOK IFMIS comparison Trial Balance is not attached since in this, the GOK counterpart funds are drawn from one exchequer account for all ministry institutions/ departments. It will therefore not give a true picture of the project financials. Instead, we prepared the project trial balance and attached to reflect the balances and figures reported.