exempts foreign nationals seeking internship opportunities with United Nations agencies based in Kenya from payment of intern pass fees.

Dated the 28th June, 2019.

FRED MATIANG'I,

ABLED

Cabinet Secretary for Interior and Co-ordination of National Government.

LEGAL NOTICE NO. 106

THE INTERPRETATION AND GENERAL PROVISIONS ACT

(Cap. 2)

DELEGATION OF POWER

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 38 (1) of the Interpretation and General Provisions Act, the Cabinet Secretary for Lands and Physical Planning delegates to the—

Director -Land Administration,

Deputy Director- Land Administration,

Senior Assistant Director- Land Administration,

Assistant Director, Land Administration,

Principal Land Administration Officer, and

Chief Land Administration Officer,

the power to issue leases or licences conferred on the Cabinet Secretary by section 23(2) of the Land Act (No. 6 of 2012).

This Notice shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 18th January, 2019.

Dated the 14th June, 2019.

FARIDA KARONEY,

Cabinet Secretary for Lands and Physical Planning.

LEGAL NOTICE NO. 107

THE COPYRIGHT ACT

(No. 12 of 2001)

JOINT COLLECTION TARIFFS

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 46A (a) of the Copyright Act, 2001, the Attorney-General approves the Joint Collection Tariffs set out in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

Category	Parameters	Sound recording tariff Audiovisuo tariff		Audiovisual tariff
Aircraft	Seating	1 - 50 seats	Sh. 974	Sh. 243
	capacity	51 – 100	Sh. 650	Sh. 162



THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Category	Parameters	35		Audiovisual tariff
		More than 100 seats	Sh. 405	Sh. 100
(music shows aired on	Seating capacity and number of episodes per station		Sh. 450	Sh. 112
Amusement	Size of	Indoor	Sh. 1,250	Sh. 312
	space/area in	Outdoor	Sh. 626	Sh. 156
fairgounds	sq. ft. per unit of 25 sq. ft.	Minimum fee	Sh. 5,250	Sh. 1,312
Professional training	Per size of	1 – 25 students	Sh. 3,000	Sh. 750
programmes, dace	class	26 – 50 students	Sh. 5,000	Sh. 1,250
schools, DJ academies		More than 50	Sh. 10,000	Sh. 2,500
and music schools		students		2010
Choirs and vocal	Gross annual	Maximum	17%	0.04%
ensembles	income per	Per function	Sh. 434	Sh. 108
	function subject to a minimum annual fee	Minimum annual fee	Sh. 5,250	Sh. 1,313
Cinemas	Percentage of	Annual rate	17%	4%
	gross annual income	Minimum fee	Sh. 32,475	Sh. 8,119
Private members' clubs	Sitting capacity	Class A (More than 5,000 members or the equivalent of a hotel rated higher than three stars)		
		1 – 50 members	Sh. 410	Sh. 102
		51 – 75 members	Sh. 326	Sh. 81
		76 – 100 members	Sh. 273	Sh. 68
		More than 100 members	Sh. 218	Sh. 54
		Class B (Fewer than 5,000 members or the equivalent of a hotel rated three stars or lower)		
		1 – 50 members	Sh. 273	Sh. 68
		51 – 75 members	Sh. 218	Sh. 54.50
		76 – 100 members	Sh. 167	Sh. 41.75
		More than 100 members	Sh. 138	Sh. 34.50
New media services	Percentage per nature of service subject to a minimum	Caller ring back tones, ringtones, downloads, streaming, simulcast and webcasting	50%	12%

Category	Parameters	Sound recording tariff		Audiovisual tariff
		Minimum rate	Sh. 400,000	Sh. 100,000
Discotheques and dancehalls	Capacity per day	License fee as percentage of gross income	6%	2%
		Daily rate per unit of 50 persons	375	94
		Minimum annual fee	90,000	22,500
11:6-	Per carrying	Fee per person	Sh. 425	
Elevators and lifts		Minimum fee per car	Sh. 4,250	Sh. 1,313
Exhibition of films or	Flat rate	Standard	Sh. 8,775	Sh. 2,194
videos	Dar couare	1 – 1,000 sq. ft.	Sh. 10	Sh.3
Shops stores/spaces -	Per square	1,001 - 2,000 sq. ft.	Sh. 8	Sh. 2
Halls, gymnasia and	to a minimum	2,001 - 4,000 sq. ft.	Sh. 7	Sh. 2
fitness centres, hairdressing salons, barber shops, shops,	annual fee	More than 4,000 sq. ft.	Sh. 6	Sh. 2
stores, showrooms, banking halls, waiting rooms, offices and similar premises, industrial premises, factories, staff canteens engineering/woodwork workshops and similar		Minimum annual fee	Sh. 5,000	
premises Restaurants, bars and	Seating	Class A (High class		
similar establishments	capacity	and similar)		01 100
Similar establishments		1 – 50 persons	Sh. 410	
		51 – 75 persons	Sh. 326	
		76 – 100 persons	Sh. 273	
		More than 100 persons	Sh. 218	Sh. 54
		Class B (Middle		
		class and similar)	Sh. 273	Sh 68
		1 – 50 persons	Sh. 218	Sh. 100,000 2% 94 22,500 Sh. 106 Sh. 1,313 Sh. 2,194 Sh. 2 Sh. 2 Sh. 2 Sh. 1,250 Sh. 102 Sh. 102 Sh. 82 Sh. 68 Sh. 54 Sh. 54 Sh. 54 Sh. 54 Sh. 55 Sh. 42 Sh. 27 Sh. 21
		51 – 75 persons	Sh. 218	
		76 – 100 persons	Sh. 107	
		More than 100 persons	311. 130	Jii. 3 i
		Class C (Low class and similar)		
		1-50 persons	Sh. 218	
		51 – 75 persons	Sh. 167	
		76 – 100 persons	Sh. 108	
		More than 100 persons	Sh. 84	
	1	Minimum fees	Sh. 6,82	5 Sh. 1,706

Category	Parameters	Sound recording tariff		Audiovisual tariff
Hotels and multi-	Per square foot	Class A (High class		
room/accommodation	1 or square root	or similar)		
establishments		Tier 1 $(1 - 1,000 \text{ sq})$	Sh. 13	Sh. 3
		ft.)		G1 0
		Tier 2 (1,001 to 2,000 sq. ft.)	Sh.11	Sh. 2
		Tier 3 (2,001 – 4,000	Sh. 9.50	Sh. 2
		sq. ft.) Tier 4 (More than	Sh. 8.50	Sh. 2
		4,000 sq. ft.) Class B (Middle		
		class and similar)		
		Tier 1 (1 – 1,000 sq. ft.)	Sh. 11	Sh. 2
		Tier 2 (1,001 to 2,000 sq. ft.)	Sh. 9.50	Sh. 2
		Tier 3 (2,001 – 4,000 sq. ft.)	Sh. 9.50	Sh. 2
		Tier 4 (More than 4,000 sq. ft.)	Sh. 6.50	Sh. 2
		Class C (Low class		
		and similar) Tier 1 (1 - 1,000 sq.	Sh. 9.20	Sh. 2
		ft.) Tier 2 (1,001 to	Sh.7.50	Sh. 2
		2,000 sq. ft.) Tier 3 (2,001 – 4,000	Sh. 5.50	Sh. 2
		sq. ft.) Tier 4 (More than	Sh. 4.50	Sh. 1
		4,000 sq. ft.)	Sh. 5,000	
	2	Minimum fees	Sh. 8	25% of the
		1 – 5000 sq. ft. 5001 – 10000 sq. ft.	Sh. 6	music/sound
shopping areas	footage, audiovisual in	10001 to 20000 sq. 1t.	Sh. 5	recording
	non-exempt	ft.	511. 5	tariff
		More than 20000 sq.	Sh. 4	1
	a minimum of	Ift.	011.	
	Sh. 5,000	11.		
Jukeboxes	Per annum per	Sh. 8,750		Sh. 2,183
26.111.11.11	machine	Per disc jockey	Sh. 32,400	Sh. 8,100
Mobile disc jockeys	Flat rate Per seating	Trucks and similar	Sh. 4,500	Sh. 1,313
Motor vehicles – all commercial vehicles,	capacity	commercial vehicles		
TSVs, PSVs, taxis, car	capacity	1 – 5 passengers	Sh. 4,500	
		6 – 9 passengers	Sh. 5,250	Sh. 1,313
hire, etc.		10 – 14 passengers	Sh. 5,950	Sh. 1,481
		15 – 29 passengers	Sh. 12,300	Sh. 3,075
		30 – 33 passengers	Sh. 14,000	Sh. 3,506
		34 – 38 passengers	Sh. 15,750	Sh. 3,938

Category	Parameters	Sound recording tarij		Audiovisual tariff
		39 – 46 passengers	Sh. 19,500	Sh. 4,875
				Sh. 5,419
				Sh. 6,375
				Sh. 7,125
	1	141010 1111111 0-	JII. 20,500	,
		passengers	Sh. 900	_
		Tuk tuks	Sh. 600	
			Sh. 222	Sh. 56
Live music		i cc per day per	311. 222	On. 50
performances	per	of 50 persons		
	performance		5%	2%
Concerts	Income per	Rate per event	Sh. 50,000	Sh. 12,500
		Minimum deposit	Sn. 30,000	311. 12,500
	minimum			
	deposit before			
	event	. 101	Sh. 1,275	_
Music on hold	Fee per line	5 – 10 lines		_
	subject to a	21 – 50 lines	Sh. 975	1
	minimum	51 – 100 lines	Sh. 488	-
		More than 100 lines	Sh. 251	-
		Minimum fees	Sh. 4,875	0.004
Roadshows	Daily rate	Corporate	Sh. 39,975	Sh. 9,994
20000000		Small and medium	Sh. 20,025	Sh. 5,000
		enterprises		2.250
		Individual	Sh. 9,000	Sh. 2,250
	Annual rate	Corporate	Sh. 450,000	Sh. 112,500
		Small and medium	Sh. 300,000	Sh. 75,000
		enterprises		
		Individual	Sh. 99,000	Sh. 24,750
Other promotional	Entity per day	Corporate	Sh. 39,975	Sh. 9,995
	but not	Small and medium	Sh. 20,025	Sh. 5,000
activities	inclusive of	enterprises		
	audiovisual	Individual	Sh. 9,000	Sh. 2,250
		1 % – 29.9% conten		
Broadcasting (Radio)	Percentage of	20% - 69.9%	4%	
	gross revenue		1.70	
	per copyrighted	More than 70%	6%	
	music content		0 70	
	subject to	content		
	minimum			
	annual fees per			
	category		-	+
	Minimum	Commercial		
	annual fees	broadcasters	-	
		Multiple regional	Sh.	
			1,296,000	
		Regional	Sh. 480,00	0
		Non-commercial		
		broadcasters		
	1	Dibaucasters	Sh. 480,00	

Parameters	Sound recording tariff		Audiovisual tariff
	Regional	Sh. 360,000	
	Institutional/educati onal	Sh. 120,000	
	Community	Sh. 120,000	
Percentage of		0.6%	
	20% - 69.9%	1.3%	
	content		
music content	More than 70%	2%	
subject to	content		
minimum			
annual fees per			
category			
Minimum	Commercial		
annual fees	broadcasters		
	Multiple regional	Sh. 432,000	
	Regional	Sh. 160,000	
	Non-commercial		
	broadcasters		
	Multiple regional	Sh. 160,000	
	Regional	Sh. 120,000	
		Sh. 40,000	
		Sh. 40,000	
For adaptation,	Flat rate	Sh. 300,000	Sh. 75,000
1			
	- ·	01 1 105	
		51,123	Sh. 1,400
			Sh. 2,800
			Sh.2,800
	Documentaries		311.2,000
documentary)			
	Percentage of gross revenue per copyrighted music content subject to minimum annual fees per category Minimum annual fees For adaptation, the charge is applicable per song Per 30 seconds per slot by number of stations (Duration of movie, programme or	Regional Institutional/educational Community Percentage of gross revenue per copyrighted music content subject to minimum annual fees per category Minimum annual fees More than 70% content Multiple regional Regional Institutional/educational Regional Regional Regional Tommunity For adaptation, the charge is applicable per song Per 30 seconds per slot by number of stations (Duration of movies, films and TV programmes) Documentaries Documentaries	Regional Sh. 360,000 Institutional/educati onal Community Sh. 120,000 Percentage of gross revenue per copyrighted music content subject to minimum annual fees per category Minimum annual fees Multiple regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 120,000 Regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 120,000 Institutional/educati onal Sh. 120,000 Institutional/educati onal Sh. 120,000 Regional Sh. 120,000 Regional Sh. 160,000 Regional Sh. 120,000 Regional Sh. 160,000

GENERAL RULES

- 1. The licenses shall be payable annually (calendar year) with joint invoices being payable within one month of issue.
- 2. The penalty for non-compliance shall be 5% of the tariff compounded for the period it remains unpaid.
- 3. Businesses starting within the license term shall pay amounts due on a *pro rata* basis for the remainder of the calendar year.
- 4. The tariff shall be subject to annual increment pegged on the prevailing rate of inflation.
 - 5. The rates shall not include taxes or other levies.

- 6. There shall be levy for supermarkets for sections that display visuals without music or for electronics testing.
- 7. In the case of disc jockeys, the primary liability to pay shall belong to the organization that causes the public performance of music. The tariff shall only include disc jockeys in unlicensed premises and exclude resident disc jockeys, teaching disc jockeys and disc jockeys at church events.
 - 8. The audiovisual tariff shall include actors.
 - 9. Charity and fundraising events shall be exempted from this license.

Dated the 17th June, 2019.

P. K. KARIUKI, Attorney-General.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NAIROBI

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM TO THE COMMITTEE ON DELEGATED LEGISLATION OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY ON THE JOINT COLLECTION TARIFFS. 2019

(L.N. No. of 2019)

PART I

Name of the Statutory Instrument:

The Joint Collection Tariffs, 2019

Name of the Principal Act:

The Copyright Act, 2001

Enacted Pursuant to: Section 46A (a) of the Copyright Act, 2001

Name of the Ministry/Department:

Office of the Attorney-General and Department

of Justice

Gazetted on:

Tabled on:

PART II

- 1. The purpose of the Statutory Instrument
- 1.1. The purpose of the Joint Collection Tariffs, 2019 is to give effect to Section 46A (a) of the Copyright Act (No. 12 of 2001).
- 1.2. The Joint Collection Tariffs are intended to make it easy to do business in Kenya by requiring Collective Management Organizations (CMOs) to levy a single tariff from users of musical works as opposed to different levies for each class of rights.

2. Legislative Context

- 2.1. Section 46A of the Copyright Act, 2001 empowers the Attorney General to approve and publish Collective Management Tariffs in the Gazette.
- 2.2. The Joint Collection Tariffs are intended to provide for the joint collection of music royalties.

3. Policy Background

3.1. The CMOs have been collecting royalties separately. The joint collection tariffs are intended to make it easy to do business in Kenya by requiring CMOs to levy a single tariff as opposed to different levies for each class of rights.

- 3.2. The primary objective of the Legal Notice is to provide a legal framework to enable the Collective Management Organizations to collect royalties jointly from users of musical works.
- 3.3.On 24th March 2017 the Attorney-General published L.N. No. 57 of 2017 which provided for collecting society tariffs. L.N. No. 57 of 2017 was effective up to 31st December 2018. There have been no gazetted tariffs since then.

4. Public Consultations and outcome

- 4.1. The Kenya Copyright Board embarked on public stakeholder's consultation starting July 2018 up to February 2019. The public consultations were in the nature of correspondences, meetings and public hearings held at the Kenya Copyright Board's Board Room and NHIF Building Auditorium within this period. A report on this process was duly prepared.
- **4.2.** The consultations and negotiations resulted in the proposed joint music tariffs, 2019 after compromises were made.

5. Financial implications

5.1. There shall be no financial implications on the Government of Kenya by the tariff and no expenditure of public funds shall be incurred in implementing the tariff.

6. Impact

- 6.1. Impact on Fundamental Rights and Freedoms: The joint music tariffs are necessary in order to enforce the intellectual property rights of the people of Kenya. The tariffs will ensure that the rights holders are not deprived of interest or benefit in their intellectual property and ensure ease of managing the copyright owner's rights.
- 6.2. Impact on private Sector: The joint music tariffs will ensure that there is ease of conducting business by requiring users of musical works to pay a single license for the public performance of musical works. The tariffs avoid confusion of consumers as to who collects royalties. Further the cost of conducting business in Kenya is lowered as the fee payable in the joint collection framework is lower than in the previous tariff.

6.3. Impact on Public Sector: The joint tariffs are an indirect source of revenue for government for licenses issued and taxes. It is expected that there will be higher compliance levels among users of musical works. This translates to higher collections by CMOs who will now be able to pay higher annual license fee and higher taxes.

7. Guidance

7.1. The Office of the Attorney-General and Department of Justice, through the Kenya Copyright Board, shall sensitize key stakeholders including copyright owners, Collective Management Organizations, users, enforcement personnel, and representatives of civil society organizations that play a key role in copyright and related rights on the Joint Collection Tariffs, 2019 and the monitoring and evaluation mechanism, to ensure that the Tariffs serve the purpose for which they have been approved and published.

8. Monitoring and review

8.1. The Office of the Attorney-General and Department of Justice, through the Kenya Copyright Board, shall monitor the implementation of the Joint Collection Tariffs, 2019. This shall be done through impromptu reports submitted by the CMOs as required by the Board.

9. Request to the National Assembly

- 9.1. The National Assembly is invited to:
 - (a) Note the contents of this Memorandum
 - (b) Adopt the Joint Music Royalty Collection Tariffs, 2019

P. Ki lara Kariuki

ATTORNEY GENERAL

